



# **AppZone m2mb Sample Apps**

80000NT11840A Rev. 0 - 2020-05-05

**TELIT**  
**TECHNICAL**  
**DOCUMENTATION**

# 1 AppZone m2mb Sample Apps

Package Version: **1.0.13-G1**

Minimum Firmware Version: **37.00.XX1**

## 1.1 Features

This package goal is to provide sample source code for common activities kick-start.

## 2 Quick start

### 2.1 Deployment Instructions

To manually deploy the Sample application on the devices perform the following steps:

1. Have **37.00.XX1** FW version flashed (AT#SWPKGV will give you the FW version)
2. Copy *m2mapz.bin* to */mod/*

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/mod/m2mapz.bin",<size>,1
```

where <size> is in bytes

3. Configure the module to run the downloaded binary as default app:  
AT#M2MRUN=2,m2mapz.bin
4. Restart the module and if no AT commands are sent within **10** seconds, start the app: AT+M2M=4,10

### 2.2 References

More info on

- [Getting started with ME910C1](#) (doc ID 80529NT11661A)
- [How to run applications with AppZone](#)

### 2.3 Known Issues

None

## 2.4 Contact Information, Support

For general contact, technical support services, technical questions and report documentation errors contact Telit Technical Support at: [TS-EMEA@telit.com](mailto:TS-EMEA@telit.com).

For detailed information about where you can buy the Telit modules or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:

<http://www.telit.com>

Our aim is to make this guide as helpful as possible. Keep us informed of your comments and suggestions for improvements.

Telit appreciates feedback from the users of our information.

## 2.5 Troubleshooting

- Application does not work/start:
  - Delete application binary and retry  
`AT#M2MDEL="/mod/m2mapz.bin"`
  - Delete everything, reflash and retry  
`AT#M2MDEL="/mod/m2mapz.bin"`  
`AT#M2MDEL="/mod/appcfg.ini"`
- Application project does not compile
  - Right click on project name
  - Select Properties
  - Select AppZone tab
  - Select the right plugin (firmware) version
  - Press "Restore Defaults", then "Apply", then "OK"
  - Build project again
- Application project shows missing symbols on IDE
  - Right click on project name
  - Select Index
  - Select Rebuild. This will regenerate the symbols index.

## 2.6 Making source code changes

### 2.6.1 Folder structure

The applications code follow the structure below:

- `hdr`: header files used by the application
  - `app_cfg.h`: the main configuration file for the application
- `src`: source code specific to the application
- `azx`: helpful utilities used by the application (for GPIOs, LOGGING etc)
  - `hdr`: generic utilities' header files
  - `src`: generic utilities' source files
- `Makefile.in`: customization of the Make process

## 2.7 Import a Sample App into an IDE project

Consider that the app HelloWorld that prints on Main UART is a good starting point. To import it in a project, please follow the steps below:

On IDE, create a new project: "File"-> "New" -> "Telit Project"



**Figure 1**

Select the preferred firmware version (e.g. 30.00.xx7) and create an empty project.

in the samples package, go in the HelloWorld folder (e.g. AppZoneSampleApps-MAIN\_UART\HelloWorld ), copy all the files and folders in it (as src, hdr, azx ) and paste them in the root of the newly created IDE project. You are now ready to build and try the sample app on your device.

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## 3 Applications

### 3.1 AUX UART

*Applications that provide usage examples for various functionalities, log output on Auxiliary UART*

#### 3.1.1 App update OTA via FTP

Sample application showcasing Application OTA over FTP with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

##### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to download an application binary and update the local version

The app uses a predefined set of parameters. To load custom parameters, upload the `ota_config.txt` file (provided in project's `/src` folder) in module's `/mod` folder, for example with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/mod/ota_config.txt",<filesize>
```

##### Application workflow

###### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage app OTA and start it

###### **ftp\_utils.c**

- Set parameters to default
- Try to load parameters from `ota_config.txt` file
- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Initialize FTP client
- Connect to FTP server and log in
- Get new App binary file size on remote server

- Download the file in /mod folder, with the provided name
- Close FTP connection
- Disable PDP context
- Update applications configuration in **app\_utils.c**

### app\_utils.c

- Set new application as default
- Delete old app binary
- Restart module

```
Starting FTP APP OTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:04:05.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_utils.c:447 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_utils.c:152 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_utils.c:154 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Opening /mod/ota_config.txt in read mode..
Set APN to: <<web.omnitel.it>>
Set FTP URL to: <<ftp.telit.com>>
Set FTP PORT to: 21
Set FTP USER to: <<[redacted]>>
Set FTP PASS to: <<[redacted]>>
Set FTP FILE URI to: <</samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL FINAL APP NAME to: <<helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL ORIGINAL APP NAME to: <<m2mapz.bin>>
[DEBUG] 23.53 ftp_utils.c:464 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 23.54 ftp_utils.c:470 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.55 ftp_utils.c:478 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:371 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:491 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 23.57 ftp_utils.c:495 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 25.61 ftp_utils.c:504 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3....
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:398 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:401 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.246.110.148
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 27.36 ftp_utils.c:533 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 28.87 ftp_utils.c:546 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin size
[DEBUG] 29.31 ftp_utils.c:568 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Done. File size: 116224.
Starting download of remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin into local /mod/helloworld.bin
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 4.68% 5440
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 9.36% 10880
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 14.04% 16320
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 18.72% 21760
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 23.40% 27200
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 28.08% 32640
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 32.76% 38080
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 37.44% 43520
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 42.13% 48960
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 46.81% 54400
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 51.49% 59840
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 56.17% 65280
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 60.85% 70720
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 65.53% 76160
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 70.21% 81600
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 74.89% 87040
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 79.57% 92480
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 84.25% 97920
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 88.93% 103360
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 93.61% 108800
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 97.42% 113220
[DEBUG] 43.54 ftp_utils.c:608 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ download successful.
FTP quit...
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:632 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deactivating PDP
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:642 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 44.20 ftp_utils.c:407 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactive
[DEBUG] 45.44 app_utils.c:76 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Application successfully configured.
[DEBUG] 45.45 app_utils.c:82 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deleting old application /mod/m2mapz.bin
eyStarting. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:02:52. LEVEL: 2

Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]

Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
```

**Figure 2**

### 3.1.2 ATI (AT Instance)

Sample application showing how to use AT Instance functionality (sending AT commands from code). The example supports both sync and async (using a callback) modes. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to open an AT interface from the application
- How to send AT commands and receive responses on the AT interface

#### Application workflow, sync mode

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

##### at\_sync.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0
- Send AT+CGMR command, then read response after 2 seconds, then return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:12:58.
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_sync.c:53 - at_cmd_sync_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in sync mode
[DEBUG] 17.16 at_sync.c:79 - send_sync_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 19.21 at_sync.c:61 - at_cmd_sync_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

**Figure 3**

#### Application workflow, async mode

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

## at\_async.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0, register AT events callback
- Send AT+CGMR command, wait for response semaphore (released in callback), then read it and return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:07:45.
[DEBUG] 17.13 at_async.c:116 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in async mode
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:153 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:169 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ waiting command response...
[DEBUG] 17.17 at_async.c:88 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 25
[DEBUG] 17.18 at_async.c:181 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Receive response...
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 17.19 at_async.c:136 - at_cmd_async_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

**Figure 4**

### 3.1.3 CJSON example:

Sample application showcasing how to manage JSON objects. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to read a JSON using cJSON library
- How to write a JSON
- How to manipulate JSON objects

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Parse an example string into a JSON object and print the result in a formatted string
- Print some test outcomes (e.g. non existing item correctly not found)
- Retrieve single elements from the parsed JSON object and use them to format a descriptive string
- Delete the JSON object
- Create a new JSON object appending elements to it
- Print the result JSON string from the object

```

Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:33:03.
And here is what we got:
{
  "name":      "Atlantic Ocean",
  "format":    {
    "type":     "salt",
    "volume":   310410900,
    "depth":    -8486,
    "volume_percent": 23.300000,
    "tide":     -3.500000,
    "calm":     false,
    "life":     ["plankton", "corals", "fish", "mammals"]
  }
}
inexistent key not found
name found: Atlantic Ocean
format found (null)
Our JSON string contains info about an ocean named Atlantic Ocean,
has a volume of 310410900 km^3 of salt water with -8486 meters max depth,
represents 23.3% of total oceans volume,
has an average low tide of -3.5 meters,
hosts a huge number of living creatures such as plankton, corals, fish, mammals,
and is not always calm.

Let's build a TR50 command with a property.publish and an alarm.publish for MQTT (no auth).
And here is what we got:
{
  "1": {
    "command": "property.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "value": 123.144000
    }
  },
  "2": {
    "command": "alarm.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "state": 3,
      "msg": "Message."
    }
  }
}
END.

```

**Figure 5**

### 3.1.4 Events

Sample application showcasing events setup and usage. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to setup OS events with a custom bitmask
- How to wait for events and generate them in callback functions to synchronize blocks of code

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 2 seconds expiration time
- Wait for a specific event bit on the event handler
- At timer expiration, set the same event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event.

```
Starting Events demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 08:44:29.  
[DEBUG] 20.55 M2MB_main.c:171 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success  
Set the timer attributes structure success.  
Timer successfully created  
[DEBUG] 20.57 M2MB_main.c:125 - setup_timer{M2M_DamsStart}$ Start the timer, success.  
[DEBUG] 22.60 M2MB_main.c:60 - hwTimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event!  
[DEBUG] 22.61 M2MB_main.c:183 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ event occurred!
```

**Figure 6**

---

### 3.1.5 Events - Barrier (multi events)

Sample application showcasing how to setup and use multiple events to create a barrier. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to setup OS events to be used as a barrier
- How to wait for multiple events in the same point, and generate them in call-back functions to synchronize blocks of code

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 3 seconds expiration time
- Create another timer to generate an event, with a 6 seconds expiration time
- Start both timers
- Wait for both event bits on the event handler (each one will be set by one of the timers)
- At first timer expiration, set the first event bit and verify that the code flow does not procede.
- At second timer expiration, set the second event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event (implementing a barrier).

```
Starting Barrier demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:48:30.
[DEBUG] 20.01 M2MB_main.c:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 3000 timeout (ms)
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 6000 timeout (ms)
[DEBUG] 23.08 M2MB_main.c:66 - hwTimerCb1{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 1!
[DEBUG] 26.12 M2MB_main.c:75 - hwTimerCb2{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 2!
[DEBUG] 26.13 M2MB_main.c:214 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ BOTH events occurred!
```

**Figure 7**



### 3.1.6 File System example

Sample application showcasing M2MB File system API usage. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to open a file in write mode and write data in it
- How to reopen the file in read mode and read data from it

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Open file in write mode
- Write data in file
- Close file
- Reopen file in read mode
- Read data from file and print it
- Close file and delete it

```
Starting FileSystem demo app. This is v1.0.7 build on Mar 26 2020 09:50:19. LEVEL: 2
Opening /my_text_file.txt in write mode..
Buffer written successfully into file. 15 bytes were written.
Closing file.
Opening /my_text_file.txt in read only mode..
Received 15 bytes from file:
<Hello from file>
Closing file.
Deleting File
File deleted
App Completed
```

**Figure 8**

### 3.1.7 FOTA example

Sample application showcasing FOTA usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How download a delta file from a remote server
- How to apply the delta and update the module firmware

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a main task to manage connectivity.
- create a fota task to manage FOTA and start it with INIT option

##### fota.c

##### fotaTask()

- Initialize FOTA system then reset parameters.
- Check current FOTA state, if not in IDLE, return error.
- Send a message to mainTask so networking is initialized.
- after PdPCallback() notifies the correct context activation, configure the fota client parameters such as FTP server URL, username and password
- get delta file from server. when it is completed, FOTADownloadCallback is called.
- If delta download went fine, check it.
- If delta file is correct, apply it. Once complete, restart the module.

##### mainTask()

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context. Event will be received on **PdP-Callback** function
- Disable PDP context when required to stop the app

##### PdpCallback()

- When PDP context is enabled, send a message to fotaTask to start the download

```

Starting FOTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 16:24:29.
[DEBUG] 27.68 fota.c:185 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Init FOTA...
Session file not present, procede with FOTA...
[DEBUG] 27.69 fota.c:229 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_reset PASS
[DEBUG] 27.70 fota.c:253 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_state_get M2MB_FOTA_STATE_IDLE
[DEBUG] 27.71 fota.c:369 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Case INIT
[DEBUG] 27.71 fota.c:374 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Case WAIT_FOR_REGISTRATION
[DEBUG] 27.72 fota.c:378 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 27.72 fota.c:385 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 27.73 fota.c:130 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF!
[DEBUG] 27.74 fota.c:395 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ REGISTERED
[DEBUG] 27.74 fota.c:400 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 27.75 fota.c:404 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 29.71 fota.c:419 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 30.44 fota.c:151 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 30.45 fota.c:154 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.165.97

[DEBUG] 30.45 fota.c:278 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$
Trying to download "samples/FOTA/30.00.006.2_to_30.00.006.2_ME910C1_NANVWW.bin" delta file...
[DEBUG] 30.47 fota.c:288 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_get_delta OK - Waiting for the completion callback
[DEBUG] 39.03 fota.c:95 - FOTADownloadCallback{pubTspt_0}$ FOTA download Success - performing packet validation...
[DEBUG] 39.05 fota.c:294 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Validating delta file...
[DEBUG] 122.34 fota.c:310 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Packet is valid, start update...
[DEBUG] 122.38 fota.c:322 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_start PASS
[DEBUG] 124.39 fota.c:335 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$
Rebooting...After reboot there will be the new FW running on module!

#OTAEV: Module Upgraded To New Fw

Starting FOTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 16:24:29.
[DEBUG] 33.31 fota.c:185 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Init FOTA...
Session file is already present, stop.

```

**Figure 9**

### 3.1.8 FTP

Sample application showcasing FTP client demo with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to exchange data with the server

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage FTP client and start it

##### **ftp\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init FTP client and set the debug function for it
- Connect to the server
- Perform log in
- Check remote file size and last modification time
- Download file from server to local filesystem. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Upload the same file to the server with a different name. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the upload status
- Download another file content in a buffer instead of a file. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Close the connection with FTP server
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting FTP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 11:17:36.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:290 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:304 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:310 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:318 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_test.c:214 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_test.c:331 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.27 ftp_test.c:335 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.31 ftp_test.c:344 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3...
[DEBUG] 24.09 ftp_test.c:241 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 24.10 ftp_test.c:244 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.244.166.181
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 24.82 ftp_test.c:373 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 26.32 ftp_test.c:386 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt size
[DEBUG] 26.69 ftp_test.c:428 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 20026.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt last modification date
[DEBUG] 26.89 ftp_test.c:450 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File last mod date: 20200407090654
.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt into local /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/samples/pattern_big.txt 47.54% 9520
/samples/pattern_big.txt 100.00% 20026
[DEBUG] 29.75 ftp_test.c:488 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ download successful.
[DEBUG] 29.76 ftp_test.c:522 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$
Local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt size: 20026

Starting upload of local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/mod/_pattern_big.txt 81.81% 16384
Upload successful.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt into local buffer
Getting remote file /samples/pattern.txt size..
[DEBUG] 32.97 ftp_test.c:583 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 988.
Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt to buffer
[DEBUG] 34.08 ftp_test.c:145 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received START event
[DEBUG] 34.09 ftp_test.c:149 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received DATA: 988 bytes on buffer 0x400399e0
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:153 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received END event
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:623 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Download successful. Received 988 bytes<<<
0 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
1 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
2 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
3 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
4 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
5 | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | *
6 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
7 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
8 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
9 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
10 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
11 | | | | | | | *
12 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----|

```

Figure 10

### 3.1.9 GNSS example

Sample application showing how to use GNSS functionality. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to enable GNSS receiver on module
- How to collect location information from receiver

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init gnss, enable position report and start it.
- When a fix is available, a message will be printed by the GNSS callback function

```
START GNSS TEST APP
m2mb_gnss_enable OK
m2mb_gnss_start OK
latitude_valid: 1 - latitude: 39.228245
longitude_valid: 1 - longitude: 9.069106
altitude_valid: 1 - altitude: 12.000000
uncertainty_valid: 1 - uncertainty: 30.000000
velocity_valid: 1 - codingType: 0
speed_horizontal: 0.000000
bearing: 0.000000
timestamp_valid: 1 -timestamp: 1563376148000
speed_valid: 1 - speed: 0.060000
```

**Figure 11**

### 3.1.10 GPIO interrupt example

Sample application showing how to use GPIOs and interrupts. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to open a GPIO in input mode with interrupt
- How to open a second GPIO in output mode to trigger the first one

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open *GPIO 4* as output
- Open *GPIO 3* as input and set interrupt for any edge (rising and falling). **A jumper must be used to short GPIO 3 and 4 pins.**
- Toggle *GPIO 4* status high and low every second
- An interrupt is generated on *GPIO 3*

```
Starting GPIO interrupt demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:33:01.  
Setting gpio 3 interrupt...  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0
```

**Figure 12**

### 3.1.11 Hello World

The application prints “Hello World!” over selected output every two seconds. Debug prints on **AUX UART**, using AZX log example functions

#### Features

- How to open an output channel using AZX LOG sample functions
- How to print logging information on the channel using AZX LOG sample functions

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop

```
Starting. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 09:34:16. LEVEL: 2
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

**Figure 13**



### 3.1.12 HTTP Client

Sample application showing how to use HTTPs client functionalities. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to initialize the http client, set the debug hook function and the data call-back to manage incoming data
- How to perform GET, HEAD or POST operations

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage HTTP client and start it

##### httpTaskCB

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create HTTP client options and initialize its functionality
- Create HTTP SSL config and initialize the SSL options
- Configure data management options for HTTP client
- Apply all configurations to HTTP client
- Perform a GET request to a server
- Disable PDP context

##### DATA\_CB

- Print incoming data
- Set the abort flag to 0 to keep going.

```

Starting HTTP(s) client demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Aug 11 2020 16:56:28.
[DEBUG] 15.19 M2MB_main:259 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:265 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:273 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.21 M2MB_main:119 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0xc4cf!
[DEBUG] 15.22 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.26 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:146 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:149 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 100.77.54.97
Performing a GET request...

Host Address: linux-ip.net Port 80

Socket connected! |
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
  <meta name="author" content="Martin A. Brown" />
  <meta name="robots" content="index, follow"/>

  <meta property="og:title" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:url" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:site_name" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:type" content="website"/>

  <link rel="canonical" href="http://linux-ip.net" />

  <title>http://linux-ip.net/</title>
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/font-awesome/4.0.3/css/font-awesome.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/twitter-bootstrap/2.3.2/css/bootstrap-combined.min.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="http://linux-ip.net/theme/css/main.css" />
</head>

...
  <footer id="site-footer">
    <div class="row-fluid">
      <div class="span10 offset1">
        <address>
          <p>
            Powered by <a href="http://getpelican.com/">Pelican</a>
            and <a href="http://python.org">Python</a>.
            Theme based on <a href="http://github.com/jsliang/pelican-fresh">Fresh</a>
            by <a href="http://jsliang.com/">jsliang</a>
          </p>
        </address>
      </div>
    </div>
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
Done.
[DEBUG] 22.44 M2MB_main:155 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context successfully deactivated!

```

**Figure 14**

### 3.1.13 HW Timer (Hardware Timer)

The sample application shows how to use HW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to open configure a HW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create hw timer structure
- Configure it with 100 ms timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires) and autostart
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

##### TimerCb

- Print a message with an increasing counter

```
Starting HW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:04:14.
[DEBUG] 14.06 M2MB_main.c:114 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Set the timer attributes structure: success.
Timer successfully created
Start the timer, success.
[DEBUG] 14.18 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [0]
[DEBUG] 14.28 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [1]
[DEBUG] 14.38 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [2]
[DEBUG] 14.48 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [3]
[DEBUG] 14.58 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [4]
[DEBUG] 14.69 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [5]
[DEBUG] 14.79 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [6]
[DEBUG] 14.88 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [7]
[DEBUG] 14.98 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [8]
[DEBUG] 15.08 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [9]

[DEBUG] 23.90 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [96]
[DEBUG] 24.01 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [97]
[DEBUG] 24.11 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [98]
Stop a running timer: success
Application end
```

**Figure 15**

### 3.1.14 I2C example

Sample application showing how to communicate with an I2C slave device. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to open a communication channel with an I2C slave device
- How to send and receive data to/from the slave device

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open I2C bus, setting SDA an SCL pins as 2 and 3 respectively
- Set registers to configure accelerometer -Read in a loop the 6 registers carrying the 3 axes values and show the g value for each of them

```
Starting I2C demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:50:40.
Configuring the Kionix device...
opening channel /dev/I2C-30
[DEBUG] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:218 - test_I2C{M2M_DamsStart}$)-
WHOAMI content: 0x01
Configuring I2C Registers - Writing 0x4D into 0x1D register (CTRL_REG3)...
Write: success

I2C reading data from 0x1D register (CTRL_REG3)...
Read: success.
Accelerometer Enabled. ODR tilt: 12.5Hz, ODR directional tap: 400Hz, ORD Motion Wakeup: 50Hz
Configuring I2C Registers - Writing 0xC0 into 0x1B register (CTRL_REG1)...
Write: success

I2C reading data from 0x1B register (CTRL_REG1)...
Read: success.
Accelerometer Enabled. Operative mode, 12bit resolution
I2C read axes registers
-----
Reading Success.

X: -0.050 g
Y: -0.046 g
Z: 1.006 g
Reading Success.

X: -0.049 g
Y: -0.044 g
Z: 1.004 g
Reading Success.

X: -0.052 g
Y: -0.044 g
Z: 1.007 g
Reading Success.

X: -0.048 g
Y: -0.045 g
Z: 1.005 g
```

**Figure 16**

### 3.1.15 Logging Demo

Sample application showing how to print on one of the available output interfaces.  
Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to open a logging channel
- How to set a logging level
- How to use different logging macros

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Print a message with every log level

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:57:06.  
[WARN ] 20.17 M2MB_main.c:74 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a WARNING MESSAGE  
[ERROR] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:76 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN ERROR MESSAGE  
[CRITICAL] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:78 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN CRITICAL MESSAGE  
[DEBUG] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:80 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a DEBUG message  
[TRACE] 20.20 M2MB_main.c:82 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a TRACE message  
END.
```

**Figure 17**

### 3.1.16 LWM2M

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- Configure LWM2M client and enable it
- Create an instance of a custom object
- Set an integer value on a read only resource
- Set two integer values on a multi-instance read only resource
- write a string on a read/write resource
- Manage exec requests from the portal
- Manage write, read and monitoring resources changed from the portal

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create a task to manage the LWM2M client and start it

##### lwm2m\_demo.c

##### msgLWM2MTask - Check registration status

- Configure APN to the correct one for CID 1
- Initialize LWM2M client,
- Check for XML file fo custom object
- Enable unsolicited messages from client
- Create a task (lwm2m\_taskCB is its callback function )to manage events from Portal
- Enable LwM2M client
- Create a new instance for the custom object
- Wait for client to register to Portal
- Send integer and string values
- Wait for events from server

##### lwm2mIndicationCB

- Manage events arriving from client (operations completion status and unsolicited events)
- Run lwm2m\_taskCB when a monitored resource changes, to manage the action to be done

#### 3.1.16.1 Custom Object configuration

The XML file content must be loaded on the Telit IoT Portal for the demo application to be fully executed.

First, enter Developer section from the top menu



**Figure 18**

Choose Object Registry



**Figure 19**

Create a New Object



**Figure 20**

Copy the xml file content and paste it in the new Object form





**New object**

Paste your LWM2M object definition here:\*

Add Cancel

**Figure 21**

Also, the application requires the XML file `/xml/object_35000.xml` (provided with the sample files) to be stored in module's `/XML/` folder. It can be done with

```
AT#M2MWRITE=/XML/object_35000.xml,<size_in_bytes>
```

To load the XML file in the module, Telit AT Controller (TATC) can be used. Once the command above is issued, press the load content button:

**Figure 22**

Select the file from your computer

**Figure 23**

The file is successfully loaded on the module



**Figure 24**

### 3.1.16.2 Application execution example

```
Starting lwm2m demo. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Jul  6 2020 06:54:58.
On OneEdge portal, be sure that observations are enabled for the following object resources:
{35000/0/01} {35000/0/02} {35000/0/03} {35000/0/04} {35000/0/05} {35000/0/06} {35000/0/07}
{35000/0/11} {35000/0/12} {35000/0/13} {35000/0/14} {35000/0/15} {35000/0/16} {35000/0/17}
{35000/0/21} {35000/0/22} {35000/0/23} {35000/0/24} {35000/0/25} {35000/0/26} {35000/0/27}
{35000/0/31} {35000/0/32} {35000/0/33} {35000/0/34} {35000/0/35} {35000/0/36} {35000/0/37}

Initializing resources...
LWM2M enable result OK
[DEBUG] 32.39 lwm2m_demo:637 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Monitoring enabled.

Waiting LWM2M Registering (120 seconds timeout)...
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_BOOTSTRAPPING
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_BOOTSTRAPPED
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERING
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERED

Waiting for events from portal. Write on monitored resource or call an exec

GET STATUS.
IF Status: M2MB_LWM2M_IF_STATE_ACTIVE
Client Status: M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERING
```

**Figure 25**

```
Setting integer resource {35000/0/2} value to 50 on LWM2M client.
Setting integer resource {35000/0/22/0} value to 10 on LWM2M client.
Resource /35000/0/2/0 changed!
Setting integer resource {35000/0/22/1} value to 11 on LWM2M client.
[DEBUG] 52.05 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/22/0 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/2/0} resource was updated to new value: 50
Writing string resource {35000/0/11} value to demo_string on LWM2M client.
[DEBUG] 52.57 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/22/1 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/22/0} resource was updated to new value: 10
[DEBUG] 54.19 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/11/0 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/22/1} resource was updated to new value: 11
[DEBUG] 54.71 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 2; size: 11
String data in {35000/0/11/0} resource was updated to new content: <demo_string>
```

**Figure 26**

After the Demo completes the initialization, it is possible to access the object resources from the Portal Object Browser



**Figure 27**

An instance of the object will be present and the resources can be modified.



### 3.1.17 MQTT Client

Sample application showcasing MQTT client functionalities (with SSL). Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to a broker with SSL and exchange data over a subscribed topic

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

##### **mqtt\_demo.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, username, password, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to two topics
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter. Even messages are sent to topic 1, odd messages on topic 2.
- Print received message in mqtt\_topc\_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting MQTT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:34:08.
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:192 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:206 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:214 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:221 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 16.20 mqtt_demo.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 16.21 mqtt_demo.c:232 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 18.26 mqtt_demo.c:246 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 3....
[DEBUG] 18.95 mqtt_demo.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:159 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.201.56
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:268 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Init MQTT
[DEBUG] 18.97 mqtt_demo.c:278 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_mqtt_init succeeded

Connecting to broker <api-dev.devicewise.com>:1883...
Done.
Subscribing to test_topic and test_topic2..
[DEBUG] 20.35 mqtt_demo.c:367 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.

[DEBUG] 20.36 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 20.37 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 20.71 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 20.72 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2>
[DEBUG] 23.37 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 23.38 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 23.92 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 23.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3>
[DEBUG] 26.40 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 26.41 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4>
[DEBUG] 29.42 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 29.43 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 29.99 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 30.00 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5>
[DEBUG] 32.46 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 32.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.00 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 33.01 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6>
[DEBUG] 35.47 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 35.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 36.01 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 36.02 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7>
[DEBUG] 38.50 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 38.51 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 39.15 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 39.16 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8>
[DEBUG] 41.52 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 41.53 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 42.10 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 42.12 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9>
[DEBUG] 44.56 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 44.57 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 45.09 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 45.11 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10>
[DEBUG] 47.58 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 47.59 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 48.12 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 48.13 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11>

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 50.60 mqtt_demo.c:414 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 50.61 mqtt_demo.c:443 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ application exit
[DEBUG] 50.62 mqtt_demo.c:453 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 50.63 mqtt_demo.c:457 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 51.23 mqtt_demo.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

**Figure 31**

### 3.1.18 MultiTask

Sample application showcasing multi tasking functionalities with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to create tasks using azx utilities
- How to use send messages to tasks
- How to use a semaphore to synchronize two tasks

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create three tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs)
- Send a message to the task1, its callback function azx\_msgTask1 will be called

##### azx\_msgTask1

- Print received parameters from main
- Send modified parameters to task2 (its callback function azx\_msgTask2 will be called)
- wait for an InterProcess Communication semaphore to be available (released by task3)
- Once the semaphore is available, print a message and return

##### azx\_msgTask2

- Print received parameters from caller
- If first parameter is bigger than a certain value, Send modified parameters to task3
- Else, use the second parameter as a task handle and print the corresponding name plus the value of the first parameter

##### azx\_msgTask3

- Print received parameters from task 2
- release IPC semaphore
- send message to task 2 with first parameter below the threshold and second parameter with task3 handle



```
Starting MultiTask demo app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jun 23 2020 15:36:31.
Inside "myTask1" user callback function. Received parameters from MAIN: 3 4 5
Task1 - Sending a message to task 2 with modified parameters...
Task1 - Waiting for semaphore to be released by task 3 now...

Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 5 7 10
Task2 - Sending a message to task 3 with modified parameters...
Task2 - Done.

Inside "myTask3" user callback function. Received parameters from Task 2: 15 14 9
Task3 - Releasing IPC semaphore...

Task1 - After semaphore! return...

Task3 - IPC semaphore released.
Task3 - Sending a message to task 2 with specific 'type' parameter value of 0 and task 3 handle as param1...

Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 0 1073951320 9
Task3 - Done.
Task2 - Received type 0 from task "myTask3"
Task2 - Done.
```

**Figure 32**

---

### 3.1.19 MutEx

Sample application showing mutex usage, with ownership and prioritization usage.  
Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to create a mutex
- How to use the mutex with tasks having different priorities
- how to reorder the pending tasks queue for the mutex

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create four tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs). The first task is a “producer”, putting data on a shared buffer. The second is a “consumer” of said data, the other two are used for prioritization demo
- run producer and consumer tasks at the same pace. the shared buffer will stay empty, because the resource is consumed right after creation
- run producer twice as fast as consumer. The buffer is slowly filled
- run consumer twice as fast as publisher. The buffer is always empty.
- reserve the mutex in the main task and run producer, support and support2 tasks (in this order). Then release the mutex and check the execution order. It should be by arrival.
- reserve the mutex in the main task and run the same three task, but before releasing the mutex, call the prioritization API. the task with highest priority (producer) is put as first in the queue.

```
Starting MutEx app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jul 1 2020 08:37:15.
[DEBUG] 14.50 M2MB_main:90 - mutex_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ [MUTEX] Mutex initialized

[CASE 1 ] Producer and consumer have same idle time

[DEBUG] 14.51 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 14.52 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 14.53 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 14.53 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 14.54 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 14.54 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 14.55 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 14.56 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 15.56 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 15.56 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 15.57 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 15.58 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 15.58 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 15.59 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 15.60 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 15.60 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 16.62 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 16.65 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
```

**Figure 33**

```
[CASE 2 ] Producer has double idle time

[DEBUG] 17.56 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 17.56 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 17.57 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 17.58 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 17.58 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 17.59 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 17.59 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 17.60 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 18.63 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 18.64 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 18.64 M2MB_main:268 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Can't consume anything, buffer size is 0
[DEBUG] 18.65 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 19.62 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 19.62 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 19.63 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 19.64 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 19.68 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 19.69 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 19.69 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 19.70 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 20.73 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 20.74 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 20.75 M2MB_main:268 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Can't consume anything, buffer size is 0
[DEBUG] 20.75 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 21.67 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 21.68 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 21.68 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 21.69 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 21.77 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 21.79 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 21.80 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 21.80 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
```

**Figure 34**

```
[CASE 3 ] Producer has half idle time

[DEBUG] 22.62 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 22.63 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 22.64 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 22.64 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 22.65 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 22.65 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 22.66 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 22.67 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 23.67 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 23.68 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 23.68 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 23.69 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 24.71 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 24.72 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 24.72 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 24.73 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 24.74 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 24.74 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 24.75 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 24.76 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 25.79 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 25.79 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 25.80 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 1
[DEBUG] 25.81 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 26.78 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 26.78 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 2 items
[DEBUG] 26.79 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 1
[DEBUG] 26.79 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 26.84 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 26.84 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 26.85 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 1
[DEBUG] 26.86 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
```

**Figure 35**

```
[CASE 4 ] NO HTPF

Reserve MUTEX so all tasks are enqueued
[DEBUG] 30.77 M2MB_main:387 - msgSupport{HPTF_SUPPORT}$ freepos = 0 | evaluate[freepos]= 3
[DEBUG] 30.78 M2MB_main:416 - msgSupport2{HPTF_SUPPORT2}$ freepos = 1 | evaluate[freepos]= 4
[DEBUG] 30.79 M2MB_main:223 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ producer: freepos = 2 | evaluate[freepos]= 1
[DEBUG] 35.85 M2MB_main:586 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ EVALUATE SEQUENCE IS 3 4 1. Expected: 3 4 1
NO HTPF OK

[CASE 4.1 ] HTPF USED

Reserve MUTEX so all tasks are enqueued
m2mb_os_mtx_hptf OK
[DEBUG] 41.98 M2MB_main:223 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ producer: freepos = 0 | evaluate[freepos]= 1
[DEBUG] 41.99 M2MB_main:387 - msgSupport{HPTF_SUPPORT}$ freepos = 1 | evaluate[freepos]= 3
[DEBUG] 42.00 M2MB_main:416 - msgSupport2{HPTF_SUPPORT2}$ freepos = 2 | evaluate[freepos]= 4
[DEBUG] 44.03 M2MB_main:650 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ EVALUATE SEQUENCE IS 1 3 4, expected 1 3 4
HTPF DEMO OK
The application has ended...
```

**Figure 36**

### 3.1.20 SMS PDU

Sample application showcasing how to create and decode PDUs to be used with m2mb\_sms\_\* API set. A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to enable SMS functionality
- How to use encode an SMS PDU to be sent with m2mb\_api
- How to decode a received SMS response from PDU to ASCII mode.

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init sms functionality
- Create PDU from text message
- Send message to destination number
- Wait for response
- When SMS PDU response is received, decode it and print information about it, plus the message content

```
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded

Sending message <How are you?>...
m2mb_sms_send() - succeeded
M2MB_SMS_SEND_RESP Callback
Send resp msg ID 10
SMS received!
SMS correctly received!

Reading SMS from memory...
m2mb_sms_read() request succeeded

--- SMS read ---
SMS tag M2MB_SMS_TAG_MT_NOT_READ
SMS format M2MB_SMS_FORMAT_3GPP
Code type: 0
Sender type: 145
Msg len: 12
Msg bytes: 11
Msg date 19/7/17 16:7:58 (timezone: 2)
Received SMS, content: <<Fine thanks >>
Sender: +[REDACTED]
```

**Figure 37**

### 3.1.21 SW Timer (Software Timer)

The sample application shows how to use SW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to open configure a SW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create sw timer structure
- Configure it with 4 seconds timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires)
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Start the timer
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

##### timerCb

- Print a message with inside the callback

```
Starting SW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:51:25.  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 21.41 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 25.47 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
stopping the timer  
Stop a running timer: success  
Application end
```

**Figure 38**



### 3.1.22 TCP IP

Sample application showcasing TCP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

##### m2m\_tcp\_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Send data and receive response
- Close socket
- Disable PDP context

```
Starting TCP-IP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:20:30.
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_tcp_test.c:201 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_tcp_test.c:217 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:231 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.28 m2m_tcp_test.c:128 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x816B!
[DEBUG] 21.29 m2m_tcp_test.c:244 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.30 m2m_tcp_test.c:248 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.34 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:158 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 83.225.44.56
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:273 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:284 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:294 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.95 m2m_tcp_test.c:307 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 25.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:322 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 25.18 m2m_tcp_test.c:329 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Sending data over socket..
[DEBUG] 25.19 m2m_tcp_test.c:342 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data send successfully (16 bytes)
[DEBUG] 27.20 m2m_tcp_test.c:356 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ trying to receive 16 bytes..
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:364 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:373 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 27.22 m2m_tcp_test.c:385 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 27.24 m2m_tcp_test.c:388 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 29.43 m2m_tcp_test.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

**Figure 39**

---



### 3.1.23 TCP Server

Sample application showcasing TCP listening socket demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP listening socket
- How to manage external hosts connection and exchange data

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

##### **m2m\_tcp\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and set it in non-blocking mode
- Bind the socket to the listening port
- Start listening for incoming connection
- Check if a connection is incoming using m2mb\_socket\_bsd\_select function
- If a client connects, perform accept on the child socket
- Send a "START" message to the client
- Send some data
- Wait for data from client and print it
- Close the child socket
- Start listening again, up to 3 times
- Close listening socket
- Disable PDP context

Debug Log

```

Starting TCP Server demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 13:28:24.
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:220 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:236 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:242 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:250 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 14.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:138 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0x5222!
[DEBUG] 14.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 14.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:267 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:282 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN ibox.tim.it...
[DEBUG] 17.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:165 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:168 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 2.195.165.137

-----
| Start TCP server |
|-----|

[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:301 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:312 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 19.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:313 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_socket_bsd_socket(): valid socket ID [0x4002E79C] - PASS
[DEBUG] 20.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:319 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ issuing m2m_socket_bsd_ioctl() to set non-blocking mode ...
[DEBUG] 20.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:331 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Binding Socket...
[DEBUG] 22.12 m2m_tcp_test.c:343 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Bind Pass

Start TCP listening on port 6500...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 0
[DEBUG] 28.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 1

TCP Server Coming Connection
--> Accept
[DEBUG] 30.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:397 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Accept Pass

Connected! (socket dial n.1)

[DEBUG] 30.53 m2m_tcp_test.c:403 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Source Address: 185.86.42.254
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:404 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Port: 58658
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Family: 2
[DEBUG] 31.56 m2m_tcp_test.c:410 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$

-----
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:411 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ | Send/receive data test |
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:412 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ -----

[DEBUG] 32.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:416 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit "START" packet...
[DEBUG] 32.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:423 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (11 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:425 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:430 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit 58 bytes...
[DEBUG] 32.62 m2m_tcp_test.c:437 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (58 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.63 m2m_tcp_test.c:440 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:448 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Waiting for data...

[DEBUG] 39.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:457 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ test
[DEBUG] 99.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:465 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
m2mb_socket_bsd_recv() has received 6 bytes

[DEBUG] 102.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:469 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Server TCP is closing the current connection ...

```

**Figure 40**

Data on a PuTTY terminal

```
START  
aaaaaaaaaa-bbbbbbbbbb-ccccccccc-ddddddddd-eeeeeeeeee  
test  
█
```

**Figure 41**

---

### 3.1.24 TLS SSL Client

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to open a SSL client socket
- How to communicate over SSL socket

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create a task to manage the connection and start it

##### **ssl\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server over TCP socket
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) andh auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Create secure socket and connect to the server using SSL
- Send data and receive response
- Close secure socket
- Close socket
- Delete SSL context
- Disable PDP context

The application requires the certificates to be stored in /test\_ssl\_certs/ folder. It can be created with AT#M2MMKDIR=/test\_ssl\_certs

```

Starting TLS-SSL demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:27:00.
[DEBUG] 21.27 ssl_test.c:253 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.27 ssl_test.c:267 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.28 ssl_test.c:271 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Init SSL session test app
[DEBUG] 21.28 ssl_test.c:286 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config sslConfigHnd1 = 0x400330a8, sslRes= 0
[DEBUG] 21.29 ssl_test.c:295 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config PASSED
[DEBUG] 21.30 ssl_test.c:307 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_ctxt PASSED
[DEBUG] 21.31 ssl_test.c:312 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading CA CERT from file /test_ssl_certs/modulesCA.crt
[DEBUG] 21.32 ssl_test.c:316 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1740
[DEBUG] 21.32 ssl_test.c:329 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1740
Buffer successfully received from file. 1740 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 21.34 ssl_test.c:458 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.35 ssl_test.c:466 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.36 ssl_test.c:172 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF!
[DEBUG] 21.36 ssl_test.c:478 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.37 ssl_test.c:482 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.41 ssl_test.c:497 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.24 ssl_test.c:198 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.24 ssl_test.c:201 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.158.27
[DEBUG] 24.25 ssl_test.c:515 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.26 ssl_test.c:526 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.26 ssl_test.c:536 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.61 ssl_test.c:549 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 24.87 ssl_test.c:563 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 26.14 ssl_test.c:588 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_connect ret 0
[DEBUG] 28.17 ssl_test.c:594 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
[DEBUG] 28.17 ssl_test.c:597 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ SSL write result = 44
[DEBUG] 32.18 ssl_test.c:609 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 1087
[DEBUG] 32.19 ssl_test.c:612 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive bytes..
[DEBUG] 32.19 ssl_test.c:618 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (269)<HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Thu, 26 Mar 2020 15:29:43 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
Last-Modified: Mon, 22 Jan 2018 10:57:39 GMT
ETag: "1fffc-27f-5635b4c6f12b3"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 639
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
>
[DEBUG] 32.23 ssl_test.c:635 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 32.23 ssl_test.c:653 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 32.26 ssl_test.c:656 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 32.89 ssl_test.c:207 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

**Figure 42**

### 3.1.25 UDP client

Sample application showcasing UDP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a UDP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task and start it

**m2m\_udp\_test.c** - Initialize Network structure and check registration - Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context - Create socket and link it to the PDP context id - Send data and receive response - Close socket - Disable PDP context

```
Starting UDP Client demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 14:57:13.
INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_udp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_udp_test.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF1
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:241 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:245 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:157 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:160 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.113.222.12
[DEBUG] 24.12 m2m_udp_test.c:268 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_udp_test.c:280 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Socket created
Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.41 m2m_udp_test.c:306 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
Socket ready.
Data successfully sent (16 bytes)
Socket rcv...
[DEBUG] 26.47 m2m_udp_test.c:352 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_socket_bsd_set_sock_opt() M2MB_SOCKET_BSD_SO_RCVTIMEO - success
trying to receive 16 bytes..
Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 26.48 m2m_udp_test.c:377 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ application exit
Socket closed
[DEBUG] 26.49 m2m_udp_test.c:399 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
Application complete.
[DEBUG] 27.04 m2m_udp_test.c:166 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

**Figure 43**

### 3.1.26 ZLIB example

Sample application showing how to compress/uncompress with ZLIB. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

#### Features

- How to compress a file
- How to uncompress a file

In order to execute the entire test, copy test.gz file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/mod/test.gz",138
```

>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Test the compression and decompression of a data string
- Test the decompression of a .gz file (test.gz), expected to be in /mod folder, into its content test.txt. The file must be uploaded by the user (see steps above).

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:02:35.
Starting TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR.
len: 138; comprLen: 57
Compressed message:
W+EHU(,ILIVH^E/ISHÊ PE^I-HMQÊ/K-R(Ï Êc$VU^#a$ê y4RI«¥1.
comprLen: 57; uncomprLen: 138
uncompress():
the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.
Ending TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR with SUCCESS.
Starting test_uncompress.
Data extracted correctly into the file ./mod/test.txt
test_uncompress finished correctly!
```

**Figure 44**

## 3.2 BASIC

*Basic applications showing simple operations with minimum code overhead*

### 3.2.1 Basic Hello World (Aux UART)

The application prints “Hello World!” on Auxiliary UART every 2 seconds using

#### Features

- How to open Auxiliary UART as an output channel
- How to print messages out of the channel

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open Auxiliary UART with **m2mb\_uart\_open** function
- write a welcome message using **m2mb\_uart\_write**
- write “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop, using **m2mb\_uart\_write**

```
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

**Figure 45**



### 3.2.2 Basic Hello World (Main UART)

The application prints “Hello World!” on Main UART every 2 seconds using

#### Features

- How to open Main UART as an output channel
- How to print messages out of the channel

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open Main UART with **m2mb\_uart\_open** function
- write a welcome message using **m2mb\_uart\_write**
- write “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop, using **m2mb\_uart\_write**

```
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

**Figure 46**

### 3.2.3 Basic Hello World (USB0)

The application prints “Hello World!” on USB 0 every 2 seconds using

#### Features

- How to open USB 0 as an output channel
- How to print messages out of the channel

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB 0 with **m2mb\_usb\_open** function
- write a welcome message using **m2mb\_usb\_write**
- write “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop, using **m2mb\_usb\_write**

```
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

**Figure 47**

### 3.2.4 Basic Task

The application shows how to create and manage tasks with m2mb APIs. Debug prints on MAIN UART (can be changed in M2MB\_Main function)

#### Features

- How to create a new task using m2mb APIs
- How to start the task and send messages to it
- how to destroy the task

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open UART
- Print welcome message
- Configure and create message queue for task
- Configure and create task
- Send 2 messages to the task queue

##### task\_entry\_function

- Receive messages from the task queue in a loop
- Print the message data when one arrives

```
Starting Basic Task demo app. This is v1.0.8 built on Apr 16 2020 06:40:40.
Successfully created a queue area buffer of 720 bytes.
Queue successfully created.
Creating the task...
Task created and ready to receive messages!
[DEBUG] 16.88 M2MB_main:411 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending a message to the task...
[DEBUG] 16.88 M2MB_main:125 - task_entry_function(mytask)$ Received a message with a 5 bytes payload: <hello>
[DEBUG] 18.90 M2MB_main:420 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending a second message to the task...
[DEBUG] 18.90 M2MB_main:430 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Result code at the end: 0
[DEBUG] 18.91 M2MB_main:125 - task_entry_function(mytask)$ Received a message with a 5 bytes payload: <world>
Clearing resources...
Done. App complete
```

**Figure 48**

## 3.3 C++

*Applications that provide usage examples with C++*

### 3.3.1 Logging C++

Sample application showcasing how to create a C++ OO code, providing a logging class (equivalent to the one in Logging demo)

#### Features

- how to define a class object
- how to instantiate and call the class from a C++ main
- how to configure makefile flags to build the application

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Call C++ main function

##### main.cpp

- Create a Logger class instance and set it to USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print one message for every log level

```
[TRACE] 15.20  main.cpp:68 - cpp_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ C++ Trace print example
[DEBUG] 15.22  main.cpp:69 - cpp_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ C++ Debug print example
C++ Info print example
[WARN ] 15.22  main.cpp:71 - cpp_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ C++ Warning print example
[ERROR] 15.23  main.cpp:72 - cpp_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ C++ Error print example
[CRITICAL] 15.24  main.cpp:73 - cpp_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ C++ Critical print example
```

**Figure 49**

### 3.3.2 C++ method to function pointer

Sample application showing how to manage class methods as function pointers.  
Debug prints on MAIN\_UART

#### Features

- how to define a class object with a generic method with the same prototype as a m2mb callback function (in this case, a hw timer callback)
- how to use a single static function in the class workspace to call multiple class instances method by using "this" as argument in the timer creation
- how to configure the static function to convert the input parameter with a static cast and call the input class instance method

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Call C++ main function

##### main.cpp

- Create two HwTimer class instance with different timeouts
- Start both timers.
- Each will expire at a different time, and both m2mb timers will call the static function, which will run the appropriate class instance method as callback.

```
Starting C++ method as function pointer example. This is v1.0.11-C1 built on Jul  9 2020 14:58:25.
Timer "first" created with 1000 ms timeout
Timer "second" created with 1500 ms timeout
[DEBUG] 18.70 hwtimer:167 - start{M2M_DamsStart}$ Starting "first" timer
[DEBUG] 18.71 hwtimer:167 - start{M2M_DamsStart}$ Starting "second" timer
In the static timer callback. Calling class method...
[DEBUG] 19.73 hwtimer:179 - timer_cb{pubTspt_0}$
Timer "first" class callback called. Class instance: 0x400212e0; handle: 0x4002b288
In the static timer callback. Calling class method...
[DEBUG] 20.25 hwtimer:179 - timer_cb{pubTspt_0}$
Timer "second" class callback called. Class instance: 0x400212c8; handle: 0x4002b30c
```

**Figure 50**

## 3.4 MAIN UART

*Applications that provide usage examples for various functionalities, log output on Main UART*

### 3.4.1 App update OTA via FTP

Sample application showcasing Application OTA over FTP with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to download an application binary and update the local version

The app uses a predefined set of parameters. To load custom parameters, upload the `ota_config.txt` file (provided in project's `/src` folder) in module's `/mod` folder, for example with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/mod/ota_config.txt",<filesize>
```

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage app OTA and start it

##### **ftp\_utils.c**

- Set parameters to default
- Try to load parameters from `ota_config.txt` file
- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Initialize FTP client
- Connect to FTP server and log in
- Get new App binary file size on remote server
- Download the file in `/mod` folder, with the provided name
- Close FTP connection

- Disable PDP context
- Update applications configuration in **app\_utils.c**

## app\_utils.c

- Set new application as default
- Delete old app binary
- Restart module

```
Starting FTP APP OTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:04:05.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_utils.c:447 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_utils.c:152 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_utils.c:154 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Opening /mod/ota_config.txt in read mode..
Set APN to: <<web.omnitel.it>>
Set FTP URL to: <<ftp.telit.com>>
Set FTP PORT to: 21
Set FTP USER to: <<_ - - - ->>
Set FTP PASS to: <<_ - - - ->>
Set FTP FILE URI to: <</samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL FINAL APP NAME to: <<helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL ORIGINAL APP NAME to: <<m2mapz.bin>>
[DEBUG] 23.53 ftp_utils.c:464 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 23.54 ftp_utils.c:470 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.55 ftp_utils.c:478 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:371 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:491 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 23.57 ftp_utils.c:495 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 25.61 ftp_utils.c:504 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3...
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:398 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:401 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.246.110.148
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 27.36 ftp_utils.c:533 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 28.87 ftp_utils.c:546 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin size
[DEBUG] 29.31 ftp_utils.c:568 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Done. File size: 116224.
Starting download of remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin into local /mod/helloworld.bin
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 4.68% 5440
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 9.36% 10880
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 14.04% 16320
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 18.72% 21760
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 23.40% 27200
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 28.08% 32640
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 32.76% 38080
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 37.44% 43520
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 42.13% 48960
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 46.81% 54400
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 51.49% 59840
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 56.17% 65280
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 60.85% 70720
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 65.53% 76160
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 70.21% 81600
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 74.89% 87040
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 79.57% 92480
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 84.25% 97920
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 88.93% 103360
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 93.61% 108800
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 97.42% 113220
[DEBUG] 43.54 ftp_utils.c:608 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ download successful.
FTP quit...
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:632 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deactivating PDP
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:642 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 44.20 ftp_utils.c:407 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactive
[DEBUG] 45.44 app_utils.c:76 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Application successfully configured.
[DEBUG] 45.45 app_utils.c:82 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deleting old application /mod/m2mapz.bin
eyStarting. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:02:52. LEVEL: 2

Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]

Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
```

**Figure 51**

### 3.4.2 ATI (AT Instance)

Sample application showing how to use AT Instance functionality (sending AT commands from code). The example supports both sync and async (using a callback) modes. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open an AT interface from the application
- How to send AT commands and receive responses on the AT interface

#### Application workflow, sync mode

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

##### at\_sync.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0
- Send AT+CGMR command, then read response after 2 seconds, then return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:12:58.
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_sync.c:53 - at_cmd_sync_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in sync mode
[DEBUG] 17.16 at_sync.c:79 - send_sync_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 19.21 at_sync.c:61 - at_cmd_sync_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

**Figure 52**

#### Application workflow, async mode

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0



## at\_async.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0, register AT events callback
- Send AT+CGMR command, wait for response semaphore (released in callback), then read it and return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:07:45.
[DEBUG] 17.13 at_async.c:116 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in async mode
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:153 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:169 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ waiting command response...
[DEBUG] 17.17 at_async.c:88 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 25
[DEBUG] 17.18 at_async.c:181 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Receive response...
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 17.19 at_async.c:136 - at_cmd_async_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

**Figure 53**

### 3.4.3 AT Tunnel

Sample application showcasing how to perform an AT tunnel from Main UART to an AT instance. Debug prints on **USB1**.

#### Features

- How to open an AT interface from the application
- How to receive data from main UART and tunnel it to the AT interface, then report back to UART the AT response

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB1 for debug
- Initialize UART with callback function to manage input data
- Initialize AT system to manage AT commands from UART
- wait 5 minutes then deinit AT system

Main UART:

```
Starting AT tunnel demo app. Waiting for AT commands...
AT+CGMM
ME910C1-P2

OK
AT+CGREG?
+CGREG: 0,1

OK
```

**Figure 54**

USB1 debug log:

```

Starting AT tunnel demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:21:41.
Uart opened, setting callback for data..
[DEBUG] 17.21 M2MB_main.c:183 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:144 - UART_Cb{pubTspt_0}$ Received 8 bytes
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:84 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on uart, read it and send on ATI
UART IN: <AT+CGMM
>. Sending to ATI...
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:171 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 8
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:107 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on ATI, read it and send on UART
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:116 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received: <AT+CGMM
>
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:171 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 20
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:107 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on ATI, read it and send on UART
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:116 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received: <
ME910C1-P2
OK
>
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:144 - UART_Cb{pubTspt_0}$ Received 10 bytes
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:84 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on uart, read it and send on ATI
UART IN: <AT+CGREG?
>. Sending to ATI...
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:171 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 10
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:107 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on ATI, read it and send on UART
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:116 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received: <AT+CGREG?
>
[DEBUG] 32.83 M2MB_main.c:171 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 21
[DEBUG] 32.83 M2MB_main.c:107 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on ATI, read it and send on UART
[DEBUG] 32.83 M2MB_main.c:116 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received: <
+CGREG: 0,1
OK
>

```

**Figure 55**

### 3.4.4 CJSON example:

Sample application showcasing how to manage JSON objects. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to read a JSON using cJSON library
- How to write a JSON
- How to manipulate JSON objects

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Parse an example string into a JSON object and print the result in a formatted string
- Print some test outcomes (e.g. non existing item correctly not found)
- Retrieve single elements from the parsed JSON object and use them to format a descriptive string
- Delete the JSON object
- Create a new JSON object appending elements to it
- Print the result JSON string from the object

```

Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:33:03.
And here is what we got:
{
  "name":      "Atlantic Ocean",
  "format":    {
    "type":     "salt",
    "volume":   310410900,
    "depth":    -8486,
    "volume_percent": 23.300000,
    "tide":     -3.500000,
    "calm":     false,
    "life":     ["plankton", "corals", "fish", "mammals"]
  }
}
inexistent key not found
name found: Atlantic Ocean
format found (null)
Our JSON string contains info about an ocean named Atlantic Ocean,
has a volume of 310410900 km^3 of salt water with -8486 meters max depth,
represents 23.3% of total oceans volume,
has an average low tide of -3.5 meters,
hosts a huge number of living creatures such as plankton, corals, fish, mammals,
and is not always calm.

Let's build a TR50 command with a property.publish and an alarm.publish for MQTT (no auth).
And here is what we got:
{
  "1": {
    "command": "property.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "value": 123.144000
    }
  },
  "2": {
    "command": "alarm.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "state": 3,
      "msg": "Message."
    }
  }
}
END.

```

**Figure 56**

### 3.4.5 Events

Sample application showcasing events setup and usage. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to setup OS events with a custom bitmask
- How to wait for events and generate them in callback functions to synchronize blocks of code

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 2 seconds expiration time
- Wait for a specific event bit on the event handler
- At timer expiration, set the same event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event.

```
Starting Events demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 08:44:29.  
[DEBUG] 20.55 M2MB_main.c:171 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success  
Set the timer attributes structure success.  
Timer successfully created  
[DEBUG] 20.57 M2MB_main.c:125 - setup_timer{M2M_DamsStart}$ Start the timer, success.  
[DEBUG] 22.60 M2MB_main.c:60 - hwTimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event!  
[DEBUG] 22.61 M2MB_main.c:183 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ event occurred!
```

**Figure 57**

### 3.4.6 Events - Barrier (multi events)

Sample application showcasing how to setup and use multiple events to create a barrier. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to setup OS events to be used as a barrier
- How to wait for multiple events in the same point, and generate them in call-back functions to synchronize blocks of code

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 3 seconds expiration time
- Create another timer to generate an event, with a 6 seconds expiration time
- Start both timers
- Wait for both event bits on the event handler (each one will be set by one of the timers)
- At first timer expiration, set the first event bit and verify that the code flow does not procede.
- At second timer expiration, set the second event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event (implementing a barrier).

```
Starting Barrier demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:48:30.
[DEBUG] 20.01 M2MB_main.c:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 3000 timeout (ms)
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 6000 timeout (ms)
[DEBUG] 23.08 M2MB_main.c:66 - hwTimerCb1{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 1!
[DEBUG] 26.12 M2MB_main.c:75 - hwTimerCb2{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 2!
[DEBUG] 26.13 M2MB_main.c:214 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ BOTH events occurred!
```

**Figure 58**

### 3.4.7 File System example

Sample application showcasing M2MB File system API usage. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open a file in write mode and write data in it
- How to reopen the file in read mode and read data from it

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Open file in write mode
- Write data in file
- Close file
- Reopen file in read mode
- Read data from file and print it
- Close file and delete it

```
Starting FileSystem demo app. This is v1.0.7 build on Mar 26 2020 09:50:19. LEVEL: 2
Opening /my_text_file.txt in write mode..
Buffer written successfully into file. 15 bytes were written.
Closing file.
Opening /my_text_file.txt in read only mode..
Received 15 bytes from file:
<Hello from file>
Closing file.
Deleting File
File deleted
App Completed
```

**Figure 59**



### 3.4.8 FOTA example

Sample application showcasing FOTA usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How download a delta file from a remote server
- How to apply the delta and update the module firmware

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a main task to manage connectivity.
- create a fota task to manage FOTA and start it with INIT option

##### fota.c

##### fotaTask()

- Initialize FOTA system then reset parameters.
- Check current FOTA state, if not in IDLE, return error.
- Send a message to mainTask so networking is initialized.
- after PdPCallback() notifies the correct context activation, configure the fota client parameters such as FTP server URL, username and password
- get delta file from server. when it is completed, FOTADownloadCallback is called.
- If delta download went fine, check it.
- If delta file is correct, apply it. Once complete, restart the module.

##### mainTask()

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context. Event will be received on **PdP-Callback** function
- Disable PDP context when required to stop the app

##### PdpCallback()

- When PDP context is enabled, send a message to fotaTask to start the download

```

Starting FOTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 16:24:29.
[DEBUG] 27.68 fota.c:185 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Init FOTA...
Session file not present, procede with FOTA...
[DEBUG] 27.69 fota.c:229 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_reset PASS
[DEBUG] 27.70 fota.c:253 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_state_get M2MB_FOTA_STATE_IDLE
[DEBUG] 27.71 fota.c:369 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Case INIT
[DEBUG] 27.71 fota.c:374 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Case WAIT_FOR_REGISTRATION
[DEBUG] 27.72 fota.c:378 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 27.72 fota.c:385 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 27.73 fota.c:130 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF!
[DEBUG] 27.74 fota.c:395 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ REGISTERED
[DEBUG] 27.74 fota.c:400 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 27.75 fota.c:404 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 29.71 fota.c:419 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 30.44 fota.c:151 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 30.45 fota.c:154 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.165.97

[DEBUG] 30.45 fota.c:278 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$
Trying to download "samples/FOTA/30.00.006.2_to_30.00.006.2_ME910C1_NANVWW.bin" delta file...
[DEBUG] 30.47 fota.c:288 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_get_delta OK - Waiting for the completion callback
[DEBUG] 39.03 fota.c:95 - FOTADownloadCallback{pubTspt_0}$ FOTA download Success - performing packet validation...
[DEBUG] 39.05 fota.c:294 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Validating delta file...
[DEBUG] 122.34 fota.c:310 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Packet is valid, start update...
[DEBUG] 122.38 fota.c:322 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_start PASS
[DEBUG] 124.39 fota.c:335 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$
Rebooting...After reboot there will be the new FW running on module!

#OTAEV: Module Upgraded To New Fw

Starting FOTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 16:24:29.
[DEBUG] 33.31 fota.c:185 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Init FOTA...
Session file is already present, stop.

```

**Figure 60**

### 3.4.9 FTP

Sample application showcasing FTP client demo with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to exchange data with the server

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage FTP client and start it

##### **ftp\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init FTP client and set the debug function for it
- Connect to the server
- Perform log in
- Check remote file size and last modification time
- Download file from server to local filesystem. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Upload the same file to the server with a different name. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the upload status
- Download another file content in a buffer instead of a file. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Close the connection with FTP server
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting FTP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 11:17:36.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:290 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:304 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:310 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:318 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_test.c:214 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_test.c:331 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.27 ftp_test.c:335 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.31 ftp_test.c:344 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3...
[DEBUG] 24.09 ftp_test.c:241 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 24.10 ftp_test.c:244 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.244.166.181
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 24.82 ftp_test.c:373 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 26.32 ftp_test.c:386 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt size
[DEBUG] 26.69 ftp_test.c:428 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 20026.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt last modification date
[DEBUG] 26.89 ftp_test.c:450 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File last mod date: 20200407090654
.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt into local /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/samples/pattern_big.txt 47.54% 9520
/samples/pattern_big.txt 100.00% 20026
[DEBUG] 29.75 ftp_test.c:488 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ download successful.
[DEBUG] 29.76 ftp_test.c:522 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$
Local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt size: 20026

Starting upload of local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/mod/_pattern_big.txt 81.81% 16384
Upload successful.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt into local buffer
Getting remote file /samples/pattern.txt size..
[DEBUG] 32.97 ftp_test.c:583 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 988.
Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt to buffer
[DEBUG] 34.08 ftp_test.c:145 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received START event
[DEBUG] 34.09 ftp_test.c:149 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received DATA: 988 bytes on buffer 0x400399e0
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:153 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received END event
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:623 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Download successful. Received 988 bytes<<<
0 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
1 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
2 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
3 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
4 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
5 | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | *
6 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
7 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
8 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
9 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
10 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
11 | | | | | | | *
12 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----|

```

Figure 61

### 3.4.10 GNSS example

Sample application showing how to use GNSS functionality. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to enable GNSS receiver on module
- How to collect location information from receiver

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init gnss, enable position report and start it.
- When a fix is available, a message will be printed by the GNSS callback function

```
START GNSS TEST APP
m2mb_gnss_enable OK
m2mb_gnss_start OK
latitude_valid: 1 - latitude: 39.228245
longitude_valid: 1 - longitude: 9.069106
altitude_valid: 1 - altitude: 12.000000
uncertainty_valid: 1 - uncertainty: 30.000000
velocity_valid: 1 - codingType: 0
speed_horizontal: 0.000000
bearing: 0.000000
timestamp_valid: 1 -timestamp: 1563376148000
speed_valid: 1 - speed: 0.060000
```

**Figure 62**

### 3.4.11 GPIO interrupt example

Sample application showing how to use GPIOs and interrupts. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open a GPIO in input mode with interrupt
- How to open a second GPIO in output mode to trigger the first one

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open *GPIO 4* as output
- Open *GPIO 3* as input and set interrupt for any edge (rising and falling). **A jumper must be used to short GPIO 3 and 4 pins.**
- Toggle *GPIO 4* status high and low every second
- An interrupt is generated on *GPIO 3*

```
Starting GPIO interrupt demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:33:01.  
Setting gpio 3 interrupt...  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0
```

**Figure 63**

### 3.4.12 Hello World

The application prints “Hello World!” over selected output every two seconds. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**, using AZX log example functions

#### Features

- How to open an output channel using AZX LOG sample functions
- How to print logging information on the channel using AZX LOG sample functions

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop

```
Starting. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 09:34:16. LEVEL: 2
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

**Figure 64**

### 3.4.13 HTTP Client

Sample application showing how to use HTTPs client functionalities. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to initialize the http client, set the debug hook function and the data callback to manage incoming data
- How to perform GET, HEAD or POST operations

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage HTTP client and start it

##### httpTaskCB

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create HTTP client options and initialize its functionality
- Create HTTP SSL config and initialize the SSL options
- Configure data management options for HTTP client
- Apply all configurations to HTTP client
- Perform a GET request to a server
- Disable PDP context

##### DATA\_CB

- Print incoming data
- Set the abort flag to 0 to keep going.



```
Starting HTTP(s) client demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Aug 11 2020 16:56:28.
[DEBUG] 15.19 M2MB_main:259 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:265 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:273 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.21 M2MB_main:119 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0xc4cf!
[DEBUG] 15.22 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.26 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:146 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:149 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 100.77.54.97
Performing a GET request...

Host Address: linux-ip.net Port 80

Socket connected! |
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
  <meta name="author" content="Martin A. Brown" />
  <meta name="robots" content="index, follow"/>

  <meta property="og:title" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:url" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:site_name" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:type" content="website"/>

  <link rel="canonical" href="http://linux-ip.net" />

  <title>http://linux-ip.net/</title>
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/font-awesome/4.0.3/css/font-awesome.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/twitter-bootstrap/2.3.2/css/bootstrap-combined.min.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="http://linux-ip.net/theme/css/main.css" />
</head>

...
  <footer id="site-footer">
    <div class="row-fluid">
      <div class="span10 offset1">
        <address>
          <p>
            Powered by <a href="http://getpelican.com/">Pelican</a>
            and <a href="http://python.org">Python</a>.
            Theme based on <a href="http://github.com/jsliang/pelican-fresh">Fresh</a>
            by <a href="http://jsliang.com/">jsliang</a>
          </p>
        </address>
      </div>
    </div>
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
Done.
[DEBUG] 22.44 M2MB_main:155 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

**Figure 65**

### 3.4.14 HW Timer (Hardware Timer)

The sample application shows how to use HW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open configure a HW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create hw timer structure
- Configure it with 100 ms timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires) and autostart
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

##### TimerCb

- Print a message with an increasing counter

```
Starting HW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:04:14.
[DEBUG] 14.06 M2MB_main.c:114 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Set the timer attributes structure: success.
Timer successfully created
Start the timer, success.
[DEBUG] 14.18 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [0]
[DEBUG] 14.28 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [1]
[DEBUG] 14.38 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [2]
[DEBUG] 14.48 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [3]
[DEBUG] 14.58 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [4]
[DEBUG] 14.69 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [5]
[DEBUG] 14.79 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [6]
[DEBUG] 14.88 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [7]
[DEBUG] 14.98 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [8]
[DEBUG] 15.08 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [9]

[DEBUG] 23.90 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [96]
[DEBUG] 24.01 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [97]
[DEBUG] 24.11 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [98]
Stop a running timer: success
Application end
```

**Figure 66**

### 3.4.15 I2C example

Sample application showing how to communicate with an I2C slave device. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open a communication channel with an I2C slave device
- How to send and receive data to/from the slave device

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open I2C bus, setting SDA an SCL pins as 2 and 3 respectively
- Set registers to configure accelerometer -Read in a loop the 6 registers carrying the 3 axes values and show the g value for each of them

```
Starting I2C demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:50:40.
Configuring the Kionix device...
opening channel /dev/I2C-30
[DEBUG] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:218 - test_I2C{M2M_DamsStart}$)-
WHOAMI content: 0x01
Configuring I2C Registers - Writing 0x4D into 0x1D register (CTRL_REG3)...
Write: success

I2C reading data from 0x1D register (CTRL_REG3)...
Read: success.
Accelerometer Enabled. ODR tilt: 12.5Hz, ODR directional tap: 400Hz, ORD Motion Wakeup: 50Hz
Configuring I2C Registers - Writing 0xC0 into 0x1B register (CTRL_REG1)...
Write: success

I2C reading data from 0x1B register (CTRL_REG1)...
Read: success.
Accelerometer Enabled. Operative mode, 12bit resolution
I2C read axes registers
-----
Reading Success.

X: -0.050 g
Y: -0.046 g
Z: 1.006 g
Reading Success.

X: -0.049 g
Y: -0.044 g
Z: 1.004 g
Reading Success.

X: -0.052 g
Y: -0.044 g
Z: 1.007 g
Reading Success.

X: -0.048 g
Y: -0.045 g
Z: 1.005 g
```

**Figure 67**

### 3.4.16 Logging Demo

Sample application showing how to print on one of the available output interfaces.  
Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open a logging channel
- How to set a logging level
- How to use different logging macros

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Print a message with every log level

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:57:06.  
[WARN ] 20.17 M2MB_main.c:74 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a WARNING MESSAGE  
[ERROR] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:76 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN ERROR MESSAGE  
[CRITICAL] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:78 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN CRITICAL MESSAGE  
[DEBUG] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:80 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a DEBUG message  
[TRACE] 20.20 M2MB_main.c:82 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a TRACE message  
END.
```

**Figure 68**

### 3.4.17 LWM2M

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- Configure LWM2M client and enable it
- Create an instance of a custom object
- Set an integer value on a read only resource
- Set two integer values on a multi-instance read only resource
- write a string on a read/write resource
- Manage exec requests from the portal
- Manage write, read and monitoring resources changed from the portal

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create a task to manage the LWM2M client and start it

##### lwm2m\_demo.c

##### msgLWM2MTask - Check registration status

- Configure APN to the correct one for CID 1
- Initialize LWM2M client,
- Check for XML file fo custom object
- Enable unsolicited messages from client
- Create a task (lwm2m\_taskCB is its callback function )to manage events from Portal
- Enable LwM2M client
- Create a new instance for the custom object
- Wait for client to register to Portal
- Send integer and string values
- Wait for events from server

##### lwm2mIndicationCB

- Manage events arriving from client (operations completion status and unsolicited events)
- Run lwm2m\_taskCB when a monitored resource changes, to manage the action to be done

#### 3.4.17.1 Custom Object configuration

The XML file content must be loaded on the Telit IoT Portal for the demo application to be fully executed.

First, enter Developer section from the top menu



**Figure 69**

Choose Object Registry



**Figure 70**

Create a New Object



**Figure 71**

Copy the xml file content and paste it in the new Object form



**New object**

Paste your LWM2M object definition here:\*

Add Cancel

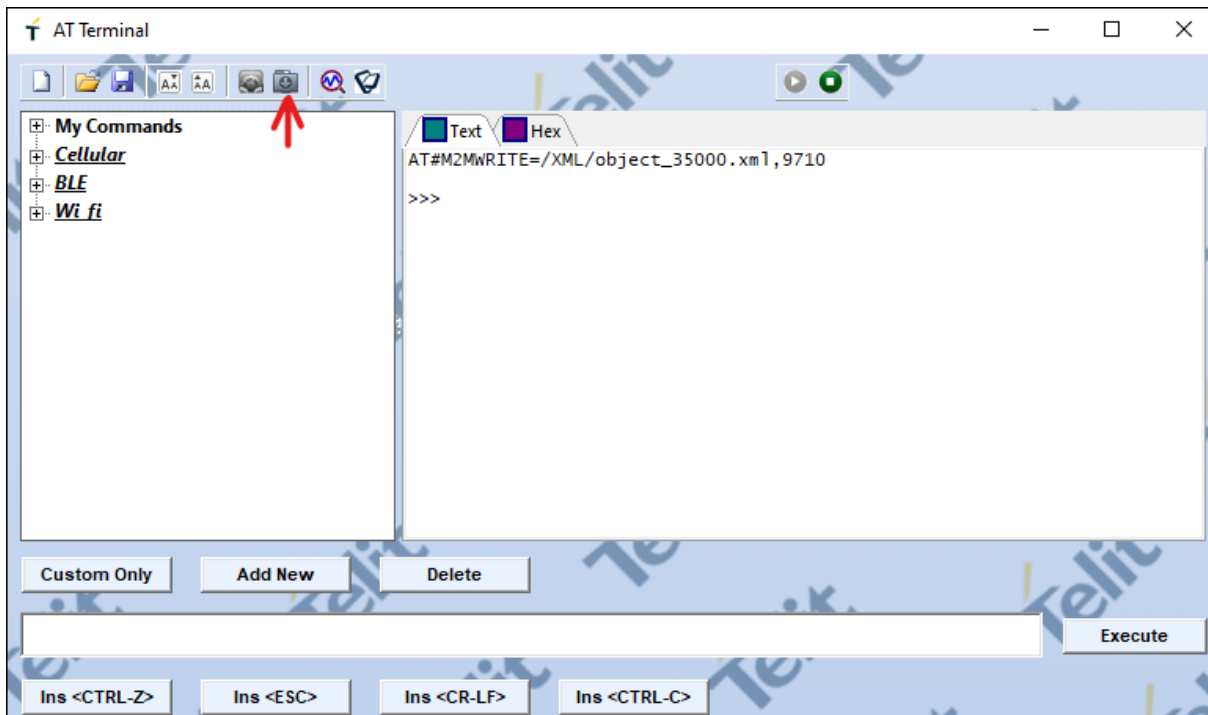
**Figure 72**

Also, the application requires the XML file `/xml/object_35000.xml` (provided with the sample files) to be stored in module's `/XML/` folder. It can be done with

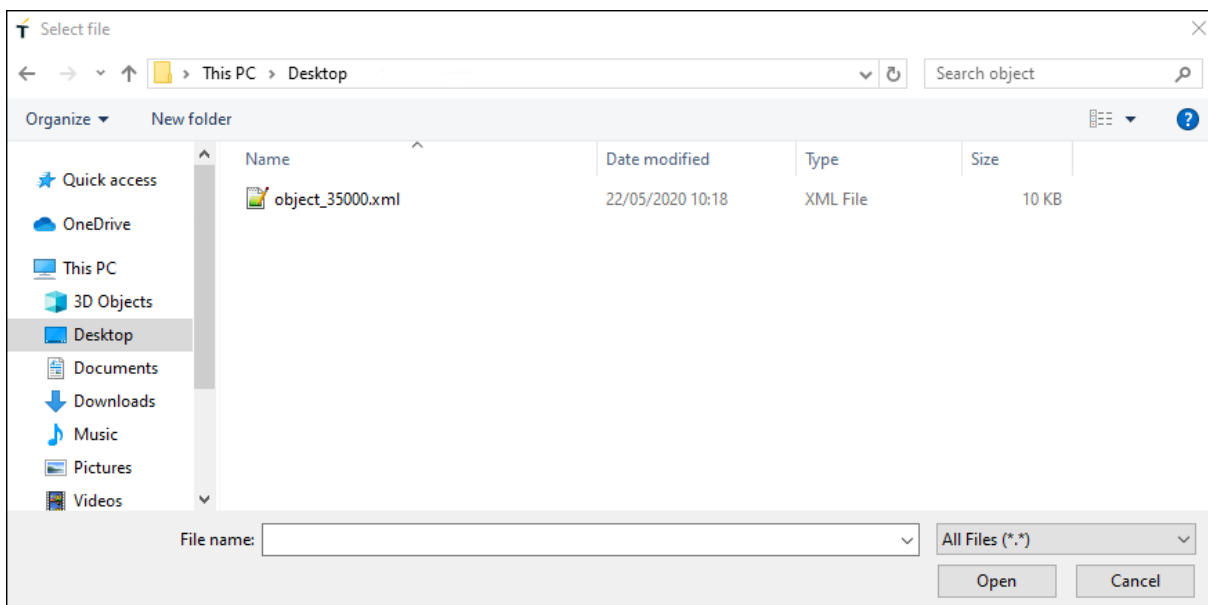
```
AT#M2MWRITE=/XML/object_35000.xml,<size_in_bytes>
```

To load the XML file in the module, Telit AT Controller (TATC) can be used. Once the command above is issued, press the load content button:

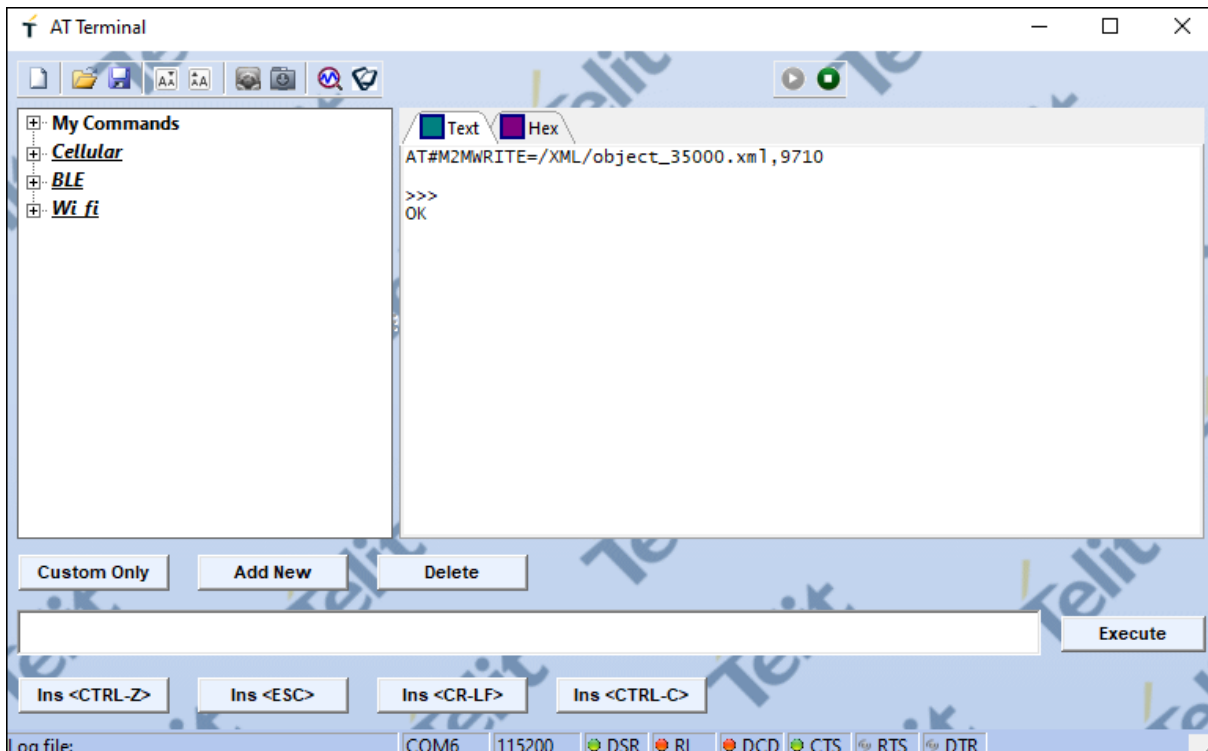


**Figure 73**

Select the file from your computer

**Figure 74**

The file is successfully loaded on the module



**Figure 75**

### 3.4.17.2 Application execution example

```
Starting lwm2m demo. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Jul 6 2020 06:54:58.
On OneEdge portal, be sure that observations are enabled for the following object resources:
{35000/0/01} {35000/0/02} {35000/0/03} {35000/0/04} {35000/0/05} {35000/0/06} {35000/0/07}
{35000/0/11} {35000/0/12} {35000/0/13} {35000/0/14} {35000/0/15} {35000/0/16} {35000/0/17}
{35000/0/21} {35000/0/22} {35000/0/23} {35000/0/24} {35000/0/25} {35000/0/26} {35000/0/27}
{35000/0/31} {35000/0/32} {35000/0/33} {35000/0/34} {35000/0/35} {35000/0/36} {35000/0/37}

Initializing resources...
LWM2M enable result OK
[DEBUG] 32.39 lwm2m_demo:637 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Monitoring enabled.

Waiting LWM2M Registering (120 seconds timeout)...
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_BOOTSTRAPPING
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_BOOTSTRAPPED
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERING
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERED

Waiting for events from portal. Write on monitored resource or call an exec

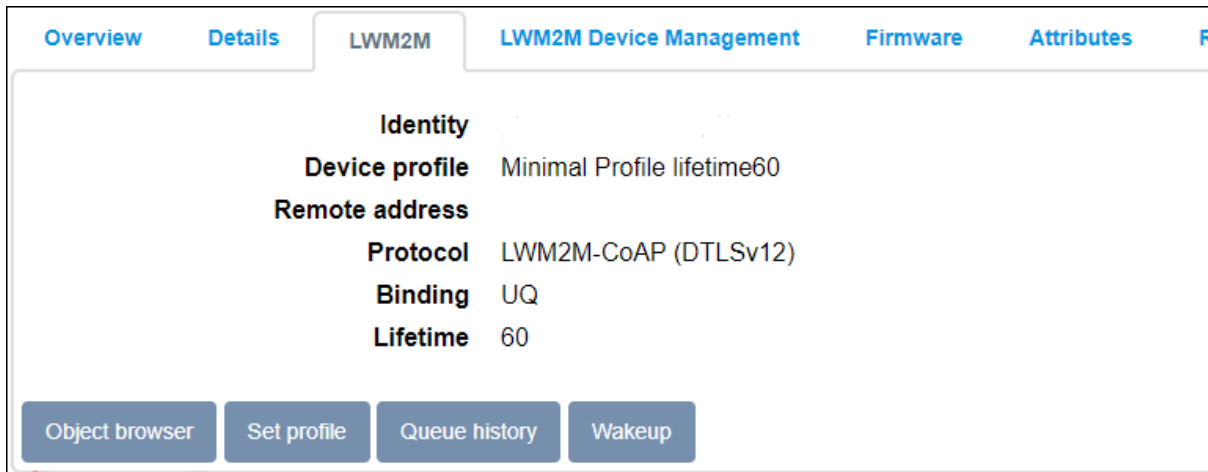
GET STATUS.
IF Status: M2MB_LWM2M_IF_STATE_ACTIVE
Client Status: M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERING
```

**Figure 76**

```
Setting integer resource {35000/0/2} value to 50 on LWM2M client.
Setting integer resource {35000/0/22/0} value to 10 on LWM2M client.
Resource /35000/0/2/0 changed!
Setting integer resource {35000/0/22/1} value to 11 on LWM2M client.
[DEBUG] 52.05 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/22/0 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/2/0} resource was updated to new value: 50
Writing string resource {35000/0/11} value to demo_string on LWM2M client.
[DEBUG] 52.57 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/22/1 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/22/0} resource was updated to new value: 10
[DEBUG] 54.19 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/11/0 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/22/1} resource was updated to new value: 11
[DEBUG] 54.71 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 2; size: 11
String data in {35000/0/11/0} resource was updated to new content: <demo_string>
```

**Figure 77**

After the Demo completes the initialization, it is possible to access the object resources from the Portal Object Browser



**Figure 78**

An instance of the object will be present and the resources can be modified.



### 3.4.18 MQTT Client

Sample application showcasing MQTT client functionalities (with SSL). Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to a broker with SSL and exchange data over a subscribed topic

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

##### **mqtt\_demo.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, username, password, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to two topics
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter. Even messages are sent to topic 1, odd messages on topic 2.
- Print received message in mqtt\_topc\_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting MQTT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:34:08.
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:192 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:206 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:214 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:221 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 16.20 mqtt_demo.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 16.21 mqtt_demo.c:232 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 18.26 mqtt_demo.c:246 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 3....
[DEBUG] 18.95 mqtt_demo.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:159 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.201.56
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:268 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Init MQTT
[DEBUG] 18.97 mqtt_demo.c:278 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_mqtt_init succeeded

Connecting to broker <api-dev.devicewise.com>:1883...
Done.
Subscribing to test_topic and test_topic2..
[DEBUG] 20.35 mqtt_demo.c:367 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.

[DEBUG] 20.36 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 20.37 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 20.71 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 20.72 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2>
[DEBUG] 23.37 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 23.38 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 23.92 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 23.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3>
[DEBUG] 26.40 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 26.41 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4>
[DEBUG] 29.42 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 29.43 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 29.99 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 30.00 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5>
[DEBUG] 32.46 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 32.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.00 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 33.01 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6>
[DEBUG] 35.47 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 35.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 36.01 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 36.02 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7>
[DEBUG] 38.50 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 38.51 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 39.15 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 39.16 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8>
[DEBUG] 41.52 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 41.53 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 42.10 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 42.12 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9>
[DEBUG] 44.56 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 44.57 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 45.09 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 45.11 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10>
[DEBUG] 47.58 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 47.59 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 48.12 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 48.13 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11>

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 50.60 mqtt_demo.c:414 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 50.61 mqtt_demo.c:443 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ application exit
[DEBUG] 50.62 mqtt_demo.c:453 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 50.63 mqtt_demo.c:457 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 51.23 mqtt_demo.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

Figure 82

### 3.4.19 MultiTask

Sample application showcasing multi tasking functionalities with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to create tasks using azx utilities
- How to use send messages to tasks
- How to use a semaphore to synchronize two tasks

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create three tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs)
- Send a message to the task1, its callback function azx\_msgTask1 will be called

##### azx\_msgTask1

- Print received parameters from main
- Send modified parameters to task2 (its callback function azx\_msgTask2 will be called)
- wait for an InterProcess Communication semaphore to be available (released by task3)
- Once the semaphore is available, print a message and return

##### azx\_msgTask2

- Print received parameters from caller
- If first parameter is bigger than a certain value, Send modified parameters to task3
- Else, use the second parameter as a task handle and print the corresponding name plus the value of the first parameter

##### azx\_msgTask3

- Print received parameters from task 2
- release IPC semaphore
- send message to task 2 with first parameter below the threshold and second parameter with task3 handle

```
Starting MultiTask demo app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jun 23 2020 15:36:31.
Inside "myTask1" user callback function. Received parameters from MAIN: 3 4 5
Task1 - Sending a message to task 2 with modified parameters...
Task1 - Waiting for semaphore to be released by task 3 now...

Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 5 7 10
Task2 - Sending a message to task 3 with modified parameters...
Task2 - Done.

Inside "myTask3" user callback function. Received parameters from Task 2: 15 14 9
Task3 - Releasing IPC semaphore...

Task1 - After semaphore! return...

Task3 - IPC semaphore released.
Task3 - Sending a message to task 2 with specific 'type' parameter value of 0 and task 3 handle as param1...

Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 0 1073951320 9
Task3 - Done.
Task2 - Received type 0 from task "myTask3"
Task2 - Done.
```

**Figure 83**



### 3.4.20 MutEx

Sample application showing mutex usage, with ownership and prioritization usage.  
Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to create a mutex
- How to use the mutex with tasks having different priorities
- how to reorder the pending tasks queue for the mutex

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create four tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs). The first task is a “producer”, putting data on a shared buffer. The second is a “consumer” of said data, the other two are used for prioritization demo
- run producer and consumer tasks at the same pace. the shared buffer will stay empty, because the resource is consumed right after creation
- run producer twice as fast as consumer. The buffer is slowly filled
- run consumer twice as fast as publisher. The buffer is always empty.
- reserve the mutex in the main task and run producer, support and support2 tasks (in this order). Then release the mutex and check the execution order. It should be by arrival.
- reserve the mutex in the main task and run the same three task, but before releasing the mutex, call the prioritization API. the task with highest priority (producer) is put as first in the queue.

```

Starting Mutex app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jul 1 2020 08:37:15.
[DEBUG] 14.50 M2MB_main:90 - mutex_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ [MUTEX] Mutex initialized

[CASE 1 ] Producer and consumer have same idle time

[DEBUG] 14.51 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 14.52 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 14.53 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 14.53 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 14.54 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 14.54 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 14.55 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 14.56 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 15.56 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 15.56 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 15.57 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 15.58 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 15.58 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 15.59 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 15.60 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 15.60 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 16.62 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 16.65 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released

```

Figure 84

```

[CASE 2 ] Producer has double idle time

[DEBUG] 17.56 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 17.56 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 17.57 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 17.58 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 17.58 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 17.59 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 17.59 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 17.60 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 18.63 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 18.64 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 18.64 M2MB_main:268 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Can't consume anything, buffer size is 0
[DEBUG] 18.65 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 19.62 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 19.62 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 19.63 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 19.64 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 19.68 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 19.69 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 19.69 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 19.70 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 20.73 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 20.74 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 20.75 M2MB_main:268 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Can't consume anything, buffer size is 0
[DEBUG] 20.75 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 21.67 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 21.68 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 21.68 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 21.69 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 21.77 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 21.79 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 21.80 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 21.80 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released

```

Figure 85

```
[CASE 3 ] Producer has half idle time

[DEBUG] 22.62 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 22.63 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 22.64 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 22.64 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 22.65 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 22.65 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 22.66 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 22.67 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 23.67 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 23.68 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 23.68 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 23.69 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 24.71 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 24.72 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 24.72 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 24.73 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 24.74 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 24.74 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 24.75 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 24.76 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 25.79 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 25.79 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 25.80 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 1
[DEBUG] 25.81 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 26.78 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 26.78 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 2 items
[DEBUG] 26.79 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 1
[DEBUG] 26.79 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 26.84 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 26.84 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 26.85 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 1
[DEBUG] 26.86 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
```

**Figure 86**

```
[CASE 4 ] NO HTPF

Reserve MUTEX so all tasks are enqueued
[DEBUG] 30.77 M2MB_main:387 - msgSupport{HPTF_SUPPORT}$ freepos = 0 | evaluate[freepos]= 3
[DEBUG] 30.78 M2MB_main:416 - msgSupport2{HPTF_SUPPORT2}$ freepos = 1 | evaluate[freepos]= 4
[DEBUG] 30.79 M2MB_main:223 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ producer: freepos = 2 | evaluate[freepos]= 1
[DEBUG] 35.85 M2MB_main:586 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ EVALUATE SEQUENCE IS 3 4 1. Expected: 3 4 1
NO HTPF OK

[CASE 4.1 ] HTPF USED

Reserve MUTEX so all tasks are enqueued
m2mb_os_mtx_hptf OK
[DEBUG] 41.98 M2MB_main:223 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ producer: freepos = 0 | evaluate[freepos]= 1
[DEBUG] 41.99 M2MB_main:387 - msgSupport{HPTF_SUPPORT}$ freepos = 1 | evaluate[freepos]= 3
[DEBUG] 42.00 M2MB_main:416 - msgSupport2{HPTF_SUPPORT2}$ freepos = 2 | evaluate[freepos]= 4
[DEBUG] 44.03 M2MB_main:650 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ EVALUATE SEQUENCE IS 1 3 4, expected 1 3 4
HTPF DEMO OK
The application has ended...
```

**Figure 87**

### 3.4.21 SMS PDU

Sample application showcasing how to create and decode PDUs to be used with m2mb\_sms\_\* API set. A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to enable SMS functionality
- How to use encode an SMS PDU to be sent with m2mb\_api
- How to decode a received SMS response from PDU to ASCII mode.

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init sms functionality
- Create PDU from text message
- Send message to destination number
- Wait for response
- When SMS PDU response is received, decode it and print information about it, plus the message content

```
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded

Sending message <How are you?>...
m2mb_sms_send() - succeeded
M2MB_SMS_SEND_RESP Callback
Send resp msg ID 10
SMS received!
SMS correctly received!

Reading SMS from memory...
m2mb_sms_read() request succeeded

--- SMS read ---
SMS tag M2MB_SMS_TAG_MT_NOT_READ
SMS format M2MB_SMS_FORMAT_3GPP
Code type: 0
Sender type: 145
Msg len: 12
Msg bytes: 11
Msg date 19/7/17 16:7:58 (timezone: 2)
Received SMS, content: <<Fine thanks >>
Sender: +[REDACTED]
```

**Figure 88**

### 3.4.22 SPI Echo

Sample application showing how to communicate over SPI with m2mb API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open an SPI bus. MOSI and MISO will be shorted, to have an echo.
- How to communicate over SPI bus

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open SPI bus, set parameters
- Send data on MOSI and read the same in MISO

```
Starting SPI demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  1 2020 13:48:05.  
Transfer successful. Received: hello from spi echo
```

**Figure 89**

---

### 3.4.23 SPI sensors

Sample application showing SPI usage, configuring two ST devices: a magnetometer (ST LIS3MDL) and a gyroscope (ST L3G4200D). The application will read values from both devices using GPIO4 and 3 (respectively) as magnetometer CS and gyro CS. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open an SPI bus with a slave device
- How to communicate with the device over the SPI bus

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open SPI bus, set parameters
- Configure GPIO 3 and GPIO 4 as output, set them high (idle)
- Set registers to configure magnetometer
- Read in a loop (10 iterations) the registers carrying the 3 axes values and show the gauss value for each of them. A metal object is put close to the sensor to change the read values.
- Set registers to configure gyroscope
- Read in a loop (10 iterations) the registers carrying the 3 axes values and show the degrees per second value for each of them. The board is rotated to change the read values.

```
Starting SPI demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 13:58:25.
SPI start

Magnetometer SPI Demo start
Reading Magnetometer WHOAMI. Expected: 0x3D
Expected response received!
Setting continuous conversion mode...
Continuous conversion mode successfully set.
Setting 10 Hz Output Data Rate, Medium performance mode X Y axis...
Magnetometer Enabled. 10Hz ODR, Medium Perf. Mode (X,Y).
Setting Medium performance for Z axis, little endian...
Medium Perf. Mode (Z), little endian.
Setting complete, starting reading loop...

X: 0.204 gauss
Y: -0.321 gauss
Z: 0.305 gauss

X: 0.290 gauss
Y: -0.103 gauss
Z: 0.043 gauss

X: -2.513 gauss
Y: -0.353 gauss
Z: -4.000 gauss

X: 1.980 gauss
Y: 0.174 gauss
Z: -1.945 gauss

X: 4.000 gauss
Y: -0.090 gauss
Z: -4.000 gauss

X: -0.605 gauss
Y: -0.154 gauss
Z: 0.210 gauss

X: -0.580 gauss
Y: 2.004 gauss
Z: -0.047 gauss

X: 0.177 gauss
Y: -0.359 gauss
Z: 0.295 gauss

X: 0.173 gauss
Y: -0.356 gauss
Z: 0.301 gauss

X: 0.174 gauss
Y: -0.356 gauss
Z: 0.298 gauss
Reading complete.
```

**Figure 90**

### 3.4.24 SW Timer (Software Timer)

The sample application shows how to use SW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to open configure a SW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create sw timer structure
- Configure it with 4 seconds timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires)
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Start the timer
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

##### timerCb

- Print a message with inside the callback

```
Starting SW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:51:25.  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 21.41 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 25.47 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
stopping the timer  
Stop a running timer: success  
Application end
```

**Figure 91**



### 3.4.25 TCP IP

Sample application showcasing TCP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

##### m2m\_tcp\_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Send data and receive response
- Close socket
- Disable PDP context

```
Starting TCP-IP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:20:30.
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_tcp_test.c:201 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_tcp_test.c:217 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:231 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.28 m2m_tcp_test.c:128 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x816B!
[DEBUG] 21.29 m2m_tcp_test.c:244 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.30 m2m_tcp_test.c:248 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.34 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:158 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 83.225.44.56
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:273 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:284 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:294 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.95 m2m_tcp_test.c:307 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 25.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:322 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 25.18 m2m_tcp_test.c:329 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Sending data over socket..
[DEBUG] 25.19 m2m_tcp_test.c:342 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data send successfully (16 bytes)
[DEBUG] 27.20 m2m_tcp_test.c:356 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ trying to receive 16 bytes..
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:364 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:373 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 27.22 m2m_tcp_test.c:385 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 27.24 m2m_tcp_test.c:388 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 29.43 m2m_tcp_test.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

**Figure 92**



### 3.4.26 TCP Server

Sample application showcasing TCP listening socket demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP listening socket
- How to manage external hosts connection and exchange data

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

##### **m2m\_tcp\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and set it in non-blocking mode
- Bind the socket to the listening port
- Start listening for incoming connection
- Check if a connection is incoming using m2mb\_socket\_bsd\_select function
- If a client connects, perform accept on the child socket
- Send a "START" message to the client
- Send some data
- Wait for data from client and print it
- Close the child socket
- Start listening again, up to 3 times
- Close listening socket
- Disable PDP context

Debug Log

```

Starting TCP Server demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 13:28:24.
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:220 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:236 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:242 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:250 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 14.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:138 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0x5222!
[DEBUG] 14.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 14.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:267 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:282 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN ibox.tim.it...
[DEBUG] 17.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:165 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:168 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 2.195.165.137

-----
| Start TCP server |
|-----|

[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:301 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:312 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 19.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:313 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_socket_bsd_socket(): valid socket ID [0x4002E79C] - PASS
[DEBUG] 20.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:319 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ issuing m2m_socket_bsd_ioctl() to set non-blocking mode ...
[DEBUG] 20.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:331 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Binding Socket...
[DEBUG] 22.12 m2m_tcp_test.c:343 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Bind Pass

Start TCP listening on port 6500...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 0
[DEBUG] 28.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 1

TCP Server Coming Connection
--> Accept
[DEBUG] 30.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:397 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Accept Pass

Connected! (socket dial n.1)

[DEBUG] 30.53 m2m_tcp_test.c:403 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Source Address: 185.86.42.254
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:404 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Port: 58658
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Family: 2
[DEBUG] 31.56 m2m_tcp_test.c:410 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$

-----
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:411 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ | Send/receive data test |
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:412 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ -----

[DEBUG] 32.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:416 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit "START" packet...
[DEBUG] 32.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:423 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (11 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:425 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:430 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit 58 bytes...
[DEBUG] 32.62 m2m_tcp_test.c:437 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (58 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.63 m2m_tcp_test.c:440 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:448 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Waiting for data...

[DEBUG] 39.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:457 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ test
[DEBUG] 99.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:465 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
m2mb_socket_bsd_recv() has received 6 bytes

[DEBUG] 102.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:469 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Server TCP is closing the current connection ...

```

**Figure 93**

Data on a PuTTY terminal

```
START
aaaaaaaaa-bbbbbbbbbb-ccccccccc-ddddddddd-eeeeeeeeee
test
█
```

**Figure 94**

---

### 3.4.27 TLS SSL Client

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to open a SSL client socket
- How to communicate over SSL socket

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create a task to manage the connection and start it

##### **ssl\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server over TCP socket
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) andh auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Create secure socket and connect to the server using SSL
- Send data and receive response
- Close secure socket
- Close socket
- Delete SSL context
- Disable PDP context

The application requires the certificates to be stored in /test\_ssl\_certs/ folder. It can be created with AT#M2MMKDIR=/test\_ssl\_certs

```

Starting TLS-SSL demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:27:00.
[DEBUG] 21.27 ssl_test.c:253 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.27 ssl_test.c:267 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.28 ssl_test.c:271 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Init SSL session test app
[DEBUG] 21.28 ssl_test.c:286 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config sslConfigHnd1 = 0x400330a8, sslRes= 0
[DEBUG] 21.29 ssl_test.c:295 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config PASSED
[DEBUG] 21.30 ssl_test.c:307 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_ctxt PASSED
[DEBUG] 21.31 ssl_test.c:312 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading CA CERT from file /test_ssl_certs/modulesCA.crt
[DEBUG] 21.32 ssl_test.c:316 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1740
[DEBUG] 21.32 ssl_test.c:329 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1740
Buffer successfully received from file. 1740 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 21.34 ssl_test.c:458 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.35 ssl_test.c:466 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.36 ssl_test.c:172 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF!
[DEBUG] 21.36 ssl_test.c:478 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.37 ssl_test.c:482 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.41 ssl_test.c:497 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.24 ssl_test.c:198 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.24 ssl_test.c:201 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.158.27
[DEBUG] 24.25 ssl_test.c:515 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.26 ssl_test.c:526 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.26 ssl_test.c:536 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.61 ssl_test.c:549 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 24.87 ssl_test.c:563 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 26.14 ssl_test.c:588 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_connect ret 0
[DEBUG] 28.17 ssl_test.c:594 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
[DEBUG] 28.17 ssl_test.c:597 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ SSL write result = 44
[DEBUG] 32.18 ssl_test.c:609 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 1087
[DEBUG] 32.19 ssl_test.c:612 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive bytes..
[DEBUG] 32.19 ssl_test.c:618 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (269)<HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Thu, 26 Mar 2020 15:29:43 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
Last-Modified: Mon, 22 Jan 2018 10:57:39 GMT
ETag: "1fffc-27f-5635b4c6f12b3"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 639
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
>
[DEBUG] 32.23 ssl_test.c:635 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 32.23 ssl_test.c:653 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 32.26 ssl_test.c:656 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 32.89 ssl_test.c:207 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

**Figure 95**

### 3.4.28 Uart To Server

Sample application showcasing how to send data from main UART to a connected TCP server. Debug messages are printed on AUX UART port.

#### Features

- How to open main UART to receive data
- How to connect to a server
- How to transmit received data from the UART to the server and viceversa

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open UART for data and UART\_AUX for debug
- Init socket, activate PDP context and connect to server
- Init UART, set its callback function, create tasks to handle input from UART and response from server (optional)
- Send a confirmation on UART
- Wait for data, when it is received, send it to the server
- When a response is received, print it on UART.

Main UART:

```
Ready to receive data and send to socket.  
<<<test message  
<<<test 2
```

**Figure 96**

Debug log on AUX UART:

```
Starting. This is build: Jul 17 2019 16:39:24. MASK: 000F  
Waiting for registration...  
Activate PDP with APN internet.wind.biz....  
Context activated!  
Socket created  
Server IP address: 185.86.42.218  
Socket Connected and ready to receive data!  
Uart opened, setting callback for data..  
Waiting for data from uart.  
UART IN: <test message>. Sending to socket...  
Data sent to socket!  
Response from server (12 bytes): <test message>  
UART IN: <test 2>. Sending to socket...  
Data sent to socket!  
Response from server (6 bytes): <test 2>
```

**Figure 97**



### 3.4.29 UDP client

Sample application showcasing UDP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a UDP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task and start it

**m2m\_udp\_test.c** - Initialize Network structure and check registration - Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context - Create socket and link it to the PDP context id - Send data and receive response - Close socket - Disable PDP context

```
Starting UDP Client demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 14:57:13.
INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_udp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_udp_test.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF1
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:241 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:245 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:157 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:160 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.113.222.12
[DEBUG] 24.12 m2m_udp_test.c:268 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_udp_test.c:280 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Socket created
Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.41 m2m_udp_test.c:306 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
Socket ready.
Data successfully sent (16 bytes)
Socket rcv...
[DEBUG] 26.47 m2m_udp_test.c:352 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_socket_bsd_set_sock_opt() M2MB_SOCKET_BSD_SO_RCVTIMEO - success
trying to receive 16 bytes..
Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 26.48 m2m_udp_test.c:377 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ application exit
Socket Closed
[DEBUG] 26.49 m2m_udp_test.c:399 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
Application complete.
[DEBUG] 27.04 m2m_udp_test.c:166 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

**Figure 98**

### 3.4.30 ZLIB example

Sample application showing how to compress/uncompress with ZLIB. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

#### Features

- How to compress a file
- How to uncompress a file

In order to execute the entire test, copy test.gz file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/mod/test.gz",138
```

>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Test the compression and decompression of a data string
- Test the decompression of a .gz file (test.gz), expected to be in /mod folder, into its content test.txt. The file must be uploaded by the user (see steps above).

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:02:35.
Starting TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR.
len: 138; comprLen: 57
Compressed message:
W+EHU(,ILIVH^E/ISHÊ PE^I-HMQÊ/K-R(Û Êc$VU^#a$ê y4RI«¥1.
comprLen: 57; uncomprLen: 138
uncompress():
the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.
Ending TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR with SUCCESS.
Starting test_uncompress.
Data extracted correctly into the file ./mod/test.txt
test_uncompress finished correctly!
```

**Figure 99**

## 3.5 MISC

*Applications that provide usage examples for various functionalities, without prints*

### 3.5.1 GPIO toggle example

Sample application showcasing GPIO usage with M2MB API

#### **Features**

- How to open a gpio in output mode and change its status

## 3.6 USB0

*Applications that provide usage examples for various functionalities, log output on USB0*

### 3.6.1 App update OTA via FTP

Sample application showcasing Application OTA over FTP with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to download an application binary and update the local version

The app uses a predefined set of parameters. To load custom parameters, upload the `ota_config.txt` file (provided in project's `/src` folder) in module's `/mod` folder, for example with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/mod/ota_config.txt",<filesize>
```

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage app OTA and start it

##### **ftp\_utils.c**

- Set parameters to default
- Try to load parameters from `ota_config.txt` file
- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Initialize FTP client
- Connect to FTP server and log in
- Get new App binary file size on remote server
- Download the file in `/mod` folder, with the provided name
- Close FTP connection

- Disable PDP context
- Update applications configuration in **app\_utils.c**

## app\_utils.c

- Set new application as default
- Delete old app binary
- Restart module

```
Starting FTP APP OTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:04:05.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_utils.c:447 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_utils.c:152 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_utils.c:154 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Opening /mod/ota_config.txt in read mode..
Set APN to: <<web.omnitel.it>>
Set FTP URL to: <<ftp.telit.com>>
Set FTP PORT to: 21
Set FTP USER to: <<_ _ _ _ _>>
Set FTP PASS to: <<_ _ _ _ _>>
Set FTP FILE URI to: <</samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL FINAL APP NAME to: <<helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL ORIGINAL APP NAME to: <<m2mapz.bin>>
[DEBUG] 23.53 ftp_utils.c:464 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 23.54 ftp_utils.c:470 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.55 ftp_utils.c:478 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:371 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:491 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 23.57 ftp_utils.c:495 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 25.61 ftp_utils.c:504 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3...
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:398 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:401 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.246.110.148
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 27.36 ftp_utils.c:533 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 28.87 ftp_utils.c:546 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin size
[DEBUG] 29.31 ftp_utils.c:568 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Done. File size: 116224.
Starting download of remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin into local /mod/helloworld.bin
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 4.68% 5440
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 9.36% 10880
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 14.04% 16320
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 18.72% 21760
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 23.40% 27200
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 28.08% 32640
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 32.76% 38080
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 37.44% 43520
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 42.13% 48960
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 46.81% 54400
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 51.49% 59840
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 56.17% 65280
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 60.85% 70720
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 65.53% 76160
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 70.21% 81600
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 74.89% 87040
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 79.57% 92480
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 84.25% 97920
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 88.93% 103360
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 93.61% 108800
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 97.42% 113220
[DEBUG] 43.54 ftp_utils.c:608 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ download successful.
FTP quit...
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:632 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deactivating PDP
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:642 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 44.20 ftp_utils.c:407 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactive
[DEBUG] 45.44 app_utils.c:76 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Application successfully configured.
[DEBUG] 45.45 app_utils.c:82 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deleting old application /mod/m2mapz.bin
eyStarting. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:02:52. LEVEL: 2

Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]

Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
```

**Figure 100**

### 3.6.2 ATI (AT Instance)

Sample application showing how to use AT Instance functionality (sending AT commands from code). The example supports both sync and async (using a callback) modes. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open an AT interface from the application
- How to send AT commands and receive responses on the AT interface

#### Application workflow, sync mode

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

##### at\_sync.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0
- Send AT+CGMR command, then read response after 2 seconds, then return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:12:58.
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_sync.c:53 - at_cmd_sync_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in sync mode
[DEBUG] 17.16 at_sync.c:79 - send_sync_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 19.21 at_sync.c:61 - at_cmd_sync_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

**Figure 101**

#### Application workflow, async mode

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

## at\_async.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0, register AT events callback
- Send AT+CGMR command, wait for response semaphore (released in callback), then read it and return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:07:45.
[DEBUG] 17.13 at_async.c:116 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in async mode
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:153 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:169 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ waiting command response...
[DEBUG] 17.17 at_async.c:88 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 25
[DEBUG] 17.18 at_async.c:181 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Receive response...
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 17.19 at_async.c:136 - at_cmd_async_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

**Figure 102**

### 3.6.3 CJSON example:

Sample application showcasing how to manage JSON objects. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to read a JSON using cJSON library
- How to write a JSON
- How to manipulate JSON objects

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Parse an example string into a JSON object and print the result in a formatted string
- Print some test outcomes (e.g. non existing item correctly not found)
- Retrieve single elements from the parsed JSON object and use them to format a descriptive string
- Delete the JSON object
- Create a new JSON object appending elements to it
- Print the result JSON string from the object



```

Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:33:03.
And here is what we got:
{
  "name":      "Atlantic Ocean",
  "format":    {
    "type":     "salt",
    "volume":   310410900,
    "depth":    -8486,
    "volume_percent": 23.300000,
    "tide":     -3.500000,
    "calm":     false,
    "life":     ["plankton", "corals", "fish", "mammals"]
  }
}
inexistent key not found
name found: Atlantic Ocean
format found (null)
Our JSON string contains info about an ocean named Atlantic Ocean,
has a volume of 310410900 km^3 of salt water with -8486 meters max depth,
represents 23.3% of total oceans volume,
has an average low tide of -3.5 meters,
hosts a huge number of living creatures such as plankton, corals, fish, mammals,
and is not always calm.

Let's build a TR50 command with a property.publish and an alarm.publish for MQTT (no auth).
And here is what we got:
{
  "1": {
    "command": "property.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "value": 123.144000
    }
  },
  "2": {
    "command": "alarm.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "state": 3,
      "msg": "Message."
    }
  }
}
END.

```

**Figure 103**

### 3.6.4 Events

Sample application showcasing events setup and usage. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to setup OS events with a custom bitmask
- How to wait for events and generate them in callback functions to synchronize blocks of code

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 2 seconds expiration time
- Wait for a specific event bit on the event handler
- At timer expiration, set the same event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event.

```
Starting Events demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:44:29.
[DEBUG] 20.55 M2MB_main.c:171 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created
[DEBUG] 20.57 M2MB_main.c:125 - setup_timer{M2M_DamsStart}$ Start the timer, success.
[DEBUG] 22.60 M2MB_main.c:60 - hwTimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event!
[DEBUG] 22.61 M2MB_main.c:183 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ event occurred!
```

**Figure 104**

### 3.6.5 Events - Barrier (multi events)

Sample application showcasing how to setup and use multiple events to create a barrier. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to setup OS events to be used as a barrier
- How to wait for multiple events in the same point, and generate them in call-back functions to synchronize blocks of code

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 3 seconds expiration time
- Create another timer to generate an event, with a 6 seconds expiration time
- Start both timers
- Wait for both event bits on the event handler (each one will be set by one of the timers)
- At first timer expiration, set the first event bit and verify that the code flow does not procede.
- At second timer expiration, set the second event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event (implementing a barrier).

```
Starting Barrier demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:48:30.
[DEBUG] 20.01 M2MB_main.c:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 3000 timeout (ms)
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 6000 timeout (ms)
[DEBUG] 23.08 M2MB_main.c:66 - hwTimerCb1{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 1!
[DEBUG] 26.12 M2MB_main.c:75 - hwTimerCb2{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 2!
[DEBUG] 26.13 M2MB_main.c:214 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ BOTH events occurred!
```

**Figure 105**

### 3.6.6 File System example

Sample application showcasing M2MB File system API usage. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open a file in write mode and write data in it
- How to reopen the file in read mode and read data from it

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Open file in write mode
- Write data in file
- Close file
- Reopen file in read mode
- Read data from file and print it
- Close file and delete it

```
Starting FileSystem demo app. This is v1.0.7 build on Mar 26 2020 09:50:19. LEVEL: 2
Opening /my_text_file.txt in write mode..
Buffer written successfully into file. 15 bytes were written.
Closing file.
Opening /my_text_file.txt in read only mode..
Received 15 bytes from file:
<Hello from file>
Closing file.
Deleting File
File deleted
App Completed
```

**Figure 106**

### 3.6.7 FOTA example

Sample application showcasing FOTA usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How download a delta file from a remote server
- How to apply the delta and update the module firmware

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a main task to manage connectivity.
- create a fota task to manage FOTA and start it with INIT option

##### fota.c

##### fotaTask()

- Initialize FOTA system then reset parameters.
- Check current FOTA state, if not in IDLE, return error.
- Send a message to mainTask so networking is initialized.
- after PdPCallback() notifies the correct context activation, configure the fota client parameters such as FTP server URL, username and password
- get delta file from server. when it is completed, FOTADownloadCallback is called.
- If delta download went fine, check it.
- If delta file is correct, apply it. Once complete, restart the module.

##### mainTask()

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context. Event will be received on **PdP-Callback** function
- Disable PDP context when required to stop the app

##### PdpCallback()

- When PDP context is enabled, send a message to fotaTask to start the download

```

Starting FOTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 16:24:29.
[DEBUG] 27.68 fota.c:185 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Init FOTA...
Session file not present, procede with FOTA...
[DEBUG] 27.69 fota.c:229 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_reset PASS
[DEBUG] 27.70 fota.c:253 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_state_get M2MB_FOTA_STATE_IDLE
[DEBUG] 27.71 fota.c:369 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Case INIT
[DEBUG] 27.71 fota.c:374 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Case WAIT_FOR_REGISTRATION
[DEBUG] 27.72 fota.c:378 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 27.72 fota.c:385 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 27.73 fota.c:130 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF!
[DEBUG] 27.74 fota.c:395 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ REGISTERED
[DEBUG] 27.74 fota.c:400 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 27.75 fota.c:404 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 29.71 fota.c:419 - mainTask{MAIN_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 30.44 fota.c:151 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 30.45 fota.c:154 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.165.97

[DEBUG] 30.45 fota.c:278 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$
Trying to download "samples/FOTA/30.00.006.2_to_30.00.006.2_ME910C1_NANVWW.bin" delta file...
[DEBUG] 30.47 fota.c:288 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_get_delta OK - Waiting for the completion callback
[DEBUG] 39.03 fota.c:95 - FOTADownloadCallback{pubTspt_0}$ FOTA download Success - performing packet validation...
[DEBUG] 39.05 fota.c:294 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Validating delta file...
[DEBUG] 122.34 fota.c:310 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Packet is valid, start update...
[DEBUG] 122.38 fota.c:322 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_fota_start PASS
[DEBUG] 124.39 fota.c:335 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$
Rebooting...After reboot there will be the new FW running on module!

#OTAEV: Module Upgraded To New Fw

Starting FOTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 16:24:29.
[DEBUG] 33.31 fota.c:185 - fotaTask{FOTA_TASK}$ Init FOTA...
Session file is already present, stop.

```

**Figure 107**

### 3.6.8 FTP

Sample application showcasing FTP client demo with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to exchange data with the server

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage FTP client and start it

##### **ftp\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init FTP client and set the debug function for it
- Connect to the server
- Perform log in
- Check remote file size and last modification time
- Download file from server to local filesystem. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Upload the same file to the server with a different name. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the upload status
- Download another file content in a buffer instead of a file. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Close the connection with FTP server
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting FTP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 11:17:36.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:290 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:304 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:310 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:318 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_test.c:214 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_test.c:331 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.27 ftp_test.c:335 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.31 ftp_test.c:344 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3...
[DEBUG] 24.09 ftp_test.c:241 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 24.10 ftp_test.c:244 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.244.166.181
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 24.82 ftp_test.c:373 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 26.32 ftp_test.c:386 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt size
[DEBUG] 26.69 ftp_test.c:428 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 20026.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt last modification date
[DEBUG] 26.89 ftp_test.c:450 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File last mod date: 20200407090654
.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt into local /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/samples/pattern_big.txt 47.54% 9520
/samples/pattern_big.txt 100.00% 20026
[DEBUG] 29.75 ftp_test.c:488 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ download successful.
[DEBUG] 29.76 ftp_test.c:522 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$
Local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt size: 20026

Starting upload of local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/mod/_pattern_big.txt 81.81% 16384
Upload successful.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt into local buffer
Getting remote file /samples/pattern.txt size..
[DEBUG] 32.97 ftp_test.c:583 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 988.
Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt to buffer
[DEBUG] 34.08 ftp_test.c:145 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received START event
[DEBUG] 34.09 ftp_test.c:149 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received DATA: 988 bytes on buffer 0x400399e0
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:153 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received END event
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:623 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Download successful. Received 988 bytes<<<
0 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
1 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
2 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
3 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
4 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
5 | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | *
6 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
7 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
8 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
9 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
10 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
11 | | | | | | | *
12 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----|

```

Figure 108



### 3.6.9 GNSS example

Sample application showing how to use GNSS functionality. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to enable GNSS receiver on module
- How to collect location information from receiver

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init gnss, enable position report and start it.
- When a fix is available, a message will be printed by the GNSS callback function

```
START GNSS TEST APP
m2mb_gnss_enable OK
m2mb_gnss_start OK
latitude_valid: 1 - latitude: 39.228245
longitude_valid: 1 - longitude: 9.069106
altitude_valid: 1 - altitude: 12.000000
uncertainty_valid: 1 - uncertainty: 30.000000
velocity_valid: 1 - codingType: 0
speed_horizontal: 0.000000
bearing: 0.000000
timestamp_valid: 1 -timestamp: 1563376148000
speed_valid: 1 - speed: 0.060000
```

**Figure 109**

### 3.6.10 GPIO interrupt example

Sample application showing how to use GPIOs and interrupts. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open a GPIO in input mode with interrupt
- How to open a second GPIO in output mode to trigger the first one

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open *GPIO 4* as output
- Open *GPIO 3* as input and set interrupt for any edge (rising and falling). **A jumper must be used to short GPIO 3 and 4 pins.**
- Toggle *GPIO 4* status high and low every second
- An interrupt is generated on *GPIO 3*

```
Starting GPIO interrupt demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:33:01.  
Setting gpio 3 interrupt...  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0
```

**Figure 110**

### 3.6.11 Hello World

The application prints “Hello World!” over selected output every two seconds. Debug prints on **USB0**, using AZX log example functions

#### Features

- How to open an output channel using AZX LOG sample functions
- How to print logging information on the channel using AZX LOG sample functions

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop

```
Starting. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 09:34:16. LEVEL: 2
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

**Figure 111**

### 3.6.12 HTTP Client

Sample application showing how to use HTTPs client functionalities. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to initialize the http client, set the debug hook function and the data call-back to manage incoming data
- How to perform GET, HEAD or POST operations

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage HTTP client and start it

##### httpTaskCB

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create HTTP client options and initialize its functionality
- Create HTTP SSL config and initialize the SSL options
- Configure data management options for HTTP client
- Apply all configurations to HTTP client
- Perform a GET request to a server
- Disable PDP context

##### DATA\_CB

- Print incoming data
- Set the abort flag to 0 to keep going.

```
Starting HTTP(s) client demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Aug 11 2020 16:56:28.
[DEBUG] 15.19 M2MB_main:259 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:265 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:273 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.21 M2MB_main:119 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0xc4cf!
[DEBUG] 15.22 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.26 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:146 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:149 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 100.77.54.97
Performing a GET request...

Host Address: linux-ip.net Port 80

Socket connected! |
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
  <meta name="author" content="Martin A. Brown" />
  <meta name="robots" content="index, follow"/>

  <meta property="og:title" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:url" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:site_name" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:type" content="website"/>

  <link rel="canonical" href="http://linux-ip.net" />

  <title>http://linux-ip.net/</title>
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/font-awesome/4.0.3/css/font-awesome.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/twitter-bootstrap/2.3.2/css/bootstrap-combined.min.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="http://linux-ip.net/theme/css/main.css" />
</head>

...
  <footer id="site-footer">
    <div class="row-fluid">
      <div class="span10 offset1">
        <address>
          <p>
            Powered by <a href="http://getpelican.com/">Pelican</a>
            and <a href="http://python.org">Python</a>.
            Theme based on <a href="http://github.com/jsliang/pelican-fresh">Fresh</a>
            by <a href="http://jsliang.com/">jsliang</a>
          </p>
        </address>
      </div>
    </div>
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
Done.
[DEBUG] 22.44 M2MB_main:155 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

**Figure 112**

### 3.6.13 HW Timer (Hardware Timer)

The sample application shows how to use HW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open configure a HW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create hw timer structure
- Configure it with 100 ms timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires) and autostart
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

##### TimerCb

- Print a message with an increasing counter

```
Starting HW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:04:14.
[DEBUG] 14.06 M2MB_main.c:114 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Set the timer attributes structure: success.
Timer successfully created
Start the timer, success.
[DEBUG] 14.18 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [0]
[DEBUG] 14.28 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [1]
[DEBUG] 14.38 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [2]
[DEBUG] 14.48 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [3]
[DEBUG] 14.58 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [4]
[DEBUG] 14.69 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [5]
[DEBUG] 14.79 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [6]
[DEBUG] 14.88 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [7]
[DEBUG] 14.98 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [8]
[DEBUG] 15.08 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [9]

[DEBUG] 23.90 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [96]
[DEBUG] 24.01 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [97]
[DEBUG] 24.11 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [98]
Stop a running timer: success
Application end
```

**Figure 113**

### 3.6.14 I2C example

Sample application showing how to communicate with an I2C slave device. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open a communication channel with an I2C slave device
- How to send and receive data to/from the slave device

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open I2C bus, setting SDA and SCL pins as 2 and 3 respectively
- Set registers to configure accelerometer - Read in a loop the 6 registers carrying the 3 axes values and show the g value for each of them

```
Starting I2C demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:50:40.
Configuring the Kionix device...
opening channel /dev/I2C-30
[DEBUG] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:218 - test_I2C{M2M_DamsStart}$)-
WHOAMI content: 0x01
Configuring I2C Registers - Writing 0x4D into 0x1D register (CTRL_REG3)...
Write: success

I2C reading data from 0x1D register (CTRL_REG3)...
Read: success.
Accelerometer Enabled. ODR tilt: 12.5Hz, ODR directional tap: 400Hz, ORD Motion Wakeup: 50Hz
Configuring I2C Registers - Writing 0xC0 into 0x1B register (CTRL_REG1)...
Write: success

I2C reading data from 0x1B register (CTRL_REG1)...
Read: success.
Accelerometer Enabled. Operative mode, 12bit resolution
I2C read axes registers
-----
Reading Success.
X: -0.050 g
Y: -0.046 g
Z: 1.006 g
Reading Success.
X: -0.049 g
Y: -0.044 g
Z: 1.004 g
Reading Success.
X: -0.052 g
Y: -0.044 g
Z: 1.007 g
Reading Success.
X: -0.048 g
Y: -0.045 g
Z: 1.005 g
```

**Figure 114**

### 3.6.15 Logging Demo

Sample application showing how to print on one of the available output interfaces.  
Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open a logging channel
- How to set a logging level
- How to use different logging macros

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Print a message with every log level

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:57:06.  
[WARN ] 20.17 M2MB_main.c:74 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a WARNING MESSAGE  
[ERROR] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:76 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN ERROR MESSAGE  
[CRITICAL] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:78 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN CRITICAL MESSAGE  
[DEBUG] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:80 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a DEBUG message  
[TRACE] 20.20 M2MB_main.c:82 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a TRACE message  
END.
```

**Figure 115**



### 3.6.16 LWM2M

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- Configure LWM2M client and enable it
- Create an instance of a custom object
- Set an integer value on a read only resource
- Set two integer values on a multi-instance read only resource
- write a string on a read/write resource
- Manage exec requests from the portal
- Manage write, read and monitoring resources changed from the portal

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create a task to manage the LWM2M client and start it

##### lwm2m\_demo.c

##### msgLWM2MTask - Check registration status

- Configure APN to the correct one for CID 1
- Initialize LWM2M client,
- Check for XML file fo custom object
- Enable unsolicited messages from client
- Create a task (lwm2m\_taskCB is its callback function )to manage events from Portal
- Enable LwM2M client
- Create a new instance for the custom object
- Wait for client to register to Portal
- Send integer and string values
- Wait for events from server

##### lwm2mIndicationCB

- Manage events arriving from client (operations completion status and unsolicited events)
- Run lwm2m\_taskCB when a monitored resource changes, to manage the action to be done

#### 3.6.16.1 Custom Object configuration

The XML file content must be loaded on the Telit IoT Portal for the demo application to be fully executed.

First, enter Developer section from the top menu



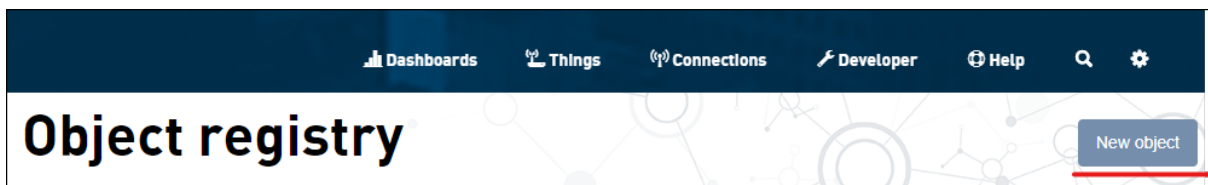
**Figure 116**

Choose Object Registry



**Figure 117**

Create a New Object



**Figure 118**

Copy the xml file content and paste it in the new Object form



**New object**

Paste your LWM2M object definition here:\*

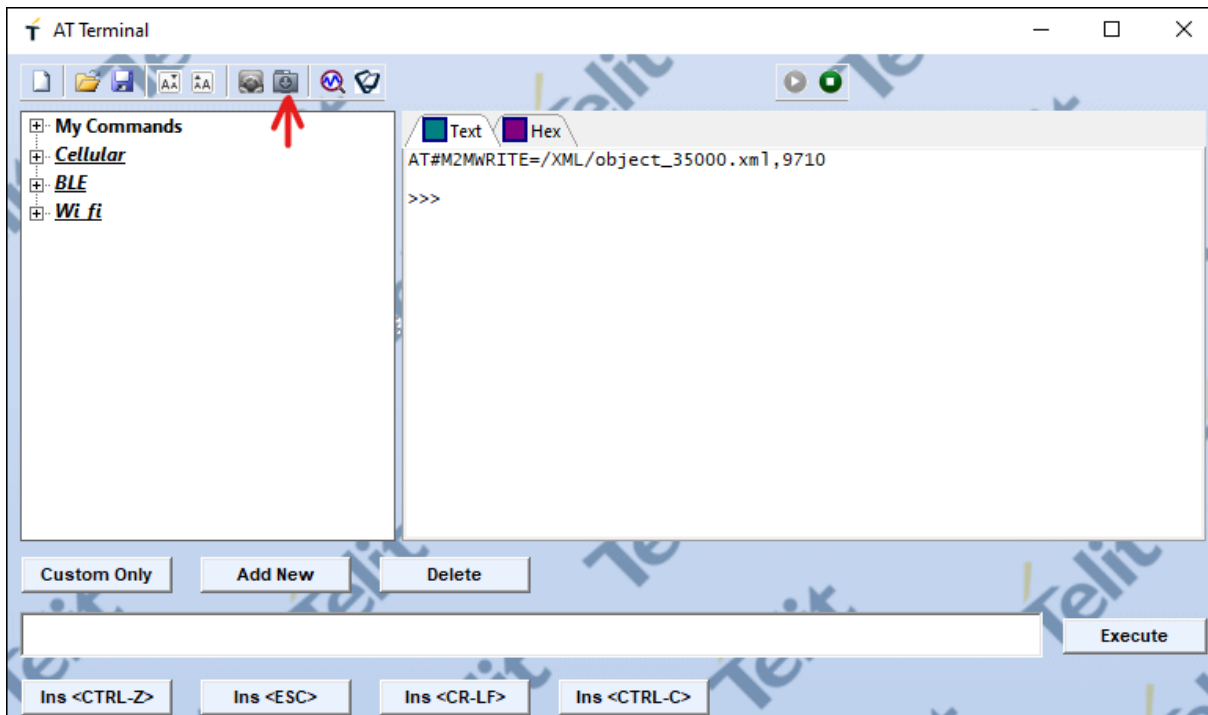
Add Cancel

**Figure 119**

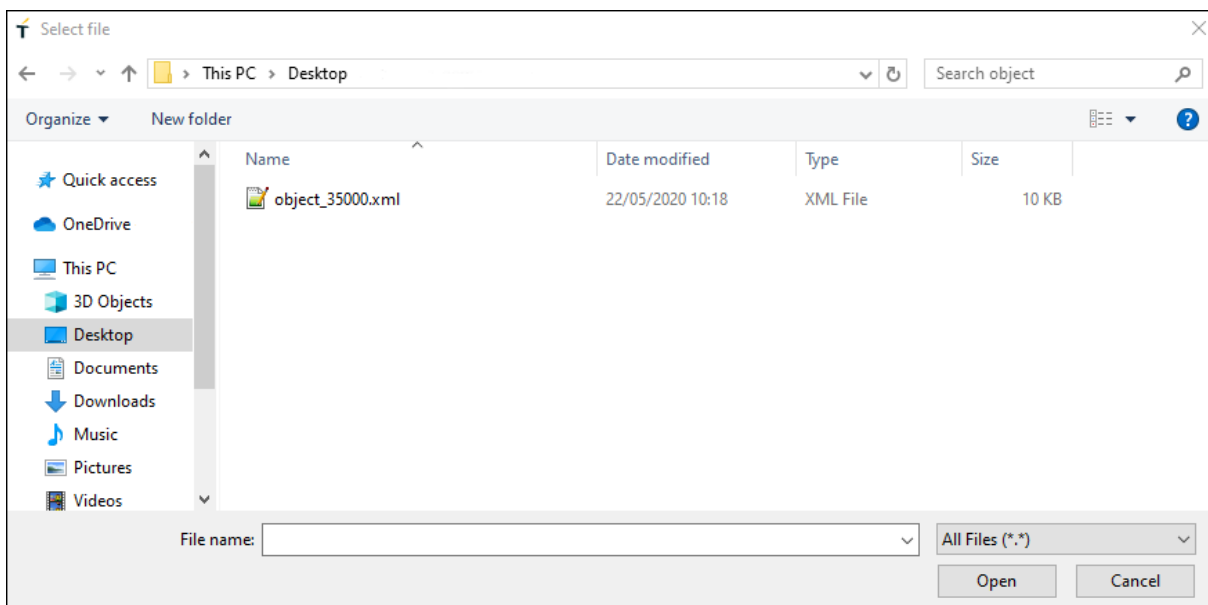
Also, the application requires the XML file `/xml/object_35000.xml` (provided with the sample files) to be stored in module's `/XML/` folder. It can be done with

```
AT#M2MWRITE=/XML/object_35000.xml,<size_in_bytes>
```

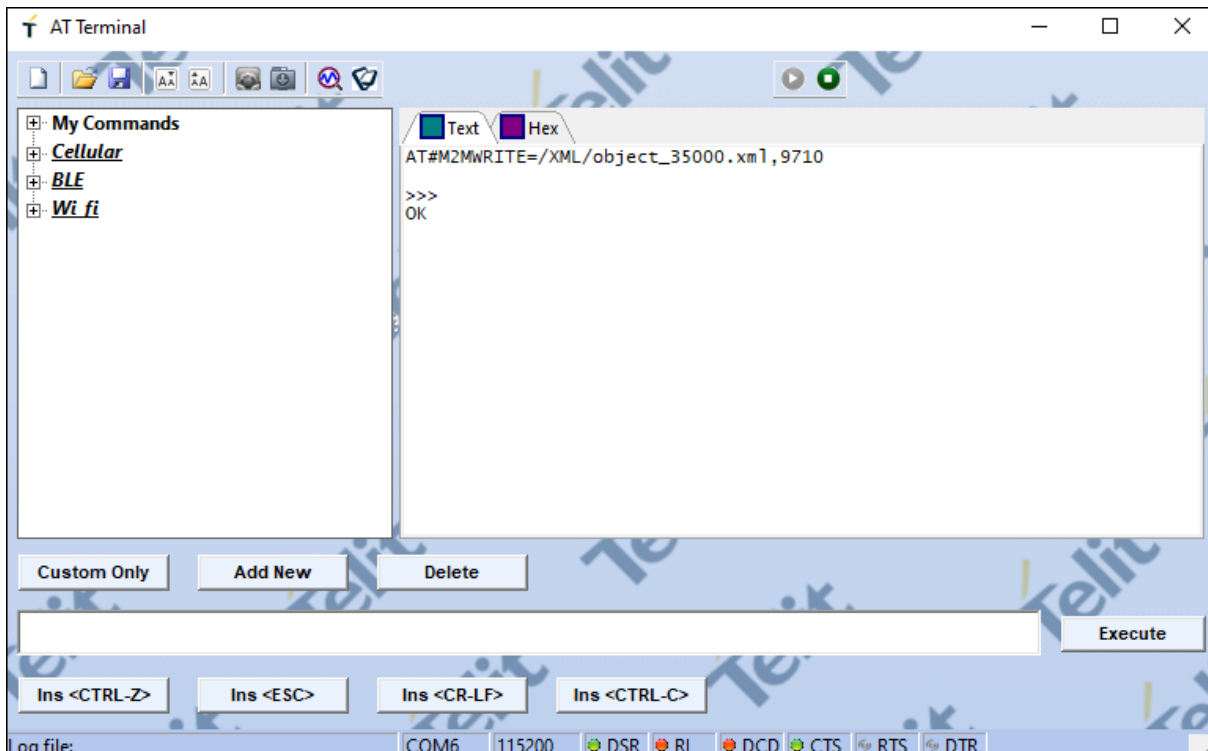
To load the XML file in the module, Telit AT Controller (TATC) can be used. Once the command above is issued, press the load content button:

**Figure 120**

Select the file from your computer

**Figure 121**

The file is successfully loaded on the module



**Figure 122**

### 3.6.16.2 Application execution example

```
Starting lwm2m demo. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Jul 6 2020 06:54:58.
On OneEdge portal, be sure that observations are enabled for the following object resources:
{35000/0/01} {35000/0/02} {35000/0/03} {35000/0/04} {35000/0/05} {35000/0/06} {35000/0/07}
{35000/0/11} {35000/0/12} {35000/0/13} {35000/0/14} {35000/0/15} {35000/0/16} {35000/0/17}
{35000/0/21} {35000/0/22} {35000/0/23} {35000/0/24} {35000/0/25} {35000/0/26} {35000/0/27}
{35000/0/31} {35000/0/32} {35000/0/33} {35000/0/34} {35000/0/35} {35000/0/36} {35000/0/37}

Initializing resources...
LWM2M enable result OK
[DEBUG] 32.39 lwm2m_demo:637 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Monitoring enabled.

Waiting LWM2M Registering (120 seconds timeout)...
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_BOOTSTRAPPING
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_BOOTSTRAPPED
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERING
resp->info == M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERED

Waiting for events from portal. Write on monitored resource or call an exec

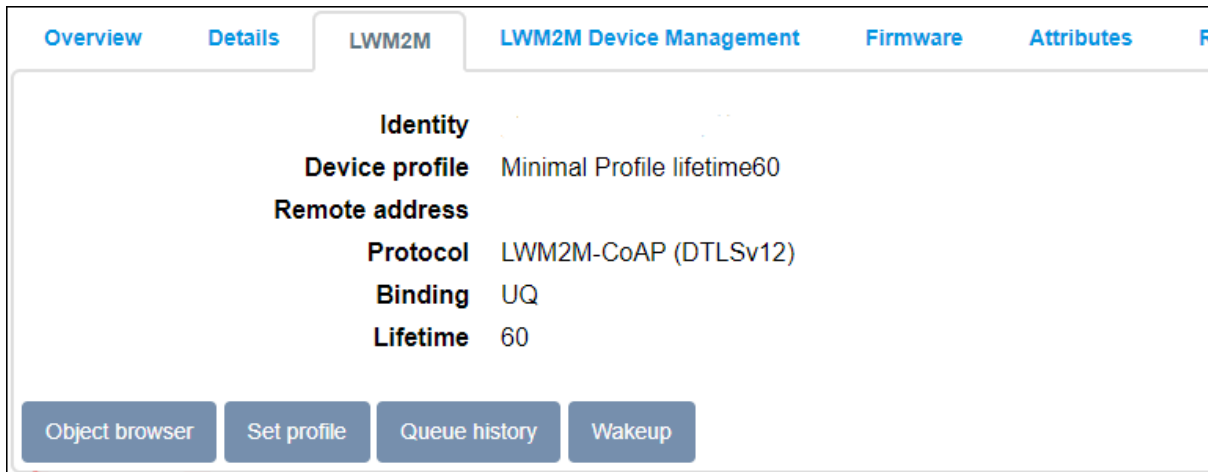
GET STATUS.
IF Status: M2MB_LWM2M_IF_STATE_ACTIVE
Client Status: M2MB_LWM2M_CL_STATE_REGISTERING
```

**Figure 123**

```
Setting integer resource {35000/0/2} value to 50 on LWM2M client.
Setting integer resource {35000/0/22/0} value to 10 on LWM2M client.
Resource /35000/0/2/0 changed!
Setting integer resource {35000/0/22/1} value to 11 on LWM2M client.
[DEBUG] 52.05 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/22/0 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/2/0} resource was updated to new value: 50
Writing string resource {35000/0/11} value to demo_string on LWM2M client.
[DEBUG] 52.57 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/22/1 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/22/0} resource was updated to new value: 10
[DEBUG] 54.19 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 3; size: 4
Resource /35000/0/11/0 changed!
Integer data in {35000/0/22/1} resource was updated to new value: 11
[DEBUG] 54.71 lwm2m_demo:470 - lwm2mIndicationCB{pubTspt_0}$ Read type: 2; size: 11
String data in {35000/0/11/0} resource was updated to new content: <demo_string>
```

**Figure 124**

After the Demo completes the initialization, it is possible to access the object resources from the Portal Object Browser



**Figure 125**

An instance of the object will be present and the resources can be modified.





### 3.6.17 MQTT Client

Sample application showcasing MQTT client functionalities (with SSL). Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to a broker with SSL and exchange data over a subscribed topic

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

##### **mqtt\_demo.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, username, password, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to two topics
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter. Even messages are sent to topic 1, odd messages on topic 2.
- Print received message in mqtt\_topc\_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting MQTT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:34:08.
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:192 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:206 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:214 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:221 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 16.20 mqtt_demo.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 16.21 mqtt_demo.c:232 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 18.26 mqtt_demo.c:246 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 3....
[DEBUG] 18.95 mqtt_demo.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:159 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.201.56
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:268 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Init MQTT
[DEBUG] 18.97 mqtt_demo.c:278 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_mqtt_init succeeded

Connecting to broker <api-dev.devicewise.com>:1883...
Done.
Subscribing to test_topic and test_topic2..
[DEBUG] 20.35 mqtt_demo.c:367 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.

[DEBUG] 20.36 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 20.37 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 20.71 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 20.72 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2>
[DEBUG] 23.37 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 23.38 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 23.92 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 23.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3>
[DEBUG] 26.40 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 26.41 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4>
[DEBUG] 29.42 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 29.43 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 29.99 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 30.00 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5>
[DEBUG] 32.46 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 32.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.00 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 33.01 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6>
[DEBUG] 35.47 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 35.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 36.01 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 36.02 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7>
[DEBUG] 38.50 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 38.51 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 39.15 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 39.16 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8>
[DEBUG] 41.52 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 41.53 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 42.10 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 42.12 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9>
[DEBUG] 44.56 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 44.57 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 45.09 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 45.11 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10>
[DEBUG] 47.58 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 47.59 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 48.12 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 48.13 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11>

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 50.60 mqtt_demo.c:414 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 50.61 mqtt_demo.c:443 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ application exit
[DEBUG] 50.62 mqtt_demo.c:453 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 50.63 mqtt_demo.c:457 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 51.23 mqtt_demo.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

**Figure 129**

### 3.6.18 MultiTask

Sample application showcasing multi tasking functionalities with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to create tasks using azx utilities
- How to use send messages to tasks
- How to use a semaphore to synchronize two tasks

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create three tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs)
- Send a message to the task1, its callback function azx\_msgTask1 will be called

##### azx\_msgTask1

- Print received parameters from main
- Send modified parameters to task2 (its callback function azx\_msgTask2 will be called)
- wait for an InterProcess Communication semaphore to be available (released by task3)
- Once the semaphore is available, print a message and return

##### azx\_msgTask2

- Print received parameters from caller
- If first parameter is bigger than a certain value, Send modified parameters to task3
- Else, use the second parameter as a task handle and print the corresponding name plus the value of the first parameter

##### azx\_msgTask3

- Print received parameters from task 2
- release IPC semaphore
- send message to task 2 with first parameter below the threshold and second parameter with task3 handle

```
Starting MultiTask demo app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jun 23 2020 15:36:31.
Inside "myTask1" user callback function. Received parameters from MAIN: 3 4 5
Task1 - Sending a message to task 2 with modified parameters...
Task1 - Waiting for semaphore to be released by task 3 now...
Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 5 7 10
Task2 - Sending a message to task 3 with modified parameters...
Task2 - Done.
Inside "myTask3" user callback function. Received parameters from Task 2: 15 14 9
Task3 - Releasing IPC semaphore...
Task1 - After semaphore! return...
Task3 - IPC semaphore released.
Task3 - Sending a message to task 2 with specific 'type' parameter value of 0 and task 3 handle as param1...
Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 0 1073951320 9
Task3 - Done.
Task2 - Received type 0 from task "myTask3"
Task2 - Done.
```

**Figure 130**

### 3.6.19 Mutex

Sample application showing mutex usage, with ownership and prioritization usage.  
Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to create a mutex
- How to use the mutex with tasks having different priorities
- how to reorder the pending tasks queue for the mutex

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create four tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs). The first task is a “producer”, putting data on a shared buffer. The second is a “consumer” of said data, the other two are used for prioritization demo
- run producer and consumer tasks at the same pace. the shared buffer will stay empty, because the resource is consumed right after creation
- run producer twice as fast as consumer. The buffer is slowly filled
- run consumer twice as fast as publisher. The buffer is always empty.
- reserve the mutex in the main task and run producer, support and support2 tasks (in this order). Then release the mutex and check the execution order. It should be by arrival.
- reserve the mutex in the main task and run the same three task, but before releasing the mutex, call the prioritization API. the task with highest priority (producer) is put as first in the queue.

```

Starting MutEx app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jul 1 2020 08:37:15.
[DEBUG] 14.50 M2MB_main:90 - mutex_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ [MUTEX] Mutex initialized

[CASE 1 ] Producer and consumer have same idle time

[DEBUG] 14.51 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 14.52 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 14.53 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 14.53 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 14.54 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 14.54 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 14.55 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 14.56 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 15.56 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 15.56 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 15.57 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 15.58 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 15.58 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 15.59 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 15.60 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 15.60 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 16.62 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 16.65 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released

```

Figure 131

```

[CASE 2 ] Producer has double idle time

[DEBUG] 17.56 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 17.56 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 17.57 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 17.58 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 17.58 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 17.59 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 17.59 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 17.60 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 18.63 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 18.64 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 18.64 M2MB_main:268 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Can't consume anything, buffer size is 0
[DEBUG] 18.65 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 19.62 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 19.62 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 19.63 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 19.64 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 19.68 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 19.69 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 19.69 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 19.70 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 20.73 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 20.74 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 20.75 M2MB_main:268 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Can't consume anything, buffer size is 0
[DEBUG] 20.75 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 21.67 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 21.68 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 21.68 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 21.69 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 21.77 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 21.79 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 21.80 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 21.80 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released

```

Figure 132



```
[CASE 3 ] Producer has half idle time

[DEBUG] 22.62 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 22.63 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 22.64 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 22.64 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 22.65 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 22.65 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 22.66 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 22.67 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 23.67 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 23.68 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 23.68 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 23.69 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 24.71 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 24.72 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 24.72 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 0
[DEBUG] 24.73 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 24.74 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 24.74 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 0 items
[DEBUG] 24.75 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 0
[DEBUG] 24.76 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 25.79 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 25.79 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 25.80 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 1
[DEBUG] 25.81 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 26.78 M2MB_main:250 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 26.78 M2MB_main:251 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Now there are 2 items
[DEBUG] 26.79 M2MB_main:261 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ [CONSUMER]I consumed 99 from index 1
[DEBUG] 26.79 M2MB_main:308 - msgConsumer{CONSUMER}$ Mutex released
[DEBUG] 26.84 M2MB_main:119 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex acquired
[DEBUG] 26.84 M2MB_main:120 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Now there are 1 items
[DEBUG] 26.85 M2MB_main:125 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Produced item 99 at index 1
[DEBUG] 26.86 M2MB_main:176 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ Mutex released
```

**Figure 133**

```
[CASE 4 ] NO HTPF

Reserve MUTEX so all tasks are enqueued
[DEBUG] 30.77 M2MB_main:387 - msgSupport{HPTF_SUPPORT}$ freepos = 0 | evaluate[freepos]= 3
[DEBUG] 30.78 M2MB_main:416 - msgSupport2{HPTF_SUPPORT2}$ freepos = 1 | evaluate[freepos]= 4
[DEBUG] 30.79 M2MB_main:223 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ producer: freepos = 2 | evaluate[freepos]= 1
[DEBUG] 35.85 M2MB_main:586 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ EVALUATE SEQUENCE IS 3 4 1. Expected: 3 4 1
NO HTPF OK

[CASE 4.1 ] HTPF USED

Reserve MUTEX so all tasks are enqueued
m2mb_os_mtx_hptf OK
[DEBUG] 41.98 M2MB_main:223 - msgProducer{PRODUCER}$ producer: freepos = 0 | evaluate[freepos]= 1
[DEBUG] 41.99 M2MB_main:387 - msgSupport{HPTF_SUPPORT}$ freepos = 1 | evaluate[freepos]= 3
[DEBUG] 42.00 M2MB_main:416 - msgSupport2{HPTF_SUPPORT2}$ freepos = 2 | evaluate[freepos]= 4
[DEBUG] 44.03 M2MB_main:650 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ EVALUATE SEQUENCE IS 1 3 4, expected 1 3 4
HTPF DEMO OK
The application has ended...
```

**Figure 134**

### 3.6.20 SMS PDU

Sample application showcasing how to create and decode PDUs to be used with m2mb\_sms\_\* API set. A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to enable SMS functionality
- How to use encode an SMS PDU to be sent with m2mb\_api
- How to decode a received SMS response from PDU to ASCII mode.

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Init sms functionality
- Create PDU from text message
- Send message to destination number
- Wait for response
- When SMS PDU response is received, decode it and print information about it, plus the message content

```
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded

Sending message <How are you?>...
m2mb_sms_send() - succeeded
M2MB_SMS_SEND_RESP Callback
Send resp msg ID 10
SMS received!
SMS correctly received!

Reading SMS from memory...
m2mb_sms_read() request succeeded

--- SMS read ---
SMS tag M2MB_SMS_TAG_MT_NOT_READ
SMS format M2MB_SMS_FORMAT_3GPP
Code type: 0
Sender type: 145
Msg len: 12
Msg bytes: 11
Msg date 19/7/17 16:7:58 (timezone: 2)
Received SMS, content: <<Fine thanks >>
Sender: +[REDACTED]
```

**Figure 135**



### 3.6.21 SPI Echo

Sample application showing how to communicate over SPI with m2mb API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open an SPI bus. MOSI and MISO will be shorted, to have an echo.
- How to communicate over SPI bus

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open SPI bus, set parameters
- Send data on MOSI and read the same in MISO

```
Starting SPI demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  1 2020 13:48:05.  
Transfer successful. Received: hello from spi echo
```

**Figure 136**

---

### 3.6.22 SPI sensors

Sample application showing SPI usage, configuring two ST devices: a magnetometer (ST LIS3MDL) and a gyroscope (ST L3G4200D). The application will read values from both devices using GPIO4 and 3 (respectively) as magnetometer CS and gyro CS. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open an SPI bus with a slave device
- How to communicate with the device over the SPI bus

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Open SPI bus, set parameters
- Configure GPIO 3 and GPIO 4 as output, set them high (idle)
- Set registers to configure magnetometer
- Read in a loop (10 iterations) the registers carrying the 3 axes values and show the gauss value for each of them. A metal object is put close to the sensor to change the read values.
- Set registers to configure gyroscope
- Read in a loop (10 iterations) the registers carrying the 3 axes values and show the degrees per second value for each of them. The board is rotated to change the read values.

```
Starting SPI demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 13:58:25.
SPI start

Magnetometer SPI Demo start
Reading Magnetometer WHOAMI. Expected: 0x3D
Expected response received!
Setting continuous conversion mode...
Continuous conversion mode successfully set.
Setting 10 Hz Output Data Rate, Medium performance mode X Y axis...
Magnetometer Enabled. 10Hz ODR, Medium Perf. Mode (X,Y).
Setting Medium performance for Z axis, little endian...
Medium Perf. Mode (Z), little endian.
Setting complete, starting reading loop...

X: 0.204 gauss
Y: -0.321 gauss
Z: 0.305 gauss

X: 0.290 gauss
Y: -0.103 gauss
Z: 0.043 gauss

X: -2.513 gauss
Y: -0.353 gauss
Z: -4.000 gauss

X: 1.980 gauss
Y: 0.174 gauss
Z: -1.945 gauss

X: 4.000 gauss
Y: -0.090 gauss
Z: -4.000 gauss

X: -0.605 gauss
Y: -0.154 gauss
Z: 0.210 gauss

X: -0.580 gauss
Y: 2.004 gauss
Z: -0.047 gauss

X: 0.177 gauss
Y: -0.359 gauss
Z: 0.295 gauss

X: 0.173 gauss
Y: -0.356 gauss
Z: 0.301 gauss

X: 0.174 gauss
Y: -0.356 gauss
Z: 0.298 gauss
Reading complete.
```

**Figure 137**

### 3.6.23 SW Timer (Software Timer)

The sample application shows how to use SW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to open configure a SW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create sw timer structure
- Configure it with 4 seconds timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires)
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Start the timer
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

##### timerCb

- Print a message with inside the callback

```
Starting SW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 09:51:25.  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 21.41 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 25.47 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
stopping the timer  
Stop a running timer: success  
Application end
```

**Figure 138**

### 3.6.24 TCP IP

Sample application showcasing TCP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

##### m2m\_tcp\_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Send data and receive response
- Close socket
- Disable PDP context

```
Starting TCP-IP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:20:30.
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_tcp_test.c:201 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_tcp_test.c:217 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:231 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.28 m2m_tcp_test.c:128 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x816B!
[DEBUG] 21.29 m2m_tcp_test.c:244 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.30 m2m_tcp_test.c:248 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.34 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:158 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 83.225.44.56
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:273 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:284 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:294 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.95 m2m_tcp_test.c:307 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 25.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:322 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 25.18 m2m_tcp_test.c:329 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Sending data over socket..
[DEBUG] 25.19 m2m_tcp_test.c:342 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data send successfully (16 bytes)
[DEBUG] 27.20 m2m_tcp_test.c:356 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ trying to receive 16 bytes..
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:364 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:373 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 27.22 m2m_tcp_test.c:385 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 27.24 m2m_tcp_test.c:388 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 29.43 m2m_tcp_test.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

**Figure 139**



### 3.6.25 TCP Server

Sample application showcasing TCP listening socket demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP listening socket
- How to manage external hosts connection and exchange data

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

##### **m2m\_tcp\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and set it in non-blocking mode
- Bind the socket to the listening port
- Start listening for incoming connection
- Check if a connection is incoming using m2mb\_socket\_bsd\_select function
- If a client connects, perform accept on the child socket
- Send a "START" message to the client
- Send some data
- Wait for data from client and print it
- Close the child socket
- Start listening again, up to 3 times
- Close listening socket
- Disable PDP context

Debug Log

```

Starting TCP Server demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 13:28:24.
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:220 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:236 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:242 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:250 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 14.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:138 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0x5222!
[DEBUG] 14.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 14.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:267 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:282 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN ibox.tim.it...
[DEBUG] 17.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:165 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:168 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 2.195.165.137

-----
| Start TCP server |
|-----|

[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:301 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:312 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 19.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:313 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_socket_bsd_socket(): valid socket ID [0x4002E79C] - PASS
[DEBUG] 20.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:319 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ issuing m2m_socket_bsd_ioctl() to set non-blocking mode ...
[DEBUG] 20.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:331 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Binding Socket...
[DEBUG] 22.12 m2m_tcp_test.c:343 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Bind Pass

Start TCP listening on port 6500...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 0
[DEBUG] 28.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 1

TCP Server Coming Connection
--> Accept
[DEBUG] 30.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:397 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Accept Pass

Connected! (socket dial n.1)

[DEBUG] 30.53 m2m_tcp_test.c:403 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Source Address: 185.86.42.254
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:404 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Port: 58658
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Family: 2
[DEBUG] 31.56 m2m_tcp_test.c:410 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$

-----
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:411 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ | Send/receive data test |
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:412 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ -----

[DEBUG] 32.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:416 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit "START" packet...
[DEBUG] 32.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:423 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (11 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:425 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:430 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit 58 bytes...
[DEBUG] 32.62 m2m_tcp_test.c:437 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (58 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.63 m2m_tcp_test.c:440 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:448 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Waiting for data...

[DEBUG] 39.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:457 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ test
[DEBUG] 99.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:465 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
m2mb_socket_bsd_recv() has received 6 bytes

[DEBUG] 102.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:469 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Server TCP is closing the current connection ...

```

**Figure 140**

Data on a PuTTY terminal



```
START  
aaaaaaaaaa-bbbbbbbbbb-ccccccccc-ddddddddd-eeeeeeeeee  
test  
█
```

**Figure 141**

---

### 3.6.26 TLS SSL Client

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to open a SSL client socket
- How to communicate over SSL socket

#### Application workflow

##### **M2MB\_main.c**

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Create a task to manage the connection and start it

##### **ssl\_test.c**

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server over TCP socket
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) andh auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Create secure socket and connect to the server using SSL
- Send data and receive response
- Close secure socket
- Close socket
- Delete SSL context
- Disable PDP context

The application requires the certificates to be stored in /test\_ssl\_certs/ folder. It can be created with AT#M2MMKDIR=/test\_ssl\_certs

```

Starting TLS-SSL demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:27:00.
[DEBUG] 21.27 ssl_test.c:253 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.27 ssl_test.c:267 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.28 ssl_test.c:271 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Init SSL session test app
[DEBUG] 21.28 ssl_test.c:286 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config sslConfigHnd1 = 0x400330a8, sslRes= 0
[DEBUG] 21.29 ssl_test.c:295 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config PASSED
[DEBUG] 21.30 ssl_test.c:307 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_ctxt PASSED
[DEBUG] 21.31 ssl_test.c:312 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading CA CERT from file /test_ssl_certs/modulesCA.crt
[DEBUG] 21.32 ssl_test.c:316 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1740
[DEBUG] 21.32 ssl_test.c:329 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1740
Buffer successfully received from file. 1740 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 21.34 ssl_test.c:458 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.35 ssl_test.c:466 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.36 ssl_test.c:172 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF!
[DEBUG] 21.36 ssl_test.c:478 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.37 ssl_test.c:482 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.41 ssl_test.c:497 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.24 ssl_test.c:198 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.24 ssl_test.c:201 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.158.27
[DEBUG] 24.25 ssl_test.c:515 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.26 ssl_test.c:526 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.26 ssl_test.c:536 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.61 ssl_test.c:549 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 24.87 ssl_test.c:563 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 26.14 ssl_test.c:588 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_connect ret 0
[DEBUG] 28.17 ssl_test.c:594 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
[DEBUG] 28.17 ssl_test.c:597 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ SSL write result = 44
[DEBUG] 32.18 ssl_test.c:609 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 1087
[DEBUG] 32.19 ssl_test.c:612 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive bytes..
[DEBUG] 32.19 ssl_test.c:618 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (269)<HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Thu, 26 Mar 2020 15:29:43 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
Last-Modified: Mon, 22 Jan 2018 10:57:39 GMT
ETag: "1fffc-27f-5635b4c6f12b3"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 639
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
>
[DEBUG] 32.23 ssl_test.c:635 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 32.23 ssl_test.c:653 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 32.26 ssl_test.c:656 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 32.89 ssl_test.c:207 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

**Figure 142**

### 3.6.27 UDP client

Sample application showcasing UDP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a UDP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task and start it

**m2m\_udp\_test.c** - Initialize Network structure and check registration - Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context - Create socket and link it to the PDP context id - Send data and receive response - Close socket - Disable PDP context

```
Starting UDP Client demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 14:57:13.
INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_udp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_udp_test.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF1
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:241 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:245 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:157 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:160 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.113.222.12
[DEBUG] 24.12 m2m_udp_test.c:268 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_udp_test.c:280 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Socket created
Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.41 m2m_udp_test.c:306 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
Socket ready.
Data successfully sent (16 bytes)
Socket rcv...
[DEBUG] 26.47 m2m_udp_test.c:352 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_socket_bsd_set_sock_opt() M2MB_SOCKET_BSD_SO_RCVTIMEO - success
trying to receive 16 bytes..
Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 26.48 m2m_udp_test.c:377 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ application exit
Socket Closed
[DEBUG] 26.49 m2m_udp_test.c:399 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
Application complete.
[DEBUG] 27.04 m2m_udp_test.c:166 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

**Figure 143**

### 3.6.28 ZLIB example

Sample application showing how to compress/uncompress with ZLIB. Debug prints on **USB0**

#### Features

- How to compress a file
- How to uncompress a file

In order to execute the entire test, copy test.gz file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/mod/test.gz",138
```

>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes

#### Application workflow

##### M2MB\_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART\_AUX
- Test the compression and decompression of a data string
- Test the decompression of a .gz file (test.gz), expected to be in /mod folder, into its content test.txt. The file must be uploaded by the user (see steps above).

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:02:35.
Starting TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR.
len: 138; comprLen: 57
Compressed message:
W+EHU(,ILIVH^E/ISHÊ PE^I-HMQÊ/K-R(Ï Êc$VU^#ašê y4RI«¥1.
comprLen: 57; uncomprLen: 138
uncompress():
the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.
Ending TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR with SUCCESS.
Starting test_uncompress.
Data extracted correctly into the file ./mod/test.txt
test_uncompress finished correctly!
```

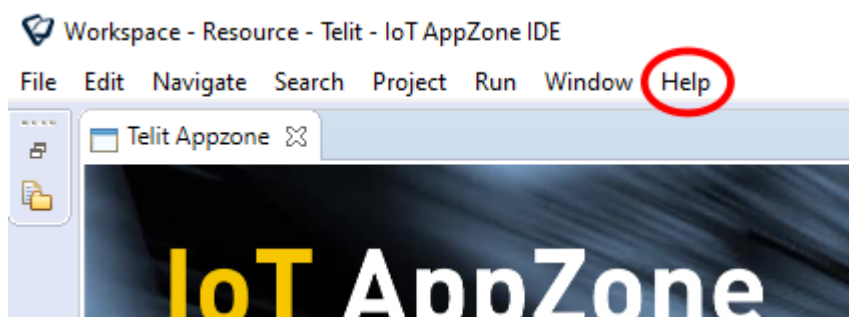
**Figure 144**

## 4 Installing beta version libraries Plug-in

### 4.1 New beta plug-in installation

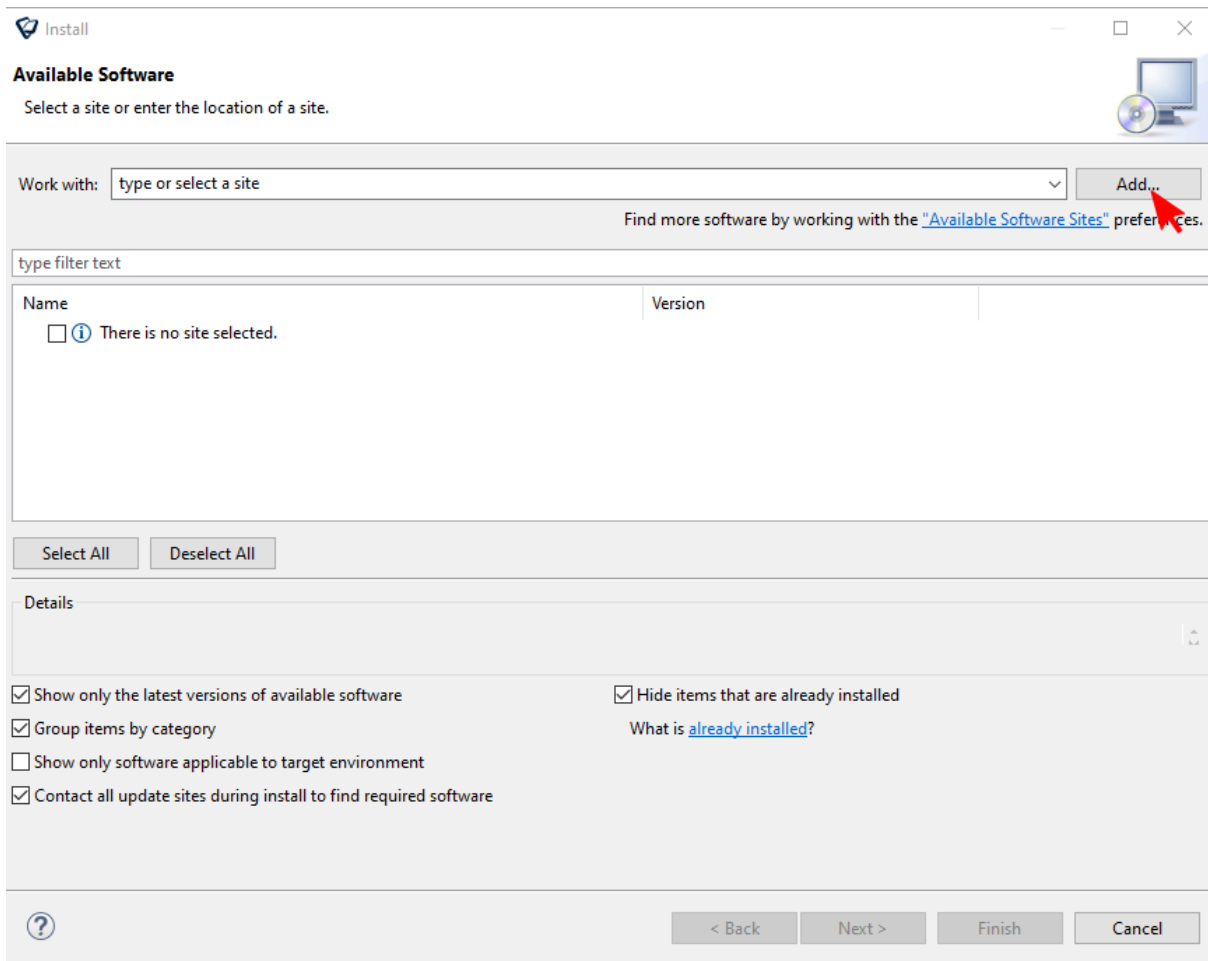
To install a new plug-in for a beta firmware into the IDE, first receive plug-in “.zip” packet, then unzip the file in a local folder and open the SDK IDE.

**PLEASE DO NOT USE BETA PLUGINS FOR PRODUCTION DEPLOYMENTS, SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED AS IS AND CUSTOMER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT IS POSSIBLE THE DEVICE MAY MISFUNCTION. PLEASE REFER TO Contact Information, Support section**



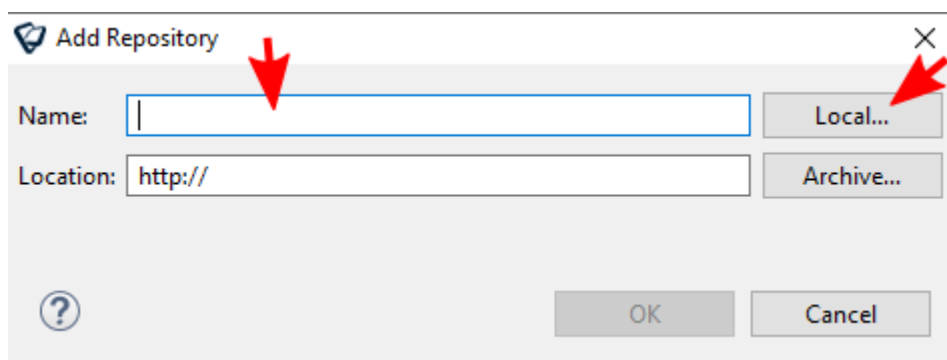
**Figure 145**

Click on “Help” tag and choose “Install New Software...”. This window will appear:

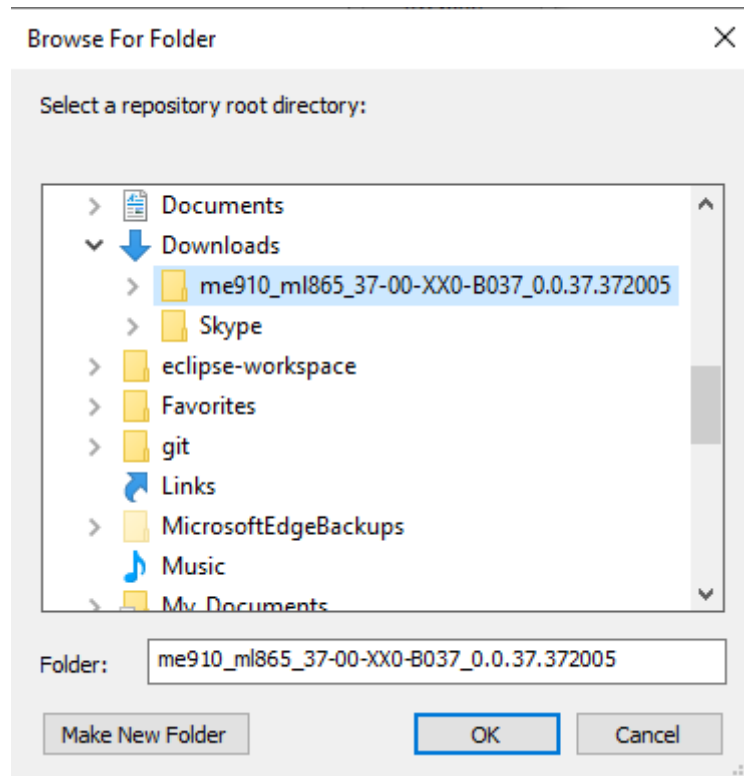


**Figure 146**

Click on "Add..." button and then in the following window click on "Local..." to select the unzipped folder with the plug-in content.

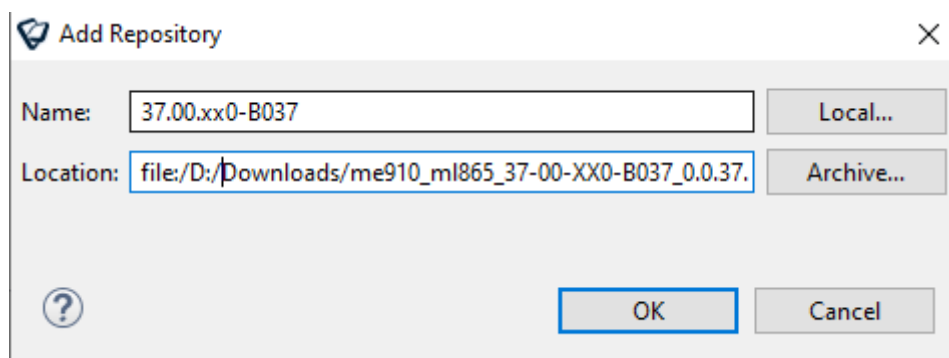


**Figure 147**



**Figure 148**

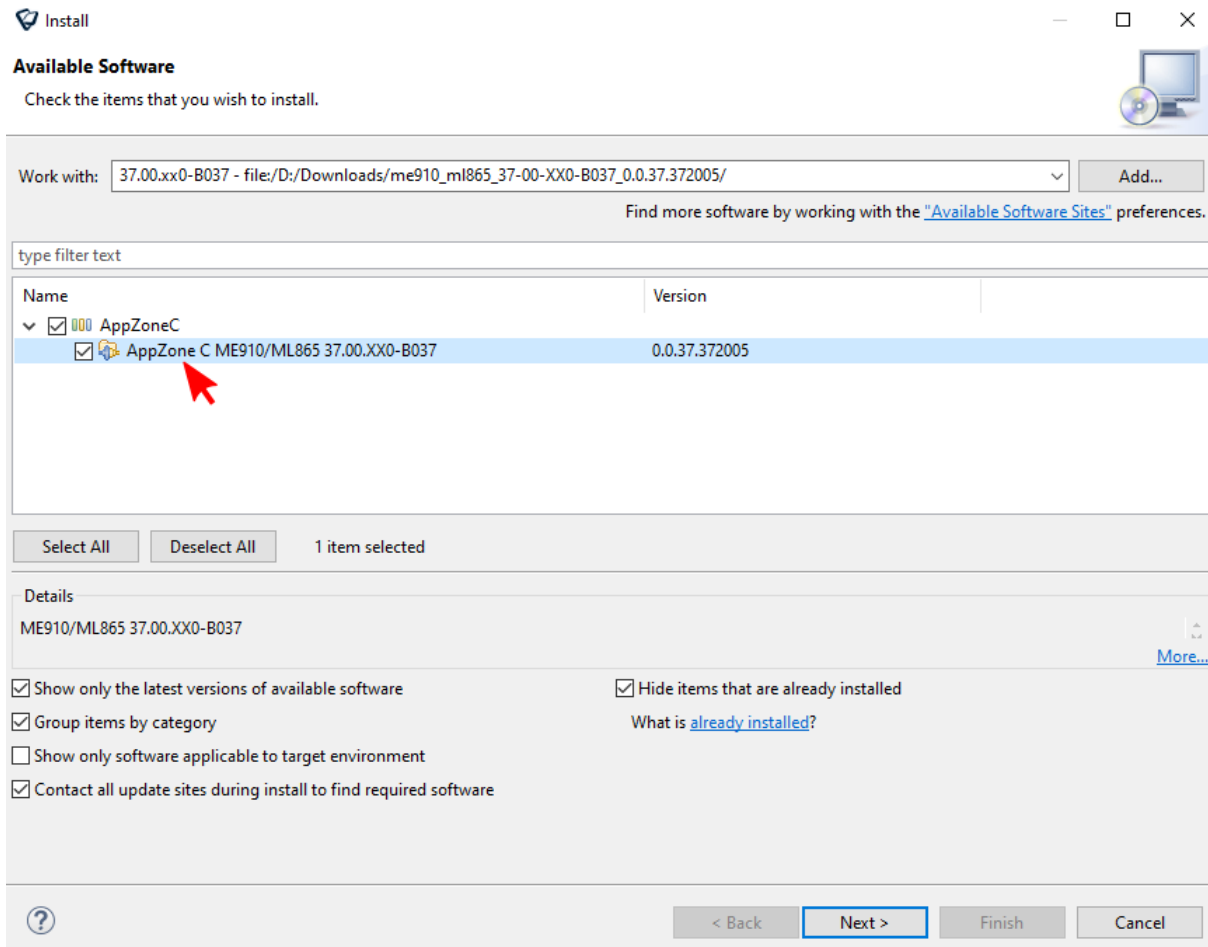
Once selected the plug-in folder, the “Location:” form will present the selected path. Now in “Name:” write a name for the new libraries (for example 37.00.xx0\_B037) and click on “OK” button.



**Figure 149**

The new packet is now ready to be installed: select it and click on “Next >” button until “Review Licenses” window will appear.



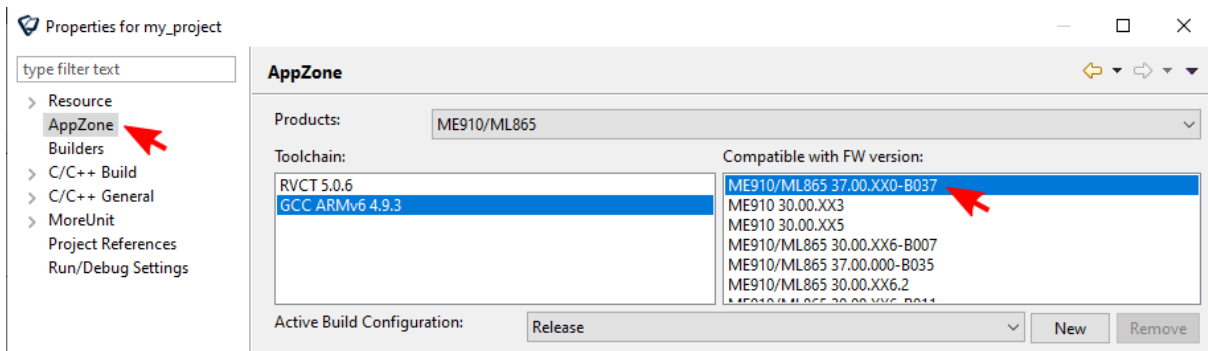


**Figure 150**

Accept the licenses when required and click on "Finish" button to complete the installation.

## 4.2 Change existing project libraries

To align an old project to the new libraries, right click on the project and choose "Properties".

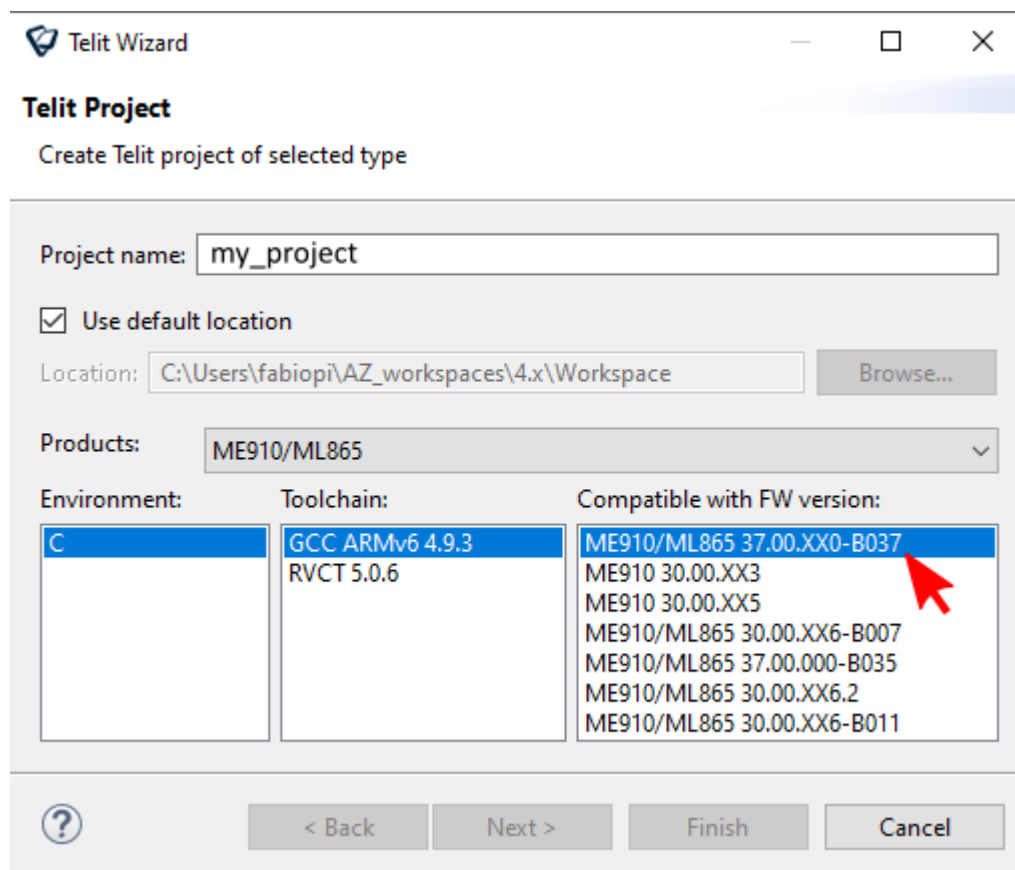


**Figure 151**

Now select “AppZone” on the left side of the window, and on the right choose the packet with the same name as the firmware version to be used. Then click on “OK” (or “Apply”) button.

### 4.3 Create a project with the new plug-in

To use the new libraries, create a new project: “File”-> “New” -> “Telit Project”



**Figure 152**

Select the new firmware version (37.00.xx0-B037) and create an empty project.



# SUPPORT INQUIRIES

Link to [www.telit.com](http://www.telit.com) and contact our technical support team for any questions related to technical issues.

[www.telit.com](http://www.telit.com)



Telit Communications S.p.A.  
Via Stazione di Prosecco, 5/B  
I-34010 Sgonico (Trieste), Italy

Telit IoT Platforms LLC  
5300 Broken Sound Blvd, Suite 150  
Boca Raton, FL 33487, USA

Telit Wireless Solutions Inc.  
3131 RDU Center Drive, Suite 135  
Morrisville, NC 27560, USA

Telit Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd.  
8th Fl., Shinyoung Securities Bld.  
6, Gukjegeumyung-ro8-gil, Yeongdeungpo-gu  
Seoul, 150-884, Korea

Telit Wireless Solutions Ltd.  
10 Habarzel St.  
Tel Aviv 69710, Israel

Telit Wireless Solutions  
Tecnologia e Servicos Ltda  
Avenida Paulista, 1776, Room 10.C  
01310-921 São Paulo, Brazil

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