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1. Week 1 — January 5

- (a) Syllabus, pair programming, course overview.
- (b) Lab0 intro unix, and review of Data Structures labs.
- (c) Lecture notes: **scheme-1-language.pdf** (p. 1–4).
- (d) **Languages/scheme/Examples** — Simple introductory Scheme programs:
hello.scm, **argv.scm**, **false.scm**, **hashbang.scm**, **commandline.scm**,
factorial.scm, **fibonacci.scm**, **divmod.scm**, **complex.scm**.

2. Week 1 — January 7

- (a) **asg1-scheme-mbir** — Programming project: interpreter for Minibasic written in scheme. Program specifications.
- (b) Example **mbir** programs to be interpreted: syntax and semantics.
- (c) **misc-cons-lists.d** — pictures and diagrams of Scheme lists with **cons**.
- (d) **code/mbir.scm** — starter code for the interpreter, begin general dissection and details of the code.

3. Week 2 — January 12

- (a) Continued dissection and examination of starter code **code/mbir.scm**.
- (b) Somewhat more complex Scheme programs, showing data structures and expression evaluation:
readnums.scm, **simple-eval.scm**, **evalexpr.scm**, **hashexample.scm**,
labelhash.scm, **symbols.scm**, **mergesort.scm**.

4. Week 2 — January 14

- (a) Lecture notes: **scheme-1-language.pdf** (p. 5–end).
- (b) Mathematical derivation of factorial: non tail recursive and tail recursive versions, showing call stack depth.
- (c) Scheme tracing on factorial and Fibonacci functions.

5. Week 3 — January 19

- (a) Lecture notes: **scheme-2-higherorder.pdf** (p. 1–12) — higher order functions in Scheme.

6. Week 3 — January 21

- (a) Lecture notes : **scheme-2-higherorder.pdf** (p. 12–19) — higher order functions in Scheme.
- (b) **testrun.sh** — Testing scripts and test data, how the graders will do the grading of submitted programs.
- (c) Mention as an example a book that uses Ocaml as a Unix Systems programming language.
- (d) Lecture notes : **ocaml-1-notes.pdf** (p. 1–9) — introducing Ocaml, another functional language, but one that compiles to native machine code.

7. Week 4 — January 26

- (a) Lecture notes : **ocaml-1-notes.pdf** (p. 9–19).
- (b) Minibasic language specification : Language description.
Sample programs : syntax and semantics.
- (c) **asg2-ocaml-interp** — Programming project : interpreter for Minibasic written in Ocaml.
- (d) Begin dissection of Ocaml starter code, general overview.

8. Week 4 — January 28

- (a) Finish dissection of starter code for Minibasic interpreter in Ocaml. **.mli** files are interface specifications, and **.ml** files are implementations.
 - (1) **absyn.mli** — abstract syntax definitions for the interpreter.
 - (2) **dumper.mli**, **dumper.ml** — formatting and printing abstract syntax for debugging.
 - (3) **etc.mli**, **etc.ml** — miscellaneous functions.
 - (4) **interp.mli**, **interp.ml** — functions performing the interpretation of statements and expressions, and supervisory functions calling these.
 - (5) **main.ml** — main program and options analysis.
 - (6) **tables.mli**, **tables.ml** — dispatch tables for labels, arrays, variables, and functions.
 - (7) **scanner.mli**, **parser.mli** — complete scanner and parser provided, not student-edited, in lex-like and yacc-like format.
 - (8) **Makefile**.
- (b) **Languages/ocaml/Examples/a-list** — Simple introductory Scheme programs : **hello.ml**, **helloworld.ml**, **argv.ml**, **length.ml**, **factorial.ml**, **fibonacci.ml**.
- (c) **Languages/ocaml/Examples/b-list** — Ocaml examples specifically relevant to the programming assignment :
eval1-simple.ml, **eval2-symbols.ml**, **hashexample.ml**, **readnumber.ml**.

9. Week 5 — February 2

- (a) Lecture notes : **ocaml-2-higherorder.pdf** (p. 1–9) — higher order functions in Ocaml.
- (b) Frivolous : EWD-714 : E.W.Dijkstra, trip report to Santa Cruz (UCSC), 1979.
EWD-498 : E.W.Dijkstra, How do we tell truths that might hurt ?
- (c) **Languages/ocaml/Examples/c-list** — Some more advanced Ocaml examples :
ackermann.ml, **complex-nrs.ml**, **exponent.ml**, **mergesort.ml**, **ncat.ml**,
odd-even.ml, **qsort.ml**.

10. Week 5 — February 4

- (a) **Languages/ocaml/Examples/x86-64-code** — Examples of constant propagation optimization and tail call elimination in code generated for the x86-64 architecture :
boolconst.s-opt, **boolvar.s-opt**, **cfacloop.s-opt**, **cfacrec.s-opt**,
tailrectest.s-opt.
- (b) Lecture notes : **object-oriented.pdf** — Object-oriented programming. Polymorphism :
parametric (universal), inclusion (object oriented), overloading (ad hoc), and conversion
(ad hoc).
- (c) Lecture notes : **smalltalk-notes.pdf** — introduction to Smalltalk.

11. Week 6 — February 9

- (a) **asg3-smalltalk-mbst** — programming project : interpreter for Minibasic written in Smalltalk. Overview of intermediate code files to be processed by the interpreter.
- (b) **asg3/Examples/** — examples of simple Smalltalk programs showing general ideas.
 - (1) **a-trivial.d** — some trivial examples :
hello.st, **echoargs.st**, **arithmetic.st**, **cmdline.st**, **divide.st**,
intsort.st, **dictionary.st**, **collatz-block.st**, **collatz-class.st**.
 - (2) **b-simple.d** — some very simple examples :
ashex.st, **filein.st**, **isgraph.st**, **perform.st**, **priority.st**, **string.st**,
terminalecho.st.
- (c) **code/mbint.st** — dissection of starter code for interpreter.

12. Week 6 — February 11

- (a) **code/mbint.st** — continuation of dissection of starter code for interpreter. Most of lecture.
- (b) **c-involved.d** — a few more involved examples :
initarray.st, **sorted-names.st**.

13. Week 7 — February 16

- (a) Midterm exam. No lecture.

14. Week 7 — February 18

- (a) **asg3/Examples/c-involved.d** — more Smalltalk examples : **binepsilon.st**, **catfile.st**, **complexx.st**, **euler.st**, **sorted-names.st**, **treeleaf.st**, **wordcount.st**.
- (b) **asg3/misc-evalexpr** — miscellaneous parallel examples comparing features of Scheme, Ocaml, and Smalltalk.
 - (1) **perform.ml**, **perform.scm**, **perform.st** — examples comparing performing indirect operators.
 - (2) **evalexpr.ml**, **evalexpr.scm**, **evalexpr.st** — examples comparing symbolic evaluations of expressions.

15. Week 8 — February 23

- (a) reviewed midterm exzm questions and answers.
- (b) **Perl-notes.d** (1..156) — introduction to Perl.
- (c) **perl/Examples** — a few example programs : **hello.perl**, **argv.perl**.
- (d) Brief overview of asg5 **pmake**.

16. Week 8 — February 25

- (a) **asg4-perl-pmake** — Perl project to implement a small subset of **make**.
- (b) **asg4/misc** subdirectory with relevant example code.
 - (1) **graph.perl** — creating a graph using a hash with values pointing at arrays.
 - (2) **modtime.perl** — find a file's modification time.
 - (3) Various C++ programs and a Makefile showing how make reacts to various exit status codes and signal crashes.
- (c) **code/pmake** — detailed dissection of starter code for the project.

17. Week 9 — March 2

- (a) **Perl-notes.d** (156..end) — including regular expressions.
- (b) Some Perl examples : **wc.perl**, **text2html**.

18. Week 9 — March 4

- (a) More Perl examples : **subst-macros.perl**, **nvcat.perl**, **switch.perl**, **wordfreq.perl**, **xref.perl**.
- (b) Notes : delayed evaluation, Haskell.

19. Week 10 — March 9

- (a) **Lecture-notes/lambda-calculus** — Lambda calculus. abstraction, currying, beta conversion, alpha conversion, eta conversion, strict vs non-strict evaluation.
- (b) **Lecture-notes/data-types** — static vs dynamic types, primitive vs declared types, type constructors, type checking, compatibility. Universal and ad-hoc polymorphism.
- (c) **Lecture-notes/procedures-environments** — procedure activation, parameter passing, stack based runtime and local stack frames, activation records.

20. Week 10 — March 11

- (a) Review final exams from previous quarters.