Restaurant Automation – Documentation

1. Overview

This project implements an autonomous restaurant service robot using ROS 2 Humble, Nav2, and Gazebo.

The system consists of:

- **butler bot** \rightarrow Defines the custom robot (URDF, sensors, services).
- restaurant \rightarrow Defines the restaurant simulation environment (world + map).
- butler_order_manager → Manages orders and robot tasks using a Behavior Tree (BT) with cancel-handling logic.

The robot:

- 1. Waits for a customer order.
- 2. Navigates to the kitchen.
- 3. Waits for food loading.
- 4. Navigates to the customer's table.
- 5. Waits for food unloading.
- 6. Returns to home position.
- 7. Handles **order cancel** or **timeout failures** gracefully.

2. Package Details

□ butler bot

- **URDF**: Defines robot geometry (base, wheels, sensors).
- Services:
 - move_to_home → Robot navigates to predefined home pose.
 - move_to_pose → Robot navigates to target pose.
- Launches:
 - Bringup launch files for simulation.

□ restaurant

- World: Restaurant layout in SDF (kitchen, tables, pathways).
- Map: Generated map for Nav2.

□ butler_bot_interfaces

This package defines all custom service and action files used by the framework for order

handling and robot execution. Currently this package is missing, but equivalent standard messages were used to test the system.

□ butler_order_manager

This package manages the orders, dispatch, and execution logic.

Node 1 – Order Server (Service Server: Order.srv)

- Role: Acts as the entry point for orders/cancellations from the client (UI/terminal).
- Inputs:
 - new order (e.g., table 1, table 2, table 3)
 - cancel order (cancel by order ID).
- Process:
 - Maintains a **JSON stack of orders** (active, completed, canceled).
 - Every update (new/cancel) immediately updates this stack.
 - Notifies **Order Executor** about current active/canceled orders.

Node 2 – Order Dispatcher (Action Client)

- **Role**: Continuously monitors the order stack.
- Process:
 - Picks the top-most valid order.
 - Sends it as a goal to the Order Executor (Action Server).
 - Waits for result (success or cancel).
 - Once complete, moves to the next order.

Node 3 – Order Executor (Action Server)

- Role: Responsible for executing delivery workflow for each order.
- Main functions:
 - 1. **Movement control** → Calls robot services from butler bot:
 - /move to home
 - /move to pose (kitchen, table 1, table 2, table 3).
 - 2. Load Machine Sensor check → Subscribes to sensor data:
 - 0 = Loaded, 1 = Unloaded.
 - Robot waits at kitchen until tray = loaded.
 - Robot waits at table until tray = unloaded.
 - 3. Cancellation handling:
 - If order is canceled while executing:

- If robot has already picked up food → return food to kitchen → go home.
- If robot hasn't picked food yet → directly go home.
- If tray not loaded/unloaded in timeout (20 sec) \rightarrow cancel order \rightarrow go home.
- 4. Feedback & Result: Sends progress updates to dispatcher + final result.

3. Code Workflow Diagram:

OrderClient - srv - Send theOrder to Sever

OrderServer - stv
- Stack the order in JSON
- if Cancel order - send
trigger to Oreder Executor

OrderDispatcher – Action Client - It continuously mointoring the stack

If Order in StackExecute FIFOFeedback

ButlerBot — srv
- move_bot to desired

position
- Nav2
- Map
- Launch the environment

OrderExecutor — Action Server
- Execte the order
- Handel Cancel Cb
- Handle Failure Cb — move
the robot to safe Pose.
- Feedback

4. Workflow - Order Execution & Cancel Handling

Normal Order Flow

- 1. Order Received
- 2. Move to Kitchen
- 3. Wait for Food Load (20s)
- 4. Move to **Customer Table**
- 5. Wait for Unload (20s)
- 6. Return to Home

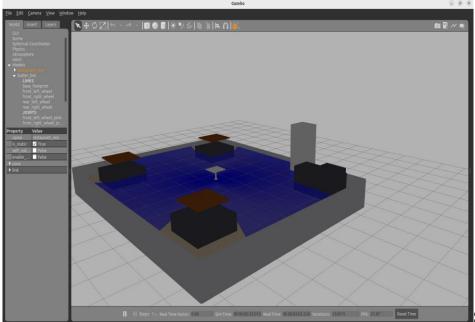
Root (BT - Structured)

	Selector (CancelCheck1)
	IfCanceled → ReturnToHome
	L—Sequence
	— WaitForLoading (with 20s timeout)
	Selector (CancelCheck2)
	☐ IfCanceled → CancelOrder (BackSequence)
	Sequence
	— MoveToCustomer
	Selector (CancelCheck3)
	☐ IfCanceled → ReturnToHome
	Sequence
	WaitForUnload (with 20s timeout)
	Selector (CancelCheck4)
I	ReturnToHome (OrderSuccess)

7. How to Run

Launch Restaurant + Bot

ros2 launch butler_bot butler_restaurant_env.launch.py



Start Order

Manager

ros2 launch butler_order_manager butler_order_manager.launch.py

Order/Cancel:

ros2 run butler_order_manager order_client

Load Machine Sensor Simulation

ros2 run butler bot load machine sim



8. Completetion Summary:

Functionalities Implemented:

Robot movement: Achieved using Navigation Stack.

- Order Manager Stack: Full pub/sub, services, actions flow
- Test Cases Covered (7 total):
- 1. Place order \rightarrow deliver \rightarrow return home
- 2. Cancel before pickup → abort & return home
- 3. Cancel after pickup \rightarrow return food \rightarrow go home
- 4. Timeout waiting for tray load (20s) \rightarrow cancel \rightarrow return home
- 5. Multiple orders → stack management
- 6. Load/unload tray correctly handled
- 7. Success flow \rightarrow dispatcher moves to next order
- Custom Robot Model: Mobile base + controllers configured
- **Restaurant Environment**: Kitchen + tables + map created
- Order feedback loop (Executor → Dispatcher → Client)

Conclusion

Even without the final map integration, the project demonstrates:

- A working restaurant robot automation framework in ROS 2
- Full order workflow with cancellations, timeouts, and recovery actions
- Robot can move, accept orders, and manage tasks in simulation
- Provides a solid base to add navigation on top of the existing framework
- Reference image i attached below.