Implementation of Twins and Testing of diemBFT

Test Generator:

Config file containing the test parameters for the test generator contains the following:

```
"N validators, // Number of validators
   "N partitions", // Number of non-empty partitions
   "Allowed leader type", // Type of Leader, "FAULTY", "NON-FAULTY", "ALL".
   "N rounds", // Number of rounds.
   "is_deterministic", // Whether to generate test cases sequentially or
randomized.
   "Is with replacement", // Whether to enumerate with replacement when permuting
scenarios over n rounds.
  // Only used when is deterministic is False
   "N testcases", // Number of test cases to be generated.
   "Test_file_batch_size", // Number of test-case in each test case file.
   "N twins", // Number of twins.
   "Generate_valid_partition", // To ensure progress
   "Intra_partition_drop_types", // Subset of {Proposal, Vote, Timeout}, list of
message types that can be dropped intra-partition
   // We allow a maximum of 2 message types to be dropped. If more than 2 are
given, we take the first 2 in the list
   "seed": 12345
```

Helper functions for each step of the test generator are as follows:

- Step 1: get all possible partitions()
- Step 2: generate leader partitions()
 - Step 2.1 : enumerate leader partitions with drops()
- Step 3: enumerate leader partition pairs over rounds()

<u>STEP - 1</u>:

Generate all possible partition scenarios based on the flag "generate_valid_partitions" to ensure the progress.

```
// Returns all possible ways the list of validator IDs can be divided into
n_partitions.
//"generate valid partition" indicates that the generated partitions will
eventually assure the presence of quorum.
Procedure get_all_possible_partitions(validator_ids, n_partitions,
generate_valid_partition, num_faulty):
```

```
all_possible_partitions <- []
t = int(count_part(len(validator_ids), n_partitions))
for i in range(t):
    x <- gen_part(validator_ids, n_partitions, i)
    if generate_valid_partition:
    // isValidPartition() will check if in the generated partition quorum can
exist.
    if isValidPartition(x, num_faulty):
        all_possible_partitions.append(x)
    else:
        all_possible_partitions.append(x)
    return all_possible_partitions</pre>
```

<u>STEP - 2</u>:

Generate all the possible leader-partition pairs.

Args:

- all the partition scenarios,
- validator ids: id of all the validators including twins,
- twin_ids: id of all twin validators
- leader type: variable to control the type of leader in each round.

```
Procedure generate_leader_partitions(partition_scenarios, validator_ids, twin_ids,
leader_type):
   leader_partitions_pairs <- []</pre>
//contains a list of all validator ids except twins ids.
   all validator ids <- set()
   [all_validator_ids.update(partition) for partition in partition_scenarios[0]]
//faulty validators id list contains faulty validator id.
   faulty_validators_id_list <- [validatorId.split("_")[0] for validatorId in
all validator ids if len(validatorId.split(" ")) > 1]
// Assigning leader in each subset of partition depending on the type of leader.
   for partition in partition scenarios:
       for validator id in validator ids:
           if leader type == "ALL":
               leader partitions pairs.append((validator id, partition))
           elif leader_type == "FAULTY" and validator_id in twin_ids:
               leader_partitions_pairs.append((validator_id, partition))
           elif leader_type == "NON-FAULTY" and validator_id not in
faulty_validators_id_list:
               leader_partitions_pairs.append((validator_id, partition))
```

```
return leader_partitions_pairs
```

STEP - 2.1:

Combine leader-partition pairs with every kind of intra-partition message drop type i.e. Vote, Proposal, or Timeout.

```
Procedure enumerate_leader_partitions_with_drops(leader_partitions, drop_types):
    drop_types <- drop_types[:2]
    result <- []
    drop_scenarios <- [[]]

// no drop scenario.
if len(drop_types) > 0:
    drop_scenarios.append(drop_types)

// generate all the possible drop combinations
if len(drop_types) > 1:
    drop_scenarios += [[drop_type] for drop_type in drop_types]

for leader, partition in leader_partitions:
    for drop_scenario in drop_scenarios:
        result.append((leader, partition, drop_scenario))
return result
```

STEP - 3:

Combine rounds with leader-partition pairs with or without replacement and write the required number of test cases in a file in a batch of size "batch_size".

```
Procedure enumerate_leader_partition_pairs_over_rounds(leader_partition_pairs,
n_rounds, n_testcases, is_deterministic,is_with_replacement, validator_twin_ids,
n_validators, batch_size):

round_leader_partition_pairs <- []
  total_leader_partition <- len(leader_partition_pairs)
  index_list <- list(range(total_leader_partition))

// Combine rounds with leader partition pair in a deterministic way without
replacement.
  if not is_with_replacement and is_deterministic:
    all_round_combinations <- []

  for each_combination in list(itertools.combinations(index_list, n_rounds)):</pre>
```

```
all round combinations += list(itertools.permutations(each combination))
           if len(all round combinations) > n testcases:
               break
   else:
       if is_deterministic:
           permutations <- [[] for _ in range(total_leader_partition ** n_rounds)]</pre>
           all round combinations <-
permutations_with_replacement(total_leader_partition, n_rounds,
permutations)
       else:
           all round combinations <- enumerate randomized(leader partition pairs,
n_rounds, n_testcases)
   count_testcases <- 0</pre>
   flag <- False
   for permutation in all round combinations:
       round leader partition pairs.append(
           accumulate(permutation, leader partition pairs, n rounds,
validator twin ids, n validators))
       count_testcases += 1
       if count_testcases == n_testcases:
           flag <- True
       if not flag and len(round leader partition pairs) == batch size:
           dump_file(round_leader_partition_pairs, count_testcases)
           round leader partition pairs <- []
       elif flag and round leader partition pairs:
           dump file(round leader partition pairs, count testcases)
           break
// Enumerate n test cases ways of randomly arranging leader partition pairs over
n rounds
Procedure enumerate randomized(leader partition pairs, n rounds, n test cases):
   return [[random.randrange(len(leader partition pairs)) for in range(n rounds)]
for in range(n test cases)]
// Return all ways of arranging n leader partition pairs over k rounds
Procedure permutations_with_replacement(n, k, permutations):
   m <- 0
   if k < 1:
```

```
return permutations
   for i in range(27):
       permutations[i].append(m % n)
       if (i \% n ** (k - 1)) == n ** (k - 1) - 1:
           m < -m + 1
   return permutations_with_replacement(n, k - 1, permutations)
// Convert given testcase into a JSON object
Procedure accumulate(index list, leader partition pairs, n rounds,
validator twin ids, n validators):
   round leader partitions <- [leader partition pairs[idx] for idx in index list]</pre>
   curr_test_case <- JsonObject(n_validators, n_rounds, validator_twin_ids,</pre>
round_leader_partitions)
   return curr test case.toJSON()
// Writes the list of JSON elements to file
Procedure dump file(elements, file count):
   file_name: str <- "../testcases/testcases_batch_" + str(file_count) + ".jsonl"</pre>
  with open(file_name, "wb") as outfile:
       for element in elements:
           if element is not None:
               outfile.write(element.encode() + b"\n")
```

Execution point of test generator.

```
if 'seed' in generator_config:
    random.seed(generator_config['seed'])

// Generate all the validator ids.
    validator_ids <- [validator_id for validator_id in
    range(generator_config['n_validators'])]

// Generate all twin validator ids based on the number of validators.
    twin_ids <- [validator_id for validator_id in range(generator_config['n_twins'])]

validator_and_twin_ids <- [str(validator_id) for validator_id in validator_ids] +
[str(validator_id) + "_twin" for validator_id in twin_ids]

// Step 1: generate all possible partition scenarios.
partition_scenarios <- generate_partitions.get_all_possible_partitions(</pre>
```

```
validator and twin ids, generator config['n partitions'])
  // Step 2: generate all possible leader-partition pairs.
leader_partition_pairs <- generate_leader_partitions(</pre>
       partition_scenarios, validator_ids, twin_ids,
generator_config['allowed_leader_type'])
 // Step 2.1: Adding message drops
leader_partitions_with_drops <- enumerate_leader_partitions_with_drops(</pre>
       leader partition pairs, generator config['intra partition drop types'])
  // Step 3: generate test-cases by combining rounds with Leader partition pairs
in either deterministic or randomized ways.
enumerate_leader_partition_pairs_over_rounds(leader_partition_pairs=leader_partitio
ns_with_drops, n_rounds=generator_config['n_rounds'],
n testcases=generator config['n testcases'],
is_deterministic=generator_config['is_deterministic'],
is with replacement=generator config['is with replacement'],
validator twin ids=twin ids, n validators=len(validator ids),
batch_size=generator_config['test_file_batch_size'])
```

Test Executor:

The Test Executor is the module with which the user primarily interacts in order to run test cases. The user passes a list of TestConfig objects as a JSON file. Each TestConfig object describes a test case that needs to be executed by the DiemTwins testing framework.

Design assumptions

Here, we briefly list out the design decisions/assumptions taken in addition to the ones presented in the Twins paper and the phase 3 document.

• We let each validator run for n_rounds + 3 rounds. Here, the first n_rounds will be simulated as per the TestCase generated by our Test Generator module. We will then allow the system to execute 3 more rounds without any network partitions. This will allow all non-faulty replicas to commit any pending blocks, and bring their ledgers up to date.

```
class TestExecutor(process):
    Procedure setup(test_case, test_id, test_file_id):
        self.n_rounds <- test_case.n_rounds
        self.n_validators <- test_case.n_validators</pre>
```

```
self.n_faulty <- (self.n_validators - 1)//3</pre>
       self.delta <- test case.delta
       self.config_id <- str(test_file_id) + "_" + str(test_id)</pre>
   Procedure run():
       start_time <- time.time()</pre>
       private_keys_validators <- []</pre>
       public_keys_validators <- []</pre>
       for validator id in range(self.n validators):
           private key, public key <- Cryptography.generate key()</pre>
           private keys validators.append(private key)
           public keys validators.append(public key)
       for validator id in range(self.n validators):
           if validator_id not in test_case.twin_ids:
                Procedure ault leader <- validator id
                break
       validator config <- {</pre>
           "config id": config id,
           "nrounds": self.n_rounds,
           "nvalidators": self.n_validators,
           "nfaulty": self.n_faulty,
           "delta": self.delta,
           "leaders": [leader_partition.leader for leader_partition in
test_case.leader_partitions],
           "Procedure ault_leader": Procedure ault_leader
       }
       validator_map <- dict()</pre>
       for validator id in range(self.n validators):
           // Create a validator and add to validator_map. If its not a twin, its
twin id is simply the validator id
           validator <- new(ValidatorTwins, num=1)</pre>
           twin id <- str(validator id)</pre>
           validator_map[twin_id] <- validator</pre>
           if validator id in test case.twin ids:
               // Create the twin validator process and also add it to the
validator map
                validator <- new(ValidatorTwins, num=1)</pre>
               twin_id <- str(validator_id) + "_twin"</pre>
                validator_map[twin_id] <- validator</pre>
       all_validators <- set()</pre>
```

```
for twin id, validator in validator map.items():
           validator_id <- int(twin_id[0])</pre>
           setup(
               validator,
               (validator_config, validator_id,
private_keys_validators[validator_id],
                public_keys_validators, twin_id, test_case, validator_map))
           all_validators <- all_validators.union(validator)</pre>
       start(all validators)
       await(each(v in all validators, has=received(('Done',), from =v)))
       twin ids <- [twin id for twin id in validator map]</pre>
// Orchestrator is to maintain all the executor processes to run multiple test
cases.
class Orchestrator(process):
     Procedure setup():
        Pass
     Procedure run():
       start time <- time.time()</pre>
       // Get list of all test files
       test_files <- sorted(glob.glob(self.test_directory + "*.jsonl"), key=lambda</pre>
file_name: (len(file_name), file_name))
       // Read and execute each test file one at a time
       for test file no, test file name in enumerate(test files):
            with open(test_file_name, 'r') as test_file:
               test cases <- [TestCase(</pre>
                        n rounds=json obj.n rounds,
                        n validators=json obj.n validators,
                        leader partitions=[LeaderPartition(round leader partition)
for round_leader_partition in
                                            json obj.round leader partitions],
                        twin_ids=json_obj.twin_ids,
                       delta=0.1
                   )
                   for json obj in [
                       json.loads(json string,
object hook=JsonObject.object decoder)
                        for json string in test file.readlines()]]
           Executors <- set()</pre>
           for test_id, test_case in enumerate(test_cases):
               executor <- new(TestExecutor)</pre>
```

```
setup(executor, (test_case, test_id, test_file_no))
    start(executor)
    executors.add(executor)

await(each(executor in executors, has=received(('Done',),
from_=executor)))
    time.sleep(1)

Procedure main():
    orchestrator <- new(Orchestrator)
    setup(orchestrator, ("../testcases/",))
    start(orchestrator)</pre>
```

<u>Safety Module</u>: To ensure safety property, check if the orders of the transactions committed in the ledger file of all the validators are the same or not. If it's matching, safety property is ensured else not.

<u>Liveness Module:</u> To ensure the liveness property a "no-op" transaction is sent at the end of all the transactions. If the "no-op" transaction is committed in the ledger file of all the validators, then the Liveness property is ensured.

```
Procedure check_liveness(validator_ids):
    for validator_id in validator_ids:
        if last_ledger_line_validator != 'no-op':
            return False
    return True
```

Network playground:

```
class ValidatorTwins(process, Validator):
    Procedure send(payload, to):
    to_validator_ids <- to</pre>
```

```
message type, message <- payload
       to_validator_twin_ids // contains the list of twin validator ids if the
destination validator id is having twin.
       if not should_partition(message_type, self.pacemaker.current_round):
           // Send the message to all recipients without applying filtering logic
           for to_validator in [validator_map[to_twin_id] for to_twin_id in
to_validator_twin_ids]:
               super().send(payload, to=to validator)
       else:
           // Only send to the twin ids part of the current partition
           leader partition scenario <-</pre>
test_case.leader_partitions[pacemaker.current_round - 1]
           current_partition <- []</pre>
           dropped messages <- []</pre>
           for partition in leader partition scenario.partitions:
               network partition <- partition.partitions</pre>
               if twin id in network partition:
                   current_partition <- network_partition</pre>
                   dropped_messages <- partition.dropped_messages</pre>
                   break
           if message_type in dropped_messages:
               // Intra partition message drop
               return
           for to validator twin id in to validator twin ids:
               // Send to all recipients who are in the same partition
               if to validator twin id in current partition:
                   to_validator <- validator_map[to_validator_twin_id]</pre>
                   super().send(payload, to=to validator)
  Procedure should_partition(message_type, round_num):
       if round num > test case.n rounds or message type not in {'Proposal',
'Vote', 'Timeout'}:
           return False
       if message type in {'Proposal', 'Vote'}:
           return True
       else:
           // Else, message type is Timeout
           // If we have not sent a timeout message for this round, return True,
else False
           ans <- round_num not in self.timed_out_rounds</pre>
```

self.timed_out_rounds.add(round_num)

return ans