Kerberos Application Developer Guide

Release 1.16

MIT

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DEVELOPING WITH GSSAPI

The GSSAPI (Generic Security Services API) allows applications to communicate securely using Kerberos 5 or other security mechanisms. We recommend using the GSSAPI (or a higher-level framework which encompasses GSSAPI, such as SASL) for secure network communication over using the libkrb5 API directly.

GSSAPIv2 is specified in RFC 2743 and RFC 2744. Also see RFC 7546 for a description of how to use the GSSAPI in a client or server program.

This documentation will describe how various ways of using the GSSAPI will behave with the krb5 mechanism as implemented in MIT krb5, as well as krb5-specific extensions to the GSSAPI.

1.1 Name types

A GSSAPI application can name a local or remote entity by calling gss_import_name, specifying a name type and a value. The following name types are supported by the krb5 mechanism:

- GSS_C_NT_HOSTBASED_SERVICE: The value should be a string of the form service or service@hostname. This is the most common way to name target services when initiating a security context, and is the most likely name type to work across multiple mechanisms.
- GSS_KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL_NAME: The value should be a principal name string. This name type only works with the krb5 mechanism, and is defined in the <gssapi_krb5.h> header.
- GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME or GSS_C_NULL_OID: The value is treated as an unparsed principal name string, as above. These name types may work with mechanisms other than krb5, but will have different interpretations in those mechanisms. GSS_C_NT_USER_NAME is intended to be used with a local username, which will parse into a single-component principal in the default realm.
- GSS_C_NT_ANONYMOUS: The value is ignored. The anonymous principal is used, allowing a client to authenticate to a server without asserting a particular identity (which may or may not be allowed by a particular server or Kerberos realm).
- GSS_C_NT_MACHINE_UID_NAME: The value is uid_t object. On Unix-like systems, the username of the uid is looked up in the system user database and the resulting username is parsed as a principal name.
- GSS_C_NT_STRING_UID_NAME: As above, but the value is a decimal string representation of the uid.
- GSS_C_NT_EXPORT_NAME: The value must be the result of a gss_export_name call.

1.2 Initiator credentials

A GSSAPI client application uses gss_init_sec_context to establish a security context. The *initiator_cred_handle* parameter determines what tickets are used to establish the connection. An application can either pass

GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL to use the default client credential, or it can use gss_acquire_cred beforehand to acquire an initiator credential. The call to gss_acquire_cred may include a *desired_name* parameter, or it may pass **GSS_C_NO_NAME** if it does not have a specific name preference.

If the desired name for a krb5 initiator credential is a host-based name, it is converted to a principal name of the form service/hostname in the local realm, where *hostname* is the local hostname if not specified. The hostname will be canonicalized using forward name resolution, and possibly also using reverse name resolution depending on the value of the **rdns** variable in *libdefaults*.

If a desired name is specified in the call to gss_acquire_cred, the krb5 mechanism will attempt to find existing tickets for that client principal name in the default credential cache or collection. If the default cache type does not support a collection, and the default cache contains credentials for a different principal than the desired name, a GSS_S_CRED_UNAVAIL error will be returned with a minor code indicating a mismatch.

If no existing tickets are available for the desired name, but the name has an entry in the default client *keytab_definition*, the krb5 mechanism will acquire initial tickets for the name using the default client keytab.

If no desired name is specified, credential acquisition will be deferred until the credential is used in a call to gss_init_sec_context or gss_inquire_cred. If the call is to gss_init_sec_context, the target name will be used to choose a client principal name using the credential cache selection facility. (This facility might, for instance, try to choose existing tickets for a client principal in the same realm as the target service). If there are no existing tickets for the chosen principal, but it is present in the default client keytab, the krb5 mechanism will acquire initial tickets using the keytab.

If the target name cannot be used to select a client principal (because the credentials are used in a call to gss_inquire_cred), or if the credential cache selection facility cannot choose a principal for it, the default credential cache will be selected if it exists and contains tickets.

If the default credential cache does not exist, but the default client keytab does, the krb5 mechanism will try to acquire initial tickets for the first principal in the default client keytab.

If the krb5 mechanism acquires initial tickets using the default client keytab, the resulting tickets will be stored in the default cache or collection, and will be refreshed by future calls to gss_acquire_cred as they approach their expire time.

1.3 Acceptor names

A GSSAPI server application uses gss_accept_sec_context to establish a security context based on tokens provided by the client. The *acceptor_cred_handle* parameter determines what *keytab_definition* entries may be authenticated to by the client, if the krb5 mechanism is used.

The simplest choice is to pass **GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL** as the acceptor credential. In this case, clients may authenticate to any service principal in the default keytab (typically *DEFKTNAME*, or the value of the **KRB5_KTNAME** environment variable). This is the recommended approach if the server application has no specific requirements to the contrary.

A server may acquire an acceptor credential with gss_acquire_cred and a *cred_usage* of GSS_C_ACCEPT or GSS_C_BOTH. If the *desired_name* parameter is GSS_C_NO_NAME, then clients will be allowed to authenticate to any service principal in the default keytab, just as if no acceptor credential was supplied.

If a server wishes to specify a *desired_name* to gss_acquire_cred, the most common choice is a host-based name. If the host-based *desired_name* contains just a *service*, then clients will be allowed to authenticate to any host-based service principal (that is, a principal of the form service/hostname@REALM) for the named service, regardless of hostname or realm, as long as it is present in the default keytab. If the input name contains both a *service* and a *hostname*, clients will be allowed to authenticate to any host-based principal for the named service and hostname, regardless of realm.

Note: If a *hostname* is specified, it will be canonicalized using forward name resolution, and possibly also using reverse name resolution depending on the value of the **rdns** variable in *libdefaults*.

Note: If the **ignore_acceptor_hostname** variable in *libdefaults* is enabled, then *hostname* will be ignored even if one is specified in the input name.

Note: In MIT krb5 versions prior to 1.10, and in Heimdal's implementation of the krb5 mechanism, an input name with just a *service* is treated like an input name of service@localhostname, where *localhostname* is the string returned by gethostname().

If the *desired_name* is a krb5 principal name or a local system name type which is mapped to a krb5 principal name, clients will only be allowed to authenticate to that principal in the default keytab.

1.4 Name Attributes

In release 1.8 or later, the gss_inquire_name and gss_get_name_attribute functions, specified in RFC 6680, can be used to retrieve name attributes from the *src_name* returned by gss_accept_sec_context. The following attributes are defined when the krb5 mechanism is used:

• "auth-indicators" attribute:

This attribute will be included in the gss_inquire_name output if the ticket contains *authentication indicators*. One indicator is returned per invocation of gss_get_name_attribute, so multiple invocations may be necessary to retrieve all of the indicators from the ticket. (New in release 1.15.)

1.5 Importing and exporting credentials

The following GSSAPI extensions can be used to import and export credentials (declared in <gssapi/gssapi_ext.h>):

The first function serializes a GSSAPI credential handle into a buffer; the second unseralizes a buffer into a GSSAPI credential handle. Serializing a credential does not destroy it. If any of the mechanisms used in *cred_handle* do not support serialization, gss_export_cred will return **GSS_S_UNAVAILABLE**. As with other GSSAPI serialization functions, these extensions are only intended to work with a matching implementation on the other side; they do not serialize credentials in a standardized format.

A serialized credential may contain secret information such as ticket session keys. The serialization format does not protect this information from eavesdropping or tampering. The calling application must take care to protect the serialized credential when communicating it over an insecure channel or to an untrusted party.

A krb5 GSSAPI credential may contain references to a credential cache, a client keytab, an acceptor keytab, and a replay cache. These resources are normally serialized as references to their external locations (such as the filename of the credential cache). Because of this, a serialized krb5 credential can only be imported by a process with similar privileges to the exporter. A serialized credential should not be trusted if it originates from a source with lower

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privileges than the importer, as it may contain references to external credential cache, keytab, or replay cache resources not accessible to the originator.

An exception to the above rule applies when a krb5 GSSAPI credential refers to a memory credential cache, as is normally the case for delegated credentials received by gss_accept_sec_context. In this case, the contents of the credential cache are serialized, so that the resulting token may be imported even if the original memory credential cache no longer exists.

1.6 Constrained delegation (S4U)

The Microsoft S4U2Self and S4U2Proxy Kerberos protocol extensions allow an intermediate service to acquire credentials from a client to a target service without requiring the client to delegate a ticket-granting ticket, if the KDC is configured to allow it.

To perform a constrained delegation operation, the intermediate service must submit to the KDC an "evidence ticket" from the client to the intermediate service with the forwardable bit set. An evidence ticket can be acquired when the client authenticates to the intermediate service with Kerberos, or with an S4U2Self request if the KDC allows it. The MIT krb5 GSSAPI library represents an evidence ticket using a "proxy credential", which is a special kind of gss_cred_id_t object whose underlying credential cache contains the evidence ticket and a krbtgt ticket for the intermediate service.

To acquire a proxy credential during client authentication, the service should first create an acceptor credential using the **GSS_C_BOTH** usage. The application should then pass this credential as the *acceptor_cred_handle* to gss_accept_sec_context, and also pass a *delegated_cred_handle* output parameter to receive a proxy credential containing the evidence ticket. The output value of *delegated_cred_handle* may be a delegated ticket-granting ticket if the client sent one, or a proxy credential if the client authenticated with a forwardable service ticket, or **GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL** if neither is the case.

To acquire a proxy credential using an S4U2Self request, the service can use the following GSSAPI extension:

The parameters to this function are similar to those of gss_acquire_cred, except that *icred* is used to make an S4U2Self request to the KDC for a ticket from *desired_name* to the intermediate service. Both *icred* and *desired_name* are required for this function; passing GSS_C_NO_CREDENTIAL or GSS_C_NO_NAME will cause the call to fail. *icred* must contain a krbtgt ticket for the intermediate service. If the KDC returns a forwardable ticket, the result of this operation is a proxy credential; if it is not forwardable, the result is a regular credential for *desired_name*.

A recent KDC will usually allow any service to acquire a ticket from a client to itself with an S4U2Self request, but the ticket will only be forwardable if the service has a specific privilege. In the MIT krb5 KDC, this privilege is determined by the **ok_to_auth_as_delegate** bit on the intermediate service's principal entry, which can be configured with *kadmin(1)*.

Once the intermediate service has a proxy credential, it can simply pass it to gss_init_sec_context as the *initia-tor_cred_handle* parameter, and the desired service as the *target_name* parameter. The GSSAPI library will present the krbtgt ticket and evidence ticket in the proxy credential to the KDC in an S4U2Proxy request; if the intermediate service has the appropriate permissions, the KDC will issue a ticket from the client to the target service. The GSSAPI library will then use this ticket to authenticate to the target service.

If an application needs to find out whether a credential it holds is a proxy credential and the name of the intermediate service, it can query the credential with the GSS_KRB5_GET_CRED_IMPERSONATOR OID (new in release 1.16, declared in <gssapi/gssapi_krb5.h>) using the gss_inquire_cred_by_oid extension (declared in <gssapi/gssapi_ext.h>):

If the call succeeds and *cred_handle* is a proxy credential, *data_set* will be set to a single-element buffer set containing the unparsed principal name of the intermediate service. If *cred_handle* is not a proxy credential, *data_set* will be set to an empty buffer set. If the library does not support the query, gss_inquire_cred_by_oid will return **GSS S UNAVAILABLE**.

1.7 AEAD message wrapping

The following GSSAPI extensions (declared in <gssapi_ext.h>) can be used to wrap and unwrap messages with additional "associated data" which is integrity-checked but is not included in the output buffer:

Wrap tokens created with gss_wrap_aead will successfully unwrap only if the same *input_assoc_buffer* contents are presented to gss_unwrap_aead.

1.8 IOV message wrapping

The following extensions (declared in <gssapi/gssapi_ext.h>) can be used for in-place encryption, fine-grained control over wrap token layout, and for constructing wrap tokens compatible with Microsoft DCE RPC:

The caller of gss_wrap_iov provides an array of gss_iov_buffer_desc structures, each containing a type and a gss_buffer_desc structure. Valid types include:

- GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_DATA: A data buffer to be included in the token, and to be encrypted or decrypted in-place if the token is confidentiality-protected.
- GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_HEADER: The GSSAPI wrap token header and underlying cryptographic header.
- GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_TRAILER: The cryptographic trailer, if one is required.
- GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_PADDING: Padding to be combined with the data during encryption and decryption. (The implementation may choose to place padding in the trailer buffer, in which case it will set the padding buffer length to 0.)
- GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_STREAM: For unwrapping only, a buffer containing a complete wrap token in standard format to be unwrapped.
- GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY: A buffer to be included in the token's integrity protection checksum, but not to be encrypted or included in the token itself.

For gss_wrap_iov, the IOV list should contain one HEADER buffer, followed by zero or more SIGN_ONLY buffers, followed by one or more DATA buffers, followed by a TRAILER buffer. The memory pointed to by the buffers is not required to be contiguous or in any particular order. If <code>conf_req_flag</code> is true, DATA buffers will be encrypted in-place, while SIGN_ONLY buffers will not be modified.

The type of an output buffer may be combined with **GSS_C_BUFFER_FLAG_ALLOCATE** to request that gss_wrap_iov allocate the buffer contents. If gss_wrap_iov allocates a buffer, it sets the **GSS_C_BUFFER_FLAG_ALLOCATED** flag on the buffer type. gss_release_iov_buffer can be used to release all allocated buffers within an iov list and unset their allocated flags. Here is an example of how gss_wrap_iov can be used with allocation requested (*ctx* is assumed to be a previously established gss_ctx_id_t):

```
if (GSS_ERROR(major))
    handle_error(major, minor);

/* Transmit or otherwise use resulting buffers. */
(void)gss_release_iov_buffer(&minor, iov, 4);
```

If the caller does not choose to request buffer allocation by gss_wrap_iov, it should first call gss_wrap_iov_length to query the lengths of the HEADER, PADDING, and TRAILER buffers. DATA buffers must be provided in the iov list so that padding length can be computed correctly, but the output buffers need not be initialized. Here is an example of using gss_wrap_iov_length and gss_wrap_iov:

```
OM_uint32 major, minor;
gss_iov_buffer_desc iov[4];
char str[1024] = "message", *ptr;
iov[0].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_HEADER;
iov[1].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_DATA;
iov[1].buffer.value = str;
iov[1].buffer.length = strlen(str);
iov[2].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_PADDING;
iov[3].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_TRAILER;
major = gss_wrap_iov_length(&minor, ctx, 1, GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT,
                            NULL, iov, 4);
if (GSS_ERROR(major))
   handle_error(major, minor);
if (strlen(str) + iov[0].buffer.length + iov[2].buffer.length +
    iov[3].buffer.length > sizeof(str))
    handle_out_of_space_error();
ptr = str + strlen(str);
iov[0].buffer.value = ptr;
ptr += iov[0].buffer.length;
iov[2].buffer.value = ptr;
ptr += iov[2].buffer.length;
iov[3].buffer.value = ptr;
major = gss_wrap_iov(&minor, ctx, 1, GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT, NULL,
                     iov, 4);
if (GSS_ERROR(major))
    handle_error(major, minor);
```

If the context was established using the **GSS_C_DCE_STYLE** flag (described in **RFC 4757**), wrap tokens compatible with Microsoft DCE RPC can be constructed. In this case, the IOV list must include a SIGN_ONLY buffer, a DATA buffer, a second SIGN_ONLY buffer, and a HEADER buffer in that order (the order of the buffer contents remains arbitrary). The application must pad the DATA buffer to a multiple of 16 bytes as no padding or trailer buffer is used.

gss_unwrap_iov may be called with an IOV list just like one which would be provided to gss_wrap_iov. DATA buffers will be decrypted in-place if they were encrypted, and SIGN_ONLY buffers will not be modified.

Alternatively, gss_unwrap_iov may be called with a single STREAM buffer, zero or more SIGN_ONLY buffers, and a single DATA buffer. The STREAM buffer is interpreted as a complete wrap token. The STREAM buffer will be modified in-place to decrypt its contents. The DATA buffer will be initialized to point to the decrypted data within the STREAM buffer, unless it has the **GSS_C_BUFFER_FLAG_ALLOCATE** flag set, in which case it will be initialized with a copy of the decrypted data. Here is an example (*token* and *token_len* are assumed to be a pre-existing pointer and length for a modifiable region of data):

```
OM_uint32 major, minor;
gss_iov_buffer_desc iov[2];
iov[0].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_STREAM;
iov[0].buffer.value = token;
iov[0].buffer.length = token_len;
iov[1].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_DATA;
major = gss_unwrap_iov(&minor, ctx, NULL, NULL, iov, 2);
if (GSS_ERROR(major))
    handle_error(major, minor);

/* Decrypted data is in iov[1].buffer, pointing to a subregion of
    * token. */
```

1.9 IOV MIC tokens

The following extensions (declared in <gssapi_ext.h>) can be used in release 1.12 or later to construct and verify MIC tokens using an IOV list:

The caller of gss_get_mic_iov provides an array of gss_iov_buffer_desc structures, each containing a type and a gss_buffer_desc structure. Valid types include:

- GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_DATA and GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY: The corresponding buffer for each of these types will be signed for the MIC token, in the order provided.
- GSS_C_BUFFER_TYPE_MIC_TOKEN: The GSSAPI MIC token.

The type of the MIC_TOKEN buffer may be combined with **GSS_C_BUFFER_FLAG_ALLOCATE** to request that gss_get_mic_iov allocate the buffer contents. If gss_get_mic_iov allocates the buffer, it sets the **GSS_C_BUFFER_FLAG_ALLOCATED** flag on the buffer type. gss_release_iov_buffer can be used to release all allocated buffers within an iov list and unset their allocated flags. Here is an example of how gss_get_mic_iov can be used with allocation requested (*ctx* is assumed to be a previously established gss_ctx_id_t):

```
OM_uint32 major, minor;
gss_iov_buffer_desc iov[3];
iov[0].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_DATA;
iov[0].buffer.value = "sign1";
iov[0].buffer.length = 5;
```

```
iov[1].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY;
iov[1].buffer.value = "sign2";
iov[1].buffer.length = 5;
iov[2].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_MIC_TOKEN | GSS_IOV_BUFFER_FLAG_ALLOCATE;
major = gss_get_mic_iov(&minor, ctx, GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT, iov, 3);
if (GSS_ERROR(major))
    handle_error(major, minor);
/* Transmit or otherwise use iov[2].buffer. */
(void)gss_release_iov_buffer(&minor, iov, 3);
```

If the caller does not choose to request buffer allocation by gss_get_mic_iov, it should first call gss_get_mic_iov_length to query the length of the MIC_TOKEN buffer. Here is an example of using gss_get_mic_iov_length and gss_get_mic_iov:

```
OM_uint32 major, minor;
gss_iov_buffer_desc iov[2];
char data[1024];
iov[0].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_MIC_TOKEN;
iov[1].type = GSS_IOV_BUFFER_TYPE_DATA;
iov[1].buffer.value = "message";
iov[1].buffer.length = 7;
major = gss_wrap_iov_length(&minor, ctx, 1, GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT,
                            NULL, iov, 2);
if (GSS_ERROR(major))
   handle_error(major, minor);
if (iov[0].buffer.length > sizeof(data))
   handle_out_of_space_error();
iov[0].buffer.value = data;
major = gss_wrap_iov(&minor, ctx, 1, GSS_C_QOP_DEFAULT, NULL,
                     iov, 2);
if (GSS_ERROR(major))
   handle_error(major, minor);
```

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CHAPTER

TWO

YEAR 2038 CONSIDERATIONS FOR USES OF KRB5_TIMESTAMP

POSIX time values, which measure the number of seconds since January 1 1970, will exceed the maximum value representable in a signed 32-bit integer in January 2038. This documentation describes considerations for consumers of the MIT krb5 libraries.

Applications or libraries which use libkrb5 and consume the timestamps included in credentials or other structures make use of the krb5_timestamp type. For historical reasons, krb5_timestamp is a signed 32-bit integer, even on platforms where a larger type is natively used to represent time values. To behave properly for time values after January 2038, calling code should cast krb5_timestamp values to uint32_t, and then to time_t:

```
(time_t) (uint32_t)timestamp
```

Used in this way, krb5_timestamp values can represent time values up until February 2106, provided that the platform uses a 64-bit or larger time_t type. This usage will also remain safe if a later version of MIT krb5 changes krb5_timestamp to an unsigned 32-bit integer.

The GSSAPI only uses representations of time intervals, not absolute times. Callers of the GSSAPI should require no changes to behave correctly after January 2038, provided that they use MIT krb5 release 1.16 or later.

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CHAPTER

THREE

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN HEIMDAL AND MIT KERBEROS API

<pre>krb5_auth_con_getaddrs()</pre>	H51: If either of the pointers to local_addr and remote_addr is not NULL, it is freed firs
krb5_auth_con_setaddrs()	H51: If either address is NULL, the previous address remains in place
krb5_auth_con_setports()	H51: Not implemented as of version 1.3.3
krb5_auth_con_setrecvsubkey()	H51: If either port is NULL, the previous port remains in place
krb5_auth_con_setsendsubkey()	H51: Not implemented as of version 1.3.3
krb5_cc_set_config()	MIT: Before version 1.10 it was assumed that the last argument data is ALWAYS non-z
<pre>krb5_cccol_last_change_time()</pre>	H51 takes 3 arguments: krb5_context context, const char *type, krb5_timestamp *chang
<pre>krb5_set_default_realm()</pre>	H51: Caches the computed default realm context field. If the second argument is NULL

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INITIAL CREDENTIALS

Software that performs tasks such as logging users into a computer when they type their Kerberos password needs to get initial credentials (usually ticket granting tickets) from Kerberos. Such software shares some behavior with the *kinit(1)* program.

Whenever a program grants access to a resource (such as a local login session on a desktop computer) based on a user successfully getting initial Kerberos credentials, it must verify those credentials against a secure shared secret (e.g., a host keytab) to ensure that the user credentials actually originate from a legitimate KDC. Failure to perform this verification is a critical vulnerability, because a malicious user can execute the "Zanarotti attack": the user constructs a fake response that appears to come from the legitimate KDC, but whose contents come from an attacker-controlled KDC.

Some applications read a Kerberos password over the network (ideally over a secure channel), which they then verify against the KDC. While this technique may be the only practical way to integrate Kerberos into some existing legacy systems, its use is contrary to the original design goals of Kerberos.

The function krb5_get_init_creds_password() will get initial credentials for a client using a password. An application that needs to verify the credentials can call krb5_verify_init_creds(). Here is an example of code to obtain and verify TGT credentials, given strings *princname* and *password* for the client principal name and password:

```
krb5_error_code ret;
krb5_creds creds;
krb5_principal client_princ = NULL;
memset(&creds, 0, sizeof(creds));
ret = krb5_parse_name(context, princname, &client_princ);
if (ret)
    goto cleanup;
ret = krb5_get_init_creds_password(context, &creds, client_princ,
                                   password, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL, NULL);
if (ret)
    goto cleanup;
ret = krb5_verify_init_creds(context, &creds, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL);
cleanup:
krb5_free_principal(context, client_princ);
krb5_free_cred_contents(context, &creds);
return ret;
```

4.1 Options for get_init_creds

The function krb5_get_init_creds_password() takes an options parameter (which can be a null pointer). Use the function krb5_get_init_creds_opt_alloc() to allocate an options structure, and krb5_get_init_creds_opt_free() to free it. For example:

```
krb5_error_code ret;
krb5_get_init_creds_opt *opt = NULL;
krb5_creds creds;
memset (&creds, 0, sizeof(creds));
ret = krb5_get_init_creds_opt_alloc(context, &opt);
if (ret)
   goto cleanup;
krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_tkt_life(opt, 24 * 60 * 60);
ret = krb5_get_init_creds_password(context, &creds, client_princ,
                                   password, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL, opt);
if (ret)
    goto cleanup;
cleanup:
krb5_get_init_creds_opt_free(context, opt);
krb5_free_cred_contents(context, &creds);
return ret;
```

4.2 Getting anonymous credentials

As of release 1.8, it is possible to obtain fully anonymous or partially anonymous (realm-exposed) credentials, if the KDC supports it. The MIT KDC supports issuing fully anonymous credentials as of release 1.8 if configured appropriately (see *anonymous_pkinit*), but does not support issuing realm-exposed anonymous credentials at this time.

To obtain fully anonymous credentials, call krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_anonymous() on the options structure to set the anonymous flag, and specify a client principal with the KDC's realm and a single empty data component (the principal obtained by parsing @realmname). Authentication will take place using anonymous PKINIT; if successful, the client principal of the resulting tickets will be WELLKNOWN/ANONYMOUS@WELLKNOWN: ANONYMOUS. Here is an example:

To obtain realm-exposed anonymous credentials, set the anonymous flag on the options structure as above, but specify a normal client principal in order to prove membership in the realm. Authentication will take place as it normally does; if successful, the client principal of the resulting tickets will be WELLKNOWN/ANONYMOUS@realmname.

4.3 User interaction

Authenticating a user usually requires the entry of secret information, such as a password. A password can be supplied directly to krb5_get_init_creds_password() via the *password* parameter, or the application can supply prompter and/or responder callbacks instead. If callbacks are used, the user can also be queried for other secret information such as a PIN, informed of impending password expiration, or prompted to change a password which has expired.

4.3.1 Prompter callback

Α prompter callback be specified via the prompter data parameters krb5_get_init_creds_password(). The prompter will be invoked each time the krb5 library has a question to ask or information to present. When the prompter callback is invoked, the banner argument (if not null) is intended to be displayed to the user, and the questions to be answered are specified in the *prompts* array. Each prompt contains a text question in the *prompt* field, a *hidden* bit to indicate whether the answer should be hidden from display, and a storage area for the answer in the reply field. The callback should fill in each question's reply->data with the answer, up to a maximum number of reply->length bytes, and then reset reply->length to the length of the answer.

A prompter callback can call krb5_get_prompt_types() to get an array of type constants corresponding to the prompts, to get programmatic information about the semantic meaning of the questions. krb5_get_prompt_types() may return a null pointer if no prompt type information is available.

Text-based applications can use a built-in text prompter implementation by supplying krb5_prompter_posix() as the *prompter* parameter and a null pointer as the *data* parameter. For example:

4.3.2 Responder callback

A responder callback can be specified through the init_creds options using the krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_responder() function. Responder callbacks can present a more sophisticated user interface for authentication secrets. The responder callback is usually invoked only once per authentication, with a list of questions produced by all of the allowed preauthentication mechanisms.

When the responder callback is invoked, the *rctx* argument can be accessed to obtain the list of questions and to answer them. The krb5_responder_list_questions() function retrieves an array of question types. For each question type, the krb5_responder_get_challenge() function retrieves additional information about the question, if applicable, and the krb5_responder_set_answer() function sets the answer.

Responder question types, challenges, and answers are UTF-8 strings. The question type is a well-known string; the meaning of the challenge and answer depend on the question type. If an application does not understand a question type, it cannot interpret the challenge or provide an answer. Failing to answer a question typically results in the prompter callback being used as a fallback.

Password question

The KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PASSWORD (or "password") question type requests the user's password. This question does not have a challenge, and the response is simply the password string.

4.3. User interaction 17

One-time password question

The KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_OTP (or "otp") question type requests a choice among one-time password tokens and the PIN and value for the chosen token. The challenge and answer are JSON-encoded strings, but an application can use convenience functions to avoid doing any JSON processing itself.

The krb5_responder_otp_get_challenge() function decodes the challenge into a krb5_responder_otp_challenge structure. The krb5_responder_otp_set_answer() function selects one of the token information elements from the challenge and supplies the value and pin for that token.

PKINIT password or PIN question

The KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PKINIT (or "pkinit") question type requests PINs for hardware devices and/or passwords for encrypted credentials which are stored on disk, potentially also supplying information about the state of the hardware devices. The challenge and answer are JSON-encoded strings, but an application can use convenience functions to avoid doing any JSON processing itself.

The krb5_responder_pkinit_get_challenge() function decodes the challenges into a krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge structure. The krb5_responder_pkinit_set_answer() function can be used to supply the PIN or password for a particular client credential, and can be called multiple times.

Example

Here is an example of using a responder callback:

```
static krb5_error_code
my_responder(krb5_context context, void *data,
             krb5_responder_context rctx)
    krb5_error_code ret;
    krb5_responder_otp_challenge *chl;
    if (krb5_responder_get_challenge(context, rctx,
                                     KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PASSWORD)) {
        ret = krb5_responder_set_answer(context, rctx,
                                        KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PASSWORD,
                                         "open sesame");
        if (ret)
            return ret;
    }
    ret = krb5_responder_otp_get_challenge(context, rctx, &chl);
    if (ret == 0 && chl != NULL) {
        ret = krb5_responder_otp_set_answer(context, rctx, 0, "1234",
                                             NULL);
        krb5_responder_otp_challenge_free(context, rctx, chl);
        if (ret)
            return ret;
    }
    return 0;
}
static krb5_error_code
get_creds(krb5_context context, krb5_principal client_princ)
    krb5_error_code ret;
    krb5_get_init_creds_opt *opt = NULL;
```

4.4 Verifying initial credentials

Use the function krb5_verify_init_creds() to verify initial credentials. It takes an options structure (which can be a null pointer). Use krb5_verify_init_creds_opt_init() to initialize the caller-allocated options structure, and krb5_verify_init_creds_opt_set_ap_req_nofail() to set the "nofail" option. For example:

```
krb5_verify_init_creds_opt vopt;
krb5_verify_init_creds_opt_init(&vopt);
krb5_verify_init_creds_opt_set_ap_req_nofail(&vopt, 1);
ret = krb5_verify_init_creds(context, &creds, NULL, NULL, &vopt);
```

The confusingly named "nofail" option, when set, means that the verification must actually succeed in order for krb5_verify_init_creds () to indicate success. The default state of this option (cleared) means that if there is no key material available to verify the user credentials, the verification will succeed anyway. (The default can be changed by a configuration file setting.)

This accommodates a use case where a large number of unkeyed shared desktop workstations need to allow users to log in using Kerberos. The security risks from this practice are mitigated by the absence of valuable state on the shared workstations—any valuable resources that the users would access reside on networked servers.

PRINCIPAL MANIPULATION AND PARSING

```
Kerberos principal structure
krb5_principal_data
krb5_principal
Create and free principal
krb5_build_principal()
krb5_build_principal_alloc_va()
krb5_build_principal_ext()
krb5_copy_principal()
krb5_free_principal()
krb5_cc_get_principal()
Comparing
krb5_principal_compare()
krb5_principal_compare_flags()
krb5_principal_compare_any_realm()
krb5_sname_match()
krb5_sname_to_principal()
Parsing:
krb5_parse_name()
krb5_parse_name_flags()
krb5_unparse_name()
krb5_unparse_name_flags()
Utilities:
krb5_is_config_principal()
krb5_kuserok()
krb5_set_password()
krb5_set_password_using_ccache()
krb5_set_principal_realm()
```

krb5_realm_compare()

CHAPTER

SIX

COMPLETE REFERENCE - API AND DATATYPES

6.1 krb5 API

6.1.1 Frequently used public interfaces

krb5_build_principal - Build a principal name using null-terminated strings.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_build_principal (krb5_context context, krb5_principal * princ, unsigned int rlen, const char * realm, ...)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] princ - Principal name

[in] rlen - Realm name length

[in] realm - Realm name

retval

• 0 Success

return

• Kerberos error codes
```

Call krb5_free_principal() to free *princ* when it is no longer needed.

Note: krb5_build_principal() and krb5_build_principal_alloc_va() perform the same task. krb5_build_principal() takes variadic arguments. krb5_build_principal_alloc_va() takes a precomputed *varargs* pointer.

krb5_build_principal_alloc_va - Build a principal name, using a precomputed variable argument list.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_build_principal_alloc_va (krb5_context context, krb5_principal * princ, unsigned int rlen, const char * realm, va_list ap)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] princ - Principal structure

[in] rlen - Realm name length

[in] realm - Realm name

[in] ap - List of char * components, ending with NULL
```

retval

• 0 Success

return

· Kerberos error codes

Similar to krb5_build_principal(), this function builds a principal name, but its name components are specified as a va_list.

Use krb5_free_principal() to deallocate *princ* when it is no longer needed.

krb5 build principal ext - Build a principal name using length-counted strings.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_build_principal_ext (krb5_context context, krb5_principal * princ, unsigned int rlen, const char * realm, ...)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] princ - Principal name

[in] rlen - Realm name length

[in] realm - Realm name

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

· Kerberos error codes

This function creates a principal from a length-counted string and a variable-length list of length-counted components. The list of components ends with the first 0 length argument (so it is not possible to specify an empty component with this function). Call krb5_free_principal() to free allocated memory for principal when it is no longer needed.

krb5_cc_close - Close a credential cache handle.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_close (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

• Kerberos error codes

This function closes a credential cache handle *cache* without affecting the contents of the cache.

krb5 cc default - Resolve the default credential cache name.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_default (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache * ccache)
param [in] context - Library context
[out] ccache - Pointer to credential cache name
```

retval

- 0 Success
- KV5M_CONTEXT Bad magic number for _krb5_context structure
- KRB5_FCC_INTERNAL The name of the default credential cache cannot be obtained

return

Kerberos error codes

Create a handle to the default credential cache as given by krb5_cc_default_name().

krb5_cc_default_name - Return the name of the default credential cache.

```
const char * krb5_cc_default_name (krb5_context context)
param [in] context - Library context
return
```

• Name of default credential cache for the current user.

Return a pointer to the default credential cache name for context, as determined by a prior call to $krb5_cc_set_default_name()$, by the KRB5CCNAME environment variable, by the default_ccache_name profile variable, or by the operating system or build-time default value. The returned value must not be modified or freed by the caller. The returned value becomes invalid when context is destroyed $krb5_free_context()$ or if a subsequent call to $krb5_cc_set_default_name()$ is made on context.

The default credential cache name is cached in *context* between calls to this function, so if the value of KRB5CCNAME changes in the process environment after the first call to this function on, that change will not be reflected in later calls with the same context. The caller can invoke <code>krb5_cc_set_default_name()</code> with a NULL value of *name* to clear the cached value and force the default name to be recomputed.

krb5_cc_destroy - Destroy a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_destroy (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

retval

• 0 Success
```

• 0 Success

return

· Permission errors

This function destroys any existing contents of cache and closes the handle to it.

krb5_cc_dup - Duplicate ccache handle.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_ec_dup (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache in, krb5_ccache * out)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] in - Credential cache handle to be duplicated
[out] out - Credential cache handle
```

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Create a new handle referring to the same cache as in. The new handle and in can be closed independently.

krb5_cc_get_name - Retrieve the name, but not type of a credential cache.

```
const char * krb5_cc_get_name (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] cache - Credential cache handle
     return
```

• On success - the name of the credential cache.

Returns the name of the credential cache. The result is an alias into cache and should not be Warning: freed or modified by the caller. This name does not include the cache type, so should not be used as input to krb5_cc_resolve().

krb5 cc get principal - Get the default principal of a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_get_principal (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache, krb5_principal
                                               * principal)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] cache - Credential cache handle
          [out] principal - Primary principal
     retval
             • 0 Success
     return
             · Kerberos error codes
```

Returns the default client principal of a credential cache as set by krb5_cc_initialize().

Use krb5_free_principal() to free principal when it is no longer needed.

krb5 cc get type - Retrieve the type of a credential cache.

```
const char * krb5_cc_get_type (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] cache - Credential cache handle
     return
```

• The type of a credential cache as an alias that must not be modified or freed by the caller.

krb5 cc initialize - Initialize a credential cache.

```
krb5 error code krb5 cc initialize (krb5 context context, krb5 ccache cache, krb5 principal princi-
                                        pal)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

[in] principal - Default principal name

retval

• 0 Success
```

• System errors; Permission errors; Kerberos error codes

Destroy any existing contents of *cache* and initialize it for the default principal *principal*.

krb5_cc_new_unique - Create a new credential cache of the specified type with a unique name.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_new_unique (krb5_context context, const char * type, const char * hint, krb5_ccache * id)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] type - Credential cache type name

[in] hint - Unused

[out] id - Credential cache handle

retval

• 0 Success

return

• Kerberos error codes
```

krb5_cc_resolve - Resolve a credential cache name.

• Kerberos error codes

Fills in *cache* with a *cache* handle that corresponds to the name in *name* . *name* should be of the form **type:residual** , and *type* must be a type known to the library. If the *name* does not contain a colon, interpret it as a file name.

krb5 change password - Change a password for an existing Kerberos account.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_change_password (krb5_context context, krb5_creds * creds, const char * newpw, int * result_code, krb5_data * result_code_string, krb5_data * result_string)
```

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```
param [in] context - Library context
     [in] creds - Credentials for kadmin/changepw service
     [in] newpw - New password
     [out] result_code - Numeric error code from server
     [out] result_code_string - String equivalent to result_code
     [out] result_string - Change password response from the KDC
retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Change the password for the existing principal identified by creds.

The possible values of the output *result_code* are:

- KRB5_KPASSWD_SUCCESS (0) success
- KRB5_KPASSWD_MALFORMED (1) Malformed request error
- KRB5_KPASSWD_HARDERROR (2) Server error
- KRB5_KPASSWD_AUTHERROR (3) Authentication error
- KRB5_KPASSWD_SOFTERROR (4) Password change rejected

krb5 chpw message - Get a result message for changing or setting a password.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_chpw_message (krb5_context context, const krb5_data * server_string, char ** message_out)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] server_string - Data returned from the remote system

[out] message_out - A message displayable to the user

retval

• 0 Success
```

return

· Kerberos error codes

This function processes the *server_string* returned in the *result_string* parameter of krb5_change_password(), krb5_set_password(), and related functions, and returns a displayable string. If *server_string* contains Active Directory structured policy information, it will be converted into human-readable text.

Use krb5_free_string() to free *message_out* when it is no longer needed.

Note: New in 1.11

krb5 expand hostname - Canonicalize a hostname, possibly using name service.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_expand_hostname (krb5_context context, const char * host, char ** canon-host out)
```

```
[in] host - Input hostname
          [out] canonhost_out - Canonicalized hostname
This function canonicalizes orig_hostname, possibly using name service lookups if configuration permits. Use
krb5 free string() to free canonhost out when it is no longer needed.
Note: New in 1.15
krb5 free context - Free a krb5 library context.
void krb5 free context (krb5 context context)
     param [in] context - Library context
This
       function
                                                                    by
                                                                          krb5_init_context()
                   frees
                           a
                                context
                                           that
                                                  was
                                                         created
                                                                                                        or
krb5_init_secure_context().
krb5_free_error_message - Free an error message generated by krb5_get_error_message() .
void krb5_free_error_message (krb5_context ctx, const char * msg)
     param [in] ctx - Library context
          [in] msg - Pointer to error message
krb5 free principal - Free the storage assigned to a principal.
void krb5_free_principal (krb5_context context, krb5_principal val)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] val - Principal to be freed
krb5 fwd tgt creds - Get a forwarded TGT and format a KRB-CRED message.
krb5_error_code krb5_fwd_tgt_creds (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, const
                                         char * rhost, krb5_principal client, krb5_principal server,
                                         krb5_ccache cc, int forwardable, krb5_data * outbuf )
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] auth_context - Authentication context
          [in] rhost - Remote host
          [in] client - Client principal of TGT
          [in] server - Principal of server to receive TGT
          [in] cc - Credential cache handle (NULL to use default)
          [in] forwardable - Whether TGT should be forwardable
          [out] outbuf - KRB-CRED message
     retval
```

param [in] context - Library context

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- 0 Success
- ENOMEM Insufficient memory
- KRB5_PRINC_NOMATCH Requested principal and ticket do not match
- KRB5_NO_TKT_SUPPLIED Request did not supply a ticket
- KRB5 CC BADNAME Credential cache name or principal name malformed

return

· Kerberos error codes

Get a TGT for use at the remote host *rhost* and format it into a KRB-CRED message. If *rhost* is NULL and *server* is of type KRB5_NT_SRV_HST, the second component of *server* will be used.

krb5_get_default_realm - Retrieve the default realm.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_default_realm (krb5_context context, char ** lrealm)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] lrealm - Default realm name

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

Kerberos error codes

Retrieves the default realm to be used if no user-specified realm is available.

Use krb5_free_default_realm() to free *lrealm* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_get_error_message - Get the (possibly extended) error message for a code.

```
const char * krb5_get_error_message (krb5_context ctx, krb5_error_code code)
param [in] ctx - Library context
[in] code - Error code
```

The behavior of krb5_get_error_message() is only defined the first time it is called after a failed call to a krb5 function using the same context, and only when the error code passed in is the same as that returned by the krb5 function.

This function never returns NULL, so its result may be used unconditionally as a C string.

The string returned by this function must be freed using krb5_free_error_message()

Note: Future versions may return the same string for the second and following calls.

krb5_get_host_realm - Get the Kerberos realm names for a host.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_host_realm (krb5_context context, const char * host, char *** realmsp)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
    [in] host - Host name (or NULL)
    [out] realmsp - Null-terminated list of realm names
retval
```

- 0 Success
- ENOMEM Insufficient memory

return

· Kerberos error codes

Fill in *realmsp* with a pointer to a null-terminated list of realm names. If there are no known realms for the host, a list containing the referral (empty) realm is returned.

If *host* is NULL, the local host's realms are determined.

Use krb5_free_host_realm() to release realmsp when it is no longer needed.

krb5_get_credentials - Get an additional ticket.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_credentials (krb5_context context, krb5_flags options, krb5_ccache ccache, krb5_creds * in_creds, krb5_creds ** out_creds)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] options - Options

[in] ccache - Credential cache handle

[in] in_creds - Input credentials

[out] out_creds - Output updated credentials

retval

• 0 Success
```

return

Kerberos error codes

Use *ccache* or a TGS exchange to get a service ticket matching *in_creds* .

Valid values for options are:

- KRB5_GC_CACHED Search only credential cache for the ticket
- KRB5_GC_USER_USER Return a user to user authentication ticket

in_creds must be non-null. in_creds->client and in_creds->server must be filled in to specify the client and the server respectively. If any authorization data needs to be requested for the service ticket (such as restrictions on how the ticket can be used), specify it in in_creds->authdata; otherwise set in_creds->authdata to NULL. The session key type is specified in in_creds->keyblock.enctype, if it is nonzero.

The expiration date is specified in *in_creds->times.endtime*. The KDC may return tickets with an earlier expiration date. If *in_creds->times.endtime* is set to 0, the latest possible expiration date will be requested.

Any returned ticket and intermediate ticket-granting tickets are stored in ccache.

Use krb5_free_creds() to free out_creds when it is no longer needed.

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krb5_get_fallback_host_realm

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_fallback_host_realm(krb5_context context, krb5_data * hdata, char *** realmsp)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] hdata - Host name (or NULL)

[out] realmsp - Null-terminated list of realm names
```

Fill in *realmsp* with a pointer to a null-terminated list of realm names obtained through heuristics or insecure resolution methods which have lower priority than KDC referrals.

If host is NULL, the local host's realms are determined.

Use krb5_free_host_realm() to release realmsp when it is no longer needed.

krb5_get_init_creds_keytab - Get initial credentials using a key table.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_keytab (krb5_context context, krb5_creds * creds, krb5_principal client, krb5_keytab arg_keytab, krb5_deltat start_time, const char * in_tkt_service, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * k5_gic_options)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] creds - New credentials

[in] client - Client principal

[in] arg_keytab - Key table handle

[in] start_time - Time when ticket becomes valid (0 for now)

[in] in_tkt_service - Service name of initial credentials (or NULL)

[in] k5_gic_options - Initial credential options

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

Kerberos error codes

This function requests KDC for an initial credentials for *client* using a client key stored in *arg_keytab*. If *in_tkt_service* is specified, it is parsed as a principal name (with the realm ignored) and used as the service principal for the request; otherwise the ticket-granting service is used.

krb5 get init creds opt alloc - Allocate a new initial credential options structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_alloc(krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt ** opt)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] opt - New options structure

retval
```

• 0 - Success; Kerberos errors otherwise.

This function is the preferred way to create an options structure for getting initial credentials, and is required to make use of certain options. Use krb5_get_init_creds_opt_free() to free *opt* when it is no longer needed.

```
krb5_get_init_creds_opt_free - Free initial credential options.
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_free (krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] opt - Options structure to free
See also:
krb5_get_init_creds_opt_alloc()
krb5 get init creds opt get fast flags - Retrieve FAST flags from initial credential options.
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_get_fast_flags (krb5_context
                                                                                           context.
                                                                   krb5 get init creds opt
                                                                                              opt,
                                                                   krb5_flags * out_flags)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] opt - Options
          [out] out flags - FAST flags
     retval
            • 0 - Success; Kerberos errors otherwise.
krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_address_list - Set address restrictions in initial credential options.
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_address_list (krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, krb5_address
                                                          ** addresses)
     param [in] opt - Options structure
          [in] addresses - Null-terminated array of addresses
krb5 get init creds opt set anonymous - Set or unset the anonymous flag in initial credential op-
tions.
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_anonymous (krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, int anonymous)
     param [in] opt - Options structure
          [in] anonymous - Whether to make an anonymous request
```

This function may be used to request anonymous credentials from the KDC by setting *anonymous* to non-zero. Note that anonymous credentials are only a request; clients must verify that credentials are anonymous if that is a requirement.

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_canonicalize - Set or unset the canonicalize flag in initial credential options.

```
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_canonicalize (krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, int canonicalize)

param [in] opt - Options structure

[in] canonicalize - Whether to canonicalize client principal
```

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_change_password_prompt - Set or unset change-password-prompt flag in initial credential options.

This flag is on by default. It controls whether krb5_get_init_creds_password() will react to an expired-password error by prompting for a new password and attempting to change the old one.

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_etype_list - Set allowable encryption types in initial credential options.

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_expire_callback - Set an expiration callback in initial credential options.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_expire_callback (krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, krb5_expire_callback_func cb, void * data)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context[in] opt - Options structure[in] cb - Callback function[in] data - Callback argument
```

Set a callback to receive password and account expiration times.

This option only applies to krb5_get_init_creds_password(). cb will be invoked if and only if credentials are successfully acquired. The callback will receive the context from the krb5_get_init_creds_password() call and the data argument supplied with this API. The remaining arguments should be interpreted as follows:

If *is_last_req* is true, then the KDC reply contained last-req entries which unambiguously indicated the password expiration, account expiration, or both. (If either value was not present, the corresponding argument will be 0.) Furthermore, a non-zero *password expiration* should be taken as a suggestion from the KDC that a warning be displayed.

If *is_last_req* is false, then *account_expiration* will be 0 and *password_expiration* will contain the expiration time of either the password or account, or 0 if no expiration time was indicated in the KDC reply. The callback should independently decide whether to display a password expiration warning.

Note that *cb* may be invoked even if credentials are being acquired for the kadmin/changepw service in order to change the password. It is the caller's responsibility to avoid displaying a password expiry warning in this case.

Warning: Setting an expire callback with this API will cause krb5_get_init_creds_password() not to send password expiry warnings to the prompter, as it ordinarily may.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_fast_ccache - Set FAST armor cache in initial credential options.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_fast_ccache (krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, krb5_ccache ccache)
```

param [in] context - Library context

[in] opt - Options

[in] ccache - Credential cache handle

This function is similar to $krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_fast_ccache_name()$, but uses a credential cache handle instead of a name.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_fast_ccache_name - Set location of FAST armor ccache in initial credential options.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_fast_ccache_name (krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, const char * fast_ccache_name)
```

param [in] context - Library context

[in] opt - Options

[in] fast ccache name - Credential cache name

Sets the location of a credential cache containing an armor ticket to protect an initial credential exchange using the FAST protocol extension.

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_fast_flags - Set FAST flags in initial credential options.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_fast_flags (krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, krb5_flags flags)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
    [in] opt - Options
    [in] flags - FAST flags
retval
```

• 0 - Success: Kerberos errors otherwise.

The following flag values are valid:

• KRB5_FAST_REQUIRED - Require FAST to be used

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_forwardable - Set or unset the forwardable flag in initial credential options.

```
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_forwardable (krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, int forward-able)

param [in] opt - Options structure

[in] forwardable - Whether credentials should be forwardable
```

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_in_ccache - Set an input credential cache in initial credential options.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_in_ccache (krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, krb5_ccache ccache)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] opt - Options

[in] ccache - Credential cache handle
```

If an input credential cache is set, then the krb5_get_init_creds family of APIs will read settings from it. Setting an input ccache is desirable when the application wishes to perform authentication in the same way (using the same preauthentication mechanisms, and making the same non-security- sensitive choices) as the previous authentication attempt, which stored information in the passed-in ccache.

Note: New in 1.11

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_out_ccache - Set an output credential cache in initial credential options.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_out_ccache (krb5_context krb5_get_init_creds_opt krb5_ccache ccache) * opt, krb5_ccache ccache)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] opt - Options

[in] ccache - Credential cache handle
```

If an output credential cache is set, then the krb5_get_init_creds family of APIs will write credentials to it. Setting an output ccache is desirable both because it simplifies calling code and because it permits the krb5_get_init_creds APIs to write out configuration information about the realm to the ccache.

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_pa - Supply options for preauthentication in initial credential options.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_pa (krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, const char * attr, const char * value)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] opt - Options structure

[in] attr - Preauthentication option name

[in] value - Preauthentication option value
```

This function allows the caller to supply options for preauthentication. The values of *attr* and *value* are supplied to each preauthentication module available within *context*.

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_pac_request - Ask the KDC to include or not include a PAC in the ticket.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_pac_request (krb5_context krb5_get_init_creds_opt krb5_boolean req_pac) * opt, krb5_boolean req_pac param [in] context - Library context

[in] opt - Options structure

[in] req_pac - Whether to request a PAC or not
```

If this option is set, the AS request will include a PAC-REQUEST pa-data item explicitly asking the KDC to either include or not include a privilege attribute certificate in the ticket authorization data. By default, no request is made; typically the KDC will default to including a PAC if it supports them.

Note: New in 1.15

krb5 get init creds opt set preauth list - Set preauthentication types in initial credential options.

```
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_preauth_list (krb5_get_init_creds_opt krb5_preauthtype * preauth_list, int preauth_list_length)
param [in] opt - Options structure

[in] preauth_list - Array of preauthentication types

[in] preauth_list_length - Length of preauth_list
```

This function can be used to perform optimistic preauthentication when getting initial credentials, in combination with $krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_salt()$ and $krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_pa()$.

krb5 get init creds opt set proxiable - Set or unset the proxiable flag in initial credential options.

```
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_proxiable (krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, int proxiable)
param [in] opt - Options structure
[in] proxiable - Whether credentials should be proxiable
```

```
krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_renew_life - Set the ticket renewal lifetime in initial credential options.
```

krb5 get init creds opt set responder - Set the responder function in initial credential options.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_responder (krb5_context context, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, krb5_responder_fn responder, void * data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] opt - Options structure

[in] responder - Responder function

[in] data - Responder data argument
```

Note: New in 1.11

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_salt - Set salt for optimistic preauthentication in initial credential options.

```
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_salt (krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt, krb5_data * salt)
param [in] opt - Options structure
[in] salt - Salt data
```

When getting initial credentials with a password, a salt string it used to convert the password to a key. Normally this salt is obtained from the first KDC reply, but when performing optimistic preauthentication, the client may need to supply the salt string with this function.

krb5_get_init_creds_opt_set_tkt_life - Set the ticket lifetime in initial credential options.

krb5 get init creds password - Get initial credentials using a password.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_init_creds_password (krb5_context context, krb5_creds * creds, krb5_principal client, const char * password, krb5_prompter_fct prompter, void * data, krb5_deltat start_time, const char * in_tkt_service, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * k5_gic_options)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
    [out] creds - New credentials
    [in] client - Client principal
    [in] password - Password (or NULL)
    [in] prompter - Prompter function
    [in] data - Prompter callback data
    [in] start_time - Time when ticket becomes valid (0 for now)
    [in] in_tkt_service - Service name of initial credentials (or NULL)
    [in] k5_gic_options - Initial credential options
retval
```

- 0 Success
- EINVAL Invalid argument
- KRB5_KDC_UNREACH Cannot contact any KDC for requested realm
- KRB5 PREAUTH FAILED Generic Pre-athentication failure
- KRB5_LIBOS_PWDINTR Password read interrupted
- KRB5_REALM_CANT_RESOLVE Cannot resolve network address for KDC in requested realm
- KRB5KDC_ERR_KEY_EXP Password has expired
- KRB5_LIBOS_BADPWDMATCH Password mismatch
- KRB5_CHPW_PWDNULL New password cannot be zero length
- KRB5_CHPW_FAIL Password change failed

return

· Kerberos error codes

This function requests KDC for an initial credentials for *client* using *password*. If *password* is NULL, a password will be prompted for using *prompter* if necessary. If *in_tkt_service* is specified, it is parsed as a principal name (with the realm ignored) and used as the service principal for the request; otherwise the ticket-granting service is used.

krb5_get_profile - Retrieve configuration profile from the context.

Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new *profile* object that reflects profile in the supplied *context*.

The *profile* object may be freed with profile_release() function. See profile.h and profile API for more details.

krb5_get_prompt_types - Get prompt types array from a context.

```
krb5_prompt_type * krb5_get_prompt_types (krb5_context context)
     param [in] context - Library context
     return
```

 Pointer corresponding to an array of prompt types to the prompter's prompts arguments. Each type has one of the following KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_PASSWORD KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_NEW_PASSWORD KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_NEW_PASSWORD_AGAIN KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_PREAUTH

krb5 get renewed creds - Get renewed credential from KDC using an existing credential.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_renewed_creds (krb5_context
                                                                 context,
                                                                              krb5 creds
                                                 krb5 principal client, krb5 ccache ccache, const char
                                                 * in_tkt_service)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [out] creds - Renewed credentials
           [in] client - Client principal name
           [in] ccache - Credential cache
           [in] in_tkt_service - Server principal string (or NULL)
     retval
             • 0 Success
     return
```

· Kerberos error codes

This function gets a renewed credential using an existing one from ccache. If in_tkt_service is specified, it is parsed (with the realm part ignored) and used as the server principal of the credential; otherwise, the ticket-granting service is used.

If successful, the renewed credential is placed in creds.

krb5_get_validated_creds - Get validated credentials from the KDC.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_validated_creds (krb5_context
                                                                                krb5_creds
                                                                    context,
                                                                                                    creds.
                                                    krb5_principal
                                                                   client, krb5_ccache ccache,
                                                    char * in_tkt_service)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [out] creds - Validated credentials
           [in] client - Client principal name
           [in] ccache - Credential cache
           [in] in_tkt_service - Server principal string (or NULL)
     retval
```

- 0 Success
- KRB5 NO 2ND TKT Request missing second ticket

- KRB5_NO_TKT_SUPPLIED Request did not supply a ticket
- KRB5_PRINC_NOMATCH Requested principal and ticket do not match
- KRB5_KDCREP_MODIFIED KDC reply did not match expectations
- KRB5_KDCREP_SKEW Clock skew too great in KDC reply

return

return

· Kerberos error codes

This function gets a validated credential using a postdated credential from *ccache*. If *in_tkt_service* is specified, it is parsed (with the realm part ignored) and used as the server principal of the credential; otherwise, the ticket-granting service is used.

If successful, the validated credential is placed in *creds*.

krb5 init context - Create a krb5 library context.

· Kerberos error codes

The context must be released by calling krb5_free_context() when it is no longer needed.

Warning: Any program or module that needs the Kerberos code to not trust the environment must use krb5_init_secure_context(), or clean out the environment.

krb5_init_secure_context - Create a krb5 library context using only configuration files.

return

· Kerberos error codes

Create a context structure, using only system configuration files. All information passed through the environment variables is ignored.

The *context* must be released by calling krb5_free_context() when it is no longer needed.

krb5 is config principal - Test whether a principal is a configuration principal.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_is_config_principal (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
          [in] principal - Principal to check
     return
             • TRUE if the principal is a configuration principal (generated part of krb5_cc_set_config() );
               FALSE otherwise.
krb5_is_thread_safe - Test whether the Kerberos library was built with multithread support.
krb5_boolean krb5_is_thread_safe (void None)
     param None
     retval
             • TRUE if the library is threadsafe; FALSE otherwise
krb5_kt_close - Close a key table handle.
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_close (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab keytab)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] keytab - Key table handle
     retval
             • 0 None
krb5 kt client default - Resolve the default client key table.
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_client_default (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab * keytab_out)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [out] keytab out - Key table handle
     retval

    0 Success

     return
             · Kerberos error codes
Fill keytab_out with a handle to the default client key table.
Note: New in 1.11
krb5_kt_default - Resolve the default key table.
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_default (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab * id)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [out] id - Key table handle
     retval
```

• 0 Success

return

· Kerberos error codes

Set *id* to a handle to the default key table. The key table is not opened.

krb5_kt_default_name - Get the default key table name.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_default_name (krb5_context context, char * name, int name_size)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] name - Default key table name

[in] name_size - Space available in name

retval
```

- 0 Success
- KRB5_CONFIG_NOTENUFSPACE Buffer is too short

return

· Kerberos error codes

Fill *name* with the name of the default key table for *context* .

krb5_kt_dup - Duplicate keytab handle.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_dup (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab in, krb5_keytab * out)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] in - Key table handle to be duplicated
[out] out - Key table handle
```

Create a new handle referring to the same key table as in. The new handle and in can be closed independently.

Note: New in 1.12

krb5 kt get name - Get a key table name.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_get_name (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab keytab, char * name, unsigned int namelen)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] keytab - Key table handle

[out] name - Key table name

[in] namelen - Maximum length to fill in name

retval
```

- 0 Success
- KRB5_KT_NAME_TOOLONG Key table name does not fit in namelen bytes

return

· Kerberos error codes

Fill *name* with the name of *keytab* including the type and delimiter.

krb5_kt_get_type - Return the type of a key table.

```
const char * krb5_kt_get_type (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab keytab)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] keytab - Key table handle

return
```

• The type of a key table as an alias that must not be modified or freed by the caller.

krb5_kt_resolve - Get a handle for a key table.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_resolve (krb5_context context, const char * name, krb5_keytab * ktid)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] name - Name of the key table

[out] ktid - Key table handle

retval

• 0 Success
```

return

· Kerberos error codes

Resolve the key table name *name* and set *ktid* to a handle identifying the key table. Use krb5_kt_close() to free *ktid* when it is no longer needed.

name must be of the form **type:residual**, where *type* must be a type known to the library and *residual* portion should be specific to the particular keytab type. If no *type* is given, the default is **FILE**.

If *name* is of type **FILE**, the keytab file is not opened by this call.

krb5_kuserok - Determine if a principal is authorized to log in as a local user.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_kuserok (krb5_context context, krb5_principal principal, const char * luser)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] principal - Principal name

[in] luser - Local username

retval
```

• TRUE Principal is authorized to log in as user; FALSE otherwise.

Determine whether *principal* is authorized to log in as a local user *luser*.

krb5_parse_name - Convert a string principal name to a krb5_principal structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_parse_name (krb5_context context, const char * name, krb5_principal * principal_out)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] name - String representation of a principal name

[out] principal_out - New principal

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

Kerberos error codes

Convert a string representation of a principal name to a krb5_principal structure.

A string representation of a Kerberos name consists of one or more principal name components, separated by slashes, optionally followed by the @ character and a realm name. If the realm name is not specified, the local realm is used.

To use the slash and @ symbols as part of a component (quoted) instead of using them as a component separator or as a realm prefix), put a backslash () character in front of the symbol. Similarly, newline, tab, backspace, and NULL characters can be included in a component by using \mathbf{n} , \mathbf{t} , \mathbf{b} or $\mathbf{0}$, respectively.

Use krb5_free_principal() to free principal_out when it is no longer needed.

Note: The realm in a Kerberos *name* cannot contain slash, colon, or NULL characters.

krb5 parse name flags - Convert a string principal name to a krb5 principal with flags.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_parse_name_flags (krb5_context context, const char * name, int flags, krb5_principal * principal_out)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] name - String representation of a principal name

[in] flags - Flag

[out] principal_out - New principal

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

Kerberos error codes

Similar to $krb5_parse_name()$, this function converts a single-string representation of a principal name to a $krb5_principal$ structure.

The following flags are valid:

- KRB5 PRINCIPAL PARSE NO REALM no realm must be present in name
- KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_REQUIRE_REALM realm must be present in name
- KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_ENTERPRISE create single-component enterprise principal

• KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_IGNORE_REALM - ignore realm if present in name

If KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_NO_REALM or KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_IGNORE_REALM is specified in *flags*, the realm of the new principal will be empty. Otherwise, the default realm for *context* will be used if *name* does not specify a realm.

Use krb5_free_principal() to free *principal_out* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_principal_compare - Compare two principals.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_principal_compare (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal princ1, krb5_const_principal princ2)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] princ1 - First principal

[in] princ2 - Second principal

retval
```

• TRUE if the principals are the same; FALSE otherwise

krb5_principal_compare_any_realm - Compare two principals ignoring realm components.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_principal_compare_any_realm (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal princ1, krb5_const_principal princ2)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] princ1 - First principal

[in] princ2 - Second principal

retval
```

• TRUE if the principals are the same; FALSE otherwise

Similar to krb5_principal_compare(), but do not compare the realm components of the principals.

krb5_principal_compare_flags - Compare two principals with additional flags.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_principal_compare_flags (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal princ1, krb5_const_principal princ2, int flags)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] princ1 - First principal

[in] princ2 - Second principal

[in] flags - Flags

retval
```

• TRUE if the principal names are the same; FALSE otherwise

Valid flags are:

- KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_IGNORE_REALM ignore realm component
- KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_ENTERPRISE UPNs as real principals

- KRB5 PRINCIPAL COMPARE CASEFOLD case-insensitive
- KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_UTF8 treat principals as UTF-8

See also:

```
krb5_principal_compare()
```

krb5 prompter posix - Prompt user for password.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_prompter_posix (krb5_context context, void * data, const char * name, const char * banner, int num_prompts, krb5_prompt prompts)

param [in] context - Library context
    data - Unused (callback argument)

[in] name - Name to output during prompt

[in] banner - Banner to output during prompt

[in] num_prompts - Number of prompts in prompts

[in] prompts - Array of prompts and replies

retval

• 0 Success
```

Kerberos error codes

This function is intended to be used as a prompter callback for krb5_get_init_creds_password() or krb5_init_creds_init().

Writes *name* and *banner* to stdout, each followed by a newline, then writes each prompt field in the *prompts* array, followed by":", and sets the reply field of the entry to a line of input read from stdin. If the hidden flag is set for a prompt, then terminal echoing is turned off when input is read.

krb5_realm_compare - Compare the realms of two principals.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_realm_compare (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal princ1, krb5_const_principal princ2)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] princ1 - First principal

[in] princ2 - Second principal

retval
```

• TRUE if the realm names are the same; FALSE otherwise

krb5_responder_get_challenge - Retrieve the challenge data for a given question in the responder context.

```
const char * krb5_responder_get_challenge (krb5_context ctx, krb5_responder_context rctx, const char * question)
```

```
param [in] ctx - Library context[in] rctx - Responder context[in] question - Question name
```

Return a pointer to a C string containing the challenge for *question* within rctx, or NULL if the question is not present in rctx. The structure of the question depends on the question name, but will always be printable UTF-8 text. The returned pointer is an alias, valid only as long as the lifetime of rctx, and should not be modified or freed by the caller.

Note: New in 1.11

krb5_responder_list_questions - List the question names contained in the responder context.

Return a pointer to a null-terminated list of question names which are present in rctx. The pointer is an alias, valid only as long as the lifetime of rctx, and should not be modified or freed by the caller. A question's challenge can be retrieved using krb5_responder_get_challenge() and answered using krb5_responder_set_answer().

Note: New in 1.11

krb5_responder_set_answer - Answer a named question in the responder context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_responder_set_answer (krb5_context ctx, krb5_responder_context rctx, const char * question, const char * answer)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] rctx - Responder context

[in] question - Question name

[in] answer - The string to set (MUST be printable UTF-8)

retval
```

• EINVAL question is not present within rctx

This function supplies an answer to *question* within *rctx* . The appropriate form of the answer depends on the question name.

Note: New in 1.11

krb5_responder_otp_get_challenge - Decode the KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_OTP to a C struct.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_responder_otp_get_challenge (krb5_context ctx, krb5_responder_context rctx, krb5_responder_otp_challenge ** chl)
```

```
param [in] ctx - Library context
[in] rctx - Responder context
[out] chl - Challenge structure
envenience function which parses the
ilable in native C. The main feature of
```

A convenience function which parses the KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_OTP question challenge data, making it available in native C. The main feature of this function is the ability to interact with OTP tokens without parsing the JSON.

The returned value must be passed to krb5_responder_otp_challenge_free() to be freed.

Note: New in 1.11

```
krb5_responder_otp_set_answer - Answer the KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_OTP question.
```

```
krb5_error_code krb5_responder_otp_set_answer (krb5_context ctx, krb5_responder_context rctx, size_t ti, const char * value, const char * pin)
```

```
param [in] ctx - Library context
```

[in] rctx - Responder context

[in] ti - The index of the tokeninfo selected

[in] value - The value to set, or NULL for none

[in] pin - The pin to set, or NULL for none

Note: New in 1.11

```
krb5_responder_otp_challenge_free - Free the value returned by krb5_responder_otp_get_challenge().
```

```
void krb5_responder_otp_challenge_free (krb5_context ctx, krb5_responder_context rctx, krb5_responder_otp_challenge * chl)
```

```
param [in] ctx - Library context
```

[in] rctx - Responder context

[in] chl - The challenge to free

Note: New in 1.11

krb5_responder_pkinit_get_challenge - Decode the KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PKINIT to a C struct.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_responder_pkinit_get_challenge (krb5_context ctx, krb5_responder_context rctx, krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge ** chl_out)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] rctx - Responder context

[out] chl_out - Challenge structure
```

A convenience function which parses the KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PKINIT question challenge data, making it available in native C. The main feature of this function is the ability to read the challenge without parsing the JSON.

The returned value must be passed to krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge_free() to be freed.

Note: New in 1.12

krb5_responder_pkinit_set_answer - Answer the KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PKINIT question for one identity.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_responder_pkinit_set_answer (krb5_context ctx, krb5_responder_context rctx, const char * identity, const char * pin)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] rctx - Responder context

[in] identity - The identity for which a PIN is being supplied

[in] pin - The provided PIN, or NULL for none
```

Note: New III 1.12

```
krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge_free - Free the value returned by krb5_responder_pkinit_get_challenge() .
```

```
void krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge_free (krb5_context ctx, krb5_responder_context rctx, krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge * chl)

param [in] ctx - Library context
```

[in] rctx - Responder context

 $[in]\ chl$ - The challenge to free

Note: New in 1.12

krb5_set_default_realm - Override the default realm for the specified context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_set_default_realm (krb5_context context, const char * lrealm)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] lrealm - Realm name for the default realm

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

Kerberos error codes

If *lrealm* is NULL, clear the default realm setting.

krb5_set_password - Set a password for a principal using specified credentials.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_set_password (krb5_context context, krb5_creds * creds, const char * newpw, krb5_principal change_password_for, int * result_code, krb5_data * result_code_string, krb5_data * result_string)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] creds - Credentials for kadmin/changepw service

[in] newpw - New password

[in] change_password_for - Change the password for this principal

[out] result_code - Numeric error code from server

[out] result_code_string - String equivalent to result_code

[out] result_string - Data returned from the remote system

retval
```

• 0 Success and result_code is set to KRB5_KPASSWD_SUCCESS.

return

· Kerberos error codes.

Kerberos error codes

This function uses the credentials *creds* to set the password *newpw* for the principal *change_password_for*. It implements the set password operation of RFC 3244, for interoperability with Microsoft Windows implementations.

The error code and strings are returned in result_code, result_code_string and result_string.

Note: If *change_password_for* is NULL, the change is performed on the current principal. If *change_password_for* is non-null, the change is performed on the principal name passed in *change_password_for*.

krb5_set_password_using_ccache - Set a password for a principal using cached credentials.

```
krb5 error code krb5 set password using ccache (krb5 context, krb5 ccache, ccache,
                                                           const
                                                                         char
                                                           krb5 principal
                                                                            change_password_for,
                                                           * result_code, krb5_data * result_code_string,
                                                           krb5_data * result_string)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] ccache - Credential cache
           [in] newpw - New password
           [in] change_password_for - Change the password for this principal
           [out] result code - Numeric error code from server
           [out] result code string - String equivalent to result code
           [out] result string - Data returned from the remote system
     retval

    0 Success

     return
```

This function uses the cached credentials from *ccache* to set the password *newpw* for the principal *change_password_for*. It implements RFC 3244 set password operation (interoperable with MS Windows implementations) using the credential cache.

The error code and strings are returned in result_code, result_code_string and result_string.

Note: If *change_password_for* is set to NULL, the change is performed on the default principal in *ccache*. If *change_password_for* is non null, the change is performed on the specified principal.

krb5 set principal realm - Set the realm field of a principal.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_set_principal_realm(krb5_context context, krb5_principal principal, const char * realm)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] principal - Principal name

[in] realm - Realm name

retval

• 0 Success

return

• Kerberos error codes
```

Set the realm name part of *principal* to *realm*, overwriting the previous realm.

krb5_set_trace_callback - Specify a callback function for trace events.

• Returns KRB5 TRACE NOSUPP if tracing is not supported in the library (unless fn is NULL).

Specify a callback for trace events occurring in krb5 operations performed within context. fn will be invoked with context as the first argument, cb_data as the last argument, and a pointer to a krb5_trace_info as the second argument. If the trace callback is reset via this function or context is destroyed, fn will be invoked with a NULL second argument so it can clean up cb_data . Supply a NULL value for fn to disable trace callbacks within context.

Note: This function overrides the information passed through the *KRB5_TRACE* environment variable.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5_set_trace_filename - Specify a file name for directing trace events.

krb5 error code krb5 set trace filename (krb5 context context, const char * filename)

```
param [in] context - Library context
    [in] filename - File name
retval
```

• KRB5_TRACE_NOSUPP Tracing is not supported in the library.

Open *filename* for appending (creating it, if necessary) and set up a callback to write trace events to it.

Note: This function overrides the information passed through the *KRB5 TRACE* environment variable.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5 sname match - Test whether a principal matches a matching principal.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_sname_match (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal matching, krb5_const_principal princ)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] matching - Matching principal

[in] princ - Principal to test

return
```

• TRUE if princ matches matching, FALSE otherwise.

If *matching* is NULL, return TRUE. If *matching* is not a matching principal, return the value of krb5_principal_compare(context, matching, princ).

Note: A matching principal is a host-based principal with an empty realm and/or second data component (hostname). Profile configuration may cause the hostname to be ignored even if it is present. A principal matches a matching principal if the former has the same non-empty (and non-ignored) components of the latter.

krb5 sname to principal - Generate a full principal name from a service name.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_sname_to_principal (krb5_context context, const char * hostname, const char * sname, krb5_int32 type, krb5_principal * ret_princ)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] hostname - Host name, or NULL to use local host

[in] sname - Service name, or NULL to use "host"

[in] type - Principal type

[out] ret_princ - Generated principal

retval

• 0 Success
```

• Kerberos error codes

return

This function converts a *hostname* and *sname* into *krb5_principal* structure *ret_princ*. The returned principal will be of the form *sname/hostname@REALM* where REALM is determined by krb5_get_host_realm(). In some cases this may be the referral (empty) realm.

The *type* can be one of the following:

- KRB5_NT_SRV_HST canonicalizes the host name before looking up the realm and generating the principal.
- KRB5_NT_UNKNOWN accepts the hostname as given, and does not canonicalize it.

Use krb5_free_principal to free *ret_princ* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_unparse_name - Convert a krb5_principal structure to a string representation.

Kerberos error codes

The resulting string representation uses the format and quoting conventions described for $\verb|krb5_parse_name|()|.$

Use krb5_free_unparsed_name() to free *name* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_unparse_name_ext - Convert krb5_principal structure to string and length.

• O Success

return

• Kerberos error codes. On failure name is set to NULL

This function is similar to krb5_unparse_name(), but allows the use of an existing buffer for the result. If size is not NULL, then *name* must point to either NULL or an existing buffer of at least the size pointed to by *size*. The buffer will be allocated or resized if necessary, with the new pointer stored into *name*. Whether or not the buffer is resized, the necessary space for the result, including null terminator, will be stored into *size*.

If size is NULL, this function behaves exactly as krb5 unparse name().

krb5_unparse_name_flags - Convert krb5_principal structure to a string with flags.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_unparse_name_flags (krb5_context context, int flags, char ** name)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] principal - Principal

[in] flags - Flags

[out] name - String representation of principal name

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

• Kerberos error codes. On failure name is set to NULL

 $Similar\ to\ \verb+krb5_unparse_name+ ()\ ,\ this\ function\ converts\ a\ krb5_principal\ structure\ to\ a\ string\ representation.$

The following flags are valid:

- KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_SHORT omit realm if it is the local realm
- KRB5 PRINCIPAL UNPARSE NO REALM omit realm
- KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_DISPLAY do not quote special characters

Use krb5_free_unparsed_name() to free name when it is no longer needed.

krb5_unparse_name_flags_ext - Convert krb5_principal structure to string format with flags.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_unparse_name_flags_ext (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal principal, int flags, char ** name, unsigned int * size)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] principal - Principal

[in] flags - Flags

[out] name - Single string format of principal name

[out] size - Size of unparsed name buffer

retval

• 0 Success

return

• Kerberos error codes, On failure name is set to NULL
```

krb5 us timeofday - Retrieve the system time of day, in sec and ms, since the epoch.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_us_timeofday (krb5_context context, krb5_timestamp * seconds, krb5_int32 * mi-
croseconds)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] seconds - System timeofday, seconds portion

[out] microseconds - System timeofday, microseconds portion
```

retval

0 Success

return

· Kerberos error codes

This function retrieves the system time of day with the context specific time offset adjustment.

krb5 verify authdata kdc issued - Unwrap and verify AD-KDCIssued authorization data.

This function unwraps an AD-KDCIssued authdatum (see RFC 4120 section 5.2.6.2) and verifies its signature against *key*. The issuer field of the authdatum element is returned in *issuer*, and the unwrapped list of authdata is returned in *authdata*.

6.1.2 Rarely used public interfaces

krb5 425 conv principal - Convert a Kerberos V4 principal to a Kerberos V5 principal.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_425_conv_principal (krb5_context context, const char * name, const char * instance, const char * realm, krb5_principal * princ)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] name - V4 name

[in] instance - V4 instance

[in] realm - Realm

[out] princ - V5 principal

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function builds a princ from V4 specification based on given input name.instance@realm.

Use krb5_free_principal() to free *princ* when it is no longer needed.

krb5 524 conv principal - Convert a Kerberos V5 principal to a Kerberos V4 principal.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_524_conv_principal (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal princ, char * name, char * inst, char * realm)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
          [in] princ - V5 Principal
          [out] name - V4 principal's name to be filled in
          [out] inst - V4 principal's instance name to be filled in
          [out] realm - Principal's realm name to be filled in
     retval
             • 0 Success
             • KRB5_INVALID_PRINCIPAL Invalid principal name
             • KRB5_CONFIG_CANTOPEN Can't open or find Kerberos configuration file
     return
             · Kerberos error codes
This function separates a V5 principal princ into name, instance, and realm.
krb5_address_compare - Compare two Kerberos addresses.
krb5_boolean krb5_address_compare (krb5_context context, const krb5_address * addr1, const
                                          krb5 address * addr2)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] addr1 - First address to be compared
          [in] addr2 - Second address to be compared
     return
             • TRUE if the addresses are the same. FALSE otherwise
krb5 address order - Return an ordering of the specified addresses.
int krb5_address_order (krb5_context context, const krb5_address * addr1, const krb5_address * addr2)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] addr1 - First address
          [in] addr2 - Second address
     retval
             • 0 The two addresses are the same
```

• < 0 First address is less than second

• > 0 First address is greater than second

krb5 address search - Search a list of addresses for a specified address.

krb5_boolean krb5_address_search (krb5_context context, const krb5_address * addr, krb5_address *const * addrlist)

```
param [in] context - Library context

[in] addr - Address to search for

[in] addrlist - Address list to be searched (or NULL)

return
```

• TRUE if addr is listed in addrlist, or addrlist is NULL; FALSE otherwise

Note: If addrlist contains only a NetBIOS addresses, it will be treated as a null list.

krb5_allow_weak_crypto - Allow the appplication to override the profile's allow_weak_crypto setting.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_allow_weak_crypto (krb5_context context, krb5_boolean enable)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enable - Boolean flag

retval

• 0 (always)
```

This function allows an application to override the allow_weak_crypto setting. It is primarily for use by aklog.

krb5_aname_to_localname - Convert a principal name to a local name.

- 0 Success
- · System errors

return

· Kerberos error codes

If *aname* does not correspond to any local account, KRB5_LNAME_NOTRANS is returned. If *lnsize_in* is too small for the local name, KRB5_CONFIG_NOTENUFSPACE is returned.

Local names, rather than principal names, can be used by programs that translate to an environment-specific name (for example, a user account name).

krb5_anonymous_principal - Build an anonymous principal.

```
krb5_const_principal krb5_anonymous_principal (void None)
param None
```

This function returns constant storage that must not be freed.

```
See also:
```

```
KRB5_ANONYMOUS_PRINCSTR
```

krb5 anonymous realm - Return an anonymous realm data.

```
const krb5_data * krb5_anonymous_realm (void None)
param None
```

This function returns constant storage that must not be freed.

See also:

```
KRB5_ANONYMOUS_REALMSTR
```

krb5 appdefault boolean - Retrieve a boolean value from the appdefaults section of krb5.conf.

```
void krb5_appdefault_boolean (krb5_context context, const char * appname, const krb5_data * realm, const char * option, int default_value, int * ret_value)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
```

- [in] appname Application name
- [in] realm Realm name
- [in] option Option to be checked
- [in] default_value Default value to return if no match is found
- [out] ret_value Boolean value of option

This function gets the application defaults for option based on the given appname and/or realm.

See also:

```
krb5_appdefault_string()
```

krb5 appdefault string - Retrieve a string value from the appdefaults section of krb5.conf.

```
void krb5_appdefault_string (krb5_context context, const char * appname, const krb5_data * realm, const char * option, const char * default_value, char ** ret_value)

param [in] context - Library context
```

- [in] appname Application name
- [in] realm Realm name
- [in] option Option to be checked
- [in] default_value Default value to return if no match is found

[out] ret_value - String value of option

This function gets the application defaults for option based on the given appname and/or realm.

See also:

```
krb5_appdefault_boolean()
```

```
krb5_auth_con_free - Free a krb5_auth_context structure.

krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_free (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context to be freed

retval

• 0 (always)

This function frees an auth context allocated by krb5_auth_con_init().

krb5_auth_con_genaddrs - Generate auth context addresses from a connected socket.

krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_genaddrs (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context,
```

```
int infd, int flags)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] infd - Connected socket descriptor

[in] flags - Flags
```

retval

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets the local and/or remote addresses in *auth_context* based on the local and remote endpoints of the socket *infd*. The following flags determine the operations performed:

- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_LOCAL_ADDR Generate local address.
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_REMOTE_ADDR Generate remote address.
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_LOCAL_FULL_ADDR Generate local address and port.
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_REMOTE_FULL_ADDR Generate remote address and port.

krb5_auth_con_get_checksum_func - Get the checksum callback from an auth context.

krb5_auth_con_getaddrs - Retrieve address fields from an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getaddrs (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_address ** local_addr, krb5_address ** remote_addr)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[out] local_addr - Local address (NULL if not needed)

[out] remote_addr - Remote address (NULL if not needed)

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

,

krb5_auth_con_getauthenticator - Retrieve the authenticator from an auth context.

• 0 Success. Otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Use krb5_free_authenticator() to free authenticator when it is no longer needed.

krb5 auth con getflags - Retrieve flags from a krb5 auth context structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getflags (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_int32 * flags)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[out] flags - Flags bit mask

retval

• 0 (always)
```

Valid values for *flags* are:

- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME Use timestamps
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME Save timestamps
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE Use sequence numbers
- KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT RET SEQUENCE Save sequence numbers

krb5_auth_con_getkey - Retrieve the session key from an auth context as a keyblock.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getkey (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_keyblock ** keyblock)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[out] keyblock - Session key

retval
```

• 0 Success. Otherwise - Kerberos error codes

• 0 (always)

This function creates a keyblock containing the session key from $auth_context$. Use $krb5_free_keyblock$ () to free keyblock when it is no longer needed

krb5_auth_con_getkey_k - Retrieve the session key from an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getkey_k (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_key * key)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[out] key - Session key

retval
```

This function sets *key* to the session key from *auth_context* . Use krb5_k_free_key() to release *key* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_auth_con_getlocalseqnumber - Retrieve the local sequence number from an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getlocalseqnumber (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_int32 * seqnumber)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[out] seqnumber - Local sequence number

retval
```

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Retrieve the local sequence number from *auth_context* and return it in *seqnumber*. The KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE flag must be set in *auth_context* for this function to be useful.

krb5_auth_con_getrcache - Retrieve the replay cache from an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getrcache (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5 rcache * rcache)
```

This function fetches the replay cache from *auth context*. The caller should not close *reache*.

krb5_auth_con_getrecvsubkey - Retrieve the receiving subkey from an auth context as a keyblock.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getrecvsubkey (krb5_context ctx, krb5_auth_context ac, krb5_keyblock ** keyblock)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] ac - Authentication context

[out] keyblock - Receiving subkey

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a keyblock containing the receiving subkey from *auth_context* . Use krb5_free_keyblock() to free *keyblock* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_auth_con_getrecvsubkey_k - Retrieve the receiving subkey from an auth context as a keyblock.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getrecvsubkey_k (krb5_context ctx, krb5_auth_context ac, krb5_key * key)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] ac - Authentication context

[out] key - Receiving subkey

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets key to the receiving subkey from $auth_context$. Use $krb5_k_free_key()$ to release key when it is no longer needed.

krb5_auth_con_getremoteseqnumber - Retrieve the remote sequence number from an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getremoteseqnumber (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_int32 * seqnumber)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[out] seqnumber - Remote sequence number

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Retrieve the remote sequence number from *auth_context* and return it in *seqnumber*. The KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE flag must be set in *auth_context* for this function to be useful.

krb5 auth con getsendsubkey - Retrieve the send subkey from an auth context as a keyblock.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getsendsubkey (krb5_context ctx, krb5_auth_context ac, krb5_keyblock ** keyblock)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] ac - Authentication context

[out] keyblock - Send subkey

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a keyblock containing the send subkey from *auth_context* . Use krb5_free_keyblock() to free *keyblock* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_auth_con_getsendsubkey_k - Retrieve the send subkey from an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getsendsubkey_k (krb5_context ctx, krb5_auth_context ac, krb5_key * key)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] ac - Authentication context

[out] key - Send subkey

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets *key* to the send subkey from *auth_context* . Use krb5_k_free_key() to release *key* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_auth_con_init - Create and initialize an authentication context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_init (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context * auth_context)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] auth_context - Authentication context

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates an authentication context to hold configuration and state relevant to krb5 functions for authenticating principals and protecting messages once authentication has occurred.

By default, flags for the context are set to enable the use of the replay cache (KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME), but not sequence numbers. Use krb5_auth_con_setflags() to change the flags.

The allocated *auth_context* must be freed with krb5_auth_con_free() when it is no longer needed.

krb5_auth_con_set_checksum_func - Set a checksum callback in an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_set_checksum_func (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_mk_req_checksum_func func, void * data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] func - Checksum callback

[in] data - Callback argument

retval

• 0 (always)
```

Set a callback to obtain checksum data in $krb5_mk_req()$. The callback will be invoked after the subkey and local sequence number are stored in $auth_context$.

krb5_auth_con_set_req_cksumtype - Set checksum type in an an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_set_req_cksumtype (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context krb5_auth_context krb5_cksumtype)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] cksumtype - Checksum type

retval
```

• 0 Success. Otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets the checksum type in *auth_context* to be used by krb5_mk_req() for the authenticator checksum.

krb5_auth_con_setaddrs - Set the local and remote addresses in an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setaddrs (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_address * local_addr, krb5_address * remote_addr)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] local_addr - Local address

[in] remote_addr - Remote address

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

This function releases the storage assigned to the contents of the local and remote addresses of *auth_context* and then sets them to *local_addr* and *remote_addr* respectively.

See also:

```
krb5_auth_con_genaddrs()
```

```
krb5_auth_con_setflags - Set a flags field in a krb5_auth_context structure.
```

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setflags (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_int32 flags)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] flags - Flags bit mask

retval

• 0 (always)
```

Valid values for flags are:

- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME Use timestamps
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME Save timestamps
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE Use sequence numbers
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE Save sequence numbers

krb5 auth con setports - Set local and remote port fields in an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setports (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_address * local_port, krb5_address * remote_port)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] local_port - Local port

[in] remote_port - Remote port

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function releases the storage assigned to the contents of the local and remote ports of *auth_context* and then sets them to *local_port* and *remote_port* respectively.

See also:

```
krb5_auth_con_genaddrs()
```

krb5_auth_con_setrcache - Set the replay cache in an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setrcache (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_rcache rcache)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] rcache - Replay cache haddle

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets the replay cache in *auth_context* to *rcache* . *rcache* will be closed when *auth_context* is freed, so the caller should relinguish that responsibility.

krb5_auth_con_setrecvsubkey - Set the receiving subkey in an auth context with a keyblock.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setrecvsubkey (krb5_context ctx, krb5_auth_context ac, krb5_keyblock * keyblock)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] ac - Authentication context

[in] keyblock - Receiving subkey

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets the receiving subkey in ac to a copy of keyblock.

krb5_auth_con_setrecvsubkey_k - Set the receiving subkey in an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setrecvsubkey_k (krb5_context ctx, krb5_auth_context ac, krb5_key key)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] ac - Authentication context

[in] key - Receiving subkey

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets the receiving subkey in ac to key, incrementing its reference count.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5 auth con setsendsubkey - Set the send subkey in an auth context with a keyblock.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setsendsubkey (krb5_context ctx, krb5_auth_context ac, krb5_keyblock * keyblock)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] ac - Authentication context

[in] keyblock - Send subkey

retval
```

 \bullet 0 Success. Otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets the send subkey in ac to a copy of keyblock.

krb5_auth_con_setsendsubkey_k - Set the send subkey in an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setsendsubkey_k (krb5_context ctx, krb5_auth_context ac, krb5_key key)
```

```
param [in] ctx - Library context
    [in] ac - Authentication context
    [out] key - Send subkey
retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets the send subkey in ac to key, incrementing its reference count.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5_auth_con_setuseruserkey - Set the session key in an auth context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_setuseruserkey (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_keyblock * keyblock)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] keyblock - User key

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

krb5_cc_cache_match - Find a credential cache with a specified client principal.

- 0 Success
- KRB5_CC_NOTFOUND None

Find a cache within the collection whose default principal is *client* . Use *krb5_cc_close* to close *ccache* when it is no longer needed.

Note: New in 1.10

krb5_cc_copy_creds - Copy a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_copy_creds (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache incc, krb5_ccache outcc)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] incc - Credential cache to be copied
[out] outcc - Copy of credential cache to be filled in
```

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

```
krb5 cc end seq get - Finish a series of sequential processing credential cache entries.
```

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_end_seq_get (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache, krb5_cc_cursor * cursor)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

[in] cursor - Cursor

retval

• 0 (always)
```

This function finishes processing credential cache entries and invalidates cursor.

See also:

```
krb5_cc_start_seq_get(), krb5_cc_next_cred()
```

krb5_cc_get_config - Get a configuration value from a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_get_config (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache id, krb5_const_principal principal, const char * key, krb5_data * data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] id - Credential cache handle

[in] principal - Configuration for this principal; if NULL, global for the whole cache

[in] key - Name of config variable

[out] data - Data to be fetched

retval

• 0 Success

return

• Kerberos error codes
```

Use krb5_free_data_contents() to free data when it is no longer needed.

krb5_cc_get_flags - Retrieve flags from a credential cache structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_get_flags (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache, krb5_flags * flags)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

[out] flags - Flag bit mask

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Warning: For memory credential cache always returns a flag mask of 0.

```
krb5_cc_get_full_name - Retrieve the full name of a credential cache.
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_get_full_name(krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache, char ** full-
                                             name_out)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] cache - Credential cache handle
          [out] fullname_out - Full name of cache
Use krb5_free_string() to free fullname_out when it is no longer needed.
Note: New in 1.10
krb5 cc last change time - Return a timestamp of the last modification to a credential cache.
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_last_change_time (krb5_context
                                                                              krb5 ccache
                                                                                              ccache,
                                                                  context,
                                                 krb5 timestamp * change time)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] ccache - Credential cache handle
          [out] change_time - The last change time of ccache
If an error occurs, change_time is set to 0.
krb5 cc lock - Lock a credential cache.
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_lock (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache ccache)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] ccache - Credential cache handle
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
Use krb5_cc_unlock() to unlock the lock.
krb5 cc move - Move a credential cache.
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_move (krb5_context, krb5_ccache src, krb5_ccache dst)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] src - The credential cache to move the content from
          [in] dst - The credential cache to move the content to
     retval
             • 0 Success; src is closed.
     return
```

• Kerberos error codes; src is still allocated.

This function reinitializes dst and populates it with the credentials and default principal of src; then, if successful, destroys src.

krb5 cc next cred - Retrieve the next entry from the credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_next_ered (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache, krb5_cc_cursor * cursor, krb5_creds * creds)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

[in] cursor - Cursor

[out] creds - Next credential cache entry

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function fills in creds with the next entry in cache and advances cursor.

Use krb5_free_cred_contents() to free *creds* when it is no longer needed.

See also:

```
krb5_cc_start_seq_get() , krb5_end_seq_get()
```

krb5_cc_remove_cred - Remove credentials from a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_remove_cred (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache, krb5_flags flags, krb5_creds * creds)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

[in] flags - Bitwise-ORed search flags

[in] creds - Credentials to be matched

retval
```

• KRB5_CC_NOSUPP Not implemented for this cache type

return

• No matches found; Data cannot be deleted; Kerberos error codes

This function accepts the same flag values as krb5_cc_retrieve_cred().

Warning: This function is not implemented for some cache types.

krb5 cc retrieve cred - Retrieve a specified credentials from a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_retrieve_cred (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache, krb5_flags flags, krb5_creds * mcreds, krb5_creds * creds)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

[in] flags - Flags bit mask

[in] mcreds - Credentials to match

[out] creds - Credentials matching the requested value

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function searches a credential cache for credentials matching *mcreds* and returns it if found.

Valid values for *flags* are:

- KRB5_TC_MATCH_TIMES The requested lifetime must be at least as great as in mcreds.
- KRB5_TC_MATCH_IS_SKEY The *is_skey* field much match exactly.
- KRB5_TC_MATCH_FLAGS Flags set in *mcreds* must be set.
- KRB5_TC_MATCH_TIMES_EXACT The requested lifetime must match exactly.
- KRB5_TC_MATCH_FLAGS_EXACT Flags must match exactly.
- KRB5_TC_MATCH_AUTHDATA The authorization data must match.
- KRB5_TC_MATCH_SRV_NAMEONLY Only the name portion of the principal name must match, not the realm.
- KRB5 TC MATCH 2ND TKT The second tickets must match.
- KRB5_TC_MATCH_KTYPE The encryption key types must match.
- KRB5_TC_SUPPORTED_KTYPES Check all matching entries that have any supported encryption type and return the one with the encryption type listed earliest.

Use krb5_free_cred_contents() to free creds when it is no longer needed.

krb5 cc select - Select a credential cache to use with a server principal.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_select (krb5_context context, krb5_principal server, krb5_ccache * cache_out, krb5_principal * princ_out)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] server - Server principal

[out] cache_out - Credential cache handle

[out] princ_out - Client principal

return
```

• If an appropriate cache is found, 0 is returned, cache_out is set to the selected cache, and princ out is set to the default principal of that cache.

Select a cache within the collection containing credentials most appropriate for use with *server*, according to configured rules and heuristics.

Use krb5_cc_close() to release *cache_out* when it is no longer needed. Use krb5_free_principal() to release *princ_out* when it is no longer needed. Note that *princ_out* is set in some error conditions.

If the appropriate client principal can be authoritatively determined but the cache collection contains no credentials for that principal, then KRB5_CC_NOTFOUND is returned, cache_out is set to NULL, and princ_out is set to the appropriate client principal.

If no configured mechanism can determine the appropriate cache or principal, KRB5_CC_NOTFOUND is returned and cache_out and princ_out are set to NULL.

Any other error code indicates a fatal error in the processing of a cache selection mechanism.

Note: New in 1.10

krb5 cc set config - Store a configuration value in a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_set_config (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache id, krb5_const_principal prin-
                                            cipal, const char * key, krb5_data * data)
      param [in] context - Library context
           [in] id - Credential cache handle
           [in] principal - Configuration for a specific principal; if NULL, global for the whole cache
           [in] key - Name of config variable
```

[in] data - Data to store, or NULL to remove

retval

• 0 Success

return

Kerberos error codes

Warning: Before version 1.10 *data* was assumed to be always non-null.

Note: Existing configuration under the same key is over-written.

krb5 cc set default name - Set the default credential cache name.

```
krb5 error code krb5 cc set default name (krb5 context, const char * name)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] name - Default credential cache name or NULL
     retval
```

- 0 Success
- KV5M_CONTEXT Bad magic number for _krb5_context structure

return

· Kerberos error codes

Set the default credential cache name to *name* for future operations using *context* . If *name* is NULL, clear any previous application-set default name and forget any cached value of the default name for *context*.

Calls to this function invalidate the result of any previous calls to krb5_cc_default_name() using context.

krb5_cc_set_flags - Set options flags on a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_set_flags (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache, krb5_flags flags)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

[in] flags - Flag bit mask

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function resets cache flags to flags.

krb5_cc_start_seq_get - Prepare to sequentially read every credential in a credential cache.

Note: If cache is modified between the time of the call to this function and the time of the final $krb5_cc_end_seq_get()$, the results are undefined.

krb5 cc store cred - Store credentials in a credential cache.

• Permission errors; storage failure errors; Kerberos error codes

This function stores *creds* into *cache* . If *creds->server* and the server in the decoded ticket *creds->ticket* differ, the credentials will be stored under both server principal names.

return

krb5_cc_support_switch - Determine whether a credential cache type supports switching.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_cc_support_switch (krb5_context context, const char * type)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] type - Credential cache type

retval
```

- TRUE if type supports switching
- FALSE if it does not or is not a valid credential cache type.

Note: New in 1.10

krb5 cc switch - Make a credential cache the primary cache for its collection.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_switch (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache cache)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cache - Credential cache handle

retval

• 0 Success, or the type of cache doesn't support switching

return
```

· Kerberos error codes

If the type of *cache* supports it, set *cache* to be the primary credential cache for the collection it belongs to.

krb5_cc_unlock - Unlock a credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_unlock (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache ccache)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ccache - Credential cache handle

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function unlocks the ccache locked by $krb5_cc_lock()$.

krb5_cccol_cursor_free - Free a credential cache collection cursor.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cccol_cursor_free (krb5_context context, krb5_cccol_cursor * cursor)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cursor - Cursor

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

See also:

```
krb5_cccol_cursor_new(), krb5_cccol_cursor_next()
```

```
krb5_cccol_cursor_new - Prepare to iterate over the collection of known credential caches.
```

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cccol_cursor_new (krb5_context context, krb5_cccol_cursor * cursor)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] cursor - Cursor

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Get a new cache iteration cursor that will iterate over all known credential caches independent of type.

Use krb5_cccol_cursor_free() to release cursor when it is no longer needed.

See also:

```
krb5_cccol_cursor_next()
```

krb5 cccol cursor next - Get the next credential cache in the collection.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cccol_cursor_next (krb5_context context, krb5_cccol_cursor cursor, krb5_ccache * ccache)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cursor - Cursor

[out] ccache - Credential cache handle

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Use krb5_cc_close() to close *ccache* when it is no longer needed.

See also:

```
krb5_cccol_cursor_new(),krb5_cccol_cursor_free()
```

Note: When all caches are iterated over and the end of the list is reached, *ccache* is set to NULL.

krb5 cccol have content - Check if the credential cache collection contains any credentials.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cccol_have_content (krb5_context context)

param [in] context - Library context

retval
```

- 0 Credentials are available in the collection
- KRB5 CC NOTFOUND The collection contains no credentials

Note: New in 1.11

krb5_cccol_last_change_time - Return a timestamp of the last modification of any known credential cache.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cccol_last_change_time (krb5_context context, krb5_timestamp
* change_time)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] change_time - Last modification timestamp

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function returns the most recent modification time of any known credential cache, ignoring any caches which cannot supply a last modification time.

If there are no known credential caches, *change_time* is set to 0.

krb5_cccol_lock - Acquire a global lock for credential caches.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cccol_lock (krb5_context context)

param [in] context - Library context

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function locks the global credential cache collection, ensuring that no ccaches are added to or removed from it until the collection lock is released.

Use krb5 cccol unlock () to unlock the lock.

krb5 cccol unlock - Release a global lock for credential caches.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_cccol_unlock (krb5_context context)

param [in] context - Library context

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function unlocks the lock from $krb5_cccol_lock()$.

krb5_clear_error_message - Clear the extended error message in a context.

```
void krb5_clear_error_message (krb5_context ctx)
param [in] ctx - Library context
```

This function unsets the extended error message in a context, to ensure that it is not mistakenly applied to another occurrence of the same error code.

krb5_check_clockskew - Check if a timestamp is within the allowed clock skew of the current time.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_check_clockskew (krb5_context context, krb5_timestamp date)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] date - Timestamp to check

retval
```

- 0 Success
- KRB5KRB_AP_ERR_SKEW date is not within allowable clock skew

This function checks if *date* is close enough to the current time according to the configured allowable clock skew.

Note: New in 1.10

krb5_copy_addresses - Copy an array of addresses.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_addresses (krb5_context context, krb5_address *const * inaddr, krb5_address *** outaddr)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] inaddr - Array of addresses to be copied

[out] outaddr - Copy of array of addresses

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new address array containing a copy of *inaddr*. Use krb5_free_addresses() to free *outaddr* when it is no longer needed.

krb5 copy authdata - Copy an authorization data list.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_authdata (krb5_context context, krb5_authdata *const * in_authdat, krb5_authdata **** out)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] in_authdat - List of krb5_authdata structures

[out] out - New array of krb5_authdata structures

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new authorization data list containing a copy of *in_authdat*, which must be null-terminated. Use krb5_free_authdata() to free *out* when it is no longer needed.

Note: The last array entry in *in_authdat* must be a NULL pointer.

krb5 copy authenticator - Copy a krb5 authenticator structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_authenticator (krb5_context context, const krb5_authenticator * auth-
from, krb5_authenticator ** authto)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] authfrom - krb5_authenticator structure to be copied

[out] authto - Copy of krb5_authenticator structure

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new krb5_authenticator structure with the content of *authfrom* . Use krb5_free_authenticator() to free *authto* when it is no longer needed.

krb5 copy checksum - Copy a krb5 checksum structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_checksum (krb5_context context, const krb5_checksum * ckfrom, krb5_checksum ** ckto)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ckfrom - Checksum to be copied

[out] ckto - Copy of krb5_checksum structure

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new krb5_checksum structure with the contents of *ckfrom* . Use krb5_free_checksum() to free *ckto* when it is no longer needed.

krb5 copy context - Copy a krb5 context structure.

• 0 Success

return

· Kerberos error codes

The newly created context must be released by calling krb5_free_context() when it is no longer needed.

krb5_copy_creds - Copy a krb5_creds structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_creds (krb5_context context, const krb5_creds * incred, krb5_creds ** out-
cred)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] incred - Credentials structure to be copied

[out] outcred - Copy of incred
```

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new credential with the contents of *incred*. Use krb5_free_creds() to free *outcred* when it is no longer needed.

```
krb5 copy data - Copy a krb5 data object.
```

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_data (krb5_context context, const krb5_data * indata, krb5_data ** outdata)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] indata - Data object to be copied

[out] outdata - Copy of indata

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new krb5_data object with the contents of *indata*. Use krb5_free_data() to free *outdata* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_copy_error_message - Copy the most recent extended error message from one context to another.

```
void krb5_copy_error_message (krb5_context dest_ctx, krb5_context src_ctx)
param [in] dest_ctx - Library context to copy message to
[in] src_ctx - Library context with current message
```

krb5_copy_keyblock - Copy a keyblock.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_keyblock (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * from, krb5_keyblock ** to)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] from - Keyblock to be copied

[out] to - Copy of keyblock from

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new keyblock with the same contents as *from* . Use krb5_free_keyblock() to free *to* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_copy_keyblock_contents - Copy the contents of a keyblock.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_keyblock_contents (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * from, krb5_keyblock * to)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] from - Key to be copied

[out] to - Output key
```

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function copies the contents of *from* to *to* . Use krb5_free_keyblock_contents() to free *to* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_copy_principal - Copy a principal.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_principal (krb5_context context, krb5_const_principal inprinc, krb5_principal * outprinc)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] inprinc - Principal to be copied

[out] outprinc - Copy of inprinc

retval
```

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new principal structure with the contents of *inprinc*. Use krb5_free_principal() to free *outprinc* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_copy_ticket - Copy a krb5_ticket structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_copy_ticket (krb5_context context, const krb5_ticket * from, krb5_ticket ** pto)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] from - Ticket to be copied

[out] pto - Copy of ticket

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new krb5_ticket structure containing the contents of *from*. Use krb5_free_ticket() to free *pto* when it is no longer needed.

krb5 find authdata - Find authorization data elements.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_find_authdata (krb5_context context, krb5_authdata *const * ticket_authdata, krb5_authdata *const * ap_req_authdata, krb5_authdatatype ad_type, krb5_authdata *** results)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ticket_authdata - Authorization data list from ticket

[in] ap_req_authdata - Authorization data list from AP request

[in] ad_type - Authorization data type to find

[out] results - List of matching entries
```

This function searches $ticket_authdata$ and $ap_req_authdata$ for elements of type ad_type . Either input list may be NULL, in which case it will not be searched; otherwise, the input lists must be terminated by NULL entries. This function will search inside AD-IF-RELEVANT containers if found in either list. Use krb5_free_authdata() to free results when it is no longer needed.

```
Note: New in 1.10
```

```
krb5 free addresses - Free the data stored in array of addresses.
```

```
void krb5_free_addresses (krb5_context context, krb5_address ** val)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] val - Array of addresses to be freed
```

This function frees the contents of val and the array itself.

Note: The last entry in the array must be a NULL pointer.

krb5_free_ap_rep_enc_part - Free a krb5_ap_rep_enc_part structure.

```
void krb5_free_ap_rep_enc_part (krb5_context context, krb5_ap_rep_enc_part * val)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] val - AP-REP enc part to be freed
```

This function frees the contents of *val* and the structure itself.

krb5_free_authdata - Free the storage assigned to array of authentication data.

```
void krb5_free_authdata (krb5_context context, krb5_authdata ** val)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] val - Array of authentication data to be freed
```

This function frees the contents of val and the array itself.

Note: The last entry in the array must be a NULL pointer.

krb5_free_authenticator - Free a krb5_authenticator structure.

```
void krb5_free_authenticator (krb5_context context, krb5_authenticator * val)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] val - Authenticator structure to be freed
```

This function frees the contents of *val* and the structure itself.

krb5_free_cred_contents - Free the contents of a krb5_creds structure.

```
void krb5_free_cred_contents (krb5_context context, krb5_creds * val)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] val - Credential structure to free contents of
```

This function frees the contents of val, but not the structure itself.

```
krb5 free creds - Free a krb5 creds structure.
void krb5_free_creds (krb5_context context, krb5_creds * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] val - Credential structure to be freed.
This function frees the contents of val and the structure itself.
krb5 free data - Free a krb5 data structure.
void krb5_free_data (krb5_context context, krb5_data * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] val - Data structure to be freed
This function frees the contents of val and the structure itself.
krb5 free data contents - Free the contents of a krb5 data structure and zero the data field.
void krb5_free_data_contents (krb5_context context, krb5_data * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] val - Data structure to free contents of
This function frees the contents of val, but not the structure itself.
krb5 free default realm - Free a default realm string returned by krb5 get default realm().
void krb5_free_default_realm (krb5_context context, char * lrealm)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] lrealm - Realm to be freed
krb5_free_enctypes - Free an array of encryption types.
void krb5_free_enctypes (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] val - Array of enctypes to be freed
Note: New in 1.12
krb5_free_error - Free an error allocated by krb5_read_error() or krb5_sendauth() .
void krb5_free_error (krb5_context context, register krb5_error * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] val - Error data structure to be freed
This function frees the contents of val and the structure itself.
```

```
krb5 free host realm - Free the memory allocated by krb5 get host realm().
krb5_error_code krb5_free_host_realm(krb5_context, char *const * realmlist)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] realmlist - List of realm names to be released
     retval

    0 Success

     return
             • Kerberos error codes
krb5 free keyblock - Free a krb5 keyblock structure.
void krb5_free_keyblock (krb5_context context, register krb5_keyblock * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] val - Keyblock to be freed
This function frees the contents of val and the structure itself.
krb5 free keyblock contents - Free the contents of a krb5 keyblock structure.
void krb5_free_keyblock_contents (krb5_context context, register krb5_keyblock * key)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] key - Keyblock to be freed
This function frees the contents of key, but not the structure itself.
krb5_free_keytab_entry_contents - Free the contents of a key table entry.
krb5_error_code krb5_free_keytab_entry_contents(krb5_context context,
                                                                                    krb5_keytab_entry
                                                            * entry)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] entry - Key table entry whose contents are to be freed
     retval
             • 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes
Note: The pointer is not freed.
krb5_free_string - Free a string allocated by a krb5 function.
void krb5_free_string (krb5_context context, char * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] val - String to be freed
```

Note: New in 1.10

```
krb5_free_ticket - Free a ticket.

void krb5_free_ticket (krb5_context context, krb5_ticket * val)
    param [in] context - Library context
        [in] val - Ticket to be freed

This function frees the contents of val and the structure itself.
```

krb5 free unparsed name - Free a string representation of a principal.

```
void krb5_free_unparsed_name (krb5_context context, char * val)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] val - Name string to be freed
```

krb5_get_permitted_enctypes - Return a list of encryption types permitted for session keys.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_permitted_enctypes (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype ** ktypes)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] ktypes - Zero-terminated list of encryption types

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function returns the list of encryption types permitted for session keys within *context*, as determined by configuration or by a previous call to krb5_set_default_tgs_enctypes().

Use krb5_free_enctypes() to free ktypes when it is no longer needed.

krb5 get server rcache - Generate a replay cache object for server use and open it.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_get_server_rcache (krb5_context context, const krb5_data * piece, krb5_rcache * rcptr)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] piece - Unique identifier for replay cache

[out] rcptr - Handle to an open rcache

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function generates a replay cache name based on *piece* and opens a handle to it. Typically *piece* is the first component of the service principal name. Use krb5_rc_close() to close *rcptr* when it is no longer needed.

krb5 get time offsets - Return the time offsets from the os context.

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function returns the time offsets in *context*.

krb5 init context profile - Create a krb5 library context using a specified profile.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_context_profile (struct _profile_t * profile, krb5_flags flags, krb5_context * context)

param [in] profile - Profile object (NULL to create default profile)

[in] flags - Context initialization flags

[out] context - Library context
```

Create a context structure, optionally using a specified profile and initialization flags. If *profile* is NULL, the default profile will be created from config files. If *profile* is non-null, a copy of it will be made for the new context; the caller should still clean up its copy. Valid flag values are:

- KRB5_INIT_CONTEXT_SECURE Ignore environment variables
- KRB5_INIT_CONTEXT_KDC Use KDC configuration if creating profile

krb5 init creds free - Free an initial credentials context.

```
void krb5_init_creds_free (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

context must be the same as the one passed to krb5_init_creds_init() for this initial credentials context.
```

krb5 init creds get - Acquire credentials using an initial credentials context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_get (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function synchronously obtains credentials using a context created by krb5_init_creds_init(). On successful return, the credentials can be retrieved with krb5_init_creds_get_creds().

context must be the same as the one passed to krb5_init_creds_init() for this initial credentials
context.

krb5_init_creds_get_creds - Retrieve acquired credentials from an initial credentials context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_get_creds (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx, krb5_creds * creds)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

[out] creds - Acquired credentials

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function copies the acquired initial credentials from ctx into creds, after the successful completion of krb5_init_creds_get() or krb5_init_creds_step(). Use krb5_free_cred_contents() to free creds when it is no longer needed.

krb5_init_creds_get_error - Get the last error from KDC from an initial credentials context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_get_error (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx, krb5_error ** error)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

[out] error - Error from KDC, or NULL if none was received

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

krb5 init creds get times - Retrieve ticket times from an initial credentials context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_get_times (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx, krb5_ticket_times * times)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

[out] times - Ticket times for acquired credentials

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

The initial credentials context must have completed obtaining credentials via either $krb5_init_creds_get()$ or $krb5_init_creds_step()$.

krb5_init_creds_init - Create a context for acquiring initial credentials.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_init (krb5_context context, krb5_principal client, krb5_prompter_fct prompter, void * data, krb5_deltat start_time, krb5_get_init_creds_opt * options, krb5_init_creds_context * ctx)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
    [in] client - Client principal to get initial creds for
    [in] prompter - Prompter callback
    [in] data - Prompter callback argument
    [in] start_time - Time when credentials become valid (0 for now)
    [in] options - Options structure (NULL for default)
    [out] ctx - New initial credentials context
retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a new context for acquiring initial credentials. Use krb5_init_creds_free() to free ctx when it is no longer needed.

Any subsequent calls to <code>krb5_init_creds_step()</code> , <code>krb5_init_creds_get()</code> , or <code>krb5_init_creds_free()</code> for this initial credentials context must use the same *context* argument as the one passed to this function.

krb5 init creds set keytab - Specify a keytab to use for acquiring initial credentials.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_set_keytab (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx, krb5_keytab keytab)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

[in] keytab - Key table handle

retval
```

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function supplies a keytab containing the client key for an initial credentials request.

krb5 init creds set password - Set a password for acquiring initial credentials.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_set_password (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx, const char * password)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

[in] password - Password

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function supplies a password to be used to construct the client key for an initial credentials request.

krb5_init_creds_set_service - Specify a service principal for acquiring initial credentials.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_set_service (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx, const char * service)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

[in] service - Service principal string

retval
```

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function supplies a service principal string to acquire initial credentials for instead of the default krbtgt service. *service* is parsed as a principal name; any realm part is ignored.

krb5 init creds step - Get the next KDC request for acquiring initial credentials.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_creds_step (krb5_context context, krb5_init_creds_context ctx, krb5_data * in, krb5_data * out, krb5_data * realm, unsigned int * flags)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - Initial credentials context

[in] in - KDC response (empty on the first call)

[out] out - Next KDC request

[out] realm - Realm for next KDC request

[out] flags - Output flags

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function constructs the next KDC request in an initial credential exchange, allowing the caller to control the transport of KDC requests and replies. On the first call, *in* should be set to an empty buffer; on subsequent calls, it should be set to the KDC's reply to the previous request.

If more requests are needed, <code>flags</code> will be set to <code>KRB5_INIT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE</code> and the next request will be placed in <code>out</code> . If no more requests are needed, <code>flags</code> will not contain <code>KRB5_INIT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE</code> and <code>out</code> will be empty.

If this function returns **KRB5KRB_ERR_RESPONSE_TOO_BIG**, the caller should transmit the next request using TCP rather than UDP. If this function returns any other error, the initial credential exchange has failed.

context must be the same as the one passed to krb5_init_creds_init() for this initial credentials
context.

krb5_init_keyblock - Initialize an empty krb5_keyblock .

```
krb5_error_code krb5_init_keyblock (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, size_t length, krb5_keyblock ** out)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[in] length - Length of keyblock (or 0)
```

```
[out] out - New keyblock structure
```

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Initialize a new keyblock and allocate storage for the contents of the key. It is legal to pass in a length of 0, in which case contents are left unallocated. Use krb5_free_keyblock() to free *out* when it is no longer needed.

Note: If *length* is set to 0, contents are left unallocated.

krb5 is referral realm - Check for a match with KRB5 REFERRAL REALM.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_is_referral_realm (const krb5_data * r)
param [in] r - Realm to check
return
```

• TRUE if r is zero-length, FALSE otherwise

krb5_kt_add_entry - Add a new entry to a key table.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_add_entry (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab id, krb5_keytab_entry * entry)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] id - Key table handle

[in] entry - Entry to be added

retval
```

- 0 Success
- ENOMEM Insufficient memory
- KRB5_KT_NOWRITE Key table is not writeable

return

• Kerberos error codes

krb5 kt end seg get - Release a keytab cursor.

Kerberos error codes

This function should be called to release the cursor created by $krb5_kt_start_seq_get$ () .

krb5 kt get entry - Get an entry from a key table.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_get_entry (krb5_context
                                                                                krb5 keytab
                                                                                                    keytab,
                                                               context,
                                          krb5_const_principal principal, krb5_kvno vno, krb5_enctype enc-
                                          type, krb5_keytab_entry * entry)
      param [in] context - Library context
           [in] keytab - Key table handle
           [in] principal - Principal name
           [in] vno - Key version number (0 for highest available)
           [in] enctype - Encryption type (0 zero for any enctype)
           [out] entry - Returned entry from key table
      retval
```

• 0 Success

• Kerberos error codes on failure

Retrieve an entry from a key table which matches the keytab, principal, vno, and enctype. If vno is zero, retrieve the highest-numbered kyno matching the other fields. If *enctype* is 0, match any enctype.

Use krb5_free_keytab_entry_contents() to free entry when it is no longer needed.

Note: If *vno* is zero, the function retrieves the highest-numbered-kvno entry that matches the specified principal.

krb5 kt have content - Check if a keytab exists and contains entries.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_have_content (krb5_context, krb5_keytab keytab)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] keytab - Key table handle
     retval
```

- 0 Keytab exists and contains entries
- KRB5_KT_NOTFOUND Keytab does not contain entries

Note: New in 1.11

krb5 kt next entry - Retrieve the next entry from the key table.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_next_entry (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab keytab, krb5_keytab_entry
                                           * entry, krb5_kt_cursor * cursor)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] keytab - Key table handle
           [out] entry - Returned key table entry
           [in] cursor - Key table cursor
     retval
             • 0 Success
```

• KRB5_KT_END - if the last entry was reached

return

· Kerberos error codes

Return the next sequential entry in keytab and advance cursor. Callers must release the returned entry with $krb5_kt_free_entry()$.

krb5_kt_read_service_key - Retrieve a service key from a key table.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_read_service_key (krb5_context context, krb5_pointer keypro-
carg, krb5_principal principal, krb5_kvno vno,
krb5_enctype enctype, krb5_keyblock ** key)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] keyprocarg - Name of a key table (NULL to use default name)

[in] principal - Service principal

[in] vno - Key version number (0 for highest available)

[in] enctype - Encryption type (0 for any type)

[out] key - Service key from key table

retval

• 0 Success
```

return

• Kerberos error code if not found or keyprocarg is invalid.

Open and search the specified key table for the entry identified by *principal*, *enctype*, and *vno*. If no key is found, return an error code.

The default key table is used, unless keyprocarg is non-null. keyprocarg designates a specific key table.

Use krb5_free_keyblock() to free key when it is no longer needed.

krb5_kt_remove_entry - Remove an entry from a key table.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_remove_entry (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab id, krb5_keytab_entry * entry)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] id - Key table handle

[in] entry - Entry to remove from key table

retval

• 0 Success

• KRB5_KT_NOWRITE Key table is not writable
```

Kerberos error codes

return

krb5_kt_start_seq_get - Start a sequential retrieval of key table entries.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_start_seq_get (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab keytab, krb5_kt_cursor * cursor)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] keytab - Key table handle

[out] cursor - Cursor

retval

• 0 Success

return
```

Kerberos error codes

Prepare to read sequentially every key in the specified key table. Use krb5_kt_end_seq_get() to release the cursor when it is no longer needed.

krb5_make_authdata_kdc_issued - Encode and sign AD-KDClssued authorization data.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_make_authdata_kdc_issued (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock

* key, krb5_const_principal issuer,
krb5_authdata *const * authdata, krb5_authdata

*** ad_kdcissued)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Session key

[in] issuer - The name of the issuing principal

[in] authdata - List of authorization data to be signed

[out] ad_kdcissued - List containing AD-KDCIssued authdata
```

This function wraps a list of authorization data entries *authdata* in an AD-KDCIssued container (see RFC 4120 section 5.2.6.2) signed with *key*. The result is returned in *ad_kdcissued* as a single-element list.

krb5 merge authdata - Merge two authorization data lists into a new list.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_merge_authdata (krb5_context context, krb5_authdata *const * inauthdat1, krb5_authdata *const * inauthdat2, krb5_authdata *** outauthdat)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] inauthdat1 - First list of krb5_authdata structures

[in] inauthdat2 - Second list of krb5_authdata structures

[out] outauthdat - Merged list of krb5_authdata structures

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Merge two authdata arrays, such as the array from a ticket and authenticator. Use krb5_free_authdata() to free *outauthdat* when it is no longer needed.

Note: The last array entry in *inauthdat1* and *inauthdat2* must be a NULL pointer.

krb5_mk_1cred - Format a KRB-CRED message for a single set of credentials.

• KRB5 RC REQUIRED Message replay detection requires reache parameter

- return
 - Kerberos error codes

This is a convenience function that calls krb5_mk_ncred() with a single set of credentials.

krb5_mk_error - Format and encode a KRB_ERROR message.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_mk_error (krb5_context context, const krb5_error * dec_err, krb5_data * enc_err)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] dec_err - Error structure to be encoded

[out] enc_err - Encoded error structure

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function creates a KRB_ERROR message in enc_err . Use $krb5_free_data_contents()$ to free enc_err when it is no longer needed.

krb5_mk_ncred - Format a KRB-CRED message for an array of credentials.

- 0 Success
- ENOMEM Insufficient memory
- KRB5_RC_REQUIRED Message replay detection requires reache parameter

return

· Kerberos error codes

This function takes an array of credentials *ppcreds* and formats a **KRB-CRED** message *ppdata* to pass to krb5 rd cred().

The message will be encrypted using the send subkey of *auth_context* if it is present, or the session key otherwise.

Note: If the KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME or KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE flag is set in *auth_context*, *outdata* is required.

krb5_mk_priv - Format a KRB-PRIV message.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_mk_priv (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, const krb5_data * userdata, krb5_data * outbuf, krb5_replay_data * outdata)
```

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] userdata - User data for KRB-PRIV message

[out] outbuf - Formatted KRB-PRIV message

[out] outdata - Replay cache handle (NULL if not needed)

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function is similar to $krb5_mk_safe()$, but the message is encrypted and integrity-protected, not just integrity-protected.

The local address in *auth_context* must be set, and is used to form the sender address used in the KRB-SAFE message. The remote address is optional; if specified, it will be used to form the receiver address used in the message.

- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME Use timestamps in outdata
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME Copy timestamp to outdata.
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE Use local sequence numbers from *auth_context* in replay cache.
- KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE Use local sequence numbers from *auth_context* as a sequence number in the encrypted message *outbuf* .

Note: If the KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME or KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE flag is set in auth_context, the outdata is required.

The flags from *auth_context* specify whether sequence numbers or timestamps will be used to identify the message. Valid values are:

krb5 mk rep - Format and encrypt a KRB_AP_REP message.

krb5 error code krb5 mk rep (krb5 context context, krb5 auth context auth context, krb5 data * outbuf)

```
param [in] context - Library context
    [in] auth_context - Authentication context
    [out] outbuf - AP-REP message
retval
```

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function fills in *outbuf* with an AP-REP message using information from *auth context*.

If the flags in *auth_context* indicate that a sequence number should be used (either KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE or KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE) and the local sequence number in *auth_context* is 0, a new number will be generated with krb5_generate_seq_number().

Use krb5_free_data_contents() to free *outbuf* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_mk_rep_dce - Format and encrypt a KRB_AP_REP message for DCE RPC.

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Use krb5_free_data_contents() to free outbuf when it is no longer needed.

krb5_mk_req - Create a KRB_AP_REQ message.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_mk_req (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context * auth_context, krb5_flags ap_req_options, const char * service, const char * hostname, krb5_data * in_data, krb5_ccache ccache, krb5_data * outbuf)
```

param [in] context - Library context

[inout] auth_context - Pre-existing or newly created auth context

[in] ap_req_options - AP_OPTS options

[in] service - Service name, or NULL to use "host"

[in] hostname - Host name, or NULL to use local hostname

[in] in_data - Application data to be checksummed in the authenticator, or NULL

[in] ccache - Credential cache used to obtain credentials for the desired service.

[out] outbuf - AP-REQ message

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function is similar to krb5_mk_req_extended() except that it uses a given *hostname*, *service*, and *ccache* to construct a service principal name and obtain credentials.

Use krb5_free_data_contents() to free *outbuf* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_mk_req_extended - Create a KRB_AP_REQ message using supplied credentials.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_mk_req_extended (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context * auth_context, krb5_flags ap_req_options, krb5_data * in_data, krb5_creds * in_creds, krb5_data * outbuf)

param [in] context - Library context

[inout] auth_context - Pre-existing or newly created auth context

[in] ap_req_options - AP_OPTS options

[in] in_data - Application data to be checksummed in the authenticator, or NULL

[in] in_creds - Credentials for the service with valid ticket and key

[out] outbuf - AP-REQ message

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Valid *ap_req_options* are:

- AP_OPTS_USE_SESSION_KEY Use the session key when creating the request used for user to user authentication.
- AP_OPTS_MUTUAL_REQUIRED Request a mutual authentication packet from the reciever.
- AP_OPTS_USE_SUBKEY Generate a subsession key from the current session key obtained from the credentials.

This function creates a KRB_AP_REQ message using supplied credentials <code>in_creds</code>. <code>auth_context</code> may point to an existing auth context or to NULL, in which case a new one will be created. If <code>in_data</code> is non-null, a checksum of it will be included in the authenticator contained in the KRB_AP_REQ message. Use <code>krb5_free_data_contents()</code> to free <code>outbuf</code> when it is no longer needed.

On successful return, the authenticator is stored in *auth_context* with the *client* and *checksum* fields nulled out. (This is to prevent pointer-sharing problems; the caller should not need these fields anyway, since the caller supplied them.)

See also:

```
krb5_mk_req()
```

krb5_mk_safe - Format a KRB-SAFE message.

This function creates an integrity protected **KRB-SAFE** message using data supplied by the application.

Fields in *auth_context* specify the checksum type, the keyblock that can be used to seed the checksum, full addresses (host and port) for the sender and receiver, and KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT flags.

The local address in *auth_context* must be set, and is used to form the sender address used in the KRB-SAFE message. The remote address is optional; if specified, it will be used to form the receiver address used in the message.

If KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME flag is set in the *auth_context*, an entry describing the message is entered in the replay cache *auth_context->rcache* which enables the caller to detect if this message is reflected by an attacker. If KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME is not set, the replay cache is not used.

If either KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE or KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE is set, the *auth_context* local sequence number will be placed in *outdata* as its sequence number.

Use krb5_free_data_contents() to free outbuf when it is no longer needed.

Note: The *outdata* argument is required if KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME or KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE flag is set in the *auth_context*.

krb5 os localaddr - Return all interface addresses for this host.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_os_localaddr (krb5_context context, krb5_address *** addr)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] addr - Array of krb5_address pointers, ending with NULL

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Use krb5_free_addresses() to free addr when it is no longer needed.

krb5 pac add buffer - Add a buffer to a PAC handle.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_pac_add_buffer (krb5_context context, krb5_pac pac, krb5_ui_4 type, const krb5_data * data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] pac - PAC handle

[in] type - Buffer type

[in] data - contents

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function adds a buffer of type type and contents data to pac if there isn't already a buffer of this type present.

The valid values of *type* is one of the following:

- KRB5_PAC_LOGON_INFO Logon information
- KRB5 PAC CREDENTIALS INFO Credentials information
- KRB5_PAC_SERVER_CHECKSUM Server checksum
- KRB5_PAC_PRIVSVR_CHECKSUM KDC checksum
- KRB5_PAC_CLIENT_INFO Client name and ticket information

```
• KRB5_PAC_DELEGATION_INFO - Constrained delegation information
```

```
• KRB5_PAC_UPN_DNS_INFO - User principal name and DNS information
```

```
krb5_pac_free - Free a PAC handle.
```

```
void krb5_pac_free (krb5_context context, krb5_pac pac)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] pac - PAC to be freed
```

This function frees the contents of pac and the structure itself.

krb5_pac_get_buffer - Retrieve a buffer value from a PAC.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_pac_get_buffer (krb5_context context, krb5_pac pac, krb5_ui_4 type, krb5_data * data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] pac - PAC handle

[in] type - Type of buffer to retrieve

[out] data - Buffer value

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Use krb5_free_data_contents() to free data when it is no longer needed.

krb5_pac_get_types - Return an array of buffer types in a PAC handle.

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

krb5_pac_init - Create an empty Privilege Attribute Certificate (PAC) handle.

Use krb5_pac_free() to free pac when it is no longer needed.

```
krb5 pac parse - Unparse an encoded PAC into a new handle.
krb5_error_code krb5_pac_parse (krb5_context context, const void * ptr, size_t len, krb5_pac * pac)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] ptr - PAC buffer
          [in] len - Length of ptr
          [out] pac - PAC handle
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
Use krb5_pac_free() to free pac when it is no longer needed.
krb5 pac sign - Sign a PAC.
krb5_error_code krb5_pac_sign (krb5_context context, krb5_pac pac, krb5_timestamp authtime,
                                   krb5_const_principal principal, const krb5_keyblock * server_key,
                                   const krb5_keyblock * privsvr_key, krb5_data * data)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] pac - PAC handle
          [in] authtime - Expected timestamp
          [in] principal - Expected principal name (or NULL)
          [in] server_key - Key for server checksum
          [in] privsvr key - Key for KDC checksum
          [out] data - Signed PAC encoding
This function signs pac using the keys server_key and privsvr_key and returns the signed encoding in data. pac is
modified to include the server and KDC checksum buffers. Use krb5_free_data_contents() to free data
when it is no longer needed.
Note: New in 1.10
krb5_pac_verify - Verify a PAC.
krb5_error_code krb5_pac_verify (krb5_context context, const krb5_pac pac, krb5_timestamp authtime,
                                      krb5_const_principal principal, const krb5_keyblock * server, const
                                      krb5_keyblock * privsvr)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] pac - PAC handle
          [in] authtime - Expected timestamp
          [in] principal - Expected principal name (or NULL)
          [in] server - Key to validate server checksum (or NULL)
          [in] privsvr - Key to validate KDC checksum (or NULL)
```

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function validates *pac* against the supplied *server*, *privsvr*, *principal* and *authtime*. If *principal* is NULL, the principal and authtime are not verified. If *server* or *privsvr* is NULL, the corresponding checksum is not verified.

If successful, pac is marked as verified.

Note: A checksum mismatch can occur if the PAC was copied from a cross-realm TGT by an ignorant KDC; also macOS Server Open Directory (as of 10.6) generates PACs with no server checksum at all. One should consider not failing the whole authentication because of this reason, but, instead, treating the ticket as if it did not contain a PAC or marking the PAC information as non-verified.

krb5_prepend_error_message - Add a prefix to the message for an error code.

```
void krb5_prepend_error_message (krb5_context ctx, krb5_error_code code, const char * fmt, ...)
param [in] ctx - Library context
[in] code - Error code
[in] fmt - Format string for error message prefix
```

Format a message and prepend it to the current message for *code* . The prefix will be separated from the old message with a colon and space.

krb5 principal2salt - Convert a principal name into the default salt for that principal.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_principal2salt (krb5_context context, register krb5_const_principal pr, krb5_data * ret)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] pr - Principal name

[out] ret - Default salt for pr to be filled in retval
```

krb5 rd cred - Read and validate a KRB-CRED message.

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

```
krb5_error_code krb5_rd_cred (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_data * pcred-data, krb5_creds *** pppcreds, krb5_replay_data * outdata)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] pcreddata - KRB-CRED message

[out] pppcreds - Null-terminated array of forwarded credentials

[out] outdata - Replay data (NULL if not needed)

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

pcreddata will be decrypted using the receiving subkey if it is present in *auth_context*, or the session key if the receiving subkey is not present or fails to decrypt the message.

Use krb5 free tqt creds () to free pppcreds when it is no longer needed.

Note: The *outdata* argument is required if KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME or KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE flag is set in the *auth_context*.

krb5 rd error - Decode a KRB-ERROR message.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_rd_error (krb5_context context, const krb5_data * enc_errbuf, krb5_error ** dec_error)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enc_errbuf - Encoded error message

[out] dec_error - Decoded error message

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function processes **KRB-ERROR** message *enc_errbuf* and returns an allocated structure *dec_error* containing the error message. Use krb5_free_error() to free *dec_error* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_rd_priv - Process a KRB-PRIV message.

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function parses a KRB-PRIV message, verifies its integrity, and stores its unencrypted data into outbuf.

If the KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE flag is set in *auth_context*, the sequence number of the KRB-SAFE message is checked against the remote sequence number field of *auth_context*. Otherwise, the sequence number is not used.

If the KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME flag is set in auth_context, then two additional checks are performed:

- The timestamp in the message must be within the permitted clock skew (which is usually five minutes).
- The message must not be a replayed message field in *auth context*.

Note: If the KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME or KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE flag is set in auth_context, outdata is required.

auth_context must have a remote address set. This address will be used to verify the sender address in the KRB-PRIV message. If auth_context has a local address set, it will be used to verify the receiver address in the KRB-PRIV message if the message contains one. Both addresses must use type ADDRTYPE_ADDRPORT.

krb5_rd_rep - Parse and decrypt a KRB_AP_REP message.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_rd_rep (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, const krb5_data * in-buf, krb5_ap_rep_enc_part ** repl)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] inbuf - AP-REP message

[out] repl - Decrypted reply message

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function parses, decrypts and verifies a message from *inbuf* and fills in *repl* with a pointer to allocated memory containing the fields from the encrypted response.

Use krb5_free_ap_rep_enc_part () to free repl when it is no longer needed.

krb5 rd rep dce - Parse and decrypt a KRB AP REP message for DCE RPC.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_rd_rep_dce (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, const krb5_data * inbuf, krb5_ui_4 * nonce)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] auth_context - Authentication context

[in] inbuf - AP-REP message

[out] nonce - Sequence number from the decrypted reply

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function parses, decrypts and verifies a message from *inbuf* and fills in *nonce* with a decrypted reply sequence number.

krb5 rd req - Parse and decrypt a KRB AP REQ message.

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function parses, decrypts and verifies a AP-REQ message from *inbuf* and stores the authenticator in *auth_context*

If a keyblock was specified in *auth_context* using krb5_auth_con_setuseruserkey(), that key is used to decrypt the ticket in AP-REQ message and *keytab* is ignored. In this case, *server* should be specified as a complete principal name to allow for proper transited-path checking and replay cache selection.

Otherwise, the decryption key is obtained from *keytab*, or from the default keytab if it is NULL. In this case, *server* may be a complete principal name, a matching principal (see krb5_sname_match()), or NULL to match any principal name. The keys tried against the encrypted part of the ticket are determined as follows:

- If server is a complete principal name, then its entry in keytab is tried.
- Otherwise, if keytab is iterable, then all entries in keytab which match server are tried.
- Otherwise, the server principal in the ticket must match server, and its entry in keytab is tried.

The client specified in the decrypted authenticator must match the client specified in the decrypted ticket.

If the *remote_addr* field of *auth_context* is set, the request must come from that address.

If a replay cache handle is provided in the *auth_context*, the authenticator and ticket are verified against it. If no conflict is found, the new authenticator is then stored in the replay cache of *auth_context*.

Various other checks are performed on the decoded data, including cross-realm policy, clockskew, and ticket validation times.

On success the authenticator, subkey, and remote sequence number of the request are stored in *auth_context* . If the AP_OPTS_MUTUAL_REQUIRED bit is set, the local sequence number is XORed with the remote sequence number in the request.

Use krb5_free_ticket() to free *ticket* when it is no longer needed.

krb5 rd safe - Process KRB-SAFE message.

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function parses a **KRB-SAFE** message, verifies its integrity, and stores its data into *outbuf*.

If the KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE flag is set in *auth_context*, the sequence number of the KRB-SAFE message is checked against the remote sequence number field of *auth_context*. Otherwise, the sequence number is not used.

If the KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME flag is set in *auth_context*, then two additional checks are performed:

• The timestamp in the message must be within the permitted clock skew (which is usually five minutes).

• The message must not be a replayed message field in *auth_context* .

Use krb5_free_data_contents() to free outbuf when it is no longer needed.

```
Note: The outdata argument is required if KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME or KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE flag is set in the auth_context.
```

auth_context must have a remote address set. This address will be used to verify the sender address in the KRB-SAFE message. If auth_context has a local address set, it will be used to verify the receiver address in the KRB-SAFE message if the message contains one. Both addresses must use type ADDRTYPE_ADDRPORT.

krb5 read password - Read a password from keyboard input.

• Error in reading or verifying the password Kerberos error codes

This function reads a password from keyboard input and stores it in *return_pwd* . *size_return* should be set by the caller to the amount of storage space available in *return_pwd*; on successful return, it will be set to the length of the password read.

prompt is printed to the terminal, followed by":", and then a password is read from the keyboard.

If *prompt2* is NULL, the password is read only once. Otherwise, *prompt2* is printed to the terminal and a second password is read. If the two passwords entered are not identical, KRB5_LIBOS_BADPWDMATCH is returned.

Echoing is turned off when the password is read.

return

krb5_salttype_to_string - Convert a salt type to a string.

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

```
krb5_error_code krb5_salttype_to_string (krb5_int32 salttype, char * buffer, size_t buflen)

param [in] salttype - Salttype to convert

[out] buffer - Buffer to receive the converted string

[in] buflen - Storage available in buffer

retval
```

```
krb5 server decrypt ticket keytab - Decrypt a ticket using the specified key table.
krb5_error_code krb5_server_decrypt_ticket_keytab (krb5_context
                                                                                                  const
                                                               krb5_keytab kt, krb5_ticket * ticket)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] kt - Key table
          [in] ticket - Ticket to be decrypted
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
This function takes a ticket as input and decrypts it using key data from kt. The result is placed into ticket->enc_part2
krb5_set_default_tgs_enctypes - Set default TGS encryption types in a krb5_context structure.
krb5_error_code krb5_set_default_tqs_enctypes (krb5_context context, const krb5_enctype
                                                          * etypes)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] etypes - Encryption type(s) to set
     retval

    0 Success

    KRB5_PROG_ETYPE_NOSUPP Program lacks support for encryption type

     return
             · Kerberos error codes
This function sets the default enctype list for TGS requests made using context to etypes.
Note: This overrides the default list (from config file or built-in).
krb5_set_error_message - Set an extended error message for an error code.
```

```
void krb5_set_error_message (krb5_context ctx, krb5_error_code code, const char * fmt, ...)

param [in] ctx - Library context
        [in] code - Error code
        [in] fmt - Error string for the error code

krb5_set_kdc_recv_hook - Set a KDC post-receive hook function.

void krb5_set_kdc_recv_hook (krb5_context context, krb5_post_recv_fn recv_hook, void * data)

param [in] context - The library context.

[in] recv_hook - Hook function (or NULL to disable the hook)
```

[in] data - Callback data to be passed to recv_hook

recv_hook will be called after a reply is received from a KDC during a call to a library function such as krb5_get_credentials(). The hook function may inspect or override the reply. This hook will not be executed if the pre-send hook returns a synthetic reply.

Note: New in 1.15

```
krb5 set kdc send hook - Set a KDC pre-send hook function.
```

```
void krb5_set_kdc_send_hook (krb5_context context, krb5_pre_send_fn send_hook, void * data)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] send_hook - Hook function (or NULL to disable the hook)
[in] data - Callback data to be passed to send_hook
```

<code>send_hook</code> will be called before messages are sent to KDCs by library functions such as <code>krb5_get_credentials()</code>. The hook function may inspect, override, or synthesize its own reply to the message.

Note: New in 1.15

krb5_set_real_time - Set time offset field in a krb5_context structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_set_real_time (krb5_context context, krb5_timestamp seconds, krb5_int32 mi-
croseconds)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] seconds - Real time, seconds portion

[in] microseconds - Real time, microseconds portion

retyal
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function sets the time offset in *context* to the difference between the system time and the real time as determined by *seconds* and *microseconds*.

krb5_string_to_cksumtype - Convert a string to a checksum type.

krb5 string to deltat - Convert a string to a delta time value.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_string_to_deltat (char * string, krb5_deltat * deltatp)
```

```
param [in] string - String to be converted
          [out] deltatp - Delta time to be filled in
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - KRB5_DELTAT_BADFORMAT
krb5_string_to_enctype - Convert a string to an encryption type.
krb5_error_code krb5_string_to_enctype (char * string, krb5_enctype * enctypep)
     param [in] string - String to convert to an encryption type
          [out] enctypep - Encryption type
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - EINVAL
krb5_string_to_salttype - Convert a string to a salt type.
krb5_error_code krb5_string_to_salttype (char * string, krb5_int32 * salttypep)
     param [in] string - String to convert to an encryption type
          [out] salttypep - Salt type to be filled in
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - EINVAL
krb5_string_to_timestamp - Convert a string to a timestamp.
krb5_error_code krb5_string_to_timestamp (char * string, krb5_timestamp * timestampp)
     param [in] string - String to be converted
          [out] timestampp - Pointer to timestamp
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - EINVAL
krb5 timeofday - Retrieve the current time with context specific time offset adjustment.
krb5_error_code krb5_timeofday (krb5_context context, register krb5_timestamp * timeret)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [out] timeret - Timestamp to fill in
     retval
             • 0 Success
     return
             • Kerberos error codes
```

This function retrieves the system time of day with the context specific time offset adjustment.

krb5_timestamp_to_sfstring - Convert a timestamp to a string, with optional output padding.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_timestamp_to_sfstring (krb5_timestamp timestamp, char * buffer, size_t buflen, char * pad)

param [in] timestamp - Timestamp to convert

[out] buffer - Buffer to hold the converted timestamp

[in] buflen - Length of buffer

[in] pad - Optional value to pad buffer if converted timestamp does not fill it

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

If pad is not NULL, buffer is padded out to buffer - 1 characters with the value of * pad .

krb5_timestamp_to_string - Convert a timestamp to a string.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_timestamp_to_string (krb5_timestamp timestamp, char * buffer, size_t buflen)

param [in] timestamp - Timestamp to convert

[out] buffer - Buffer to hold converted timestamp

[in] buflen - Storage available in buffer

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

The string is returned in the locale's appropriate date and time representation.

krb5 tkt creds free - Free a TGS request context.

```
void krb5_tkt_creds_free (krb5_context context, krb5_tkt_creds_context ctx)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] ctx - TGS request context
```

Note: New in 1.9

krb5 tkt creds get - Synchronously obtain credentials using a TGS request context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_tkt_creds_get (krb5_context context, krb5_tkt_creds_context ctx)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - TGS request context

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function synchronously obtains credentials using a context created by krb5_tkt_creds_init(). On successful return, the credentials can be retrieved with krb5_tkt_creds_get_creds().

Note: New in 1.9

krb5_tkt_creds_get_creds - Retrieve acquired credentials from a TGS request context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_tkt_creds_get_creds (krb5_context context, krb5_tkt_creds_context ctx, krb5_creds * creds)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - TGS request context

[out] creds - Acquired credentials

retyal
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function copies the acquired initial credentials from ctx into creds, after the successful completion of krb5_tkt_creds_get() or krb5_tkt_creds_step(). Use krb5_free_cred_contents() to free creds when it is no longer needed.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5 tkt creds get times - Retrieve ticket times from a TGS request context.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_tkt_creds_get_times (krb5_context context, krb5_tkt_creds_context ctx, krb5_ticket_times * times)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - TGS request context

[out] times - Ticket times for acquired credentials

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

The TGS request context must have completed obtaining credentials via either $krb5_tkt_creds_get()$ or $krb5_tkt_creds_step()$.

Note: New in 1.9

retval

krb5_tkt_creds_init - Create a context to get credentials from a KDC's Ticket Granting Service.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_tkt_creds_init (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache ccache, krb5_creds * creds, krb5_flags options, krb5_tkt_creds_context * ctx)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ccache - Credential cache handle

[in] creds - Input credentials

[in] options - KRB5_GC options for this request.

[out] ctx - New TGS request context
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function prepares to obtain credentials matching *creds*, either by retrieving them from *ccache* or by making requests to ticket-granting services beginning with a ticket-granting ticket for the client principal's realm.

The resulting TGS acquisition context can be used asynchronously with krb5_tkt_creds_step() or synchronously with krb5_tkt_creds_get() . See also krb5_get_credentials() for synchronous use.

Use krb5_tkt_creds_free() to free ctx when it is no longer needed.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5_tkt_creds_step - Get the next KDC request in a TGS exchange.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_tkt_creds_step (krb5_context context, krb5_tkt_creds_context ctx, krb5_data * in, krb5_data * out, krb5_data * realm, unsigned int * flags)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] ctx - TGS request context

[in] in - KDC response (empty on the first call)

[out] out - Next KDC request

[out] realm - Realm for next KDC request

[out] flags - Output flags

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function constructs the next KDC request for a TGS exchange, allowing the caller to control the transport of KDC requests and replies. On the first call, *in* should be set to an empty buffer; on subsequent calls, it should be set to the KDC's reply to the previous request.

If more requests are needed, flags will be set to KRB5_TKT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE and the next request will be placed in out. If no more requests are needed, flags will not contain KRB5_TKT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE and out will be empty.

If this function returns **KRB5KRB_ERR_RESPONSE_TOO_BIG**, the caller should transmit the next request using TCP rather than UDP. If this function returns any other error, the TGS exchange has failed.

Note: New in 1.9

krb5_verify_init_creds - Verify initial credentials against a keytab.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_verify_init_creds (krb5_context context, krb5_creds * creds, krb5_principal server, krb5_keytab keytab, krb5_ccache * ccache, krb5_verify_init_creds_opt * options)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] creds - Initial credentials to be verified

[in] server - Server principal (or NULL)

[in] keytab - Key table (NULL to use default keytab)

[in] ccache - Credential cache for fetched creds (or NULL)

[in] options - Verification options (NULL for default options)
```

retval

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function attempts to verify that *creds* were obtained from a KDC with knowledge of a key in *keytab*, or the default keytab if *keytab* is NULL. If *server* is provided, the highest-kvno key entry for that principal name is used to verify the credentials; otherwise, all unique"host"service principals in the keytab are tried.

If the specified keytab does not exist, or is empty, or cannot be read, or does not contain an entry for *server*, then credential verification may be skipped unless configuration demands that it succeed. The caller can control this behavior by providing a verification options structure; see krb5_verify_init_creds_opt_init() and krb5_verify_init_creds_opt_set_ap_req_nofail().

If *ccache* is NULL, any additional credentials fetched during the verification process will be destroyed. If *ccache* points to NULL, a memory ccache will be created for the additional credentials and returned in *ccache* . If *ccache* points to a valid credential cache handle, the additional credentials will be stored in that cache.

krb5 verify init creds opt init - Initialize a credential verification options structure.

```
void krb5_verify_init_creds_opt_init (krb5_verify_init_creds_opt * k5_vic_options)

param [in] k5_vic_options - Verification options structure
```

krb5_verify_init_creds_opt_set_ap_req_nofail - Set whether credential verification is required.

param [in] k5_vic_options - Verification options structure

[in] ap_req_nofail - Whether to require successful verification

This function determines how $krb5_verify_init_creds()$ behaves if no keytab information is available. If ap_req_nofail is FALSE, verification will be skipped in this case and $krb5_verify_init_creds()$ will return successfully. If ap_req_nofail is TRUE, $krb5_verify_init_creds()$ will not return successfully unless verification can be performed.

If this function is not used, the behavior of krb5_verify_init_creds() is determined through configuration.

krb5 vprepend error message - Add a prefix to the message for an error code using a va list.

```
void krb5_vprepend_error_message (krb5_context ctx, krb5_error_code code, const char * fmt, va_list args)

param [in] ctx - Library context

[in] code - Error code
```

[in] fmt - Format string for error message prefix

[in] args - List of vprintf(3) style arguments

This function is similar to krb5_prepend_error_message(), but uses a va_list instead of variadic arguments.

krb5 vset error message - Set an extended error message for an error code using a va list.

```
void krb5_vset_error_message (krb5_context ctx, krb5_error_code code, const char * fmt, va_list args)
```

```
param [in] ctx - Library context
           [in] code - Error code
           [in] fmt - Error string for the error code
           [in] args - List of vprintf(3) style arguments
krb5_vwrap_error_message - Add a prefix to a different error code's message using a va_list.
void krb5 vwrap error message (krb5 context ctx, krb5 error code old code, krb5 error code code,
                                       const char * fmt, va_list args)
     param [in] ctx - Library context
           [in] old code - Previous error code
           [in] code - Error code
           [in] fmt - Format string for error message prefix
           [in] args - List of vprintf(3) style arguments
This function is similar to krb5_wrap_error_message(), but uses a va_list instead of variadic arguments.
krb5 wrap error message - Add a prefix to a different error code's message.
void krb5_wrap_error_message (krb5_context ctx, krb5_error_code old_code, krb5_error_code code,
                                      const char * fmt, ...)
     param [in] ctx - Library context
           [in] old_code - Previous error code
           [in] code - Error code
           [in] fmt - Format string for error message prefix
Format a message and prepend it to the message for old_code . The prefix will be separated from the old message with
a colon and space. Set the resulting message as the extended error message for code.
6.1.3 Public interfaces that should not be called directly
krb5_c_block_size - Return cipher block size.
krb5_error_code krb5_c_block_size (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, size_t * blocksize)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [in] enctype - Encryption type
           [out] blocksize - Block size for enctype
     retval
             • 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

krb5_c_checksum_length - Return the length of checksums for a checksum type.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_checksum_length (krb5_context context, krb5_cksumtype cksumtype, size_t * length)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cksumtype - Checksum type

[out] length - Checksum length

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

krb5 c crypto length - Return a length of a message field specific to the encryption type.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_crypto_length (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype krb5_cryptotype type, unsigned int * size)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[in] type - Type field (See KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE types)

[out] size - Length of the type specific to enctype

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

krb5 c crypto length iov - Fill in lengths for header, trailer and padding in a IOV array.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_crypto_length_iov (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[inout] data - IOV array

[in] num_data - Size of data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Padding is set to the actual padding required based on the provided *data* buffers. Typically this API is used after setting up the data buffers and KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY buffers, but before actually allocating header, trailer and padding.

krb5_c_decrypt - Decrypt data using a key (operates on keyblock).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_decrypt (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * cipher_state, const krb5_enc_data * input, krb5_data * output)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
    [in] key - Encryption key
    [in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)
    [inout] cipher_state - Cipher state; specify NULL if not needed
    [in] input - Encrypted data
    [out] output - Decrypted data
retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function decrypts the data block *input* and stores the output into *output*. The actual decryption key will be derived from *key* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the encryption type. If non-null, *cipher_state* specifies the beginning state for the decryption operation, and is updated with the state to be passed as input to the next operation.

Note: The caller must initialize *output* and allocate at least enough space for the result. The usual practice is to allocate an output buffer as long as the ciphertext, and let $krb5_c_decrypt()$ trim *output->length*. For some enctypes, the resulting *output->length* may include padding bytes.

krb5 c decrypt iov - Decrypt data in place supporting AEAD (operates on keyblock).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_decrypt_iov (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * cipher_state, krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] keyblock - Encryption key

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[in] cipher_state - Cipher state; specify NULL if not needed

[inout] data - IOV array. Modified in-place.

[in] num_data - Size of data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function decrypts the data block *data* and stores the output in-place. The actual decryption key will be derived from *keyblock* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the encryption type. If non-null, *cipher_state* specifies the beginning state for the decryption operation, and is updated with the state to be passed as input to the next operation. The caller must allocate the right number of krb5_crypto_iov structures before calling into this API.

See also:

```
krb5_c_decrypt_iov()
```

Note: On return from a krb5_c_decrypt_iov() call, the *data->length* in the iov structure are adjusted to reflect actual lengths of the ciphertext used. For example, if the padding length is too large, the length will be reduced. Lengths are never increased.

This function is similar to krb5_k_decrypt_iov(), but operates on keyblock keyblock.

krb5_c_derive_prfplus - Derive a key using some input data (via RFC 6113 PRF+).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_derive_prfplus (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * k, const krb5_data * input, krb5_enctype enctype, krb5_keyblock ** out)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] k - KDC contribution key

[in] input - Input string

[in] enctype - Output key enctype (or ENCTYPE_NULL)

[out] out - Derived keyblock
```

This function uses PRF+ as defined in RFC 6113 to derive a key from another key and an input string. If *enctype* is **ENCTYPE_NULL**, the output key will have the same enctype as the input key.

krb5_c_encrypt - Encrypt data using a key (operates on keyblock).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_encrypt (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * cipher_state, const krb5_data * input, krb5_enc_data * output)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Encryption key

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[inout] cipher_state - Cipher state; specify NULL if not needed

[in] input - Data to be encrypted

[out] output - Encrypted data

retval
```

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function encrypts the data block *input* and stores the output into *output*. The actual encryption key will be derived from *key* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the encryption type. If non-null, *cipher_state* specifies the beginning state for the encryption operation, and is updated with the state to be passed as input to the next operation.

Note: The caller must initialize *output* and allocate at least enough space for the result (using krb5_c_encrypt_length() to determine the amount of space needed). *output->length* will be set to the actual length of the ciphertext.

krb5 c encrypt iov - Encrypt data in place supporting AEAD (operates on keyblock).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_encrypt_iov (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * keyblock, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * cipher_state, krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] keyblock - Encryption key

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[in] cipher_state - Cipher state; specify NULL if not needed
```

```
[inout] data - IOV array. Modified in-place.
[in] num_data - Size of data
retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function encrypts the data block *data* and stores the output in-place. The actual encryption key will be derived from *keyblock* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the encryption type. If non-null, *cipher_state* specifies the beginning state for the encryption operation, and is updated with the state to be passed as input to the next operation. The caller must allocate the right number of krb5_crypto_iov structures before calling into this API.

See also:

```
krb5_c_decrypt_iov()
```

founder, and checksum.

Note: On return from a krb5_c_encrypt_iov() call, the *data->length* in the iov structure are adjusted to reflect actual lengths of the ciphertext used. For example, if the padding length is too large, the length will be reduced. Lengths are never increased.

This function is similar to krb5_k_encrypt_iov(), but operates on keyblock keyblock.

krb5_c_encrypt_length - Compute encrypted data length.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_encrypt_length (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, size_t inputlen, size_t * length)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[in] inputlen - Length of the data to be encrypted

[out] length - Length of the encrypted data

retval

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

This function computes the length of the ciphertext produced by encrypting *inputlen* bytes including padding, con-

krb5 c enctype compare - Compare two encryption types.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_enctype_compare (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype e1, krb5_enctype e2, krb5_boolean * similar)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] e1 - First encryption type

[in] e2 - Second encryption type

[out] similar - TRUE if types are similar, FALSE if not retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function determines whether two encryption types use the same kind of keys.

krb5_c_free_state - Free a cipher state previously allocated by krb5_c_init_state() .

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_free_state (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * key, krb5_data * state)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Key

[in] state - Cipher state to be freed

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

krb5_c_fx_cf2_simple - Compute the KRB-FX-CF2 combination of two keys and pepper strings.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_fx_cf2_simple (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * k1, const char * pepper1, const krb5_keyblock * k2, const char * pepper2, krb5_keyblock ** out)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] k1 - KDC contribution key

[in] pepper1 - String"PKINIT"

[in] k2 - Reply key

[in] pepper2 - String"KeyExchange"

[out] out - Output key

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function computes the KRB-FX-CF2 function over its inputs and places the results in a newly allocated keyblock. This function is simple in that it assumes that pepper1 and pepper2 are C strings with no internal nulls and that the enctype of the result will be the same as that of k1. k1 and k2 may be of different enctypes.

krb5_c_init_state - Initialize a new cipher state.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_init_state (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * key, krb5_keyusage usage, krb5_data * new_state)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Key

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[out] new_state - New cipher state

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

krb5_c_is_coll_proof_cksum - Test whether a checksum type is collision-proof.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_c_is_coll_proof_cksum (krb5_cksumtype ctype)

param [in] ctype - Checksum type

return
```

• TRUE if ctype is collision-proof, FALSE if it is not collision-proof or not a valid checksum type.

krb5_c_is_keyed_cksum - Test whether a checksum type is keyed.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_c_is_keyed_cksum (krb5_cksumtype ctype)

param [in] ctype - Checksum type

return
```

• TRUE if ctype is a keyed checksum type, FALSE otherwise.

krb5_c_keyed_checksum_types - Return a list of keyed checksum types usable with an encryption type.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_keyed_checksum_types (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, unsigned int * count, krb5_cksumtype ** cksumtypes)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[out] count - Count of allowable checksum types

[out] cksumtypes - Array of allowable checksum types

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Use krb5_free_cksumtypes() to free cksumtypes when it is no longer needed.

krb5 c keylengths - Return length of the specified key in bytes.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_keylengths (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, size_t * keybytes, size_t * keylength)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[out] keybytes - Number of bytes required to make a key

[out] keylength - Length of final key

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

```
krb5_c_make_checksum - Compute a checksum (operates on keyblock).
```

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_make_checksum (krb5_context context, krb5_cksumtype cksumtype, const krb5_keyblock * key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * input, krb5_checksum * cksum)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cksumtype - Checksum type (0 for mandatory type)

[in] key - Encryption key for a keyed checksum

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[in] input - Input data

[out] cksum - Generated checksum

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function computes a checksum of type <code>cksumtype</code> over <code>input</code>, using <code>key</code> if the checksum type is a keyed checksum. If <code>cksumtype</code> is 0 and <code>key</code> is non-null, the checksum type will be the mandatory-to-implement checksum type for the key's encryption type. The actual checksum key will be derived from <code>key</code> and <code>usage</code> if key derivation is specified for the checksum type. The newly created <code>cksum</code> must be released by calling <code>krb5_free_checksum_contents()</code> when it is no longer needed.

See also:

```
krb5_c_verify_checksum()
```

Note: This function is similar to krb5_k_make_checksum(), but operates on keyblock key.

krb5 c make checksum iov - Fill in a checksum element in IOV array (operates on keyblock)

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_make_checksum_iov (krb5_context context, krb5_cksumtype cksumtype, const krb5_keyblock * key, krb5_keyusage usage, krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cksumtype - Checksum type (0 for mandatory type)

[in] key - Encryption key for a keyed checksum

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[inout] data - IOV array

[in] num_data - Size of data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Create a checksum in the KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM element over KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_DATA and KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY chunks in *data* . Only the KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM region is modified.

See also:

```
krb5_c_verify_checksum_iov()
```

Note: This function is similar to krb5_k_make_checksum_iov(), but operates on keyblock key.

```
krb5_c_make_random_key - Generate an enctype-specific random encryption key.
```

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_make_random_key (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, krb5_keyblock * k5_random_key)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type of the generated key

[out] k5_random_key - An allocated and initialized keyblock

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Use krb5_free_keyblock_contents() to free k5_random_key when no longer needed.

krb5_c_padding_length - Return a number of padding octets.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_padding_length (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype size_t data_length, unsigned int * size)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[in] data_length - Length of the plaintext to pad

[out] size - Number of padding octets

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - KRB5_BAD_ENCTYPE
```

This function returns the number of the padding octets required to pad *data length* octets of plaintext.

krb5_c_prf - Generate enctype-specific pseudo-random bytes.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_e_prf (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * keyblock, krb5_data * input, krb5_data * output)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] keyblock - Key

[in] input - Input data

[out] output - Output data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function selects a pseudo-random function based on keyblock and computes its value over input, placing the result into output. The caller must preinitialize output and allocate space for the result, using $krb5_c_prf_length()$ to determine the required length.

krb5_c_prfplus - Generate pseudo-random bytes using RFC 6113 PRF+.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_prfplus (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * k, const krb5_data * input, krb5_data * output)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] k - KDC contribution key

[in] input - Input data

[out] output - Pseudo-random output buffer

return
```

• 0 on success, E2BIG if output->length is too large for PRF+ to generate, ENOMEM on allocation failure, or an error code from krb5_c_prf()

This function fills *output* with PRF+(k, input) as defined in RFC 6113 section 5.1. The caller must preinitialize *output* and allocate the desired amount of space. The length of the pseudo-random output will match the length of *output*.

Note: RFC 4402 defines a different PRF+ operation. This function does not implement that operation.

krb5 c prf length - Get the output length of pseudo-random functions for an encryption type.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_prf_length (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, size_t * len)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[out] len - Length of PRF output

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

krb5_c_random_add_entropy - Add entropy to the pseudo-random number generator.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_random_add_entropy (krb5_context context, unsigned int randsource, const krb5_data * data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] randsource - Entropy source (see KRB5_RANDSOURCE types)

[in] data - Data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Contribute entropy to the PRNG used by krb5 crypto operations. This may or may not affect the output of the next crypto operation requiring random data.

krb5 c random make octets - Generate pseudo-random bytes.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_random_make_octets (krb5_context context, krb5_data * data)

param [in] context - Library context

[out] data - Random data
```

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Fills in *data* with bytes from the PRNG used by krb5 crypto operations. The caller must preinitialize *data* and allocate the desired amount of space.

krb5_c_random_os_entropy - Collect entropy from the OS if possible.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_random_os_entropy (krb5_context context, int strong, int * success)
param [in] context - Library context
[in] strong - Strongest available source of entropy
[out] success - 1 if OS provides entropy, 0 otherwise
retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

If *strong* is non-zero, this function attempts to use the strongest available source of entropy. Setting this flag may cause the function to block on some operating systems. Good uses include seeding the PRNG for kadmind and realm setup.

krb5_c_random_to_key - Generate an enctype-specific key from random data.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_random_to_key (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, krb5_data * random_data, krb5_keyblock * k5_random_key)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[in] random_data - Random input data

[out] k5_random_key - Resulting key

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function takes random input data random_data and produces a valid key k5_random_key for a given enctype.

See also:

```
krb5 c keylengths()
```

Note: It is assumed that $k5_random_key$ has already been initialized and $k5_random_key->contents$ has been allocated with the correct length.

krb5_c_string_to_key - Convert a string (such a password) to a key.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_string_to_key (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, const krb5_data

* string, const krb5_data * salt, krb5_keyblock * key)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[in] string - String to be converted

[in] salt - Salt value
```

[out] key - Generated key

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function converts *string* to a *key* of encryption type *enctype*, using the specified *salt*. The newly created *key* must be released by calling krb5_free_keyblock_contents() when it is no longer needed.

krb5_c_string_to_key_with_params - Convert a string (such as a password) to a key with additional parameters.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_string_to_key_with_params (krb5_context context, krb5_enctype enctype, const krb5_data * string, const krb5_data * salt, const krb5_data * params, krb5_keyblock * key)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] enctype - Encryption type

[in] string - String to be converted

[in] salt - Salt value

[in] params - Parameters

[out] key - Generated key

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function is similar to $krb5_c_string_to_key()$, but also takes parameters which may affect the algorithm in an enctype-dependent way. The newly created key must be released by calling $krb5_free_keyblock_contents()$ when it is no longer needed.

krb5 c valid cksumtype - Verify that specified checksum type is a valid Kerberos checksum type.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_c_valid_cksumtype (krb5_cksumtype ctype)

param [in] ctype - Checksum type

return
```

• TRUE if ctype is valid, FALSE if not

krb5 c valid enctype - Verify that a specified encryption type is a valid Kerberos encryption type.

```
krb5_boolean krb5_c_valid_enctype (krb5_enctype ktype)

param [in] ktype - Encryption type

return
```

• TRUE if ktype is valid, FALSE if not

krb5 c verify checksum - Verify a checksum (operates on keyblock).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_c_verify_checksum(krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * key,
                                               krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * data, const
                                               krb5_checksum * cksum, krb5_boolean * valid)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] key - Encryption key for a keyed checksum
          [in] usage - key usage
          [in] data - Data to be used to compute a new checksum using key to compare cksum against
          [in] cksum - Checksum to be verified
          [out] valid - Non-zero for success, zero for failure
     retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function verifies that *cksum* is a valid checksum for *data*. If the checksum type of *cksum* is a keyed checksum, key is used to verify the checksum. If the checksum type in cksum is 0 and key is not NULL, the mandatory checksum type for key will be used. The actual checksum key will be derived from key and usage if key derivation is specified for the checksum type.

Note: This function is similar to krb5_k_verify_checksum(), but operates on keyblock key.

krb5 c verify checksum iov - Validate a checksum element in IOV array (operates on keyblock).

```
krb5 error code krb5 c verify checksum iov (krb5 context, krb5 cksumtype, cksumtype,
                                                 const krb5_keyblock * key, krb5_keyusage usage,
                                                 const krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data,
                                                 krb5 boolean * valid)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] cksumtype - Checksum type (0 for mandatory type)
```

[in] key - Encryption key for a keyed checksum

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[in] data - IOV array

[in] num_data - Size of data

[out] valid - Non-zero for success, zero for failure

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Confirm that the checksum in the KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM element is a valid checksum of the KRB5 CRYPTO TYPE DATA and KRB5 CRYPTO TYPE SIGN ONLY regions in the iov.

See also:

```
krb5_c_make_checksum_iov()
```

Note: This function is similar to krb5_k_verify_checksum_iov(), but operates on keyblock key.

```
krb5 cksumtype to string - Convert a checksum type to a string.
krb5_error_code krb5_cksumtype_to_string (krb5_cksumtype cksumtype, char * buffer, size_t buflen)
     param [in] cksumtype - Checksum type
          [out] buffer - Buffer to hold converted checksum type
          [in] buflen - Storage available in buffer
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
krb5_decode_authdata_container - Unwrap authorization data.
krb5_error_code krb5_decode_authdata_container (krb5_context, krb5_authdatatype type,
                                                          const krb5 authdata * container, krb5 authdata
                                                          *** authdata)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] type - KRB5 AUTHDATA type of container
          [in] container - Authorization data to be decoded
          [out] authdata - List of decoded authorization data
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
See also:
krb5_encode_authdata_container()
krb5_decode_ticket - Decode an ASN.1-formatted ticket.
krb5_error_code krb5_decode_ticket (const krb5_data * code, krb5_ticket ** rep)
     param [in] code - ASN.1-formatted ticket
          [out] rep - Decoded ticket information
     retval
             • 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes
krb5 deltat to string - Convert a relative time value to a string.
krb5_error_code krb5_deltat_to_string (krb5_deltat deltat, char * buffer, size_t buflen)
     param [in] deltat - Relative time value to convert
          [out] buffer - Buffer to hold time string
          [in] buflen - Storage available in buffer
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

krb5_encode_authdata_container - Wrap authorization data in a container.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_encode_authdata_container (krb5_context context, krb5_authdatatype type, krb5_authdata *const * authdata, krb5_authdata **** container)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] type - KRB5_AUTHDATA type of container

[in] authdata - List of authorization data to be encoded

[out] container - List of encoded authorization data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

The result is returned in *container* as a single-element list.

See also:

```
krb5_decode_authdata_container()
```

krb5_enctype_to_name - Convert an encryption type to a name or alias.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_enctype_to_name (krb5_enctype enctype, krb5_boolean shortest, char * buffer, size_t buflen)

param [in] enctype - Encryption type

[in] shortest - Flag

[out] buffer - Buffer to hold encryption type string

[in] buflen - Storage available in buffer

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

If *shortest* is FALSE, this function returns the enctype's canonical name (like"aes128-cts-hmac-sha1-96"). If *shortest* is TRUE, it return the enctype's shortest alias (like"aes128-cts").

Note: New in 1.9

krb5_enctype_to_string - Convert an encryption type to a string.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_enctype_to_string (krb5_enctype enctype, char * buffer, size_t buflen)

param [in] enctype - Encryption type

[out] buffer - Buffer to hold encryption type string

[in] buflen - Storage available in buffer

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

```
krb5 free checksum - Free a krb5_checksum structure.
void krb5_free_checksum (krb5_context context, register krb5_checksum * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] val - Checksum structure to be freed
This function frees the contents of val and the structure itself.
krb5 free checksum contents - Free the contents of a krb5 checksum structure.
void krb5_free_checksum_contents (krb5_context context, register krb5_checksum * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] val - Checksum structure to free contents of
This function frees the contents of val, but not the structure itself.
krb5 free cksumtypes - Free an array of checksum types.
void krb5_free_cksumtypes (krb5_context context, krb5_cksumtype * val)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] val - Array of checksum types to be freed
krb5 free tgt creds - Free an array of credential structures.
void krb5_free_tgt_creds (krb5_context context, krb5_creds ** tgts)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] tgts - Null-terminated array of credentials to free
Note: The last entry in the array tgts must be a NULL pointer.
krb5 k create key - Create a krb5 key from the enctype and key data in a keyblock.
krb5_error_code krb5_k_create_key (krb5_context context, const krb5_keyblock * key_data, krb5_key
                                        * out)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] key_data - Keyblock
          [out] out - Opaque key
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - KRB5_BAD_ENCTYPE
```

The reference count on a key *out* is set to 1. Use krb5_k_free_key() to free *out* when it is no longer needed.

krb5_k_decrypt - Decrypt data using a key (operates on opaque key).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_decrypt (krb5_context context, krb5_key key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * cipher_state, const krb5_enc_data * input, krb5_data * output)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Encryption key

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[inout] cipher_state - Cipher state; specify NULL if not needed

[in] input - Encrypted data

[out] output - Decrypted data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function decrypts the data block *input* and stores the output into *output*. The actual decryption key will be derived from *key* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the encryption type. If non-null, *cipher_state* specifies the beginning state for the decryption operation, and is updated with the state to be passed as input to the next operation.

Note: The caller must initialize *output* and allocate at least enough space for the result. The usual practice is to allocate an output buffer as long as the ciphertext, and let $krb5_c_decrypt()$ trim *output->length*. For some enctypes, the resulting *output->length* may include padding bytes.

krb5 k decrypt iov - Decrypt data in place supporting AEAD (operates on opaque key).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_decrypt_iov (krb5_context context, krb5_key key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * cipher_state, krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Encryption key

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[in] cipher_state - Cipher state; specify NULL if not needed

[inout] data - IOV array. Modified in-place.

[in] num_data - Size of data

retval
```

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function decrypts the data block *data* and stores the output in-place. The actual decryption key will be derived from *key* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the encryption type. If non-null, *cipher_state* specifies the beginning state for the decryption operation, and is updated with the state to be passed as input to the next operation. The caller must allocate the right number of krb5 crypto iov structures before calling into this API.

See also:

```
krb5_k_encrypt_iov()
```

Note: On return from a krb5_c_decrypt_iov() call, the *data->length* in the iov structure are adjusted to

reflect actual lengths of the ciphertext used. For example, if the padding length is too large, the length will be reduced. Lengths are never increased.

This function is similar to krb5_c_decrypt_iov(), but operates on opaque key key.

krb5_k_encrypt - Encrypt data using a key (operates on opaque key).

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_encrypt (krb5_context context, krb5_key key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * cipher_state, const krb5_data * input, krb5_enc_data * output)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Encryption key

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[inout] cipher_state - Cipher state; specify NULL if not needed

[in] input - Data to be encrypted

[out] output - Encrypted data

retval
```

This function encrypts the data block *input* and stores the output into *output*. The actual encryption key will be derived from *key* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the encryption type. If non-null, *cipher_state* specifies the beginning state for the encryption operation, and is updated with the state to be passed as input to the next operation.

Note: The caller must initialize *output* and allocate at least enough space for the result (using krb5_c_encrypt_length() to determine the amount of space needed). *output->length* will be set to the actual length of the ciphertext.

krb5_k_encrypt_iov - Encrypt data in place supporting AEAD (operates on opaque key).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_encrypt_iov (krb5_context context, krb5_key key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * cipher_state, krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Encryption key

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[in] cipher_state - Cipher state; specify NULL if not needed

[inout] data - IOV array. Modified in-place.

[in] num_data - Size of data

retval
```

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function encrypts the data block *data* and stores the output in-place. The actual encryption key will be derived from *key* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the encryption type. If non-null, *cipher_state* specifies the beginning state for the encryption operation, and is updated with the state to be passed as input to the next operation. The caller must allocate the right number of krb5 crypto iov structures before calling into this API.

See also:

```
krb5_k_decrypt_iov()
```

Note: On return from a krb5_c_encrypt_iov() call, the *data->length* in the iov structure are adjusted to reflect actual lengths of the ciphertext used. For example, if the padding length is too large, the length will be reduced. Lengths are never increased.

This function is similar to krb5_c_encrypt_iov(), but operates on opaque key key.

```
krb5_k_free_key - Decrement the reference count on a key and free it if it hits zero.
```

```
void krb5_k_free_key (krb5_context context, krb5_key key)
param context
key
```

krb5_k_key_enctype - Retrieve the enctype of a krb5_key structure.

```
krb5_enctype krb5_k_key_enctype (krb5_context context, krb5_key key)

param context

key
```

krb5_k_key_keyblock - Retrieve a copy of the keyblock from a krb5_key structure.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_key_keyblock (krb5_context context, krb5_key key, krb5_keyblock ** key_data)

param context

key
key
key_data
```

krb5 k make checksum - Compute a checksum (operates on opaque key).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_make_checksum (krb5_context context, krb5_cksumtype cksumtype, krb5_key key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * input, krb5_checksum * cksum)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cksumtype - Checksum type (0 for mandatory type)

[in] key - Encryption key for a keyed checksum

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[in] input - Input data

[out] cksum - Generated checksum
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

retval

This function computes a checksum of type <code>cksumtype</code> over <code>input</code>, using <code>key</code> if the checksum type is a keyed checksum. If <code>cksumtype</code> is 0 and <code>key</code> is non-null, the checksum type will be the mandatory-to-implement checksum type for the key's encryption type. The actual checksum key will be derived from <code>key</code> and <code>usage</code> if key derivation is specified for the checksum type. The newly created <code>cksum</code> must be released by calling <code>krb5_free_checksum_contents()</code> when it is no longer needed.

See also:

```
krb5_c_verify_checksum()
```

Note: This function is similar to krb5_c_make_checksum(), but operates on opaque key.

krb5_k_make_checksum_iov - Fill in a checksum element in IOV array (operates on opaque key)

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_make_checksum_iov (krb5_context context, krb5_cksumtype cksumtype, krb5_key key, krb5_keyusage usage, krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context

[in] cksumtype - Checksum type (0 for mandatory type)

[in] key - Encryption key for a keyed checksum

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[inout] data - IOV array

[in] num_data - Size of data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Create a checksum in the KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM element over KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_DATA and KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY chunks in *data* . Only the KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM region is modified.

See also:

```
krb5_k_verify_checksum_iov()
```

Note: This function is similar to krb5_c_make_checksum_iov(), but operates on opaque key.

krb5_k_prf - Generate enctype-specific pseudo-random bytes (operates on opaque key).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_prf (krb5_context context, krb5_key key, krb5_data * input, krb5_data * output)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] key - Key

[in] input - Input data

[out] output - Output data

retval
```

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function selects a pseudo-random function based on *key* and computes its value over *input*, placing the result into *output*. The caller must preinitialize *output* and allocate space for the result.

Note: This function is similar to krb5_c_prf(), but operates on opaque key.

```
krb5_k_reference_key - Increment the reference count on a key.
```

```
void krb5_k_reference_key (krb5_context context, krb5_key key)
param context
key
```

krb5_k_verify_checksum - Verify a checksum (operates on opaque key).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_verify_checksum (krb5_context context, krb5_key key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_data * data, const krb5_checksum * cksum, krb5_boolean * valid)
```

param [in] context - Library context

- [in] key Encryption key for a keyed checksum
- [in] usage key usage
- [in] data Data to be used to compute a new checksum using key to compare cksum against
- [in] cksum Checksum to be verified
- [out] valid Non-zero for success, zero for failure

retval

• 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function verifies that *cksum* is a valid checksum for *data*. If the checksum type of *cksum* is a keyed checksum, *key* is used to verify the checksum. If the checksum type in *cksum* is 0 and *key* is not NULL, the mandatory checksum type for *key* will be used. The actual checksum key will be derived from *key* and *usage* if key derivation is specified for the checksum type.

Note: This function is similar to krb5_c_verify_checksum(), but operates on opaque key.

krb5 k verify checksum iov - Validate a checksum element in IOV array (operates on opaque key).

```
krb5_error_code krb5_k_verify_checksum_iov (krb5_context context, krb5_cksumtype cksum-type, krb5_key key, krb5_keyusage usage, const krb5_crypto_iov * data, size_t num_data, krb5_boolean * valid)

param [in] context - Library context

[in] cksumtype - Checksum type (0 for mandatory type)

[in] key - Encryption key for a keyed checksum

[in] usage - Key usage (see KRB5_KEYUSAGE types)

[in] data - IOV array

[in] num_data - Size of data
```

[out] valid - Non-zero for success, zero for failure

retval

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

Confirm that the checksum in the KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM element is a valid checksum of the KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_DATA and KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY regions in the iov.

See also:

```
krb5_k_make_checksum_iov()
```

Note: This function is similar to krb5_c_verify_checksum_iov(), but operates on opaque key.

6.1.4 Legacy convenience interfaces

krb5_recvauth - Server function for sendauth protocol.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_recvauth (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context * auth_context, krb5_pointer fd, char * appl_version, krb5_principal server, krb5_int32 flags, krb5_keytab keytab, krb5_ticket ** ticket)
```

param [in] context - Library context

[inout] auth_context - Pre-existing or newly created auth context

[in] fd - File descriptor

[in] appl_version - Application protocol version to be matched against the client's application version

[in] server - Server principal (NULL for any in keytab)

[in] flags - Additional specifications

[in] keytab - Key table containing service keys

[out] ticket - Ticket (NULL if not needed)

retval

• 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes

This function performs the server side of a sendauth/recvauth exchange by sending and receiving messages over fd.

Use krb5_free_ticket() to free *ticket* when it is no longer needed.

See also:

```
krb5_sendauth()
```

krb5 recvauth version - Server function for sendauth protocol with version parameter.

```
krb5_error_code krb5_recvauth_version (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context * auth_context, krb5_pointer fd, krb5_principal server, krb5_int32 flags, krb5_keytab keytab, krb5_ticket ** ticket, krb5_data * version)
```

```
param [in] context - Library context
           [inout] auth_context - Pre-existing or newly created auth context
           [in] fd - File descriptor
           [in] server - Server principal (NULL for any in keytab )
           [in] flags - Additional specifications
           [in] keytab - Decryption key
           [out] ticket - Ticket (NULL if not needed)
           [out] version - sendauth protocol version (NULL if not needed)
     retval
             • 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
This function is similar to krb5_recvauth() with the additional output information place into version.
krb5 sendauth - Client function for sendauth protocol.
krb5_error_code krb5_sendauth (krb5_context, krb5_auth_context * auth_context, krb5_pointer fd,
                                    char * appl_version, krb5_principal client, krb5_principal server,
                                     krb5_flags ap_req_options, krb5_data * in_data, krb5_creds * in_creds,
                                    krb5_ccache ccache, krb5_error ** error, krb5_ap_rep_enc_part
                                     ** rep_result, krb5_creds ** out_creds)
     param [in] context - Library context
           [inout] auth_context - Pre-existing or newly created auth context
           [in] fd - File descriptor that describes network socket
           [in] appl_version - Application protocol version to be matched with the receiver's application ver-
           sion
           [in] client - Client principal
           [in] server - Server principal
           [in] ap_req_options - AP_OPTS options
           [in] in_data - Data to be sent to the server
           [in] in_creds - Input credentials, or NULL to use ccache
           [in] ccache - Credential cache
           [out] error - If non-null, contains KRB_ERROR message returned from server
           [out] rep_result - If non-null and ap_req_options is AP_OPTS_MUTUAL_REQUIRED, contains
           the result of mutual authentication exchange
           [out] out creds - If non-null, the retrieved credentials
     retval
             • 0 Success: otherwise - Kerberos error codes
```

This function performs the client side of a sendauth/recvauth exchange by sending and receiving messages over fd.

Credentials may be specified in three ways:

- If *in_creds* is NULL, credentials are obtained with krb5_get_credentials() using the principals *client* and *server*. *server* must be non-null; *client* may NULL to use the default principal of *ccache*.
- If *in_creds* is non-null, but does not contain a ticket, credentials for the exchange are obtained with krb5_get_credentials() using *in_creds*. In this case, the values of *client* and *server* are unused.
- If *in_creds* is a complete credentials structure, it used directly. In this case, the values of *client*, *server*, and *ccache* are unused.

If the server is using a different application protocol than that specified in *appl_version*, an error will be returned.

Use krb5_free_creds() to free *out_creds*, krb5_free_ap_rep_enc_part() to free *rep_result*, and krb5_free_error() to free *error* when they are no longer needed.

See also:

krb5_recvauth()

6.1.5 Deprecated public interfaces

krb5_524_convert_creds - Convert a Kerberos V5 credentials to a Kerberos V4 credentials.

```
int krb5_524_convert_creds (krb5_context context, krb5_creds * v5creds, struct credentials * v4creds)

param context

v5creds

v4creds

v4creds

• KRB524_KRB4_DISABLED (always)
```

Note: Not implemented

krb5 auth con getlocalsubkey

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getlocalsubkey (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context, krb5_auth_context, krb5_keyblock ** keyblock)

param context
auth_context
keyblock

DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_auth_con_getsendsubkey().
```

krb5 auth con getremotesubkey

```
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_getremotesubkey (krb5_context context, krb5_auth_context auth_context, krb5_keyblock ** keyblock)
```

```
param context
          auth_context
          keyblock
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_auth_con_getrecvsubkey().
krb5_auth_con_initivector - Cause an auth context to use cipher state.
krb5_error_code krb5_auth_con_initivector(krb5_context
                                                                                          context,
                                                 krb5 auth context auth context)
     param [in] context - Library context
          [in] auth_context - Authentication context
     retval
            • 0 Success; otherwise - Kerberos error codes
Prepare auth context to use cipher state when krb5 mk priv() or krb5 rd priv() encrypt or decrypt data.
krb5_build_principal_va
krb5_error_code krb5_build_principal_va (krb5_context, krb5_principal princ, unsigned
                                              int rlen, const char * realm, va_list ap)
     param context
          princ
          rlen
          realm
          ap
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_build_principal_alloc_va().
krb5 c random seed
krb5_error_code krb5_c_random_seed (krb5_context context, krb5_data * data)
     param context
          data
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5_calculate_checksum
krb5_error_code krb5_calculate_checksum(krb5_context
                                                                         krb5_cksumtype
                                                             context,
                                                                                            ctype,
                                              krb5_const_pointer
                                                                                        in_length,
                                                                    in,
                                                                             size_t
                                              krb5_const_pointer
                                                                                      seed_length,
                                                                   seed.
                                                                             size_t
                                              krb5_checksum * outcksum)
```

```
param context
          ctype
          in
          in_length
          seed
          seed_length
          outcksum
DEPRECATED See krb5_c_make_checksum()
krb5_checksum_size
size_t krb5_checksum_size (krb5_context context, krb5_cksumtype ctype)
     param context
          ctype
DEPRECATED See krb5_c_checksum_length()
krb5_encrypt
krb5_error_code krb5_encrypt (krb5_context context, krb5_const_pointer inptr, krb5_pointer outptr,
                                size_t size, krb5_encrypt_block * eblock, krb5_pointer ivec)
     param context
          inptr
          outptr
          size
          eblock
          ivec
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5_decrypt
krb5_error_code krb5_decrypt (krb5_context context, krb5_const_pointer inptr, krb5_pointer outptr,
                                size_t size, krb5_encrypt_block * eblock, krb5_pointer ivec)
     param context
          inptr
          outptr
          size
          eblock
          ivec
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
```

```
krb5 eblock enctype
krb5_enctype krb5_eblock_enctype (krb5_context context, const krb5_encrypt_block * eblock)
     param context
         eblock
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5_encrypt_size
size_t krb5_encrypt_size (size_t length, krb5_enctype crypto)
     param length
         crypto
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5 finish key
krb5_error_code krb5_finish_key (krb5_context, krb5_encrypt_block * eblock)
     param context
          eblock
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5 finish random key
krb5_error_code krb5_finish_random_key (krb5_context context, const krb5_encrypt_block * eblock,
                                            krb5_pointer * ptr)
     param context
         eblock
         ptr
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5 cc gen new
krb5_error_code krb5_cc_gen_new (krb5_context context, krb5_ccache * cache)
     param context
          cache
krb5_get_credentials_renew
krb5_error_code krb5_get_credentials_renew(krb5_context
                                                               context,
                                                                           krb5 flags
                                                                                       options,
                                                 krb5_ccache ccache,
                                                                     krb5 creds
                                                                                      in_creds,
                                                 krb5_creds ** out_creds)
```

```
param context
         options
          ccache
         in_creds
         out creds
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_get_renewed_creds.
krb5 get credentials validate
krb5_error_code krb5_get_credentials_validate(krb5_context context, krb5_flags options,
                                                    krb5_ccache ccache, krb5_creds * in_creds,
                                                    krb5_creds ** out_creds)
     param context
         options
         ccache
         in creds
         out creds
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5 get validated creds.
krb5_get_in_tkt_with_password
krb5_error_code krb5_get_in_tkt_with_password(krb5_context
                                                                   context,
                                                                              krb5 flags
                                                            krb5_address *const *
                                                    tions,
                                                    krb5_enctype * ktypes,
                                                                              krb5_preauthtype
                                                    * pre_auth_types, const char * password,
                                                    krb5_ccache ccache, krb5_creds * creds,
                                                    krb5_kdc_rep ** ret_as_reply)
     param context
         options
         addrs
         ktypes
          pre_auth_types
          password
          ccache
          creds
          ret_as_reply
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_get_init_creds_password().
```

```
krb5 get in tkt with skey
krb5_error_code krb5_get_in_tkt_with_skey(krb5_context
                                                                context,
                                                                            krb5 flags
                                                                                          options,
                                                               *const
                                                                           addrs,
                                                 krb5_address
                                                                                    krb5_enctype
                                                 * ktypes, krb5_preauthtype * pre_auth_types, const
                                                 krb5_keyblock * key, krb5_ccache ccache, krb5_creds
                                                 * creds, krb5_kdc_rep ** ret_as_reply)
     param context
          options
          addrs
          ktypes
          pre_auth_types
          key
          ccache
          creds
          ret_as_reply
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_get_init_creds().
krb5_get_in_tkt_with_keytab
krb5_error_code krb5_get_in_tkt_with_keytab (krb5_context
                                                                             krb5_flags
                                                                  context,
                                                                                          options,
                                                   krb5_address *const *
                                                                            addrs, krb5_enctype
                                                   * ktypes, krb5_preauthtype * pre_auth_types,
                                                   krb5_keytab arg_keytab, krb5_ccache ccache,
                                                   krb5_creds * creds, krb5_kdc_rep ** ret_as_reply)
     param context
          options
          addrs
          ktypes
          pre_auth_types
          arg_keytab
          ccache
          creds
          ret_as_reply
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_get_init_creds_keytab().
krb5 get init creds opt init
void krb5_get_init_creds_opt_init (krb5_get_init_creds_opt * opt)
     param opt
DEPRECATED Use krb5_get_init_creds_opt_alloc() instead.
```

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```
krb5 init random key
krb5_error_code krb5_init_random_key (krb5_context context, const krb5_encrypt_block * eblock,
                                         const krb5_keyblock * keyblock, krb5_pointer * ptr)
     param context
          eblock
          kevblock
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5 kt free entry
krb5_error_code krb5_kt_free_entry (krb5_context context, krb5_keytab_entry * entry)
     param context
          entry
DEPRECATED Use krb5_free_keytab_entry_contents instead.
krb5 random key
krb5_error_code krb5_random_key (krb5_context context, const krb5_encrypt_block *
                                                                                        eblock,
                                   krb5_pointer ptr, krb5_keyblock ** keyblock)
     param context
          eblock
          ptr
         keyblock
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5 process key
krb5_error_code krb5_process_key (krb5_context context, krb5_encrypt_block * eblock, const
                                    krb5 keyblock * key)
     param context
          eblock
          key
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5_string_to_key
krb5_error_code krb5_string_to_key (krb5_context context, const krb5_encrypt_block * eblock,
                                       krb5_keyblock * keyblock, const krb5_data * data, const
                                       krb5_data * salt)
```

```
param context
         eblock
         keyblock
         data
         salt
DEPRECATED See krb5_c_string_to_key()
krb5 use enctype
krb5_error_code krb5_use_enctype (krb5_context
                                                 context,
                                                            krb5_encrypt_block
                                                                                     eblock,
                                   krb5_enctype enctype)
     param context
         eblock
         enctype
DEPRECATED Replaced by krb5_c_* API family.
krb5_verify_checksum
krb5_error_code krb5_verify_checksum (krb5_context context,
                                                               krb5_cksumtype ctype,
                                                                      krb5_const_pointer in,
                                        krb5_checksum * cksum,
                                        size_t in_length, krb5_const_pointer seed, size_t seed_length)
     param context
         ctype
         cksum
         in
         in_length
         seed
         seed_length
DEPRECATED See krb5_c_verify_checksum()
6.2 krb5 types and structures
6.2.1 Public
krb5 address
krb5_address
```

Structure for address.

typedef struct _krb5_address krb5_address

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_address.magic
krb5_addrtype krb5_address.addrtype
unsigned int krb5_address.length
krb5_octet * krb5_address.contents
```

krb5_addrtype

krb5_addrtype

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_addrtype

krb5_ap_req

krb5_ap_req

Authentication header.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_ap_req krb5_ap_req

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_ap_req.magic
krb5_flags krb5_ap_req.ap_options
    Requested options.
krb5_ticket * krb5_ap_req.ticket
    Ticket.
krb5_enc_data krb5_ap_req.authenticator
    Encrypted authenticator.
```

krb5_ap_rep

krb5_ap_rep

C representation of AP-REP message.

The server's response to a client's request for mutual authentication.

typedef struct _krb5_ap_rep krb5_ap_rep

Members

krb5_magic krb5_ap_rep.magic krb5_enc_data krb5_ap_rep.enc_part Ciphertext of ApRepEncPart.

krb5_ap_rep_enc_part

krb5_ap_rep_enc_part

Cleartext that is encrypted and put into _krb5_ap_rep.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_ap_rep_enc_part krb5_ap_rep_enc_part

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_ap_rep_enc_part.magic
```

krb5_timestamp krb5_ap_rep_enc_part.ctime Client time, seconds portion.

krb5_int32 krb5_ap_rep_enc_part.cusec Client time, microseconds portion.

krb5_keyblock * krb5_ap_rep_enc_part.subkey
Subkey (optional)

krb5_ui_4 krb5_ap_rep_enc_part.seq_number Sequence number.

krb5_authdata

krb5 authdata

Structure for auth data.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_authdata krb5_authdata

krb5_magic krb5_authdata.magic

krb5_authdatatype krb5_authdata.ad_type ADTYPE.

unsigned int **krb5_authdata.length**Length of data.

krb5_octet * krb5_authdata.contents
Data.

krb5_authdatatype

krb5_authdatatype

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_authdatatype

krb5_authenticator

krb5_authenticator

Ticket authenticator.

The C representation of an unencrypted authenticator.

Declaration

 $typedef\ struct\ _krb5_authenticator\ krb5_authenticator$

Members

krb5_magic krb5_authenticator.magic

krb5_principal krb5_authenticator.client
 client name/realm

krb5_checksum * krb5_authenticator.checksum checksum, includes type, optional

krb5_int32 krb5_authenticator.cusec client usec portion

krb5_timestamp krb5_authenticator.ctime
 client sec portion

krb5_keyblock * krb5_authenticator.subkey
true session key, optional

krb5_ui_4 krb5_authenticator.seq_number
sequence #, optional

krb5_authdata ** krb5_authenticator.authorization_data
authorization data

krb5 boolean

krb5_boolean

Declaration

typedef unsigned int krb5_boolean

krb5_checksum

krb5_checksum

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_checksum krb5_checksum

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_checksum.magic
krb5_cksumtype krb5_checksum.checksum_type
unsigned int krb5_checksum.length
krb5_octet * krb5_checksum.contents
```

krb5_const_pointer

krb5_const_pointer

Declaration

typedef void const* krb5_const_pointer

krb5_const_principal

krb5_const_principal

Constant version of krb5_principal_data.

Declaration

typedef const krb5_principal_data* krb5_const_principal

krb5 cred

krb5_cred

Credentials data structure.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_cred krb5_cred

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_cred.magic
krb5_ticket ** krb5_cred.tickets
    Tickets.
krb5_enc_data krb5_cred.enc_part
    Encrypted part.
krb5_cred_enc_part * krb5_cred.enc_part2
    Unencrypted version, if available.
```

krb5_cred_enc_part

krb5_cred_enc_part

Cleartext credentials information.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_cred_enc_part krb5_cred_enc_part

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_cred_enc_part.magic
krb5_int32 krb5_cred_enc_part.nonce
Nonce (optional)
```

krb5_timestamp krb5_cred_enc_part.timestamp Generation time, seconds portion.

krb5_int32 krb5_cred_enc_part.usec Generation time, microseconds portion.

krb5_cred_info

krb5_cred_info

Credentials information inserted into EncKrbCredPart.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_cred_info krb5_cred_info

Members

krb5_magic krb5_cred_info.magic

krb5_keyblock * krb5_cred_info.session Session key used to encrypt ticket.

krb5_principal krb5_cred_info.client Client principal and realm.

krb5_principal krb5_cred_info.server Server principal and realm.

krb5_flags krb5_cred_info.flags Ticket flags.

krb5_ticket_times krb5_cred_info.times
Auth, start, end, renew_till.

krb5_address ** krb5_cred_info.caddrs
Array of pointers to addrs (optional)

krb5 creds

krb5 creds

Credentials structure including ticket, session key, and lifetime info.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_creds krb5_creds

```
krb5_magic krb5_creds.magic
krb5_principal krb5_creds.client
     client's principal identifier
krb5_principal krb5_creds.server
     server's principal identifier
krb5 keyblock krb5 creds.keyblock
     session encryption key info
krb5_ticket_times krb5_creds.times
     lifetime info
krb5_boolean krb5_creds.is_skey
     true if ticket is encrypted in another ticket's skey
krb5_flags krb5_creds.ticket_flags
     flags in ticket
krb5 address ** krb5 creds.addresses
     addrs in ticket
krb5_data krb5_creds.ticket
     ticket string itself
krb5_data krb5_creds.second_ticket
     second ticket, if related to ticket (via DUPLICATE-SKEY or ENC-TKT-IN-SKEY)
krb5 authdata ** krb5 creds.authdata
     authorization data
```

krb5 crypto iov

krb5_crypto_iov

Structure to describe a region of text to be encrypted or decrypted.

The *flags* member describes the type of the iov. The *data* member points to the memory that will be manipulated. All iov APIs take a pointer to the first element of an array of krb5_crypto_iov's along with the size of that array. Buffer contents are manipulated in-place; data is overwritten. Callers must allocate the right number of krb5_crypto_iov structures before calling into an iov API.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_crypto_iov krb5_crypto_iov

Members

```
krb5_cryptotype krb5_crypto_iov.flags
KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE type of the iov
krb5_data krb5_crypto_iov.data
```

krb5_cryptotype

krb5_cryptotype

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_cryptotype

krb5 data

krb5_data

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_data krb5_data

Members

krb5_magic krb5_data.magic
unsigned int krb5_data.length
char * krb5_data.data

krb5_deltat

krb5_deltat

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_deltat

krb5_enc_data

krb5_enc_data

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_enc_data krb5_enc_data

Members

krb5_magic krb5_enc_data.magic
krb5_enctype krb5_enc_data.enctype
krb5_kvno krb5_enc_data.kvno
krb5_data krb5_enc_data.ciphertext

krb5 enc kdc rep part

krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part

C representation of *EncKDCRepPart* protocol message.

This is the cleartext message that is encrypted and inserted in KDC-REP.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part

Members

- krb5_magic krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.magic
- krb5_msgtype krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.msg_type
 krb5 message type
- krb5_keyblock * krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.session Session key.
- krb5_last_req_entry ** krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.last_req Array of pointers to entries.
- krb5_int32 krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.nonce Nonce from request.
- krb5_timestamp krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.key_exp Expiration date.
- krb5_flags krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.flags Ticket flags.
- krb5_ticket_times krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.times Lifetime info.
- krb5_principal krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.server Server's principal identifier.
- krb5_address ** krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.caddrs
 Array of ptrs to addrs, optional.
- krb5_pa_data ** krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part.enc_padata Encrypted preauthentication data.

krb5_enc_tkt_part

krb5_enc_tkt_part

Encrypted part of ticket.

Declaration

typedef struct krb5 enc tkt part krb5 enc tkt part

```
krb5_magic krb5_enc_tkt_part.magic
krb5_flags krb5_enc_tkt_part.flags
     flags
krb5_keyblock * krb5_enc_tkt_part.session
     session key: includes enctype
krb5_principal krb5_enc_tkt_part.client
     client name/realm
krb5_transited krb5_enc_tkt_part.transited
     list of transited realms
krb5_ticket_times krb5_enc_tkt_part.times
     auth, start, end, renew_till
krb5_address ** krb5_enc_tkt_part.caddrs
     array of ptrs to addresses
krb5_authdata ** krb5_enc_tkt_part.authorization_data
     auth data
krb5 encrypt block
krb5_encrypt_block
Declaration
typedef struct _krb5_encrypt_block krb5_encrypt_block
Members
krb5_magic krb5_encrypt_block.magic
krb5_enctype krb5_encrypt_block.crypto_entry
krb5_keyblock * krb5_encrypt_block.key
krb5 enctype
krb5_enctype
Declaration
typedef krb5_int32 krb5_enctype
krb5 error
```

krb5_error

Error message structure.

typedef struct _krb5_error krb5_error

Members

krb5_magic krb5_error.magic

krb5_timestamp krb5_error.ctime
Client sec portion; optional.

krb5_int32 krb5_error.cusec Client usec portion; optional.

krb5_int32 krb5_error.susec Server usec portion.

krb5_timestamp krb5_error.stime Server sec portion.

krb5_ui_4 krb5_error.error
Error code (protocol error #'s)

krb5_principal krb5_error.client Client principal and realm.

krb5_principal krb5_error.server
Server principal and realm.

krb5_data krb5_error.text
Descriptive text.

krb5_data krb5_error.e_data
Additional error-describing data.

krb5_error_code

krb5_error_code

Used to convey an operation status.

The value 0 indicates success; any other values are com_err codes. Use krb5_get_error_message() to obtain a string describing the error.

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_error_code

krb5_expire_callback_func

krb5_expire_callback_func

typedef void(* krb5_expire_callback_func)(krb5_context context, void *data, krb5_timestamp password_expiration, krb5_timestamp account_expiration, krb5_boolean is_last_req)

krb5 flags

krb5_flags

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_flags

krb5_get_init_creds_opt

krb5_get_init_creds_opt

Store options for _krb5_get_init_creds .

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_get_init_creds_opt krb5_get_init_creds_opt

Members

```
krb5_flags krb5_get_init_creds_opt.flags
krb5_deltat krb5_get_init_creds_opt.tkt_life
krb5_deltat krb5_get_init_creds_opt.renew_life
int krb5_get_init_creds_opt.forwardable
int krb5_get_init_creds_opt.proxiable
krb5_enctype * krb5_get_init_creds_opt.etype_list
int krb5_get_init_creds_opt.etype_list_length
krb5_address ** krb5_get_init_creds_opt.address_list
krb5_preauthtype * krb5_get_init_creds_opt.preauth_list
int krb5_get_init_creds_opt.preauth_list_length
krb5_data * krb5_get_init_creds_opt.salt
```

krb5_gic_opt_pa_data

krb5_gic_opt_pa_data

Generic preauth option attribute/value pairs.

typedef struct _krb5_gic_opt_pa_data krb5_gic_opt_pa_data

Members

```
char * krb5_gic_opt_pa_data.attr
char * krb5_gic_opt_pa_data.value
```

krb5_int16

krb5_int16

Declaration

typedef int16_t krb5_int16

krb5_int32

krb5_int32

Declaration

typedef int32_t krb5_int32

krb5_kdc_rep

krb5_kdc_rep

Representation of the *KDC-REP* protocol message.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_kdc_rep krb5_kdc_rep

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_kdc_rep.magic
```

krb5_msgtype krb5_kdc_rep.msg_type KRB5_AS_REP or KRB5_KDC_REP.

krb5_pa_data ** krb5_kdc_rep.padata
Preauthentication data from KDC.

krb5_principal krb5_kdc_rep.client Client principal and realm.

```
krb5_ticket * krb5_kdc_rep.ticket
Ticket.
```

krb5_enc_data krb5_kdc_rep.enc_part
Encrypted part of reply.

krb5_enc_kdc_rep_part * krb5_kdc_rep.enc_part2
Unencrypted version, if available.

krb5 kdc req

krb5_kdc_req

C representation of KDC-REQ protocol message, including KDC-REQ-BODY.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_kdc_req krb5_kdc_req

Members

krb5_magic krb5_kdc_req.magic

krb5_msgtype krb5_kdc_req.msg_type KRB5_AS_REQ or KRB5_TGS_REQ.

krb5_pa_data ** krb5_kdc_req.padata
Preauthentication data.

krb5_flags krb5_kdc_req.kdc_options
Requested options.

krb5_principal krb5_kdc_req.client Client principal and realm.

krb5_principal krb5_kdc_req.server
Server principal and realm.

krb5_timestamp krb5_kdc_req.from Requested start time.

krb5_timestamp krb5_kdc_req.till
Requested end time.

krb5_timestamp krb5_kdc_req.rtime
Requested renewable end time.

krb5_int32 krb5_kdc_req.nonce

Nonce to match request and response.

int krb5_kdc_req.nktypes
Number of enctypes.

krb5_enctype * krb5_kdc_req.ktype Requested enctypes.

krb5_address ** krb5_kdc_req.addresses
Requested addresses (optional)

```
krb5_enc_data krb5_kdc_req.authorization_data
Encrypted authz data (optional)
```

krb5_authdata ** krb5_kdc_req.unenc_authdata
Unencrypted authz data.

krb5_ticket ** krb5_kdc_req.second_ticket
Second ticket array (optional)

krb5 keyblock

krb5_keyblock

Exposed contents of a key.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_keyblock krb5_keyblock

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_keyblock.magic
krb5_enctype krb5_keyblock.enctype
unsigned int krb5_keyblock.length
krb5_octet * krb5_keyblock.contents
```

krb5_keytab_entry

krb5_keytab_entry

A key table entry.

Declaration

typedef struct krb5_keytab_entry_st krb5_keytab_entry

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_keytab_entry.magic
```

krb5_principal krb5_keytab_entry.principal Principal of this key.

krb5_timestamp krb5_keytab_entry.timestamp Time entry written to keytable.

krb5_kvno krb5_keytab_entry.vno Key version number.

krb5_keyblock krb5_keytab_entry.key
The secret key.

krb5_keyusage

krb5_keyusage

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_keyusage

krb5_kt_cursor

krb5_kt_cursor

Declaration

typedef krb5_pointer krb5_kt_cursor

krb5_kvno

krb5_kvno

Declaration

typedef unsigned int krb5_kvno

krb5_last_req_entry

krb5_last_req_entry

Last request entry.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_last_req_entry krb5_last_req_entry

Members

```
krb5\_magic \; \textbf{krb5}\_\textbf{last\_req\_entry.magic}
```

krb5_int32 krb5_last_req_entry.lr_type LR type.

krb5_timestamp krb5_last_req_entry.value Timestamp.

krb5 magic

krb5_magic

typedef krb5_error_code krb5_magic

krb5_mk_req_checksum_func

krb5_mk_req_checksum_func

Type of function used as a callback to generate checksum data for mk_req.

Declaration

typedef krb5_error_code(* krb5_mk_req_checksum_func)(krb5_context, krb5_auth_context, void *, krb5_data **)

krb5_msgtype

krb5_msgtype

Declaration

typedef unsigned int krb5_msgtype

krb5 octet

krb5_octet

Declaration

typedef uint8_t krb5_octet

krb5_pa_pac_req

krb5_pa_pac_req

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_pa_pac_req krb5_pa_pac_req

Members

krb5_boolean krb5_pa_pac_req.include_pac TRUE if a PAC should be included in TGS-REP.

krb5_pa_server_referral_data

krb5_pa_server_referral_data

typedef struct _krb5_pa_server_referral_data krb5_pa_server_referral_data

Members

```
krb5_data * krb5_pa_server_referral_data.referred_realm
krb5_principal krb5_pa_server_referral_data.true_principal_name
krb5_principal krb5_pa_server_referral_data.requested_principal_name
krb5_timestamp krb5_pa_server_referral_data.referral_valid_until
krb5_checksum krb5_pa_server_referral_data.rep_cksum
```

krb5_pa_svr_referral_data

krb5_pa_svr_referral_data

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_pa_svr_referral_data krb5_pa_svr_referral_data

Members

krb5_principal krb5_pa_svr_referral_data.principal Referred name, only realm is required.

krb5 pa data

krb5_pa_data

Pre-authentication data.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_pa_data krb5_pa_data

Members

Data.

```
krb5_magic krb5_pa_data.magic
krb5_preauthtype krb5_pa_data.pa_type
    Preauthentication data type.
unsigned int krb5_pa_data.length
    Length of data.
krb5_octet * krb5_pa_data.contents
```

krb5 pointer

krb5_pointer

Declaration

typedef void* krb5_pointer

krb5 post recv fn

krb5_post_recv_fn

Hook function for inspecting or overriding KDC replies.

If *code* is non-zero, KDC communication failed and *reply* should be ignored. The hook function may return *code* or a different error code, or may synthesize a reply by setting *new_reply_out* and return successfully. The hook function should use krb5_copy_data() to construct the value for *new_reply_out*, to ensure that it can be freed correctly by the library.

Declaration

typedef krb5_error_code(* krb5_post_recv_fn)(krb5_context context, void *data, krb5_error_code code, const krb5_data *realm, const krb5_data *message, const krb5_data *reply, krb5_data *reply_out)

krb5_pre_send_fn

krb5_pre_send_fn

Hook function for inspecting or modifying messages sent to KDCs.

If the hook function sets <code>reply_out</code>, <code>message</code> will not be sent to the KDC, and the given reply will used instead. If the hook function sets <code>new_message_out</code>, the given message will be sent to the KDC in place of <code>message</code>. If the hook function returns successfully without setting either output, <code>message</code> will be sent to the KDC normally. The hook function should use <code>krb5_copy_data()</code> to construct the value for <code>new_message_out</code> or <code>reply_out</code>, to ensure that it can be freed correctly by the library.

Declaration

typedef krb5_error_code(* krb5_pre_send_fn)(krb5_context context, void *data, const krb5_data *realm, const krb5_data *message, krb5_data **new_message_out, krb5_data **new_reply_out)

krb5 preauthtype

krb5_preauthtype

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_preauthtype

krb5 principal

krb5_principal

Declaration

typedef krb5_principal_data* krb5_principal

Members

krb5 principal data

krb5_principal_data

Declaration

typedef struct krb5_principal_data krb5_principal_data

Members

krb5_const_principal

krb5_const_principal

Constant version of krb5_principal_data.

Declaration

typedef const krb5_principal_data* krb5_const_principal

krb5_prompt

krb5_prompt

Text for prompt used in prompter callback function.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_prompt krb5_prompt

Members

```
char * krb5_prompt.prompt
The prompt to show to the user.

int krb5_prompt.hidden
Boolean; informative prompt or hidden (e.g. PIN)

krb5_data * krb5_prompt.reply
Must be allocated before call to prompt routine.
```

krb5_prompt_type

krb5_prompt_type

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_prompt_type

krb5_prompter_fct

krb5_prompter_fct

Pointer to a prompter callback function.

Declaration

typedef krb5_error_code(* krb5_prompter_fct)(krb5_context context, void *data, const char *name, const char *banner, int num_prompts, krb5_prompt prompts[])

krb5 pwd data

krb5_pwd_data

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_pwd_data krb5_pwd_data

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_pwd_data.magic
int krb5_pwd_data.sequence_count
passwd_phrase_element ** krb5_pwd_data.element
```

krb5 responder context

krb5_responder_context

A container for a set of preauthentication questions and answers.

A responder context is supplied by the krb5 authentication system to a $krb5_responder_fn$ callback. It contains a list of questions and can receive answers. Questions contained in a responder context can be listed using $krb5_responder_list_questions()$, retrieved using $krb5_responder_get_challenge()$, or answered using $krb5_responder_set_answer()$. The form of a question's challenge and answer depend on the question name.

Declaration

typedef struct krb5_responder_context_st* krb5_responder_context

krb5_responder_fn

krb5_responder_fn

Responder function for an initial credential exchange.

If a required question is unanswered, the prompter may be called.

Declaration

typedef krb5_error_code(* krb5_responder_fn)(krb5_context ctx, void *data, krb5_responder_context rctx)

krb5_responder_otp_challenge

krb5_responder_otp_challenge

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_responder_otp_challenge krb5_responder_otp_challenge

```
char * krb5_responder_otp_challenge.service
krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo ** krb5_responder_otp_challenge.tokeninfo
```

krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo

```
krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo
```

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo

Members

```
krb5_flags krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo.flags
krb5_int32 krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo.format
krb5_int32 krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo.length
char * krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo.vendor
char * krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo.challenge
char * krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo.token_id
char * krb5_responder_otp_tokeninfo.token_id
```

krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge

krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge

Members

```
krb5_responder_pkinit_identity ** krb5_responder_pkinit_challenge.identities
```

krb5_responder_pkinit_identity

krb5_responder_pkinit_identity

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_responder_pkinit_identity krb5_responder_pkinit_identity

```
char * krb5_responder_pkinit_identity.identity
krb5_int32 krb5_responder_pkinit_identity.token_flags
```

krb5_response

krb5_response

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_response krb5_response

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_response.magic
krb5_octet krb5_response.message_type
krb5_data krb5_response.response
krb5_int32 krb5_response.expected_nonce
krb5_timestamp krb5_response.request_time
```

krb5_replay_data

krb5_replay_data

Replay data.

Sequence number and timestamp information output by $krb5_rd_priv()$ and $krb5_rd_safe()$.

Declaration

typedef struct krb5_replay_data krb5_replay_data

Members

```
krb5_timestamp krb5_replay_data.timestamp
Timestamp, seconds portion.
krb5_int32 krb5_replay_data.usec
Timestamp, microseconds portion.
krb5_ui_4 krb5_replay_data.seq
Sequence number.
```

krb5 ticket

krb5_ticket

Ticket structure.

The C representation of the ticket message, with a pointer to the C representation of the encrypted part.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_ticket krb5_ticket

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_ticket.magic
krb5_principal krb5_ticket.server
    server name/realm
krb5_enc_data krb5_ticket.enc_part
    encryption type, kvno, encrypted encoding
krb5_enc_tkt_part * krb5_ticket.enc_part2
    ptr to decrypted version, if available
```

krb5 ticket times

krb5_ticket_times

Ticket start time, end time, and renewal duration.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_ticket_times krb5_ticket_times

Members

```
krb5_timestamp krb5_ticket_times.authtime
Time at which KDC issued the initial ticket that corresponds to this ticket.
krb5_timestamp krb5_ticket_times.starttime
optional in ticket, if not present, use authtime
krb5_timestamp krb5_ticket_times.endtime
Ticket expiration time.
krb5_timestamp krb5_ticket_times.renew_till
Latest time at which renewal of ticket can be valid.
```

krb5 timestamp

krb5_timestamp

Represents a timestamp in seconds since the POSIX epoch.

This legacy type is used frequently in the ABI, but cannot represent timestamps after 2038 as a positive number. Code which uses this type should cast values of it to uint32_t so that negative values are treated as timestamps between 2038 and 2106 on platforms with 64-bit time_t.

Declaration

typedef krb5 int32 krb5 timestamp

krb5 tkt authent

krb5_tkt_authent

Ticket authentication data.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_tkt_authent krb5_tkt_authent

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_tkt_authent.magic
krb5_ticket * krb5_tkt_authent.ticket
krb5_authenticator * krb5_tkt_authent.authenticator
krb5_flags krb5_tkt_authent.ap_options
```

krb5 trace callback

krb5_trace_callback

Declaration

typedef void(* krb5_trace_callback)(krb5_context context, const krb5_trace_info *info, void *cb_data)

krb5_trace_info

krb5_trace_info

A wrapper for passing information to a *krb5_trace_callback* .

Currently, it only contains the formatted message as determined the format string and arguments of the tracing macro, but it may be extended to contain more fields in the future.

typedef struct _krb5_trace_info krb5_trace_info

Members

const char * krb5_trace_info.message

krb5_transited

krb5_transited

Structure for transited encoding.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_transited krb5_transited

Members

krb5 typed data

krb5_typed_data

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_typed_data krb5_typed_data

Members

```
krb5_magic krb5_typed_data.magic
krb5_int32 krb5_typed_data.type
unsigned int krb5_typed_data.length
krb5_octet * krb5_typed_data.data
```

krb5_ui_2

krb5_ui_2

typedef uint16_t krb5_ui_2

krb5 ui 4

krb5_ui_4

Declaration

typedef uint32_t krb5_ui_4

krb5_verify_init_creds_opt

krb5_verify_init_creds_opt

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_verify_init_creds_opt krb5_verify_init_creds_opt

Members

```
krb5_flags krb5_verify_init_creds_opt.flags
int krb5_verify_init_creds_opt.ap_req_nofail
    boolean
```

passwd_phrase_element

passwd_phrase_element

Declaration

typedef struct _passwd_phrase_element passwd_phrase_element

Members

```
krb5_magic passwd_phrase_element.magic
krb5_data * passwd_phrase_element.passwd
krb5_data * passwd_phrase_element.phrase
```

6.2.2 Internal

krb5_auth_context

krb5_auth_context

typedef struct _krb5_auth_context* krb5_auth_context

krb5_cksumtype

krb5_cksumtype

Declaration

typedef krb5_int32 krb5_cksumtype

krb5_context

krb5_context

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_context* krb5_context

krb5_cc_cursor

krb5_cc_cursor

Cursor for sequential lookup.

Declaration

typedef krb5_pointer krb5_cc_cursor

krb5_ccache

krb5_ccache

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_ccache* krb5_ccache

krb5_cccol_cursor

krb5_cccol_cursor

Cursor for iterating over all ccaches.

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_cccol_cursor* krb5_cccol_cursor

krb5 init creds context

krb5_init_creds_context

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_init_creds_context* krb5_init_creds_context

krb5 key

krb5_key

Opaque identifier for a key.

Use with the krb5_k APIs for better performance for repeated operations with the same key and usage. Key identifiers must not be used simultaneously within multiple threads, as they may contain mutable internal state and are not mutex-protected.

Declaration

typedef struct krb5_key_st* krb5_key

krb5_keytab

krb5_keytab

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_kt* krb5_keytab

krb5_pac

krb5_pac

PAC data structure to convey authorization information.

Declaration

typedef struct krb5_pac_data* krb5_pac

krb5_rcache

krb5_rcache

Declaration

typedef struct krb5_rc_st* krb5_rcache

krb5_tkt_creds_context

krb5_tkt_creds_context

Declaration

typedef struct _krb5_tkt_creds_context* krb5_tkt_creds_context

6.3 krb5 simple macros

6.3.1 Public

ADDRTYPE_ADDRPORT

ADDRTYPE_ADDRPORT

ADDRTYPE_ADDRPORT 0x0100

ADDRTYPE_CHAOS

ADDRTYPE_CHAOS

ADDRTYPE_CHAOS 0x0005

ADDRTYPE_DDP

ADDRTYPE_DDP

ADDRTYPE_DDP 0x0010

ADDRTYPE_INET

ADDRTYPE_INET

ADDRTYPE_INET 0x0002

ADDRTYPE_INET6

ADDRTYPE_INET6

ADDRTYPE_INET6 0x0018

ADDRTYPE_IPPORT

ADDRTYPE_IPPORT

ADDRTYPE_IPPORT | 0x0101

ADDRTYPE ISO

ADDRTYPE_ISO

ADDRTYPE_ISO 0x0007

ADDRTYPE_IS_LOCAL

ADDRTYPE_IS_LOCAL

ADDRTYPE_NETBIOS

ADDRTYPE_NETBIOS

ADDRTYPE_NETBIOS 0x0014

ADDRTYPE_XNS

ADDRTYPE_XNS

ADDRTYPE_XNS 0x0006

AD_TYPE_EXTERNAL

AD_TYPE_EXTERNAL

AD_TYPE_EXTERNAL 0x4000

AD_TYPE_FIELD_TYPE_MASK

AD_TYPE_FIELD_TYPE_MASK

AD_TYPE_FIELD_TYPE_MASK | 0x1fff

AD_TYPE_REGISTERED

AD_TYPE_REGISTERED

AD_TYPE_REGISTERED 0x2000

AD TYPE RESERVED

AD_TYPE_RESERVED

AD_TYPE_RESERVED 0x8000

AP_OPTS_ETYPE_NEGOTIATION

AP_OPTS_ETYPE_NEGOTIATION

AP_OPTS_ETYPE_NEGOTIATION 0x00000002

AP_OPTS_MUTUAL_REQUIRED

AP_OPTS_MUTUAL_REQUIRED

Perform a mutual authentication exchange.

AP_OPTS_MUTUAL_REQUIRED 0x20000000

AP OPTS RESERVED

AP_OPTS_RESERVED

AP_OPTS_RESERVED 0x80000000

AP_OPTS_USE_SESSION_KEY

AP_OPTS_USE_SESSION_KEY

Use session key.

AP_OPTS_USE_SESSION_KEY 0x40000000

AP_OPTS_USE_SUBKEY

AP_OPTS_USE_SUBKEY

Generate a subsession key from the current session key obtained from the credentials.

AP_OPTS_USE_SUBKEY 0x0000001

AP_OPTS_WIRE_MASK

AP_OPTS_WIRE_MASK

AP_OPTS_WIRE_MASK 0xfffffff0

CKSUMTYPE CMAC CAMELLIA128

CKSUMTYPE_CMAC_CAMELLIA128

RFC 6803.

CKSUMTYPE_CMAC_CAMELLIA128 | 0x0011

CKSUMTYPE CMAC CAMELLIA256

CKSUMTYPE_CMAC_CAMELLIA256

RFC 6803.

CKSUMTYPE_CMAC_CAMELLIA256 0x0012

CKSUMTYPE_CRC32

CKSUMTYPE_CRC32

CKSUMTYPE_CRC32 0x0001

CKSUMTYPE_DESCBC

CKSUMTYPE DESCBC

CKSUMTYPE_DESCBC 0x0004

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_MD5_ARCFOUR

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_MD5_ARCFOUR

RFC 4757.

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_MD5_ARCFOUR -138

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA1_96_AES128

CKSUMTYPE HMAC SHA1 96 AES128

RFC 3962.

Used with ENCTYPE_AES128_CTS_HMAC_SHA1_96

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA1_96_AES128 0x000f

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA1_96_AES256

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA1_96_AES256

RFC 3962.

Used with ENCTYPE_AES256_CTS_HMAC_SHA1_96

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA1_96_AES256 0x0010

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA256_128_AES128

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA256_128_AES128

RFC 8009.

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA256_128_AES128 | 0x0013

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA384_192_AES256

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA384_192_AES256

RFC 8009.

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA384_192_AES256 | 0x0014

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA1_DES3

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA1_DES3

CKSUMTYPE_HMAC_SHA1_DES3 0x000c

CKSUMTYPE_MD5_HMAC_ARCFOUR

CKSUMTYPE_MD5_HMAC_ARCFOUR

CKSUMTYPE_MD5_HMAC_ARCFOUR | -137 /* Microsoft netlogon */

CKSUMTYPE_NIST_SHA

CKSUMTYPE_NIST_SHA

CKSUMTYPE_NIST_SHA 0x0009

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD4

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD4

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD4 0x0002

CKSUMTYPE RSA MD4 DES

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD4_DES

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD4_DES 0x0003

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD5

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD5

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD5 0x0007

CKSUMTYPE RSA MD5 DES

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD5_DES

CKSUMTYPE_RSA_MD5_DES 0x0008

ENCTYPE AES128 CTS HMAC SHA1 96

ENCTYPE_AES128_CTS_HMAC_SHA1_96

RFC 3962.

ENCTYPE_AES128_CTS_HMAC_SHA1_96 0x0011

ENCTYPE_AES128_CTS_HMAC_SHA256_128

ENCTYPE_AES128_CTS_HMAC_SHA256_128

RFC 8009.

ENCTYPE_AES128_CTS_HMAC_SHA256_128 0x0013

ENCTYPE AES256 CTS HMAC SHA1 96

ENCTYPE_AES256_CTS_HMAC_SHA1_96

RFC 3962.

ENCTYPE_AES256_CTS_HMAC_SHA1_96 0x0012

ENCTYPE_AES256_CTS_HMAC_SHA384_192

ENCTYPE_AES256_CTS_HMAC_SHA384_192

RFC 8009.

ENCTYPE AES256 CTS HMAC SHA384 192 0x0014

ENCTYPE ARCFOUR HMAC

ENCTYPE_ARCFOUR_HMAC

RFC 4757.

ENCTYPE_ARCFOUR_HMAC 0x0017

ENCTYPE ARCFOUR HMAC EXP

ENCTYPE_ARCFOUR_HMAC_EXP

RFC 4757.

ENCTYPE_ARCFOUR_HMAC_EXP 0x0018

ENCTYPE_CAMELLIA128_CTS_CMAC

ENCTYPE_CAMELLIA128_CTS_CMAC

RFC 6803.

ENCTYPE_CAMELLIA128_CTS_CMAC 0x0019

ENCTYPE_CAMELLIA256_CTS_CMAC

ENCTYPE_CAMELLIA256_CTS_CMAC

RFC 6803.

ENCTYPE_CAMELLIA256_CTS_CMAC | 0x001a

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_ENV

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_ENV

DES-3 cbc mode, CMS enveloped data.

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_ENV 0x000f

ENCTYPE DES3 CBC RAW

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_RAW

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_RAW 0x0006

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_SHA

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_SHA

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_SHA 0x0005

ENCTYPE DES3 CBC SHA1

ENCTYPE DES3 CBC SHA1

ENCTYPE_DES3_CBC_SHA1 0x0010

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_CRC

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_CRC

DES cbc mode with CRC-32.

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_CRC 0x0001

ENCTYPE DES CBC MD4

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_MD4

DES cbc mode with RSA-MD4.

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_MD4 0x0002

ENCTYPE DES CBC MD5

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_MD5

DES cbc mode with RSA-MD5.

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_MD5 0x0003

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_RAW

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_RAW

ENCTYPE_DES_CBC_RAW 0x0004

ENCTYPE_DES_HMAC_SHA1

ENCTYPE_DES_HMAC_SHA1

ENCTYPE_DES_HMAC_SHA1 | 0x0008

ENCTYPE_DSA_SHA1_CMS

ENCTYPE_DSA_SHA1_CMS

DSA with SHA1, CMS signature.

ENCTYPE_DSA_SHA1_CMS 0x0009

ENCTYPE_MD5_RSA_CMS

ENCTYPE_MD5_RSA_CMS

MD5 with RSA, CMS signature.

ENCTYPE_MD5_RSA_CMS 0x000a

ENCTYPE_NULL

ENCTYPE_NULL

ENCTYPE_NULL 0x0000

ENCTYPE RC2 CBC ENV

ENCTYPE_RC2_CBC_ENV

RC2 cbc mode, CMS enveloped data.

ENCTYPE_RC2_CBC_ENV 0x000c

ENCTYPE RSA ENV

ENCTYPE_RSA_ENV

RSA encryption, CMS enveloped data.

ENCTYPE_RSA_ENV 0x000d

ENCTYPE_RSA_ES_OAEP_ENV

ENCTYPE_RSA_ES_OAEP_ENV

RSA w/OEAP encryption, CMS enveloped data.

ENCTYPE_RSA_ES_OAEP_ENV 0x000e

ENCTYPE SHA1 RSA CMS

ENCTYPE_SHA1_RSA_CMS

SHA1 with RSA, CMS signature.

ENCTYPE_SHA1_RSA_CMS 0x000b

ENCTYPE_UNKNOWN

ENCTYPE_UNKNOWN

ENCTYPE_UNKNOWN 0x01ff

KDC_OPT_ALLOW_POSTDATE

KDC OPT ALLOW POSTDATE

KDC_OPT_ALLOW_POSTDATE | 0x04000000

KDC_OPT_CANONICALIZE

KDC_OPT_CANONICALIZE

KDC_OPT_CANONICALIZE 0x00010000

KDC OPT CNAME IN ADDL TKT

KDC_OPT_CNAME_IN_ADDL_TKT

KDC_OPT_CNAME_IN_ADDL_TKT 0x00020000

KDC OPT DISABLE TRANSITED CHECK

KDC_OPT_DISABLE_TRANSITED_CHECK

KDC_OPT_DISABLE_TRANSITED_CHECK 0x0000020

KDC_OPT_ENC_TKT_IN_SKEY

KDC_OPT_ENC_TKT_IN_SKEY

KDC_OPT_ENC_TKT_IN_SKEY 0x0000008

KDC_OPT_FORWARDABLE

KDC_OPT_FORWARDABLE

KDC_OPT_FORWARDABLE 0x4000000

KDC_OPT_FORWARDED

KDC_OPT_FORWARDED

KDC_OPT_FORWARDED 0x2000000

KDC_OPT_POSTDATED

KDC_OPT_POSTDATED

KDC_OPT_POSTDATED 0x02000000

KDC_OPT_PROXIABLE

KDC_OPT_PROXIABLE

KDC_OPT_PROXIABLE 0x10000000

KDC_OPT_PROXY

KDC_OPT_PROXY

KDC_OPT_PROXY | 0x08000000

KDC_OPT_RENEW

KDC_OPT_RENEW

KDC_OPT_RENEW 0x0000002

KDC OPT RENEWABLE

KDC_OPT_RENEWABLE

KDC_OPT_RENEWABLE 0x00800000

KDC_OPT_RENEWABLE_OK

KDC_OPT_RENEWABLE_OK

KDC_OPT_RENEWABLE_OK 0x0000010

KDC_OPT_REQUEST_ANONYMOUS

KDC_OPT_REQUEST_ANONYMOUS

KDC_OPT_REQUEST_ANONYMOUS 0x00008000

KDC_OPT_VALIDATE

KDC_OPT_VALIDATE

KDC_OPT_VALIDATE 0x0000001

KDC TKT COMMON MASK

KDC_TKT_COMMON_MASK

KDC_TKT_COMMON_MASK 0x54800000

KRB5_ALTAUTH_ATT_CHALLENGE_RESPONSE

KRB5_ALTAUTH_ATT_CHALLENGE_RESPONSE

alternate authentication types

KRB5_ALTAUTH_ATT_CHALLENGE_RESPONSE | 64

KRB5_ANONYMOUS_PRINCSTR

KRB5_ANONYMOUS_PRINCSTR

Anonymous principal name.

KRB5_ANONYMOUS_PRINCSTR "ANONYMOUS"

KRB5_ANONYMOUS_REALMSTR

KRB5_ANONYMOUS_REALMSTR

Anonymous realm.

KRB5_ANONYMOUS_REALMSTR | "WELLKNOWN: ANONYMOUS"

KRB5 AP REP

KRB5_AP_REP

Response to mutual AP request.

KRB5_AP_REP ((krb5_msgtype)15)

KRB5 AP REQ

KRB5_AP_REQ

Auth req to application server.

KRB5_AP_REQ ((krb5_msgtype)14)

KRB5 AS REP

KRB5_AS_REP

Response to AS request.

KRB5_AS_REP ((krb5_msgtype)11)

KRB5_AS_REQ

KRB5_AS_REQ

Initial authentication request.

KRB5_AS_REQ ((krb5_msgtype)10)

KRB5_AUTHDATA_AND_OR

KRB5_AUTHDATA_AND_OR

KRB5_AUTHDATA_AND_OR 5

KRB5 AUTHDATA AUTH INDICATOR

KRB5_AUTHDATA_AUTH_INDICATOR

KRB5_AUTHDATA_AUTH_INDICATOR | 97

KRB5_AUTHDATA_CAMMAC

KRB5_AUTHDATA_CAMMAC

KRB5_AUTHDATA_CAMMAC 96

KRB5_AUTHDATA_ETYPE_NEGOTIATION

KRB5_AUTHDATA_ETYPE_NEGOTIATION

RFC 4537.

KRB5_AUTHDATA_ETYPE_NEGOTIATION | 129

KRB5_AUTHDATA_FX_ARMOR

KRB5_AUTHDATA_FX_ARMOR

KRB5_AUTHDATA_FX_ARMOR | 71

KRB5_AUTHDATA_IF_RELEVANT

KRB5_AUTHDATA_IF_RELEVANT

KRB5_AUTHDATA_IF_RELEVANT | 1

KRB5_AUTHDATA_INITIAL_VERIFIED_CAS

KRB5_AUTHDATA_INITIAL_VERIFIED_CAS

KRB5_AUTHDATA_INITIAL_VERIFIED_CAS 9

KRB5_AUTHDATA_KDC_ISSUED

KRB5_AUTHDATA_KDC_ISSUED

KRB5_AUTHDATA_KDC_ISSUED | 4

KRB5_AUTHDATA_MANDATORY_FOR_KDC

KRB5_AUTHDATA_MANDATORY_FOR_KDC

KRB5_AUTHDATA_MANDATORY_FOR_KDC 8

KRB5_AUTHDATA_OSF_DCE

KRB5_AUTHDATA_OSF_DCE

KRB5_AUTHDATA_OSF_DCE | 64

KRB5_AUTHDATA_SESAME

KRB5 AUTHDATA SESAME

KRB5_AUTHDATA_SESAME | 65

KRB5_AUTHDATA_SIGNTICKET

KRB5_AUTHDATA_SIGNTICKET

formerly 142 in krb5 1.8

KRB5_AUTHDATA_SIGNTICKET | 512

KRB5_AUTHDATA_WIN2K_PAC

KRB5_AUTHDATA_WIN2K_PAC

KRB5_AUTHDATA_WIN2K_PAC | 128

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT DO SEQUENCE

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE

Prevent replays with sequence numbers.

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_SEQUENCE 0x00000004

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT DO TIME

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME

Prevent replays with timestamps and replay cache.

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_DO_TIME 0x0000001

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT GENERATE LOCAL ADDR

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT GENERATE LOCAL ADDR

Generate the local network address.

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_LOCAL_ADDR 0x0000001

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_LOCAL_FULL_ADDR

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_LOCAL_FULL_ADDR

Generate the local network address and the local port.

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT GENERATE LOCAL FULL ADDR 0x00000004

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT GENERATE REMOTE ADDR

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT GENERATE REMOTE ADDR

Generate the remote network address.

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_REMOTE_ADDR 0x00000002

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT GENERATE REMOTE FULL ADDR

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_REMOTE_FULL_ADDR

Generate the remote network address and the remote port.

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_GENERATE_REMOTE_FULL_ADDR | 0x00000008

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_PERMIT_ALL

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_PERMIT_ALL

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_PERMIT_ALL 0x0000010

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT RET SEQUENCE

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE

Save sequence numbers for application.

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_SEQUENCE 0x00000008

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME

Save timestamps for application.

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_RET_TIME 0x00000002

KRB5 AUTH CONTEXT USE SUBKEY

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_USE_SUBKEY

KRB5_AUTH_CONTEXT_USE_SUBKEY 0x00000020

KRB5_CRED

KRB5_CRED

Cred forwarding message.

KRB5_CRED ((krb5_msgtype)22)

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM

[out] checksum for MIC

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_CHECKSUM 6

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_DATA

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_DATA

[in, out] plaintext

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_DATA 2

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_EMPTY

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_EMPTY

[in] ignored

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_EMPTY 0

KRB5 CRYPTO TYPE HEADER

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_HEADER

[out] header

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_HEADER 1

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_PADDING

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_PADDING

[out] padding

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_PADDING 4

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY

[in] associated data

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_SIGN_ONLY 3

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_STREAM

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_STREAM

[in] entire message without decomposing the structure into header, data and trailer buffers

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_STREAM 7

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_TRAILER

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_TRAILER

[out] checksum for encrypt

KRB5_CRYPTO_TYPE_TRAILER | 5

KRB5 CYBERSAFE SECUREID

KRB5_CYBERSAFE_SECUREID

Cybersafe.

RFC 4120

KRB5_CYBERSAFE_SECUREID 9

KRB5 DOMAIN X500 COMPRESS

KRB5_DOMAIN_X500_COMPRESS

Transited encoding types.

KRB5_DOMAIN_X500_COMPRESS 1

KRB5_ENCPADATA_REQ_ENC_PA_REP

KRB5_ENCPADATA_REQ_ENC_PA_REP

RFC 6806.

KRB5_ENCPADATA_REQ_ENC_PA_REP 149

KRB5_ERROR

KRB5_ERROR

Error response.

KRB5_ERROR ((krb5_msgtype)30)

KRB5 FAST REQUIRED

KRB5_FAST_REQUIRED

Require KDC to support FAST.

KRB5_FAST_REQUIRED 0x0001

KRB5 GC CACHED

KRB5_GC_CACHED

Want cached ticket only.

KRB5_GC_CACHED 2

KRB5 GC CANONICALIZE

KRB5_GC_CANONICALIZE

Set canonicalize KDC option.

KRB5_GC_CANONICALIZE 4

KRB5_GC_CONSTRAINED_DELEGATION

KRB5_GC_CONSTRAINED_DELEGATION

Constrained delegation.

KRB5_GC_CONSTRAINED_DELEGATION 64

KRB5_GC_FORWARDABLE

KRB5_GC_FORWARDABLE

Acquire forwardable tickets.

KRB5_GC_FORWARDABLE 16

KRB5 GC NO STORE

KRB5_GC_NO_STORE

Do not store in credential cache.

KRB5_GC_NO_STORE 8

KRB5_GC_NO_TRANSIT_CHECK

KRB5_GC_NO_TRANSIT_CHECK

Disable transited check.

KRB5_GC_NO_TRANSIT_CHECK | 32

KRB5 GC USER USER

KRB5 GC USER USER

Want user-user ticket.

KRB5_GC_USER_USER 1

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_ADDRESS_LIST

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_ADDRESS_LIST

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_ADDRESS_LIST | 0x0020

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_ANONYMOUS

KRB5 GET INIT CREDS OPT ANONYMOUS

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_ANONYMOUS 0x0400

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_CANONICALIZE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_CANONICALIZE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_CANONICALIZE | 0x0200

KRB5 GET INIT CREDS OPT CHG PWD PRMPT

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_CHG_PWD_PRMPT

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_CHG_PWD_PRMPT | 0x0100

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_ETYPE_LIST

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_ETYPE_LIST

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_ETYPE_LIST 0x0010

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_FORWARDABLE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_FORWARDABLE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_FORWARDABLE | 0x0004

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_PREAUTH_LIST

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_PREAUTH_LIST

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_PREAUTH_LIST | 0x0040

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_PROXIABLE

KRB5 GET INIT CREDS OPT PROXIABLE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_PROXIABLE | 0x0008

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_RENEW_LIFE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_RENEW_LIFE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_RENEW_LIFE | 0x0002

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_SALT

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_SALT

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_SALT 0x0080

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_TKT_LIFE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_TKT_LIFE

KRB5_GET_INIT_CREDS_OPT_TKT_LIFE 0x0001

KRB5_INIT_CONTEXT_SECURE

KRB5_INIT_CONTEXT_SECURE

Use secure context configuration.

KRB5_INIT_CONTEXT_SECURE 0x1

KRB5 INIT CONTEXT KDC

KRB5_INIT_CONTEXT_KDC

Use KDC configuration if available.

KRB5_INIT_CONTEXT_KDC 0x2

KRB5 INIT CREDS STEP FLAG CONTINUE

KRB5_INIT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE

More responses needed.

KRB5_INIT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE 0x1

KRB5_INT16_MAX

KRB5_INT16_MAX

KRB5_INT16_MAX 65535

KRB5_INT16_MIN

KRB5_INT16_MIN

KRB5_INT16_MIN (-KRB5_INT16_MAX-1)

KRB5_INT32_MAX

KRB5_INT32_MAX

KRB5_INT32_MAX 2147483647

KRB5_INT32_MIN

KRB5_INT32_MIN

KRB5_INT32_MIN (-KRB5_INT32_MAX-1)

KRB5 KEYUSAGE AD ITE

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_ITE

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_ITE 21

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_KDCISSUED_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_KDCISSUED_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_KDCISSUED_CKSUM | 19

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_MTE

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_MTE

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_MTE 20

KRB5 KEYUSAGE AD SIGNEDPATH

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_SIGNEDPATH

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AD_SIGNEDPATH | -21

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_APP_DATA_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_APP_DATA_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_APP_DATA_CKSUM | 17

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_APP_DATA_ENCRYPT

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_APP_DATA_ENCRYPT

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_APP_DATA_ENCRYPT | 16

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REP_ENCPART

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REP_ENCPART

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REP_ENCPART | 12

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REQ_AUTH

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REQ_AUTH

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REQ_AUTH 11

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REQ_AUTH_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REQ_AUTH_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AP_REQ_AUTH_CKSUM | 10

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AS_REP_ENCPART

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AS_REP_ENCPART

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AS_REP_ENCPART | 3

KRB5 KEYUSAGE AS REQ

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AS_REQ

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AS_REQ 56

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AS_REQ_PA_ENC_TS

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AS_REQ_PA_ENC_TS

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_AS_REQ_PA_ENC_TS | 1

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_CAMMAC

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_CAMMAC

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_CAMMAC 64

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_ENC_CHALLENGE_CLIENT

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_ENC_CHALLENGE_CLIENT

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_ENC_CHALLENGE_CLIENT 54

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_ENC_CHALLENGE_KDC

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_ENC_CHALLENGE_KDC

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_ENC_CHALLENGE_KDC | 55

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_ENC

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_ENC

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_ENC 51

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_FINISHED

KRB5 KEYUSAGE FAST FINISHED

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_FINISHED | 53

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_REP

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_REP

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_REP | 52

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_REQ_CHKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_REQ_CHKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_FAST_REQ_CHKSUM 50

KRB5 KEYUSAGE GSS TOK MIC

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_GSS_TOK_MIC

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_GSS_TOK_MIC | 22

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_GSS_TOK_WRAP_INTEG

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_GSS_TOK_WRAP_INTEG

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_GSS_TOK_WRAP_INTEG | 23

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_GSS_TOK_WRAP_PRIV

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_GSS_TOK_WRAP_PRIV

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_GSS_TOK_WRAP_PRIV 24

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_IAKERB_FINISHED

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_IAKERB_FINISHED

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_IAKERB_FINISHED | 42

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KDC_REP_TICKET

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KDC_REP_TICKET

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KDC_REP_TICKET 2

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_CRED_ENCPART

KRB5 KEYUSAGE KRB CRED ENCPART

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_CRED_ENCPART | 14

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_ERROR_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_ERROR_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_ERROR_CKSUM | 18

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_PRIV_ENCPART

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_PRIV_ENCPART

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_PRIV_ENCPART | 13

KRB5 KEYUSAGE KRB SAFE CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_SAFE_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_KRB_SAFE_CKSUM | 15

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_FX_COOKIE

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_FX_COOKIE

Used for encrypted FAST cookies.

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_FX_COOKIE 513

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_OTP_REQUEST

KRB5 KEYUSAGE PA OTP REQUEST

See RFC 6560 section 4.2.

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_OTP_REQUEST 45

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_PKINIT_KX

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_PKINIT_KX

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_PKINIT_KX 44

KRB5 KEYUSAGE PA S4U X509 USER REPLY

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_S4U_X509_USER_REPLY

Note conflict with KRB5 KEYUSAGE PA SAM RESPONSE.

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_S4U_X509_USER_REPLY 27

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_S4U_X509_USER_REQUEST

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_S4U_X509_USER_REQUEST

Note conflict with $\mathtt{KRB5}_\mathtt{KEYUSAGE}_\mathtt{PA}_\mathtt{SAM}_\mathtt{CHALLENGE}_\mathtt{TRACKID}$.

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_S4U_X509_USER_REQUEST | 26

KRB5 KEYUSAGE PA SAM CHALLENGE CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_SAM_CHALLENGE_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_SAM_CHALLENGE_CKSUM | 25

KRB5 KEYUSAGE PA SAM CHALLENGE TRACKID

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_SAM_CHALLENGE_TRACKID

Note conflict with KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_S4U_X509_USER_REQUEST.

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_SAM_CHALLENGE_TRACKID | 26

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_SAM_RESPONSE

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_SAM_RESPONSE

Note conflict with KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_S4U_X509_USER_REPLY.

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_PA_SAM_RESPONSE 27

KRB5 KEYUSAGE TGS REP ENCPART SESSKEY

KRB5 KEYUSAGE TGS REP ENCPART SESSKEY

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REP_ENCPART_SESSKEY | 8

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REP_ENCPART_SUBKEY

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REP_ENCPART_SUBKEY

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REP_ENCPART_SUBKEY 9

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AD_SESSKEY

KRB5 KEYUSAGE TGS REQ AD SESSKEY

KRB5 KEYUSAGE TGS REQ AD SESSKEY 4

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AD_SUBKEY

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AD_SUBKEY

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AD_SUBKEY 5

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AUTH

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AUTH

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AUTH 7

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AUTH_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AUTH_CKSUM

KRB5_KEYUSAGE_TGS_REQ_AUTH_CKSUM 6

KRB5 KPASSWD ACCESSDENIED

KRB5_KPASSWD_ACCESSDENIED

Not authorized.

KRB5_KPASSWD_ACCESSDENIED 5

KRB5_KPASSWD_AUTHERROR

KRB5_KPASSWD_AUTHERROR

Authentication error.

KRB5_KPASSWD_AUTHERROR 3

KRB5 KPASSWD BAD VERSION

KRB5_KPASSWD_BAD_VERSION

Unknown RPC version.

KRB5_KPASSWD_BAD_VERSION 6

KRB5_KPASSWD_HARDERROR

KRB5_KPASSWD_HARDERROR

Server error.

KRB5_KPASSWD_HARDERROR 2

KRB5_KPASSWD_INITIAL_FLAG_NEEDED

KRB5_KPASSWD_INITIAL_FLAG_NEEDED

The presented credentials were not obtained using a password directly.

KRB5_KPASSWD_INITIAL_FLAG_NEEDED 7

KRB5 KPASSWD MALFORMED

KRB5_KPASSWD_MALFORMED

Malformed request.

KRB5_KPASSWD_MALFORMED 1

KRB5_KPASSWD_SOFTERROR

KRB5_KPASSWD_SOFTERROR

Password change rejected.

KRB5_KPASSWD_SOFTERROR 4

KRB5 KPASSWD SUCCESS

KRB5_KPASSWD_SUCCESS

Success.

KRB5_KPASSWD_SUCCESS 0

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_ACCT_EXPTIME

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_ACCT_EXPTIME

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_ACCT_EXPTIME | 7

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_INITIAL

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_INITIAL

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_INITIAL 2

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_RENEWAL

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_RENEWAL

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_RENEWAL 4

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_REQ

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_REQ

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_REQ 5

KRB5 LRQ ALL LAST TGT

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_TGT

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_TGT | 1

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_TGT_ISSUED

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_TGT_ISSUED

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_LAST_TGT_ISSUED 3

KRB5 LRQ ALL PW EXPTIME

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_PW_EXPTIME

KRB5_LRQ_ALL_PW_EXPTIME | 6

KRB5 LRQ NONE

KRB5_LRQ_NONE

KRB5_LRQ_NONE 0

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_ACCT_EXPTIME

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_ACCT_EXPTIME

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_ACCT_EXPTIME (-7)

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_INITIAL

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_INITIAL

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_INITIAL (-2)

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_RENEWAL

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_RENEWAL

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_RENEWAL | (-4)

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_REQ

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_REQ

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_REQ (-5)

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_TGT

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_TGT

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_TGT | (-1)

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_TGT_ISSUED

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_TGT_ISSUED

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_LAST_TGT_ISSUED (-3)

KRB5 LRQ ONE PW EXPTIME

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_PW_EXPTIME

KRB5_LRQ_ONE_PW_EXPTIME (-6)

KRB5 NT ENTERPRISE PRINCIPAL

KRB5_NT_ENTERPRISE_PRINCIPAL

Windows 2000 UPN.

KRB5_NT_ENTERPRISE_PRINCIPAL 10

KRB5_NT_ENT_PRINCIPAL_AND_ID

KRB5_NT_ENT_PRINCIPAL_AND_ID

NT 4 style name and SID.

| KRB5_NT_ENT_PRINCIPAL_AND_ID | -130

KRB5 NT MS PRINCIPAL

KRB5_NT_MS_PRINCIPAL

Windows 2000 UPN and SID.

KRB5_NT_MS_PRINCIPAL -128

KRB5_NT_MS_PRINCIPAL_AND_ID

KRB5_NT_MS_PRINCIPAL_AND_ID

NT 4 style name.

KRB5_NT_MS_PRINCIPAL_AND_ID | -129

KRB5 NT PRINCIPAL

KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL

Just the name of the principal as in DCE, or for users.

KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL 1

KRB5 NT SMTP NAME

KRB5_NT_SMTP_NAME

Name in form of SMTP email name.

KRB5_NT_SMTP_NAME 7

KRB5_NT_SRV_HST

KRB5_NT_SRV_HST

Service with host name as instance (telnet, rcommands)

KRB5_NT_SRV_HST 3

KRB5_NT_SRV_INST

KRB5_NT_SRV_INST

Service and other unique instance (krbtgt)

KRB5_NT_SRV_INST 2

KRB5_NT_SRV_XHST

KRB5_NT_SRV_XHST

Service with host as remaining components.

KRB5_NT_SRV_XHST 4

KRB5 NT UID

KRB5_NT_UID

Unique ID.

KRB5_NT_UID 5

KRB5_NT_UNKNOWN

KRB5_NT_UNKNOWN

Name type not known.

KRB5_NT_UNKNOWN 0

KRB5_NT_WELLKNOWN

KRB5_NT_WELLKNOWN

Well-known (special) principal.

KRB5_NT_WELLKNOWN 11

KRB5 NT X500 PRINCIPAL

KRB5_NT_X500_PRINCIPAL

PKINIT.

KRB5_NT_X500_PRINCIPAL | 6

KRB5_PAC_CLIENT_INFO

KRB5_PAC_CLIENT_INFO

Client name and ticket info.

KRB5_PAC_CLIENT_INFO 10

KRB5_PAC_CREDENTIALS_INFO

KRB5_PAC_CREDENTIALS_INFO

Credentials information.

KRB5_PAC_CREDENTIALS_INFO 2

KRB5 PAC DELEGATION INFO

KRB5_PAC_DELEGATION_INFO

Constrained delegation info.

KRB5_PAC_DELEGATION_INFO | 11

KRB5_PAC_LOGON_INFO

KRB5_PAC_LOGON_INFO

Logon information.

KRB5_PAC_LOGON_INFO 1

KRB5_PAC_PRIVSVR_CHECKSUM

KRB5_PAC_PRIVSVR_CHECKSUM

KDC checksum.

KRB5_PAC_PRIVSVR_CHECKSUM 7

KRB5_PAC_SERVER_CHECKSUM

KRB5_PAC_SERVER_CHECKSUM

Server checksum.

KRB5_PAC_SERVER_CHECKSUM | 6

KRB5 PAC UPN DNS INFO

KRB5_PAC_UPN_DNS_INFO

User principal name and DNS info.

KRB5_PAC_UPN_DNS_INFO 12

KRB5_PADATA_AFS3_SALT

KRB5_PADATA_AFS3_SALT

Cygnus.

RFC 4120, 3961

KRB5_PADATA_AFS3_SALT | 10

KRB5 PADATA AP REQ

KRB5_PADATA_AP_REQ

KRB5_PADATA_AP_REQ 1

KRB5_PADATA_AS_CHECKSUM

KRB5_PADATA_AS_CHECKSUM

AS checksum.

KRB5_PADATA_AS_CHECKSUM 132

KRB5_PADATA_ENCRYPTED_CHALLENGE

KRB5_PADATA_ENCRYPTED_CHALLENGE

RFC 6113.

KRB5_PADATA_ENCRYPTED_CHALLENGE 138

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_SANDIA_SECURID

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_SANDIA_SECURID

SecurId passcode.

RFC 4120

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_SANDIA_SECURID 6

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_TIMESTAMP

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_TIMESTAMP

RFC 4120.

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_TIMESTAMP 2

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_UNIX_TIME

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_UNIX_TIME

timestamp encrypted in key.

RFC 4120

KRB5_PADATA_ENC_UNIX_TIME 5

KRB5 PADATA ETYPE INFO

KRB5_PADATA_ETYPE_INFO

Etype info for preauth.

RFC 4120

KRB5_PADATA_ETYPE_INFO | 11

KRB5_PADATA_ETYPE_INFO2

KRB5_PADATA_ETYPE_INFO2

RFC 4120.

KRB5_PADATA_ETYPE_INFO2 | 19

KRB5_PADATA_FOR_USER

KRB5_PADATA_FOR_USER

username protocol transition request

KRB5_PADATA_FOR_USER 129

KRB5_PADATA_FX_COOKIE

KRB5_PADATA_FX_COOKIE

RFC 6113.

KRB5_PADATA_FX_COOKIE 133

KRB5_PADATA_FX_ERROR

KRB5_PADATA_FX_ERROR

RFC 6113.

KRB5_PADATA_FX_ERROR 137

KRB5_PADATA_FX_FAST

KRB5_PADATA_FX_FAST

RFC 6113.

KRB5_PADATA_FX_FAST 136

KRB5_PADATA_GET_FROM_TYPED_DATA

KRB5_PADATA_GET_FROM_TYPED_DATA

Embedded in typed data.

RFC 4120

KRB5_PADATA_GET_FROM_TYPED_DATA 22

KRB5 PADATA NONE

KRB5_PADATA_NONE

KRB5_PADATA_NONE 0

KRB5_PADATA_OSF_DCE

KRB5_PADATA_OSF_DCE

OSF DCE.

RFC 4120

KRB5_PADATA_OSF_DCE | 8

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_CHALLENGE

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_CHALLENGE

RFC 6560 section 4.1.

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_CHALLENGE | 141

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_PIN_CHANGE

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_PIN_CHANGE

RFC 6560 section 4.3.

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_PIN_CHANGE | 144

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_REQUEST

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_REQUEST

RFC 6560 section 4.2.

KRB5_PADATA_OTP_REQUEST 142

KRB5 PADATA PAC REQUEST

KRB5_PADATA_PAC_REQUEST

include Windows PAC

KRB5_PADATA_PAC_REQUEST | 128

KRB5_PADATA_PKINIT_KX

KRB5_PADATA_PKINIT_KX

RFC 6112.

KRB5_PADATA_PKINIT_KX 147

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REP

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REP

PKINIT.

RFC 4556

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REP | 17

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REP_OLD

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REP_OLD

PKINIT.

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REP_OLD 15

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REQ

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REQ

PKINIT.

RFC 4556

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REQ | 16

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REQ_OLD

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REQ_OLD

PKINIT.

KRB5_PADATA_PK_AS_REQ_OLD | 14

KRB5_PADATA_PW_SALT

KRB5_PADATA_PW_SALT

RFC 4120.

KRB5_PADATA_PW_SALT 3

KRB5 PADATA REFERRAL

KRB5_PADATA_REFERRAL

draft referral system

KRB5_PADATA_REFERRAL 25

KRB5_PADATA_S4U_X509_USER

KRB5_PADATA_S4U_X509_USER

certificate protocol transition request

KRB5_PADATA_S4U_X509_USER | 130

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_CHALLENGE

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_CHALLENGE

SAM/OTP.

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_CHALLENGE 12

KRB5 PADATA SAM CHALLENGE 2

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_CHALLENGE_2

draft challenge system, updated

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_CHALLENGE_2 30

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_REDIRECT

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_REDIRECT

SAM/OTP.

RFC 4120

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_REDIRECT 21

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_RESPONSE

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_RESPONSE

SAM/OTP.

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_RESPONSE 13

KRB5 PADATA SAM RESPONSE 2

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_RESPONSE_2

draft challenge system, updated

KRB5_PADATA_SAM_RESPONSE_2 31

KRB5 PADATA SESAME

KRB5_PADATA_SESAME

Sesame project.

RFC 4120

KRB5_PADATA_SESAME 7

KRB5 PADATA SVR REFERRAL INFO

KRB5_PADATA_SVR_REFERRAL_INFO

Windows 2000 referrals.

RFC 6820

KRB5_PADATA_SVR_REFERRAL_INFO | 20

KRB5_PADATA_TGS_REQ

KRB5_PADATA_TGS_REQ

KRB5_PADATA_TGS_REQ KRB5_PADATA_AP_REQ

KRB5_PADATA_USE_SPECIFIED_KVNO

KRB5_PADATA_USE_SPECIFIED_KVNO

RFC 4120.

KRB5_PADATA_USE_SPECIFIED_KVNO 20

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_CASEFOLD

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_CASEFOLD

case-insensitive

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_CASEFOLD 4

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_ENTERPRISE

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_ENTERPRISE

UPNs as real principals.

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_ENTERPRISE 2

KRB5 PRINCIPAL COMPARE IGNORE REALM

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_IGNORE_REALM

ignore realm component

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_IGNORE_REALM 1

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_UTF8

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_UTF8

treat principals as UTF-8

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_COMPARE_UTF8 | 8

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_ENTERPRISE

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_ENTERPRISE

Create single-component enterprise principle.

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_ENTERPRISE 0x4

KRB5 PRINCIPAL PARSE IGNORE REALM

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_IGNORE_REALM

Ignore realm if present.

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_IGNORE_REALM 0x8

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_NO_REALM

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_NO_REALM

Error if realm is present.

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_NO_REALM | 0x1

KRB5 PRINCIPAL PARSE REQUIRE REALM

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_REQUIRE_REALM

Error if realm is not present.

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_PARSE_REQUIRE_REALM 0x2

KRB5 PRINCIPAL UNPARSE DISPLAY

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_DISPLAY

Don't escape special characters.

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_DISPLAY 0x4

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_NO_REALM

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_NO_REALM

Omit realm always.

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_NO_REALM 0x2

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_SHORT

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_SHORT

Omit realm if it is the local realm.

KRB5_PRINCIPAL_UNPARSE_SHORT 0x1

KRB5 PRIV

KRB5_PRIV

Private application message.

KRB5_PRIV ((krb5_msgtype)21)

KRB5 PROMPT TYPE NEW PASSWORD

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_NEW_PASSWORD

Prompt for new password (during password change)

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_NEW_PASSWORD 0x2

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_NEW_PASSWORD_AGAIN

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_NEW_PASSWORD_AGAIN

Prompt for new password again.

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_NEW_PASSWORD_AGAIN 0x3

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_PASSWORD

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_PASSWORD

Prompt for password.

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_PASSWORD 0x1

KRB5 PROMPT TYPE PREAUTH

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_PREAUTH

Prompt for preauthentication data (such as an OTP value)

KRB5_PROMPT_TYPE_PREAUTH 0x4

KRB5_PVNO

KRB5_PVNO

Protocol version number.

KRB5_PVNO 5

KRB5 REALM BRANCH CHAR

KRB5 REALM BRANCH CHAR

KRB5_REALM_BRANCH_CHAR '.'

KRB5_RECVAUTH_BADAUTHVERS

KRB5_RECVAUTH_BADAUTHVERS

KRB5_RECVAUTH_BADAUTHVERS 0x0002

KRB5_RECVAUTH_SKIP_VERSION

KRB5 RECVAUTH SKIP VERSION

KRB5_RECVAUTH_SKIP_VERSION | 0x0001

KRB5_REFERRAL_REALM

KRB5_REFERRAL_REALM

Constant for realm referrals.

KRB5_REFERRAL_REALM ""

KRB5_RESPONDER_PKINIT_FLAGS_TOKEN_USER_PIN_COUNT_LOW

KRB5_RESPONDER_PKINIT_FLAGS_TOKEN_USER_PIN_COUNT_LOW

This flag indicates that an incorrect PIN was supplied at least once since the last time the correct PIN was supplied.

KRB5 RESPONDER PKINIT FLAGS TOKEN USER PIN COUNT LOW (1 << 0)

KRB5_RESPONDER_PKINIT_FLAGS_TOKEN_USER_PIN_FINAL_TRY

KRB5_RESPONDER_PKINIT_FLAGS_TOKEN_USER_PIN_FINAL_TRY

This flag indicates that supplying an incorrect PIN will cause the token to lock itself.

KRB5_RESPONDER_PKINIT_FLAGS_TOKEN_USER_PIN_FINAL_TRY | (1 << 1)

KRB5 RESPONDER PKINIT FLAGS TOKEN USER PIN LOCKED

KRB5_RESPONDER_PKINIT_FLAGS_TOKEN_USER_PIN_LOCKED

This flag indicates that the user PIN is locked, and you can't log in to the token with it.

KRB5_RESPONDER_PKINIT_FLAGS_TOKEN_USER_PIN_LOCKED (1 << 2)

KRB5 RESPONDER QUESTION PKINIT

KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PKINIT

PKINIT responder question.

The PKINIT responder question is asked when the client needs a password that's being used to protect key information, and is formatted as a JSON object. A specific identity's flags value, if not zero, is the bitwise-OR of one or more of the KRB5_RESPONDER_PKINIT_FLAGS_TOKEN_* flags defined below, and possibly other flags to be added later. Any resemblance to similarly-named CKF_* values in the PKCS#11 API should not be depended on.

```
{
identity <string> : flags <number>,
...
}
The answer to the question MUST be JSON formatted:
{
identity <string> : password <string>,
...
}

KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PKINIT "pkinit"
```

KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FLAGS COLLECT PIN

KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FLAGS COLLECT PIN

This flag indicates that the PIN value MUST be collected.

```
KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_COLLECT_PIN 0x0002
```

KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_COLLECT_TOKEN

KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_COLLECT_TOKEN

This flag indicates that the token value MUST be collected.

```
KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_COLLECT_TOKEN | 0x0001
```

KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FLAGS NEXTOTP

KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_NEXTOTP

This flag indicates that the token is now in re-synchronization mode with the server.

The user is expected to reply with the next code displayed on the token.

```
KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_NEXTOTP 0x0004
```

KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FLAGS SEPARATE PIN

KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_SEPARATE_PIN

This flag indicates that the PIN MUST be returned as a separate item.

This flag only takes effect if KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_COLLECT_PIN is set. If this flag is not set, the responder may either concatenate PIN + token value and store it as "value" in the answer or it may return them separately. If they are returned separately, they will be concatenated internally.

```
KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FLAGS_SEPARATE_PIN 0x0008
```

KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FORMAT ALPHANUMERIC

KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FORMAT ALPHANUMERIC

```
KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FORMAT_ALPHANUMERIC 2
```

KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FORMAT_DECIMAL

KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FORMAT_DECIMAL

These format constants identify the format of the token value.

```
KRB5_RESPONDER_OTP_FORMAT_DECIMAL 0
```

KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FORMAT HEXADECIMAL

KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FORMAT HEXADECIMAL

```
KRB5 RESPONDER OTP FORMAT HEXADECIMAL 1
```

KRB5 RESPONDER QUESTION OTP

KRB5 RESPONDER QUESTION OTP

OTP responder question.

The OTP responder question is asked when the KDC indicates that an OTP value is required in order to complete the authentication. The JSON format of the challenge is:

```
"service": <string (optional)>,
"tokenInfo": [
{
    "flags": <number>,
    "vendor": <string (optional)>,
    "challenge": <string (optional)>,
    "length": <number (optional)>,
    "format": <number (optional)>,
    "tokenID": <string (optional)>,
```

```
"algID": <string (optional)>,
},
...

}
The answer to the question MUST be JSON formatted:
{
  "tokeninfo": <number>,
  "value": <string (optional)>,
  "pin": <string (optional)>,
}
For more detail, please see RFC 6560.

[KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_OTP "otp"]
```

KRB5 RESPONDER QUESTION PASSWORD

KRB5_RESPONDER_QUESTION_PASSWORD

Long-term password responder question.

This question is asked when the long-term password is needed. It has no challenge and the response is simply the password string.

KRB5_SAFE

KRB5 SAFE

Safe application message.

```
KRB5_SAFE ((krb5_msgtype)20)
```

KRB5_SAM_MUST_PK_ENCRYPT_SAD

KRB5_SAM_MUST_PK_ENCRYPT_SAD

currently must be zero

```
KRB5_SAM_MUST_PK_ENCRYPT_SAD 0x20000000
```

KRB5_SAM_SEND_ENCRYPTED_SAD

KRB5_SAM_SEND_ENCRYPTED_SAD

KRB5_SAM_SEND_ENCRYPTED_SAD	0x40000000
-----------------------------	------------

KRB5 SAM USE SAD AS KEY

KRB5_SAM_USE_SAD_AS_KEY

KRB5_SAM_USE_SAD_AS_KEY 0x80000000

KRB5_TC_MATCH_2ND_TKT

KRB5_TC_MATCH_2ND_TKT

The second ticket must match.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_2ND_TKT 0x00000080

KRB5_TC_MATCH_AUTHDATA

KRB5 TC MATCH AUTHDATA

The authorization data must match.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_AUTHDATA 0x00000020

KRB5_TC_MATCH_FLAGS

KRB5_TC_MATCH_FLAGS

All the flags set in the match credentials must be set.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_FLAGS 0x0000004

KRB5_TC_MATCH_FLAGS_EXACT

KRB5 TC MATCH FLAGS EXACT

All the flags must match exactly.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_FLAGS_EXACT 0x0000010

KRB5_TC_MATCH_IS_SKEY

KRB5_TC_MATCH_IS_SKEY

The is_skey field must match exactly.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_IS_SKEY 0x00000002

KRB5_TC_MATCH_KTYPE

KRB5_TC_MATCH_KTYPE

The encryption key type must match.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_KTYPE 0x0000100

KRB5_TC_MATCH_SRV_NAMEONLY

KRB5_TC_MATCH_SRV_NAMEONLY

Only the name portion of the principal name must match.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_SRV_NAMEONLY 0x00000040

KRB5_TC_MATCH_TIMES

KRB5_TC_MATCH_TIMES

The requested lifetime must be at least as great as the time specified.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_TIMES 0x0000001

KRB5 TC MATCH TIMES EXACT

KRB5_TC_MATCH_TIMES_EXACT

All the time fields must match exactly.

KRB5_TC_MATCH_TIMES_EXACT 0x00000008

KRB5_TC_NOTICKET

KRB5_TC_NOTICKET

KRB5_TC_NOTICKET 0x00000002

KRB5_TC_OPENCLOSE

KRB5 TC OPENCLOSE

Open and close the file for each cache operation.

KRB5_TC_OPENCLOSE 0x0000001

KRB5_TC_SUPPORTED_KTYPES

KRB5_TC_SUPPORTED_KTYPES

The supported key types must match.

KRB5_TC_SUPPORTED_KTYPES 0x00000200

KRB5_TGS_NAME

KRB5_TGS_NAME

KRB5_TGS_NAME "krbtgt"

KRB5 TGS NAME SIZE

KRB5_TGS_NAME_SIZE

KRB5_TGS_NAME_SIZE 6

KRB5_TGS_REP

KRB5_TGS_REP

Response to TGS request.

KRB5_TGS_REP ((krb5_msgtype)13)

KRB5_TGS_REQ

KRB5_TGS_REQ

Ticket granting server request.

KRB5_TGS_REQ ((krb5_msgtype)12)

KRB5_TKT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE

KRB5_TKT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE

More responses needed.

KRB5_TKT_CREDS_STEP_FLAG_CONTINUE 0x1

KRB5_VERIFY_INIT_CREDS_OPT_AP_REQ_NOFAIL

KRB5_VERIFY_INIT_CREDS_OPT_AP_REQ_NOFAIL

KRB5_VERIFY_INIT_CREDS_OPT_AP_REQ_NOFAIL | 0x0001

KRB5_WELLKNOWN_NAMESTR

KRB5_WELLKNOWN_NAMESTR

First component of NT_WELLKNOWN principals.

KRB5_WELLKNOWN_NAMESTR "WELLKNOWN"

LR_TYPE_INTERPRETATION_MASK

LR_TYPE_INTERPRETATION_MASK

LR_TYPE_INTERPRETATION_MASK | 0x7fff

LR_TYPE_THIS_SERVER_ONLY

LR_TYPE_THIS_SERVER_ONLY

LR_TYPE_THIS_SERVER_ONLY | 0x8000

MAX_KEYTAB_NAME_LEN

MAX_KEYTAB_NAME_LEN

Long enough for MAXPATHLEN + some extra.

MAX_KEYTAB_NAME_LEN | 1100

MSEC_DIRBIT

MSEC_DIRBIT

MSEC_DIRBIT 0x8000

MSEC_VAL_MASK

MSEC_VAL_MASK

MSEC_VAL_MASK 0x7fff

SALT_TYPE_AFS_LENGTH

SALT_TYPE_AFS_LENGTH

SALT_TYPE_NO_LENGTH

SALT_TYPE_NO_LENGTH

THREEPARAMOPEN

THREEPARAMOPEN

THREEPARAMOPEN $(x, y, z) \mid open(x, y, z)$

TKT_FLG_ANONYMOUS

TKT_FLG_ANONYMOUS

TKT_FLG_ANONYMOUS 0x00008000

TKT_FLG_ENC_PA_REP

TKT_FLG_ENC_PA_REP

TKT_FLG_ENC_PA_REP 0x00010000

TKT FLG FORWARDABLE

TKT_FLG_FORWARDABLE

TKT_FLG_FORWARDABLE 0x4000000

TKT_FLG_FORWARDED

TKT_FLG_FORWARDED

TKT_FLG_FORWARDED 0x2000000

TKT_FLG_HW_AUTH

TKT_FLG_HW_AUTH

TKT_FLG_HW_AUTH 0x00100000

TKT_FLG_INITIAL

TKT_FLG_INITIAL

TKT_FLG_INITIAL 0x00400000

TKT_FLG_INVALID

TKT_FLG_INVALID

TKT_FLG_INVALID 0x01000000

TKT_FLG_MAY_POSTDATE

TKT FLG MAY POSTDATE

TKT_FLG_MAY_POSTDATE | 0x04000000

TKT_FLG_OK_AS_DELEGATE

TKT_FLG_OK_AS_DELEGATE

TKT_FLG_OK_AS_DELEGATE 0x00040000

TKT FLG POSTDATED

${\tt TKT_FLG_POSTDATED}$

TKT_FLG_POSTDATED 0x02000000

TKT_FLG_PRE_AUTH

TKT_FLG_PRE_AUTH

TKT_FLG_PRE_AUTH 0x00200000

TKT_FLG_PROXIABLE

TKT_FLG_PROXIABLE

TKT_FLG_PROXIABLE 0x1000000

TKT_FLG_PROXY

TKT_FLG_PROXY

TKT_FLG_PROXY 0x08000000

TKT_FLG_RENEWABLE

TKT_FLG_RENEWABLE

TKT_FLG_RENEWABLE 0x00800000

TKT_FLG_TRANSIT_POLICY_CHECKED

TKT_FLG_TRANSIT_POLICY_CHECKED

TKT_FLG_TRANSIT_POLICY_CHECKED 0x00080000

VALID_INT_BITS

VALID_INT_BITS

VALID_INT_BITS | INT_MAX

VALID_UINT_BITS

VALID_UINT_BITS

VALID_UINT_BITS | UINT_MAX

krb5_const

krb5_const

krb5_const | const

krb5_princ_component

${\tt krb5_princ_component}$

krb5_princ_component	(((i) < krb5_princ_size(context, princ)) ?
(context, princ, i)	(princ)->data + (i) : NULL)

krb5_princ_name

krb5_princ_name

krb5_princ_name (conte	ext, princ) (princ)->data
------------------------	-----------------------------

krb5_princ_realm

krb5_princ_realm

krb5_princ_realm (context, princ	(&(princ)->realm)
----------------------------------	-------------------

krb5_princ_set_realm

krb5_princ_set_realm

krb5_princ_set_realm (context, princ, value) ((princ)->realm = *(valu

krb5_princ_set_realm_data

krb5_princ_set_realm_data

krb5_princ_set_realm_data (context, princ,	(princ)->realm.data =
value)	(value)

krb5_princ_set_realm_length

krb5_princ_set_realm_length

krb5_princ_set_realm_length (context, princ,	(princ)->realm.length =
value)	(value)

krb5_princ_size

krb5_princ_size

krh5 pring giro	/aontout	nringl	(nring) Slangth
krbb_princ_size	(context,	princ)	(princ)->length

krb5_princ_type

krb5_princ_type

krb5_princ_type	(context,	princ)	(princ)->type
-----------------	-----------	--------	---------------

krb5_roundup

krb5_roundup

```
krb5_roundup (x, y) (((x) + (y) - 1)/(y))*(y)
```

krb5_x

krb5_x

```
krb5_x (ptr, args) ((ptr)?((*(ptr)) args):(abort(),1))
```

krb5 xc

krb5_xc

```
krb5_xc (ptr, args) | ((ptr)?((*(ptr)) args):(abort(),(char*)0))
```

6.3.2 Deprecated macros

krb524_convert_creds_kdc

krb524_convert_creds_kdc

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krb524_convert_creds_kdc krb5_524_convert_creds
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krb524_init_ets

krb524_init_ets

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