# Disjoint Union Types in P0 Project 9 / Group 8

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- Objective & Implementation
- 2 Examples
- 3 Implementation Discussion & Evaluation
- 4 Future Work
- Conclusion

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- An instance of a DUT may take on the form of only one of it's variants.
- They are often found in functional programming languages, where they are usually known as Algebraic Data Types (ADTs).

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 data RGB = Red | Green | Blue

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- Instantiation in our implementation, a := Cons(1, Cons(2, Cons(3, Nil()))) b := Red()

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#### Cover your cases!

If you create a non-exhaustive case statement, the compiler will warn you.

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# Example: Maybe

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```
type Maybe = Just(value: integer)
              Nothing
procedure valOr(v: Maybe, n: integer) \rightarrow (r: integer)
    case v of {
         Just:
             r := v.value
         default:
             r := n
program Main
    var maybe: Maybe
    maybe <- Nothing()
    writeIn (valOr (maybe, -1))
    maybe <- Just (1111)
    writeIn (valOr (maybe, 0))
```

#### Output

-1 1111

#### Example: Integer Lists

```
type List = Cons(head: integer, tail: List)
             Nil
procedure upToList(n: integer) \rightarrow (I: List)
    if n < 1 then | := Ni|() else | := Cons(n, upToList(n-1))
procedure printList(I: List)
    case | of {
        Cons: writeln(I.head); printList(I.tail)
        default nothing
procedure sumList(I: List) \rightarrow (n: integer)
    case | of {
        Cons: n := sumList(I.tail) + I.head
        default: n := 0
program Main
    var myList: List
    myList := upToList(5)
    printList (myList)
    writeIn (sumList (myList))
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```

# Output 5 4 3 2 1 15

# Example: Strings

#### ... lists in disguise?

```
type String = SCons(ch: integer, tail: String)
              SNil
procedure printStr(s: String, In: boolean)
    case s of {
        SCons: writeChar(s.ch); printStr(s.tail, In)
        default: if In then writeNewLine()
// inclusively generating alphabets in a range
procedure genBetwn(start: integer, end: integer) -> (s: String)
    var ch: integer
    ch := end
    s := SNil()
    while start <= end do
        s, start, ch := SCons(ch, s), start + 1, ch - 1
program Main
    // print capital letters
    printStr(genBetwn('A', 'Z'), true)
    // print lowercase letters
    printStr(genBetwn('a', 'z'), true)
    // print numbers 0-9
    printStr(genBetwn('0', '9'), true)
    // print Greek letters
    printStr(genBetwn('\alpha', '\omega'), true)
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#### Note

We convert single-quoted characters into their Unicode integer representation when reading in P0 programs.

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#### Output

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghiiklmnopgrstuvwxvz 0123456789 αβγδεζηθικλμνξοπρστυφχψω

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#### Other Examples

```
type RainbowColour = Red | Orange | Yellow | Green | Blue | Indigo | Violet
type Maybe = Just(value: integer)
             Nothing
type Either = Left(value: integer)
            | Right (value: boolean)
type Tree = Branch(left: Tree, right: Tree)
          | Leaf(value: integer)
type Expr = Add(left: Expr, right: Expr)
            Sub(left: Expr, right: Expr)
            Mul(left: Expr. right: Expr)
            Div(num: Expr, den: Expr)
            Pow(base: Expr, exponent: Expr)
            Int(value: integer)
type StringIntMap = SIMCons(key: String, value: integer, tail: StringIntMap)
                    SIMEmpty
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#### Remark

Modelling is nice with disjoint union types!

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#### Focal Grammar Changes

Disjoint union type declarations

```
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case statements

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# Supplementary Grammar and Procedure Changes

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# Supplementary Grammar and Procedure Changes

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- "<-" and "->" as alternatives for " $\leftarrow$ " and " $\rightarrow$ ", respectively
- ">=" and "<=" as alternatives for "\ge " and "\le ", respectively
- "\*" as an alternative for "×"
- Standard procedures
  - write no longer prints a newline character
  - writeln writes single integer to std. out. with a newline afterwards
  - writeChar writes single integer converted into a Unicode character to std. out.
  - writeCharLn writes single integer converted into a Unicode character to std. out. with a newline afterwards
  - writeNewLine writes a newline character to std. out.

### Example: case WebAssembly Generation

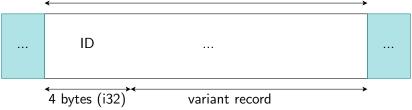
The WebAssembly code on the right-hand side is generated for the below case statement.

```
type Colour = R | G | Unknown
procedure printCol(col: Colour)
  case col of {
     nil: writeCharLn('?')
     R: writeCharLn('R')
     G: writeCharLn('G')
     default: writeCharLn('?')
}
```

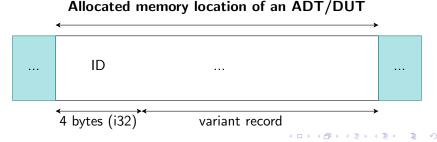
```
local.get $col
i32 load
                           ;; check if nil/0
i32 . const 0
i32.ea
                           :: if it is nil
i f
  i32 . const 63
  call $writeCharLn
                           ;; print '?'
else
                           :: otherwise
  local.get $col
 i32 . load
 i32 const 1
                           :: check if 'R'
 i32.ea
  i f
                           ;; if it is 'R'
    i32.const 82
    call $writeCharln
                           :: print 'R'
                           :: otherwise
  else
    local.get $col
    i32 load
    i32 const 2
                           ;; check if 'G'
    i32.eq
    i f
                           :: if it is 'G' kind
      i32 const 71
      call $writeCharLn
                           ;; print 'G'
    else
                           ;; otherwise, default
      i32 const 63
      call $writeCharLn
                           ;; print '?'
    end
 end
end
```

• Each instance of a DUT is located on the heap, and variables are just pointers to locations on the heap.

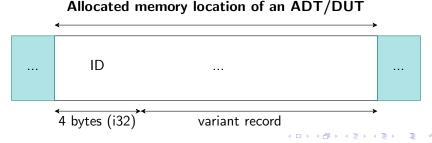
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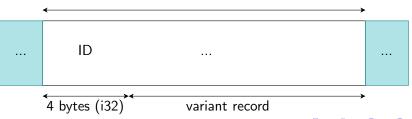


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- Offsets to accessing variables works the same as records, with a 4 byte offset for the variant id.
- Memory usage can be fairly inefficient for certain constructions (e.g., Strings, Lists, etc).

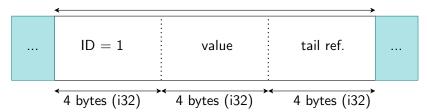
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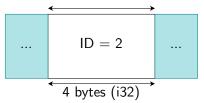
### Example: Integer Lists in Memory

Strings are very similar

#### Allocated memory location of a 'Cons' (12 bytes)



### Allocated memory location of a 'Nil' (4 bytes)



• The first 4 bytes of a program are always left as 0 so that we can always have uninitialized DUT pointers pointing to it naturally. When this uninitialized DUT is cased on, we will always see that the "instance" has id = 0, meaning it's "nil" /not instantiated.

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- When parsing DUTs, we create "instantiation helper functions" for each DUT variant.
  - "DUT variant instantiation" is secretly rewritten into procedure calls.
  - This simplifies parsing, and trims down generated code size.

# Example of DUT instantiation helper

This function is used when wanting to instantiate a "Cons" variant (of a List).

```
(func $_mk_Cons (param $head i32) (param $tail i32) (result i32)
global.get $_memsize
                            :: get known unused memory location
i32 const 1
                            :: get Cons's kind index
i32. store
                            ;; store it
global.get $_memsize
                            ;; get known unused memory location
i32 const 4
                            ;; get offset of the next type
i32.add
                            ;; impose offset onto total memory size
local.get $head
                            ;; get param head
                            :: store it in it's area
i32 store
global.get $_memsize
                          ;; get known unused memory location
i32 const 8
                            ;; get offset of the next type
i32 add
                            :: impose offset onto total memory size
                          ;; get param tail
local.get $tail
i32. store
                            ;; store it in it's area
global.get $_memsize
                            ;; get global memory size
global.get $_memsize
                            ;; get global memory size (again)
i32 . const 12
                            ;; get size of kind (Cons)
i32.add
                            ;; add to memory size
global.set $_memsize
                            :: set memory size. leftover i32 on stack which is the
     returned pointer to the generated Cons
```

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- Thankfully, wasmer has no issues!
- In-browser WebAssembly execution also has no issues, but we don't ship a web browser with the compiler.

pywasm

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- Making the grammar reasonably "natural" feeling in P0

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  - Syntactic sugar for String generation (e.g., "abcd..." for quickly instantiating large strings)
- Improved Memory Management
  - Memory freeing!
  - Memory reuse!
  - Allocation specialization for built-in DUTs!

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- Memory can grow quickly with recursive DUTs.
- DUTs are easy to implement!
- DUTs are nice to work with!

#### References

 Carette, Jacques, Oleg Kiselyov, and Chung-chieh Shan. "Finally tagless, partially evaluated: Tagless staged interpreters for simpler typed languages." *Journal of Functional Programming* 19.5 (2009): 509.