

IMPLEMENTATION OF GRAPH REPRESENTATION AND TRAVERSAL METHODS(BFS)

PROGRAM:

```
/* Graph Traversal – BFS */

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#define MAX 100

#define initial 1

#define waiting 2

#define visited 3

int n;

int adj[MAX][MAX];

int state[MAX];

void create_graph();

void BF_Traversal();

void BFS(int v);

int queue[MAX], front = -1, rear = -1;

void insert_queue(int vertex);

int delete_queue();

int isEmpty_queue();

int main()

{

    create_graph();

    BF_Traversal();

    return 0;

}

void BF_Traversal()

{

    int v;

    for(v=0; v<n; v++)

        state[v] = initial;
```

```

printf("Enter Start Vertex for BFS: ");
scanf("%d", &v);
BFS(v);
}

void BFS(int v)
{
int i;
insert_queue(v);
state[v] = waiting;
printf("BFS Traversal : ");
while(!isEmpty_queue())
{
v = delete_queue( );
printf("%d ", v);
state[v] = visited;
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
if(adj[v][i] == 1 && state[i] == initial)
{
insert_queue(i);
state[i] = waiting;
}
}
}
printf("\n");
}

void insert_queue(int vertex)
{
if(rear == MAX-1)
printf("Queue Overflow\n");
else

```

```

{
if(front == -1)

front = 0;

rear = rear+1;

queue[rear] = vertex ;
}

}

int isEmpty_queue()
{
if(front == -1 || front > rear)

return 1;

else

return 0;

}

int delete_queue()
{
int delete_item;

if(front == -1 || front > rear)

{

printf("Queue Underflow\n");

exit(1);

}

delete_item = queue[front];

front = front+1;

return delete_item;

}

void create_graph()
{

int count,max_edge,origin,destin;

printf("Enter number of vertices : ");

scanf("%d", &n);

```

```
max_edge = n * (n-1);
for(count=1; count<=max_edge; count++)
{
    printf("Enter edge %d( -1 -1 to quit ) : ",count);
    scanf("%d %d", &origin, &destin);
    if((origin == -1) && (destin == -1))
        break;
    if(origin>=n || destin>=n || origin<0 || destin<0)
    {
        printf("Invalid edge!\n");
        count--;
    }
    else
        adj[origin][destin] = 1;
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter number of vertices : 9

Enter edge 1(-1 -1 to quit) : 0 1

Enter edge 2(-1 -1 to quit) : 0 3

Enter edge 3(-1 -1 to quit) : 0 4

Enter edge 4(-1 -1 to quit) : 1 2

Enter edge 5(-1 -1 to quit) : 1 4

Enter edge 6(-1 -1 to quit) : 2 5

Enter edge 7(-1 -1 to quit) : 3 4

Enter edge 8(-1 -1 to quit) : 3 6

Enter edge 9(-1 -1 to quit) : 4 5

Enter edge 10(-1 -1 to quit) : 4 7

Enter edge 11(-1 -1 to quit) : 6 4

Enter edge 12(-1 -1 to quit) : 6 7

Enter edge 13(-1 -1 to quit) : 7 8

Enter edge 14(-1 -1 to quit) : -1 -1

Enter Start Vertex for BFS: 0

BFS Traversal : 0 1 3 4 2 6 5 7 8

IMPLEMENTATION OF GRAPH REPRESENTATION AND TRAVERSAL METHODS(DFS)

PROGRAM:

```
/* DFS on undirected graph */

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#define true 1

#define false 0

#define MAX 5

struct Vertex

{

char label;

int visited;

};

int stack[MAX];

int top = -1;

struct Vertex* lstVertices[MAX];

static int adjMatrix[MAX][MAX];

int vertexCount = 0;

void push(int item)

{

stack[++top] = item;

}

int pop()

{

return stack[top--];

}

int peek()

{

return stack[top];

}
```

```

int isEmpty()
{
return top == -1;
}

void addVertex(char label)
{
struct Vertex* vertex = (struct Vertex*)
malloc(sizeof(struct Vertex));
vertex->label = label;
vertex->visited = false;
lstVertices[vertexCount++] = vertex;
}

void addEdge(int start, int end)
{
adjMatrix[start][end] = 1;
adjMatrix[end][start] = 1;
}

void displayVertex(int vertexIndex)
{
printf("%c ", lstVertices[vertexIndex]->label);
}

int getAdjUnvisitedVertex(int vertexIndex)
{
int i;
for(i = 0; i < vertexCount; i++)
{
if(adjMatrix[vertexIndex][i] == 1 &&
lstVertices[i]->visited == false)
return i;
}
return -1;
}

```

```

}

void depthFirstSearch()
{
    int i;
    lstVertices[0]->visited = true;
    displayVertex(0);
    push(0);
    while(!isStackEmpty())
    {
        int unvisitedVertex = getAdjUnvisitedVertex(peek());
        if(unvisitedVertex == -1)
            pop();
        else
        {
            lstVertices[unvisitedVertex]->visited = true;
            displayVertex(unvisitedVertex);
            push(unvisitedVertex);
        }
    }

    for(i = 0; i < vertexCount; i++)
        lstVertices[i]->visited = false;
}

main()
{
    int i, j, n, edges, orgn, destn;
    char ch;

    printf("Enter no. of vertices : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    edges = n * (n - 1);

    printf("Enter Vertex Labels : \n");
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)

```



```
{
fflush(stdin);
scanf("%c", &ch);
addVertex(ch);
}
for(i=0; i<edges; i++)
{
printf("Enter edge ( -1 -1 to quit ) : ");
scanf("%d %d", &orgn, &destn);
if((orgn == -1) && (destn == -1))
break;
if(orgn>=n || destn>=n || orgn<0 || destn<0)
printf("Invalid edge!\n");
else
addEdge(orgn, destn);
}
printf("\nDepth First Search: ");
depthFirstSearch();
```

OUTPUT:

Enter no. of vertices : 5

Enter Vertex Labels :

S

A

B

C

D

Enter edge (-1 -1 to quit) : 0 1

Enter edge (-1 -1 to quit) : 0 3

Enter edge (-1 -1 to quit) : 0 2

Enter edge (-1 -1 to quit) : 1 4

Enter edge (-1 -1 to quit) : 2 4

Enter edge (-1 -1 to quit) : 3 4

Enter edge (-1 -1 to quit) : -1 -1

Depth First Search: S A D B C