Introduction to: TypeScript





Passionate People

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Who created TypeScript?







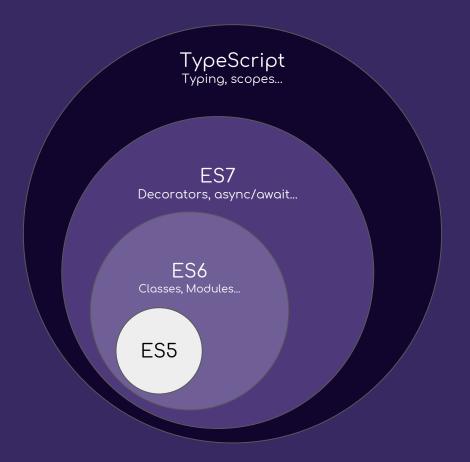






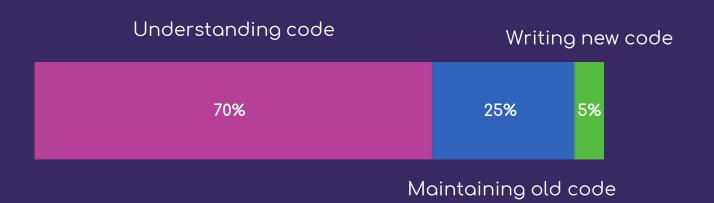
What is TypeScript?

"TypeScript is a typed superset of JavaScript that compiles to plain JavaScript."





What does a developer spend time on?





Before Typescript







Hungarian Notation





Hungarian notation

Prefix	Туре	Example
Ь	Boolean	var blsVisible = true;
е	DOM element	var eHeader = document.getElementById('header');
f	Function	var fCallback = function () { };
n	Number	var nSides = 4;
0	Object	var oPoint = new Point(200, 345);
a	Array	var aNames = ['Luke', 'Nick', 'David'];
S	String	var sUrl = 'http://www.google.com';
\$	jQuery	var \$Header = \$('#header);





Scope

Prefix	Туре	Example
_	Private	var _transformData = function (data) { return result; }
	Public	var render = function () { };
0	Protected	0



JSDoc comments



JSDoc comments

@enum (aclass)

@public

@protected

Oprivate

@param {string} color

(access)

@constant

(a) constructor

@param {LACE_TYPES} type

(apackage)

Otypedef



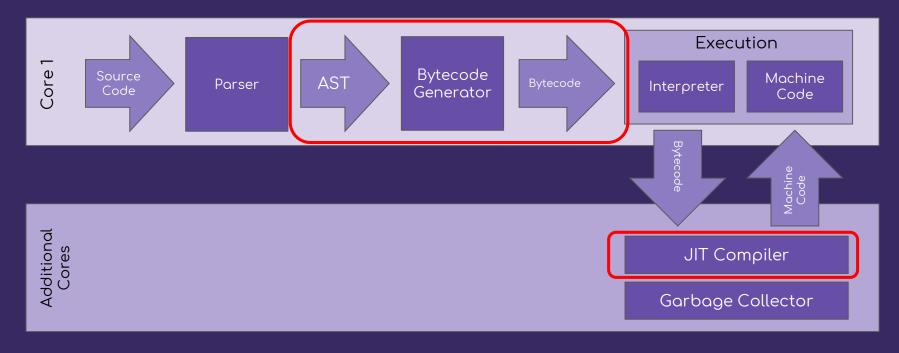
Passionate People

Why types are so important?





Why types are so important?



Basic Types

boolean never number any

string Object Array Tuple

Union null void undefined

Type assertions



Basic Types - Inferred

```
let month = 5;
let name = 'Mik';
let isVisible = false;
let cities = ['New York', 'Oxford', 'Valladolid'];
let person = {
   firstName: 'Gerardo',
   lastName: 'Abelardo'
```

Basic Types - Explicit

```
let month: number;
let name: string;
let isVisible: boolean;
let person: object;
let employee: any;
```

```
let cities: string[];
let customers: Array<any>;
let value: null;
let value2: undefined;
let value3: void;
```

```
let address: [string, number, string, string];
```



Basic Types

Type Assertions

```
let someValue: any = "this is a string";
let strLength: number = (someValue as string).length;
let strLength2: number = (<string>someValue).length;
```



Basic Types - Union

```
let area: string| undefined = property('area');
let element: HTMLElement | null = document.getElementById('passion');
let menu: Array<Link | Divider> = getMenu();
```



How TypeScript typechecking works?

Type-checking focuses on the *shape* that values have.

A.K.A "duck typing" or "structural subtyping".



Enums

Number Enums

String Enums



Number Enums

```
enum WeatherType {
   Sunny,
   Cloudy,
   Rainy,
   Storm,
   Frost,
   Nightly
```

```
enum WeatherType {
   Sunny = 1,
   Cloudy = 2,
   Rainy = 3,
   Storm = 4,
   Frost = 5,
   Nightly = 6
```

Number Enums - Usage

```
class Weather {
   getWeatherIcon(weatherType: WeatherType) {
       switch (weatherType) {
           case WeatherType.Sunny: return 'weather sunny';
           case WeatherType.Cloudy: return 'weather cloudy';
           case WeatherType.Rainy: return 'weather rain';
           case WeatherType.Storm: return 'weather storm';
           case WeatherType.Frost: return 'weather frost';
           case WeatherType.Nightly: return 'weather nightly';
```

String Enums

```
enum WeatherType {
   Sunny = 'weather sunny',
   Cloudy = 'weather cloudy',
  Rainy = 'weather rain',
   Storm = 'weather storm',
   Frost = 'weather frost',
  Nightly = 'weather nightly',
```

Functions

Function Types

Overloading



Function Types 1/3

```
function add(x: number, y: number): number {
   return x + y;
function multiply(x: number, y: number): number {
   return x * y;
let myAdd: (x: number, y: number) => number = add;
type twoOperandsType = (x: number, y: number) => number;
let myMultiply: twoOperandsType = multiply;
```

Function Types 2/3

```
function buildName(firstName: string, lastName?: string) {
  if (lastName) { return `${firstName} ${lastName}`; }
  else { return firstName; }
function buildAddress(street: string, postalCode: string = 'UNDEFINED') {
  if (postalCode) { return `${street} ${postalCode}`; }
  else { return street; }
```

Function Types 3/3

```
type buildStringOneOrMoreArguments = (x: string, y: string) => string;
const buildName1: buildStringOneOrMoreArguments = buildName;
const buildAddress1: buildStringOneOrMoreArguments = buildAddress;

function buildFamily(father: string, ...restOfFamily: string[]) {
   return `${father} ${restOfFamily.join(" ")}`;
}
```



This

```
const mother = {
    sons: [
   ],
    daughters: [
    getChildren(): string[] {
        return this.sons.concat(this.daughters);
```

```
const father = {
   name: 'Manolo',
   sons: [
   ],
   daughters: [
   getChildren(this: void) { // Avoid using this.
        return this.sons.concat(this.daughters);
```

Arrow Function

```
let deck = {
   suits: ["hearts", "spades", "clubs", "diamonds"],
   cards: Array(52),
   createCardPicker: function() {
       return () => {
           let pickedCard = Math.floor(Math.random() * 52);
           let pickedSuit = Math.floor(pickedCard / 13);
           return {
               suit: this.suits[pickedSuit],
               card: pickedCard % 13
           };
```

Overloading

```
type propertiesObject = { [name: string]: any };
const properties: propertiesObject = {};
function property(propertyName: string, defaultValue: any ): any;
function property(propertyName: string): any | undefined;
function property(propertyName: string, defaultValue?: any) {
  if (defaultValue) {
       properties[propertyName] = defaultValue;
  return properties[propertyName];
```

Interfaces

interface

implements



Interfaces

```
interface TreeLink {
  type: string;
  title: string;
   url: string;
   isCurrent: boolean;
  preferences: any;
   children: TreeLink[];
```

```
const treeLink: TreeLink = {
  type: 'external',
  title: 'Google',
  url: 'http://www.google.nl',
  isCurrent: false,
  preferences: {
       navIcon: 'accounts'
   children: []
```

Implements

```
interface Flyable { fly: () => void }
interface Quackable { quack: () => void; }
class Duck implements Flyable, Quackable {
   fly() { console.log('Fly, Fly, Fly'); }
  quack() { console.log('Quack, Quack'); }
class Turkey implements Flyable {
   fly() { console.log('Ufff!'); }
```

Classes

class extends implements abstract

public private protected readonly

getters setters

static methods and properties



Classes

```
class Animal {
  name: string;
   constructor(name: string) {
       this.name = name;
```

```
class Animal {
   constructor (
    public name: string
```

Abstract Classes

```
abstract class Animal {
   constructor (
    public readonly name: string
   abstract makeSound(): void;
   abstract move(): void;
   abstract getOffspring(): void;
```

```
abstract class Mammal extends Animal{
   constructor (
    public readonly name: string,
    public readonly legs: number
       super(name);
```

Inheritance 1/3

Inheritance 2/3

```
class Dog extends Mammal {
   constructor() { super('Dog', 4); }
   makeSound() { console.log('Woof, Woof, Woof!'); }
   move() { console.log('Walk, Walk, Walk!'); }
   getOffspring() { console.log('Get birth a dozen puppies!'); }
}
```

Inheritance 3/3

```
class Platypus extends Mammal {
   constructor() { super('Platypus', 4); }
   makeSound() { console.log('hrrrrrrrrrrrr'); }
   move() { console.log('Swim, Swim, Walk, Walk!'); }
   getOffspring() { console.log('Put eggs and wait!'); }
}
```

Generics

Generic Types

Generic Classes



Generics

```
function echo<T>(arg: T): T {
  console.log(arg);
  return arg;
}
```

```
echo('19th October');
echo<string>('Friday');
echo<number>(19);
```



Generic Types

```
function identity<T>(arg: T): T {
   return arg;
let myIdentity: <T>(arg: T) => T = identity;
let myIdentity2: <U>(arg: U) => U = identity;
```



Generic Classes

```
class Operator<T> {
   initialValue: T;
   operation: (x: T, y: T) \Rightarrow T;
const numAdder = new Operator<number>();
numAdder.initValue = 10;
numAdder.operation = function(x, y) {
  return this.initValue + x + y;
```

```
const strConc = new Operator<string>();
strConc.initValue = '';
strConc.operation = function (x, y) {
  return `${this.initValue} ${x} ${y}`;
};
```

Modules and Namespaces

export

import

Default exports

Working with other libraries

Namespacing

Multi-file namespace



Export

```
export class Cat {
   constructor(private name: string, private legs: number) { }
export default {
   getCatInstance(name: string, legs: number) {
       return new Cat(name, legs);
```



Import

```
import { Cat } from './Cat';
import { getCatInstance } from './utils';
```



Namespaces

```
export namespace Shapes {
    export class Triangle { /* ... */ }
    export class Square { /* ... */ }
}
import * as shapes from "./shapes";
let t = new shapes.Shapes.Triangle(); // shapes.Shapes?
```









