## Data Cleaning Walkthrough: Combining the Data: Takeaways

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## **Syntax**

• Resetting the index: class\_size.reset\_index(inplace=True) • Grouping a dataframe by column: class\_size=class\_size.groupby("DBN") • Aggregating a grouped Dataframe: class\_size = class\_size.agg(numpy.mean) • Displaying column types: data["ap\_2010"].dtypes • Performing a left join: combined.merge(data["ap\_2010"], on="DBN", how="left") • Displaying the shape of the dataframe (row, column): combined.shape • Performing an inner join: combined = combined.merge(data[class\_size], on="DBN", how="inner") • Filling in missing values: combined.fillna(0)

## Concepts

Merging data in Pandas supports four types of joins -- left , right , inner , and

- Each of the join types dictates how pandas combines the rows.
- The strategy for merging affects the number of rows we end up with.
- We can use one or multiple aggregate functions on a grouped dataframe.

## Resurces

- Data Cleaning with Python
- <u>Dataframe.groupby()</u>
- agg() documentation



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