



AppZone m2mb Sample Apps

80000NT11840A Rev. 1 - 2021-01-29

TELIT
TECHNICAL
DOCUMENTATION

1 AppZone m2mb Sample Apps

Package Version: **1.1.5-CxL**

Minimum Firmware Version: **25.20.XX9**

1.1 Features

This package goal is to provide sample source code for common activities kick-start.

2 Quick start

2.1 Deployment Instructions

To manually deploy the Sample application on the devices perform the following steps:

1. Have **25.20.XX9** FW version flashed (AT#SWPKGV will give you the FW version)
2. Copy m2mapz.bin to /data/azc/mod/

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/m2mapz.bin",<size>,1
```

where <size> is in bytes

3. Configure the module to run the downloaded binary as default app:
AT#M2MRUN=2,m2mapz.bin
4. Restart the module and if no AT commands are sent within **10** seconds, start the app: AT+M2M=4,10

2.2 References

More info on

- [Getting started with ME910C1](#) (doc ID 80529NT11661A)
- [How to run applications with AppZone](#)

2.3 Known Issues

None

2.4 Contact Information, Support

For general contact, technical support services, technical questions and report documentation errors contact Telit Technical Support at: TS-EMEA@telit.com.

For detailed information about where you can buy the Telit modules or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:

<http://www.telit.com>

Our aim is to make this guide as helpful as possible. Keep us informed of your comments and suggestions for improvements.

Telit appreciates feedback from the users of our information.

2.5 Troubleshooting

- Application does not work/start:
 - Delete application binary and retry
`AT#M2MDEL="/data/azc/mod/m2mapz.bin"`
 - Delete everything, reflash and retry
`AT#M2MDEL="/data/azc/mod/m2mapz.bin"`
`AT#M2MDEL="/data/azc/mod/appcfg.ini"`
- Application project does not compile
 - Right click on project name
 - Select Properties
 - Select AppZone tab
 - Select the right plugin (firmware) version
 - Press "Restore Defaults", then "Apply", then "OK"
 - Build project again
- Application project shows missing symbols on IDE
 - Right click on project name
 - Select Index
 - Select Rebuild. This will regenerate the symbols index.

2.6 Making source code changes

2.6.1 Folder structure

The applications code follow the structure below:

- `hdr`: header files used by the application
 - `app_cfg.h`: the main configuration file for the application
- `src`: source code specific to the application
- `azx`: helpful utilities used by the application (for GPIOs, LOGGING etc)
 - `hdr`: generic utilities' header files
 - `src`: generic utilities' source files
- `Makefile.in`: customization of the Make process

2.7 Import a Sample App into an IDE project

Consider that the app HelloWorld that prints on Main UART is a good starting point. To import it in a project, please follow the steps below:

On IDE, create a new project: "File"-> "New" -> "Telit Project"



Figure 1

Select the preferred firmware version (e.g. 30.00.xx7) and create an empty project.

in the samples package, go in the HelloWorld folder (e.g. AppZoneSampleApps-MAIN_UART\HelloWorld), copy all the files and folders in it (as src, hdr, azx) and paste them in the root of the newly created IDE project. You are now ready to build and try the sample app on your device.

Contents

1 AppZone m2mb Sample Apps	2
1.1 Features	2
2 Quick start	2
2.1 Deployment Instructions	2
2.2 References	2
2.3 Known Issues	2
2.4 Contact Information, Support	3
2.5 Troubleshooting	3
2.6 Making source code changes	4
2.6.1 Folder structure	4
2.7 Import a Sample App into an IDE project	4
3 Applications	10
3.1 AUX UART	10
3.1.1 ATI (AT Instance)	10
3.1.2 AWS demo	12
3.1.3 How to get started with AWS IoT	13
3.1.4 Application setup	14
3.1.5 Device setup	14
3.1.6 App update OTA via FTP	16
3.1.7 CJSON example:	18
3.1.8 Easy AT example	20
3.1.9 Events	21
3.1.10 Events - Barrier (multi events)	22
3.1.11 FTP	23
3.1.12 File System example	25
3.1.13 GNSS example	26
3.1.14 GPIO interrupt example	27
3.1.15 General_INFO example	28
3.1.16 HTTP Client	30
3.1.17 HW Timer (Hardware Timer)	32
3.1.18 Hello World	33
3.1.19 Logging Demo	34
3.1.20 MD5 example	35
3.1.21 MQTT Client	36
3.1.22 MultiTask	38
3.1.23 NTP example	40
3.1.24 SMS PDU	41
3.1.25 SMS_atCmd example	42

3.1.26SW Timer (Software Timer)	44
3.1.27TCP IP	45
3.1.28TCP Socket status	47
3.1.29TCP Server	49
3.1.30TLS SSL Client	52
3.1.31UDP client	55
3.1.32ZLIB example	56
3.2 MISC	57
3.2.1 GPIO toggle example	57
3.3 MAIN UART	58
3.3.1 ATI (AT Instance)	58
3.3.2 AT Tunnel	60
3.3.3 AWS demo	62
3.3.4 How to get started with AWS IoT	63
3.3.5 Application setup	64
3.3.6 Device setup	64
3.3.7 App update OTA via FTP	66
3.3.8 CJSON example:	68
3.3.9 Easy AT example	70
3.3.10Events	71
3.3.11Events - Barrier (multi events)	72
3.3.12FTP	73
3.3.13File System example	75
3.3.14GNSS example	76
3.3.15GPIO interrupt example	77
3.3.16General_INFO example	78
3.3.17HTTP Client	80
3.3.18HW Timer (Hardware Timer)	82
3.3.19Hello World	83
3.3.20Logging Demo	84
3.3.21MD5 example	85
3.3.22MQTT Client	86
3.3.23MultiTask	88
3.3.24NTP example	90
3.3.25SMS PDU	91
3.3.26SMS_atCmd example	92
3.3.27SPI Echo	94
3.3.28SW Timer (Software Timer)	95
3.3.29TCP IP	96
3.3.30TCP Socket status	98
3.3.31TCP Server	100

3.3.32	TLS SSL Client	103
3.3.33	Uart To Server	106
3.3.34	UDP client	107
3.3.35	ZLIB example	108
3.4	BASIC	109
3.4.1	Basic Hello World (Aux UART)	109
3.4.2	Basic Hello World (Main UART)	110
3.4.3	Basic Hello World (USB0)	111
3.5	USB0	112
3.5.1	ATI (AT Instance)	112
3.5.2	AWS demo	114
3.5.3	How to get started with AWS IoT	115
3.5.4	Application setup	116
3.5.5	Device setup	116
3.5.6	App update OTA via FTP	118
3.5.7	CJSON example:	120
3.5.8	Easy AT example	122
3.5.9	Events	123
3.5.10	Events - Barrier (multi events)	124
3.5.11	FTP	125
3.5.12	File System example	127
3.5.13	GNSS example	128
3.5.14	GPIO interrupt example	129
3.5.15	General_INFO example	130
3.5.16	HTTP Client	132
3.5.17	HW Timer (Hardware Timer)	134
3.5.18	Hello World	135
3.5.19	Logging Demo	136
3.5.20	MD5 example	137
3.5.21	MQTT Client	138
3.5.22	MultiTask	140
3.5.23	NTP example	142
3.5.24	SMS PDU	143
3.5.25	SMS_atCmd example	144
3.5.26	SPI Echo	146
3.5.27	SW Timer (Software Timer)	147
3.5.28	TCP IP	148
3.5.29	TCP Socket status	150
3.5.30	TCP Server	152
3.5.31	TLS SSL Client	155
3.5.32	UDP client	158

3.5.33ZLIB example	159
------------------------------	-----

4 Installing beta version libraries Plug-in	160
--	------------

4.1 New beta plug-in installation	160
4.2 Change existing project libraries	163
4.3 Create a project with the new plug-in	164

3 Applications

3.1 AUX UART

Applications that provide usage examples for various functionalities, log output on Auxiliary UART

3.1.1 ATI (AT Instance)

Sample application showing how to use AT Instance functionality (sending AT commands from code). The example supports both sync and async (using a callback) modes. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to open an AT interface from the application
- How to send AT commands and receive responses on the AT interface

Application workflow, sync mode

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

at_sync.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0
- Send AT+CGMR command, then read response after 2 seconds, then return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  1 2020 15:12:58.
[DEBUG] 17.15  at_sync.c:53 - at_cmd_sync_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in sync mode
[DEBUG] 17.16  at_sync.c:79 - send_sync_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 19.21  at_sync.c:61 - at_cmd_sync_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

Figure 2

Application workflow, async mode

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

at_async.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0, register AT events callback
- Send AT+CGMR command, wait for response semaphore (released in callback), then read it and return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:07:45.
[DEBUG] 17.13 at_async.c:116 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in async mode
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:153 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:169 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ waiting command response...
[DEBUG] 17.17 at_async.c:88 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 25
[DEBUG] 17.18 at_async.c:181 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Receive response...
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 17.19 at_async.c:136 - at_cmd_async_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

Figure 3

3.1.2 AWS demo

Sample application showcasing AWS IoT Core MQTT communication. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to load certificates into device SSL session storage
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to AWS server with SSL and exchange data over a topic

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

aws_demo.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) and auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to topic
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter
- Print received message in mqtt_topc_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

3.1.3 How to get started with AWS IoT

- Go to [AWS console](#) and create an account if one is not available yet.
- Go to **IoT Core** section
- Go to **Secure > Policies** section
- Create a new policy, which describes what the device will be allowed to do (e.g. subscribe, publish)
- Give it a name, then configure it using the configuration below (it is possible to copy/paste by clicking on **Add statements** section, then **Advanced mode**) :

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Action": [
        "iot:Publish",
        "iot:Subscribe",
        "iot:Connect",
        "iot:Receive"
      ],
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Resource": [
        "*"
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

- Click on create to complete the policy creation.
- Go to **Manage** section
- Press **Create**, then **Create a single thing**
- Give the new thing a name, then click on Next
- Select **One-click certificate creation (recommended)** by clicking on **Create certificate**
- Once presented with the **Certificate created** page, download all certificates and keys
- Click on the **Activate** button to enable the certificate authentication of the newly created device
- Click on **Attach a policy** and select the policy created in a previous step

For further information, please refer to the full [AWS IoT documentation](#)

3.1.4 Application setup

- Set **CLIENTCERTFILE** and **CLIENTKEYFILE** defines in **aws_demo.c** file in order to match the certificate and key created in the previous section.
- Set **AWS_BROKER_ADDRESS** to the correct AWS URL. It can be retrieved from AWS IoT **Manage > Things > Interact** in the **HTTPS Rest API Endpoint** URL.
- Set **CLIENT_ID** to the desired Client ID for your AWS device
- (Optional) if required, change **CACERTFILE** to match the one to be used.

3.1.5 Device setup

The application requires the certificates (provided in sample app **certs** subfolder) to be stored in **/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/** folder. It can be created with

```
AT#M2MMKDIR=/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs
```

Certificates can then be loaded with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/preload_CACert_01.crt",1468
```

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/Amazon-IoT.crt",1646
```

providing the file content in RAW mode (for example using the “Transfer Data” button in Telit AT Controller)

For client certificates, the commands will be

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/xxxxx.crt",yyyy
```

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/xxxxx.key",zzzz
```

PLEASE NOTE: always verify the file sizes to be used in the commands above as they might change

```

Starting AWS IoT Core MQTT demo app. This is v1.1.5 built on Apr 30 2021 09:05:17.
[DEBUG] 15.51 aws_demo:607 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Init MQTT client for AWS
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:265 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_config SNI succeeded
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:271 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Root CA cert file /mod/ssl_certs/preload_CACert_01.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:297 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1468 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:308 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Cross Signed CA cert file /mod/ssl_certs/Amazon-IoT.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:334 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1646 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:360 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Client certificate file /mod/ssl_certs/ab71 -certificate.pem.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:384 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1224 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:396 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Client Key file /mod/ssl_certs/ab71 -private.pem.key
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:422 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1679 bytes were loaded.

SSL environment preparation completed
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:726 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:514 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:738 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PDP context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.55 aws_demo:753 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 1....
[DEBUG] 18.37 aws_demo:557 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.37 aws_demo:561 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.114.102.21

Connecting to Server <angy83rl5oizs-ats.iot.eu-west-2.amazonaws.com>:8883...
Done.
[DEBUG] 27.87 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 2, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:50" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 27.87 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 30.94 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 3, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:53" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 30.94 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.99 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 4, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:56" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 34.00 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 37.00 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 5, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:59" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 37.00 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 40.03 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 6, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:02" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 40.03 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 43.05 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 7, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:05" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 43.05 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 46.13 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 8, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:08" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 46.13 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 49.15 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 9, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:11" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 49.15 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 52.19 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 10, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:14" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 52.19 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 55.22 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 11, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:17" } }> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 55.22 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:878 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:908 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:918 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:924 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Application complete.

```

Figure 4

Data received from a subscriber:

```

device/353081090 /updates 1
QoS 0

device/353081090 /updates 1
30-04-2021 09:06:00.32760467 QoS 0
{ "ID": 2, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:50" } }

```

Figure 5

3.1.6 App update OTA via FTP

Sample application showcasing Application OTA over FTP with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to download an application binary and update the local version

The app uses a predefined set of parameters. To load custom parameters, upload the `ota_config.txt` file (provided in project's `/src` folder) in module's `/data/azc/mod` folder, for example with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ota_config.txt",<filesize>
```

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage app OTA and start it

ftp_utils.c

- Set parameters to default
- Try to load parameters from `ota_config.txt` file
- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Initialize FTP client
- Connect to FTP server and log in
- Get new App binary file size on remote server
- Download the file in `/data/azc/mod` folder, with the provided name
- Close FTP connection
- Disable PDP context
- Update applications configuration in **app_utils.c**

app_utils.c

- Set new application as default

- Delete old app binary
- Restart module

```
Starting FTP APP OTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:04:05.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_utils.c:447 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_utils.c:152 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_utils.c:154 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Opening /mod/ota_config.txt in read mode..
Set APN to: <<web.omnitel.it>>
Set FTP URL to: <<ftp.telit.com>>
Set FTP PORT to: 21
Set FTP USER to: <<ftp_telit>>
Set FTP PASS to: <<ftp_telit>>
Set FTP FILE URI to: <</samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL FINAL APP NAME to: <<helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL ORIGINAL APP NAME to: <<m2mapz.bin>>
[DEBUG] 23.53 ftp_utils.c:464 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 23.54 ftp_utils.c:470 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.55 ftp_utils.c:478 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:371 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:491 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 23.57 ftp_utils.c:495 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 25.61 ftp_utils.c:504 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3....
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:398 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:401 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.246.110.148
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 27.36 ftp_utils.c:533 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 28.87 ftp_utils.c:546 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin size
[DEBUG] 29.31 ftp_utils.c:568 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Done. File size: 116224.
Starting download of remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin into local /mod/helloworld.bin
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 4.68% 5440
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 9.36% 10880
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 14.04% 16320
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 18.72% 21760
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 23.40% 27200
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 28.08% 32640
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 32.76% 38080
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 37.44% 43520
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 42.13% 48960
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 46.81% 54400
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 51.49% 59840
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 56.17% 65280
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 60.85% 70720
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 65.53% 76160
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 70.21% 81600
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 74.89% 87040
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 79.57% 92480
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 84.25% 97920
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 88.93% 103360
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 93.61% 108800
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 97.42% 113220
[DEBUG] 43.54 ftp_utils.c:608 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ download successful.
FTP quit...
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:632 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deactivating PDP
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:642 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 44.20 ftp_utils.c:407 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactive
[DEBUG] 45.44 app_utils.c:76 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Application successfully configured.
[DEBUG] 45.45 app_utils.c:82 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deleting old application /mod/m2mapz.bin
€yStarting. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:02:52. LEVEL: 2

Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]

Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
```

Figure 6

3.1.7 CJSON example:

Sample application showcasing how to manage JSON objects. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to read a JSON using cJSON library
- How to write a JSON
- How to manipulate JSON objects

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Parse an example string into a JSON object and print the result in a formatted string
- Print some test outcomes (e.g. non existing item correctly not found)
- Retrieve single elements from the parsed JSON object and use them to format a descriptive string
- Delete the JSON object
- Create a new JSON object appending elements to it
- Print the result JSON string from the object

```

Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:33:03.
And here is what we got:
{
  "name":      "Atlantic Ocean",
  "format":    {
    "type":     "salt",
    "volume":   310410900,
    "depth":    -8486,
    "volume_percent": 23.300000,
    "tide":     -3.500000,
    "calm":     false,
    "life":     ["plankton", "corals", "fish", "mammals"]
  }
}
inexistent key not found
name found: Atlantic Ocean
format found (null)
Our JSON string contains info about an ocean named Atlantic Ocean,
has a volume of 310410900 km^3 of salt water with -8486 meters max depth,
represents 23.3% of total oceans volume,
has an average low tide of -3.5 meters,
hosts a huge number of living creatures such as plankton, corals, fish, mammals,
and is not always calm.

Let's build a TR50 command with a property.publish and an alarm.publish for MQTT (no auth).
And here is what we got:
{
  "1": {
    "command": "property.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "value": 123.144000
    }
  },
  "2": {
    "command": "alarm.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "state": 3,
      "msg": "Message."
    }
  }
}
END.

```

Figure 7

3.1.8 Easy AT example

Sample application showcasing Easy AT functionalities. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- Shows how to register custom commands

3.1.9 Events

Sample application showcasing events setup and usage. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to setup OS events with a custom bitmask
- How to wait for events and generate them in callback functions to synchronize blocks of code

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 2 seconds expiration time
- Wait for a specific event bit on the event handler
- At timer expiration, set the same event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event.

```
Starting Events demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 08:44:29.  
[DEBUG] 20.55 M2MB_main.c:171 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success  
Set the timer attributes structure success.  
Timer successfully created  
[DEBUG] 20.57 M2MB_main.c:125 - setup_timer{M2M_DamsStart}$ Start the timer, success.  
[DEBUG] 22.60 M2MB_main.c:60 - hwTimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event!  
[DEBUG] 22.61 M2MB_main.c:183 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ event occurred!
```

Figure 8

3.1.10 Events - Barrier (multi events)

Sample application showcasing how to setup and use multiple events to create a barrier. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to setup OS events to be used as a barrier
- How to wait for multiple events in the same point, and generate them in call-back functions to synchronize blocks of code

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 3 seconds expiration time
- Create another timer to generate an event, with a 6 seconds expiration time
- Start both timers
- Wait for both event bits on the event handler (each one will be set by one of the timers)
- At first timer expiration, set the first event bit and verify that the code flow does not procede.
- At second timer expiration, set the second event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event (implementing a barrier).

```
Starting Barrier demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 08:48:30.
[DEBUG] 20.01 M2MB_main.c:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 3000 timeout (ms)
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 6000 timeout (ms)
[DEBUG] 23.08 M2MB_main.c:66 - hwTimerCb1{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 1!
[DEBUG] 26.12 M2MB_main.c:75 - hwTimerCb2{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 2!
[DEBUG] 26.13 M2MB_main.c:214 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ BOTH events occurred!
```

Figure 9

3.1.11 FTP

Sample application showcasing FTP client demo with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to exchange data with the server

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage FTP client and start it

ftp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init FTP client and set the debug function for it
- Connect to the server
- Perform log in
- Check remote file size and last modification time
- Download file from server to local filesystem. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Upload the same file to the server with a different name. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the upload status
- Download another file content in a buffer instead of a file. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Close the connection with FTP server
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting FTP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 11:17:36.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:290 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:304 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:310 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:318 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_test.c:214 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_test.c:331 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.27 ftp_test.c:335 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.31 ftp_test.c:344 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3...
[DEBUG] 24.09 ftp_test.c:241 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 24.10 ftp_test.c:244 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.244.166.181
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 24.82 ftp_test.c:373 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 26.32 ftp_test.c:386 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt size
[DEBUG] 26.69 ftp_test.c:428 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 20026.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt last modification date
[DEBUG] 26.89 ftp_test.c:450 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File last mod date: 20200407090654
.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt into local /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/samples/pattern_big.txt 47.54% 9520
/samples/pattern_big.txt 100.00% 20026
[DEBUG] 29.75 ftp_test.c:488 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ download successful.
[DEBUG] 29.76 ftp_test.c:522 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$
Local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt size: 20026

Starting upload of local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/mod/_pattern_big.txt 81.81% 16384
Upload successful.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt into local buffer
Getting remote file /samples/pattern.txt size..
[DEBUG] 32.97 ftp_test.c:583 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 988.
Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt to buffer
[DEBUG] 34.08 ftp_test.c:145 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received START event
[DEBUG] 34.09 ftp_test.c:149 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received DATA: 988 bytes on buffer 0x400399e0
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:153 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received END event
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:623 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Download successful. Received 988 bytes<<<
0 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
1 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
2 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
3 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
4 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
5 | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | *
6 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
7 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
8 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
9 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
10 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
11 | | | | | | | *
12 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----|

```

Figure 10

3.1.12 File System example

Sample application showcasing M2MB File system API usage. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to open a file in write mode and write data in it
- How to reopen the file in read mode and read data from it

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Open file in write mode
- Write data in file
- Close file
- Reopen file in read mode
- Read data from file and print it
- Close file and delete it

```
Starting FileSystem demo app. This is v1.0.7 build on Mar 26 2020 09:50:19. LEVEL: 2
Opening /my_text_file.txt in write mode..
Buffer written successfully into file. 15 bytes were written.
Closing file.
Opening /my_text_file.txt in read only mode..
Received 15 bytes from file:
<Hello from file>
Closing file.
Deleting File
File deleted
App Completed
```

Figure 11

3.1.13 GNSS example

Sample application showing how to use GNSS functionality. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to enable GNSS receiver on module
- How to collect location information from receiver

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init gnss, enable position report and start it.
- When a fix is available, a message will be printed by the GNSS callback function

```
START GNSS TEST APP
m2mb_gnss_enable OK
m2mb_gnss_start OK
latitude_valid: 1 - latitude: 39.228245
longitude_valid: 1 - longitude: 9.069106
altitude_valid: 1 - altitude: 12.000000
uncertainty_valid: 1 - uncertainty: 30.000000
velocity_valid: 1 - codingType: 0
speed_horizontal: 0.000000
bearing: 0.000000
timestamp_valid: 1 -timestamp: 1563376148000
speed_valid: 1 - speed: 0.060000
```

Figure 12

3.1.14 GPIO interrupt example

Sample application showing how to use GPIOs and interrupts. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to open a GPIO in input mode with interrupt
- How to open a second GPIO in output mode to trigger the first one

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Open GPIO 4 as output
- Open GPIO 3 as input and set interrupt for any edge (rising and falling). **A jumper must be used to short GPIO 3 and 4 pins.**
- Toggle GPIO 4 status high and low every second
- An interrupt is generated on GPIO 3

```
Starting GPIO interrupt demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:33:01.  
Setting gpio 3 interrupt...  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0
```

Figure 13

3.1.15 General_INFO example

Sample application prints some Module/SIM information as IMEI, fw version, IMSI and so on; it prints also some information about registration. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to print some Module information as IMEI, FW version etc
- How to print some SIM information as IMSI, ICCID
- How to get and print some informatio about Module registration as Netowrk Operator, AcT, RSSI, etc

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Init NET functionality
- Init INFO functionality
- Get and print Module and SIM info
- Wait form module to register to network
- Get and print registration INFO

```

Starting. This is v1.1.4 built on Mar 31 2021 09:56:03. LEVEL: 2

Start General INFO application [ version: 1.000000 ]

=====
MODULE ME910C1-E2 INFO
=====
MANUFACTURER: Telit
IMEI: 353080091125422
MODEM FIRMWARE VERSION: MOB.700005
PACKAGE VERSION:
30.00.709-B005-P0B.700100
MOB.700005
P0B.700100
A0B.700000

=====
SIM INFO
=====
IMSI: 222015602268648
ICCID: 89390100001138084906

=====
Waiting for registration...

=====
Module is registered to HOME network cellID 0x5221
NETWORK OPERATOR (mcc mnc): 222 01
Network Technology 2G (AcT: 0) RSSI: -81

```

Figure 14

3.1.16 HTTP Client

Sample application showing how to use HTTPs client functionalities. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to initialize the http client, set the debug hook function and the data call-back to manage incoming data
- How to perform GET, HEAD or POST operations

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage HTTP client and start it

httpTaskCB

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create HTTP client options and initialize its functionality
- Create HTTP SSL config and initialize the SSL options
- Configure data management options for HTTP client
- Apply all configurations to HTTP client
- Perform a GET request to a server
- Disable PDP context

DATA_CB

- Print incoming data
- Set the abort flag to 0 to keep going.

```
Starting HTTP(s) client demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Aug 11 2020 16:56:28.
[DEBUG] 15.19 M2MB_main:259 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:265 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:273 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.21 M2MB_main:119 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0xc4cf!
[DEBUG] 15.22 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.26 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:146 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:149 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 100.77.54.97
Performing a GET request...

Host Address: linux-ip.net Port 80

Socket connected! |
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
  <meta name="author" content="Martin A. Brown" />
  <meta name="robots" content="index, follow"/>

  <meta property="og:title" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:url" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:site_name" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:type" content="website"/>

  <link rel="canonical" href="http://linux-ip.net" />

  <title>http://linux-ip.net/</title>
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/font-awesome/4.0.3/css/font-awesome.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/twitter-bootstrap/2.3.2/css/bootstrap-combined.min.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="http://linux-ip.net/theme/css/main.css" />
</head>

...
  <footer id="site-footer">
    <div class="row-fluid">
      <div class="span10 offset1">
        <address>
          <p>
            Powered by <a href="http://getpelican.com/">Pelican</a>
            and <a href="http://python.org">Python</a>.
            Theme based on <a href="http://github.com/jsliang/pelican-fresh">Fresh</a>
            by <a href="http://jsliang.com/">jsliang</a>
          </p>
        </address>
      </div>
    </div>
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
Done.
[DEBUG] 22.44 M2MB_main:155 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 15

3.1.17 HW Timer (Hardware Timer)

The sample application shows how to use HW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to open configure a HW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create hw timer structure
- Configure it with 100 ms timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires) and autostart
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

TimerCb

- Print a message with an increasing counter

```
Starting HW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:04:14.
[DEBUG] 14.06 M2MB_main.c:114 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Set the timer attributes structure: success.
Timer successfully created
Start the timer, success.
[DEBUG] 14.18 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [0]
[DEBUG] 14.28 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [1]
[DEBUG] 14.38 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [2]
[DEBUG] 14.48 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [3]
[DEBUG] 14.58 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [4]
[DEBUG] 14.69 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [5]
[DEBUG] 14.79 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [6]
[DEBUG] 14.88 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [7]
[DEBUG] 14.98 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [8]
[DEBUG] 15.08 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [9]

[DEBUG] 23.90 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [96]
[DEBUG] 24.01 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [97]
[DEBUG] 24.11 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [98]
Stop a running timer: success
Application end
```

Figure 16

3.1.18 Hello World

The application prints “Hello World!” over selected output every two seconds. Debug prints on **AUX UART**, using AZX log example functions

Features

- How to open an output channel using AZX LOG sample functions
- How to print logging information on the channel using AZX LOG sample functions

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop

```
Starting. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 09:34:16. LEVEL: 2
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

Figure 17

3.1.19 Logging Demo

Sample application showing how to print on one of the available output interfaces.
Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to open a logging channel
- How to set a logging level
- How to use different logging macros

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Print a message with every log level

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:57:06.  
[WARN ] 20.17 M2MB_main.c:74 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a WARNING MESSAGE  
[ERROR] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:76 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN ERROR MESSAGE  
[CRITICAL] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:78 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN CRITICAL MESSAGE  
[DEBUG] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:80 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a DEBUG message  
[TRACE] 20.20 M2MB_main.c:82 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a TRACE message  
END.
```

Figure 18

3.1.20 MD5 example

Sample application showing how to compute MD5 hashes using m2mb crypto. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- Compute MD5 hash of a file
- Compute MD5 hash of a string

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create a temporary file with the expected content
- Compute MD5 hash of the provided text file
- Compare the hash with the expected one
- Compute MD5 hash of a string
- Compare the hash with the expected one
- Delete test file

```
Starting MD5 demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:19:54.  
Buffer written successfully into file. 45 bytes were written.  
  
Computing hash from file...  
Computed hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Expected hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Hashes are the same!  
  
Computing hash from string...  
Computed hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Expected hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Hashes are the same!
```

Figure 19

3.1.21 MQTT Client

Sample application showcasing MQTT client functionalities (with SSL). Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to a broker with SSL and exchange data over a subscribed topic

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

mqtt_demo.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, username, password, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to two topics
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter. Even messages are sent to topic 1, odd messages on topic 2.
- Print received message in mqtt_topc_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting MQTT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:34:08.
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:192 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:206 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:214 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:221 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 16.20 mqtt_demo.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 16.21 mqtt_demo.c:232 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 18.26 mqtt_demo.c:246 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 3....
[DEBUG] 18.95 mqtt_demo.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:159 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.201.56
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:268 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Init MQTT
[DEBUG] 18.97 mqtt_demo.c:278 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_mqtt_init succeeded

Connecting to broker <api-dev.devicewise.com>:1883...
Done.
Subscribing to test_topic and test_topic2..
[DEBUG] 20.35 mqtt_demo.c:367 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.

[DEBUG] 20.36 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 20.37 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 20.71 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 20.72 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2>
[DEBUG] 23.37 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 23.38 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 23.92 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 23.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3>
[DEBUG] 26.40 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 26.41 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4>
[DEBUG] 29.42 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 29.43 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 29.99 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 30.00 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5>
[DEBUG] 32.46 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 32.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.00 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 33.01 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6>
[DEBUG] 35.47 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 35.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 36.01 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 36.02 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7>
[DEBUG] 38.50 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 38.51 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 39.15 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 39.16 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8>
[DEBUG] 41.52 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 41.53 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 42.10 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 42.12 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9>
[DEBUG] 44.56 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 44.57 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 45.09 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 45.11 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10>
[DEBUG] 47.58 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 47.59 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 48.12 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 48.13 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11>

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 50.60 mqtt_demo.c:414 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 50.61 mqtt_demo.c:443 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ application exit
[DEBUG] 50.62 mqtt_demo.c:453 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 50.63 mqtt_demo.c:457 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 51.23 mqtt_demo.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

Figure 20

3.1.22 MultiTask

Sample application showcasing multi tasking functionalities with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to create tasks using azx utilities
- How to use send messages to tasks
- How to use a semaphore to synchronize two tasks

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create three tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs)
- Send a message to the task1, its callback function azx_msgTask1 will be called

azx_msgTask1

- Print received parameters from main
- Send modified parameters to task2 (its callback function azx_msgTask2 will be called)
- wait for an InterProcess Communication semaphore to be available (released by task3)
- Once the semaphore is available, print a message and return

azx_msgTask2

- Print received parameters from caller
- If first parameter is bigger than a certain value, Send modified parameters to task3
- Else, use the second parameter as a task handle and print the corresponding name plus the value of the first parameter

azx_msgTask3

- Print received parameters from task 2
- release IPC semaphore
- send message to task 2 with first parameter below the threshold and second parameter with task3 handle

```
Starting MultiTask demo app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jun 23 2020 15:36:31.  
Inside "myTask1" user callback function. Received parameters from MAIN: 3 4 5  
Task1 - Sending a message to task 2 with modified parameters...  
Task1 - Waiting for semaphore to be released by task 3 now...  
Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 5 7 10  
Task2 - Sending a message to task 3 with modified parameters...  
Task2 - Done.  
Inside "myTask3" user callback function. Received parameters from Task 2: 15 14 9  
Task3 - Releasing IPC semaphore...  
Task1 - After semaphore! return...  
Task3 - IPC semaphore released.  
Task3 - Sending a message to task 2 with specific 'type' parameter value of 0 and task 3 handle as param1...  
Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 0 1073951320 9  
Task3 - Done.  
Task2 - Received type 0 from task "myTask3"  
Task2 - Done.
```

Figure 21

3.1.23 NTP example

The application connects to an NTP server, gets current date and time and updates module's internal clock. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to get current date and time from an NTP server
- How to set current date and time on module

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Send message to ntpTask

ntp_task.c

NTP_task() - Waits module registration - When module is registered, initializes ntp setting CID, server url and timeout - When PDP context is correctly opened, a query to NTP server is done to get current date and time - On SET_MODULE_RTC message type reception, module RTC is set with date time value got from NTP server.

m2mb_ntp_ind_callback() - As soon as M2MB_NTP_VALID_TIME event is received, current date and time is printed and a message (with SET_MODULE_RTC type) is sent to NTP_task

```
Start NTP demo application. This is v1.0 built on Apr 16 2021 09:36:12.
Waiting for registration...
Module is registered!

Activate PDP context with APN ibox.tim.it on CID 3
Context activated, IP address: 2.195.170.123
Get current time from server 0.pool.ntp.org, PORT: 123

Current time is: Friday 2021-04-16, 07:37:33

Current time correctly set on module
Module system time is: 2021-04-16, 07:37:33
```

Figure 22

3.1.24 SMS PDU

Sample application showcasing how to create and decode PDUs to be used with m2mb_sms_* API set. A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to enable SMS functionality
- How to use encode an SMS PDU to be sent with m2mb_api
- How to decode a received SMS response from PDU to ASCII mode.

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init sms functionality
- Create PDU from text message
- Send message to destination number
- Wait for response
- When SMS PDU response is received, decode it and print information about it, plus the message content

```
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded

Sending message <How are you?>...
m2mb_sms_send() - succeeded
M2MB_SMS_SEND_RESP Callback
Send resp msg ID 10
SMS received!
SMS correctly received!

Reading SMS from memory...
m2mb_sms_read() request succeeded

--- SMS read ---
SMS tag M2MB_SMS_TAG_MT_NOT_READ
SMS format M2MB_SMS_FORMAT_3GPP
Code type: 0
Sender type: 145
Msg len: 12
Msg bytes: 11
Msg date 19/7/17 16:7:58 (timezone: 2)
Received SMS, content: <<Fine thanks >>
Sender: +[REDACTED]
```

Figure 23

3.1.25 SMS_atCmd example

Sample application showcasing how to receive an SMS containing an AT command, process the AT command and send its answer to sender (configurable in sms_config.txt). A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to receive an SMS with an AT command as text inside
- How to send AT command to parser and read the answer
- How to send the AT command answer back to sender via SMS

Optional configuration file to be put in /data/azc/mod folder, copy sms_config.txt file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/sms_config.txt",138
>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes
```

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Init SMS functionality
- Read configuration file sms_config.txt (send SMS with AT command answer back, delete SMS received)
- Init AT command parser
- Create a task to handle SMS parsing and AT command sending
- Wait for an incoming SMS

callbacks.c

msgSMSparse()

- When SMS has been received, content is decoded and printed. If there is an AT command inside, command is executed and answer printed and sent back to sender as an SMS (depending on sms_config.txt setting)

```
yStarting SMS with AT command demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Mar 18 2021 12:42:22.
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:135 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded
[DEBUG] 16.62 M2MB_main:168 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ M2MB_SMS_INCOMING_IND indication enabled
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ M2MB_SMS_INCOMING_IND MEMORY FULL indication enabled
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:196 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Storage set to M2MB_SMS_STORAGE_SM
[DEBUG] 16.65 callbacks:114 - readConfigFromFile{M2M_DamsStart}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 16.66 callbacks:116 - readConfigFromFile{M2M_DamsStart}$ Opening /mod/sms_config.txt in read mode..
Default: SMS with answer sending DISABLED, delete sms DISABLED
[DEBUG] 16.67 at_async:115 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Please send an SMS with a configuration as ("ATCMD: <atcmd>")...
```

Figure 24

3.1.26 SW Timer (Software Timer)

The sample application shows how to use SW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to open configure a SW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create sw timer structure
- Configure it with 4 seconds timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires)
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Start the timer
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

timerCb

- Print a message with inside the callback

```
Starting SW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:51:25.  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 21.41 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 25.47 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
stopping the timer  
Stop a running timer: success  
Application end
```

Figure 25

3.1.27 TCP IP

Sample application showcasing TCP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Send data and receive response
- Close socket
- Disable PDP context

```
Starting TCP-IP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:20:30.
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_tcp_test.c:201 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_tcp_test.c:217 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:231 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.28 m2m_tcp_test.c:128 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x816B!
[DEBUG] 21.29 m2m_tcp_test.c:244 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.30 m2m_tcp_test.c:248 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.34 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:158 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 83.225.44.56
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:273 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:284 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:294 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.95 m2m_tcp_test.c:307 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 25.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:322 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 25.18 m2m_tcp_test.c:329 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Sending data over socket..
[DEBUG] 25.19 m2m_tcp_test.c:342 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data send successfully (16 bytes)
[DEBUG] 27.20 m2m_tcp_test.c:356 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ trying to receive 16 bytes..
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:364 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:373 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 27.22 m2m_tcp_test.c:385 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 27.24 m2m_tcp_test.c:388 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 29.43 m2m_tcp_test.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 26

3.1.28 TCP Socket status

Sample application showcasing how to check a TCP connected socket current status.
Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to check if the TCP socket is still valid

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Check in a loop the current socket status using the `adv_select` function with a 2 seconds timeout
- Close socket when the remote host closes it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting TCP socket status check demo app. This is v1.0.14-C1 built on Sep  8 2020 14:59:25.
[DEBUG] 21.33 m2m_tcp_tes:324 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.34 m2m_tcp_tes:338 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.34 m2m_tcp_tes:344 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.35 m2m_tcp_tes:352 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.36 m2m_tcp_tes:365 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.37 m2m_tcp_tes:369 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.41 m2m_tcp_tes:384 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 24.09 m2m_tcp_tes:281 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.10 m2m_tcp_tes:284 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 100.77.5.223
[DEBUG] 24.10 m2m_tcp_tes:394 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_tcp_tes:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_tcp_tes:415 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.60 m2m_tcp_tes:428 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 24.93 m2m_tcp_tes:443 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 26.98 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 29.03 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
...
[DEBUG] 82.18 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 84.23 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 86.28 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 88.31 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 88.90 m2m_tcp_tes:154 - adv_select{TCP_TASK}$ Data is available on socket <0x40032b3c>
[DEBUG] 88.92 m2m_tcp_tes:160 - adv_select{TCP_TASK}$ There are <0> pending bytes on socket
Socket was closed by remote!
[DEBUG] 88.92 m2m_tcp_tes:494 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 88.94 m2m_tcp_tes:506 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 88.94 m2m_tcp_tes:509 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 89.31 m2m_tcp_tes:290 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!

```

Figure 27

3.1.29 TCP Server

Sample application showcasing TCP listening socket demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP listening socket
- How to manage external hosts connection and exchange data

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and set it in non-blocking mode
- Bind the socket to the listening port
- Start listening for incoming connection
- Check if a connection is incoming using m2mb_socket_bsd_select function
- If a client connects, perform accept on the child socket
- Send a "START" message to the client
- Send some data
- Wait for data from client and print it
- Close the child socket
- Start listening again, up to 3 times
- Close listening socket
- Disable PDP context

Debug Log

```

Starting TCP Server demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 13:28:24.
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:220 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:236 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:242 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:250 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 14.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:138 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0x5222!
[DEBUG] 14.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 14.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:267 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:282 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN ibox.tim.it...
[DEBUG] 17.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:165 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:168 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 2.195.165.137

-----
| Start TCP server |
|-----|

[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:301 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:312 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 19.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:313 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_socket_bsd_socket(): valid socket ID [0x4002E79C] - PASS
[DEBUG] 20.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:319 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ issuing m2m_socket_bsd_ioctl() to set non-blocking mode ...
[DEBUG] 20.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:331 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Binding Socket...
[DEBUG] 22.12 m2m_tcp_test.c:343 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Bind Pass

Start TCP listening on port 6500...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 0
[DEBUG] 28.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 1

TCP Server Coming Connection
--> Accept
[DEBUG] 30.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:397 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Accept Pass

Connected! (socket dial n.1)

[DEBUG] 30.53 m2m_tcp_test.c:403 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Source Address: 185.86.42.254
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:404 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Port: 58658
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Family: 2
[DEBUG] 31.56 m2m_tcp_test.c:410 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$

[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:411 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ | Send/receive data test |
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:412 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ -----

[DEBUG] 32.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:416 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit "START" packet...
[DEBUG] 32.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:423 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (11 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:425 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:430 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit 58 bytes...
[DEBUG] 32.62 m2m_tcp_test.c:437 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (58 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.63 m2m_tcp_test.c:440 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:448 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Waiting for data...

[DEBUG] 39.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:457 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ test
[DEBUG] 99.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:465 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
m2mb_socket_bsd_recv() has received 6 bytes

[DEBUG] 102.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:469 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Server TCP is closing the current connection ...

```

Figure 28

Data on a PuTTY terminal

```
START  
aaaaaaaaaa-bbbbbbbbbb-ccccccccc-ddddddddd-eeeeeeeeee  
test  
█
```

Figure 29

3.1.30 TLS SSL Client

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to open a SSL client socket
- How to communicate over SSL socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create a task to manage the connection and start it

ssl_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server over TCP socket
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) andh auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Create secure socket and connect to the server using SSL
- Send data and receive response
- Close secure socket
- Close socket
- Delete SSL context
- Disable PDP context

The application requires the certificates to be stored in /data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/ folder. It can be created with

```
AT#M2MMKDIR=/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs
```

Certificates can then be loaded with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesCA.crt",1740
```

and providing the file content in RAW mode (for example using the “Transfer Data” button in Telit AT Controller)

For client certificates (if required), the commands will be

AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesClient.crt",1651

AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesClient_pkcs1.key",1679

PLEASE NOTE: always verify the file sizes to be used in the commands above as they might change

```
Starting TLS-SSL demo app. This is v1.1.2 built on Mar  3 2021 10:15:00.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:252 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:266 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:270 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Init SSL session test app
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:285 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config sslConfigHnd1 = 0x40037958, sslRes= 0
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:294 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config PASSED
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:306 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_ctxt PASSED
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:311 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading CA CERT from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesCA.crt
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:315 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1740
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:328 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1740
Buffer successfully received from file. 1740 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:361 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading client CERT from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesClient.crt
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:365 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1651
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:378 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1651
Buffer successfully received from file. 1651 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:401 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading client KEY from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesClient_pkcs1.key
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:405 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1679
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:418 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1679
Buffer successfully received from file. 1679 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:448 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ certificates successfully stored!
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:457 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:465 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:171 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x468E!
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:477 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:481 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 12.87 ssl_test:496 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:197 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:200 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 2.41.76.63
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:514 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:525 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:535 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 13.92 ssl_test:548 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 14.05 ssl_test:562 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 15.97 ssl_test:587 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_connect ret 0
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:593 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
```

```
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:593 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:596 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ SSL write result = 44
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:608 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 1087
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:612 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive 1087 bytes..
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:618 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (269)<HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Wed, 03 Mar 2021 09:18:22 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
Last-Modified: Mon, 22 Jan 2018 10:57:39 GMT
ETag: "1fffc-27f-5635b4c6f12b3"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 639
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
>
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:634 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 762
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:638 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive remaining 762 bytes..
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:644 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (639)<<html>
<head>
<title>module.telit.com</title>
<meta content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
</head>
<body>
<table border=0 align=center>
<tr>
<td height="100" align=center><h2>modules.telit.com - Test HTML page</h2></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td align=center><img src=Telit.jpg alt="Telit logo" height="126" width="410"></img></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td height="200" align=center> This is a simple HTML page, </br>
made with simple HTML code,</br>
just for test!
</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td height="100" align=center><font size="3">Telit &copy; 2015 - 2017 All rights reserved</font></td>
</tr>
</table>
</body>
</html>
>
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:662 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:680 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:683 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 22.77 ssl_test:206 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!
```

3.1.31 UDP client

Sample application showcasing UDP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a UDP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task and start it

m2m_udp_test.c - Initialize Network structure and check registration - Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context - Create socket and link it to the PDP context id - Send data and receive response - Close socket - Disable PDP context

```
Starting UDP Client demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 14:57:13.
INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_udp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_udp_test.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF1
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:241 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:245 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:157 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:160 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.113.222.12
[DEBUG] 24.12 m2m_udp_test.c:268 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_udp_test.c:280 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Socket created
Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.41 m2m_udp_test.c:306 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
Socket ready.
Data successfully sent (16 bytes)
Socket rcv...
[DEBUG] 26.47 m2m_udp_test.c:352 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_socket_bsd_set_sock_opt() M2MB_SOCKET_BSD_SO_RCVTIMEO - success
trying to receive 16 bytes..
Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 26.48 m2m_udp_test.c:377 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ application exit
Socket Closed
[DEBUG] 26.49 m2m_udp_test.c:399 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
Application complete.
[DEBUG] 27.04 m2m_udp_test.c:166 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 30

3.1.32 ZLIB example

Sample application showing how to compress/uncompress with ZLIB. Debug prints on **AUX UART**

Features

- How to compress a file
- How to uncompress a file

In order to execute the entire test, copy test.gz file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/test.gz",138
```

>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Test the compression and decompression of a data string
- Test the decompression of a .gz file (test.gz), expected to be in /data/azc/mod folder, into its content test.txt. The file must be uploaded by the user (see steps above).

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:02:35.
Starting TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR.
len: 138; comprLen: 57
Compressed message:
W+EHU(.ILIVH^E/ISHE`PE*I-HMQE/K-R(Ë Êç$VU*#ašë y4RI«¥1.
comprLen: 57; uncomprLen: 138
uncompress():
the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.
Ending TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR with SUCCESS.
Starting test_uncompress.
Data extracted correctly into the file ./mod/test.txt
test_uncompress finished correctly!
```

Figure 31

3.2 MISC

Applications that provide usage examples for various functionalities, without prints

3.2.1 GPIO toggle example

Sample application showcasing GPIO usage with M2MB API

Features

- How to open a gpio in output mode and change its status

3.3 MAIN UART

Applications that provide usage examples for various functionalities, log output on MAIN UART

3.3.1 ATI (AT Instance)

Sample application showing how to use AT Instance functionality (sending AT commands from code). The example supports both sync and async (using a callback) modes. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to open an AT interface from the application
- How to send AT commands and receive responses on the AT interface

Application workflow, sync mode

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

at_sync.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0
- Send AT+CGMR command, then read response after 2 seconds, then return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  1 2020 15:12:58.
[DEBUG] 17.15  at_sync.c:53 - at_cmd_sync_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in sync mode
[DEBUG] 17.16  at_sync.c:79 - send_sync_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 19.21  at_sync.c:61 - at_cmd_sync_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

Figure 32

Application workflow, async mode

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

at_async.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0, register AT events callback
- Send AT+CGMR command, wait for response semaphore (released in callback), then read it and return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:07:45.
[DEBUG] 17.13 at_async.c:116 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in async mode
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:153 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:169 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ waiting command response...
[DEBUG] 17.17 at_async.c:88 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 25
[DEBUG] 17.18 at_async.c:181 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Receive response...
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 17.19 at_async.c:136 - at_cmd_async_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

Figure 33

3.3.2 AT Tunnel

Sample application showcasing how to perform an AT tunnel from Main UART to an AT instance. Debug prints on **USB1**.

Features

- How to open an AT interface from the application
- How to receive data from main UART and tunnel it to the AT interface, then report back to UART the AT response

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB1 for debug
- Initialize UART with callback function to manage input data
- Initialize AT system to manage AT commands from UART
- wait 5 minutes then deinit AT system

Main UART:

```
Starting AT tunnel demo app. Waiting for AT commands...
AT+CGMM
ME910C1-P2

OK
AT+CGREG?
+CGREG: 0,1

OK
```

Figure 34

USB1 debug log:

```

Starting AT tunnel demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:21:41.
Uart opened, setting callback for data..
[DEBUG] 17.21 M2MB_main.c:183 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:144 - UART_Cb{pubTspt_0}$ Received 8 bytes
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:84 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on uart, read it and send on ATI
UART IN: <AT+CGMM
>. Sending to ATI...
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:171 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 8
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:107 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on ATI, read it and send on UART
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:116 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received: <AT+CGMM
>
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:171 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 20
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:107 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on ATI, read it and send on UART
[DEBUG] 20.43 M2MB_main.c:116 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received: <
ME910C1-P2
OK
>
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:144 - UART_Cb{pubTspt_0}$ Received 10 bytes
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:84 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on uart, read it and send on ATI
UART IN: <AT+CGREG?
>. Sending to ATI...
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:171 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 10
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:107 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on ATI, read it and send on UART
[DEBUG] 32.82 M2MB_main.c:116 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received: <AT+CGREG?
>
[DEBUG] 32.83 M2MB_main.c:171 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 21
[DEBUG] 32.83 M2MB_main.c:107 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received data on ATI, read it and send on UART
[DEBUG] 32.83 M2MB_main.c:116 - msgUARTTask{uart_task}$ Received: <
+CGREG: 0,1
OK
>

```

Figure 35

3.3.3 AWS demo

Sample application showcasing AWS IoT Core MQTT communication. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to load certificates into device SSL session storage
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to AWS server with SSL and exchange data over a topic

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

aws_demo.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) and auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to topic
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter
- Print received message in mqtt_topc_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

3.3.4 How to get started with AWS IoT

- Go to [AWS console](#) and create an account if one is not available yet.
- Go to **IoT Core** section
- Go to **Secure > Policies** section
- Create a new policy, which describes what the device will be allowed to do (e.g. subscribe, publish)
- Give it a name, then configure it using the configuration below (it is possible to copy/paste by clicking on **Add statements** section, then **Advanced mode**) :

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Action": [
        "iot:Publish",
        "iot:Subscribe",
        "iot:Connect",
        "iot:Receive"
      ],
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Resource": [
        "*"
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

- Click on create to complete the policy creation.
- Go to **Manage** section
- Press **Create**, then **Create a single thing**
- Give the new thing a name, then click on Next
- Select **One-click certificate creation (recommended)** by clicking on **Create certificate**
- Once presented with the **Certificate created** page, download all certificates and keys
- Click on the **Activate** button to enable the certificate authentication of the newly created device
- Click on **Attach a policy** and select the policy created in a previous step

For further information, please refer to the full [AWS IoT documentation](#)

3.3.5 Application setup

- Set **CLIENTCERTFILE** and **CLIENTKEYFILE** defines in **aws_demo.c** file in order to match the certificate and key created in the previous section.
- Set **AWS_BROKER_ADDRESS** to the correct AWS URL. It can be retrieved from AWS IoT **Manage > Things > Interact** in the **HTTPS Rest API Endpoint** URL.
- Set **CLIENT_ID** to the desired Client ID for your AWS device
- (Optional) if required, change **CACERTFILE** to match the one to be used.

3.3.6 Device setup

The application requires the certificates (provided in sample app **certs** subfolder) to be stored in **/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/** folder. It can be created with

```
AT#M2MMKDIR=/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs
```

Certificates can then be loaded with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/preload_CACert_01.crt",1468
```

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/Amazon-IoT.crt",1646
```

providing the file content in RAW mode (for example using the “Transfer Data” button in Telit AT Controller)

For client certificates, the commands will be

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/xxxxx.crt",yyyy
```

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/xxxxx.key",zzzz
```

PLEASE NOTE: always verify the file sizes to be used in the commands above as they might change


```
Starting AWS IoT Core MQTT demo app. This is v1.1.5 built on Apr 30 2021 09:05:17.
[DEBUG] 15.51 aws_demo:607 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Init MQTT client for AWS
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:265 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_config SNI succeeded
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:271 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Root CA cert file /mod/ssl_certs/preload_CACert_01.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:297 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1468 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:308 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Cross Signed CA cert file /mod/ssl_certs/Amazon-IoT.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:334 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1646 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:360 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Client certificate file /mod/ssl_certs/ab71 -certificate.pem.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:384 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1224 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:396 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Client Key file /mod/ssl_certs/ab71 -private.pem.key
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:422 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1679 bytes were loaded.

SSL environment preparation completed
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:726 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:514 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:738 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PDP context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.55 aws_demo:753 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 1....
[DEBUG] 18.37 aws_demo:557 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.37 aws_demo:561 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.114.102.21

Connecting to Server <angy83rl5oizs-ats.iot.eu-west-2.amazonaws.com>:8883...
Done.
[DEBUG] 27.87 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 2, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:50" } }> to topic
device/35308109f /updates
[DEBUG] 27.87 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 30.94 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 3, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:53" } }> to topic
device/35308109f /updates
[DEBUG] 30.94 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.99 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 4, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:56" } }> to topic
device/35308109f /updates
[DEBUG] 34.00 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 37.00 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 5, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:59" } }> to topic
device/35308109f /updates
[DEBUG] 37.00 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 40.03 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 6, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:02" } }> to topic
device/35308109f /updates
[DEBUG] 40.03 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 43.05 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 7, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:05" } }> to topic
device/353081f /updates
[DEBUG] 43.05 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 46.13 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 8, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:08" } }> to topic
device/3530810f /updates
[DEBUG] 46.13 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 49.15 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 9, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:11" } }> to topic
device/3530810f /updates
[DEBUG] 49.15 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 52.19 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 10, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:14" } }> to topic
device/3530810f /updates
[DEBUG] 52.19 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 55.22 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{ "ID": 11, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:17" } }> to topic
device/353081f /updates
[DEBUG] 55.22 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:878 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:908 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:918 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:924 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Application complete.
```

Figure 36

Data received from a subscriber:

```
device/353081f /updates 1
QoS 0

device/3530810 /updates 1
30-04-2021 09:06:00.32760467 QoS 0
{ "ID": 2, "data": { "RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:50" } }
```

Figure 37

3.3.7 App update OTA via FTP

Sample application showcasing Application OTA over FTP with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to download an application binary and update the local version

The app uses a predefined set of parameters. To load custom parameters, upload the `ota_config.txt` file (provided in project's `/src` folder) in module's `/data/azc/mod` folder, for example with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ota_config.txt",<filesize>
```

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage app OTA and start it

ftp_utils.c

- Set parameters to default
- Try to load parameters from `ota_config.txt` file
- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Initialize FTP client
- Connect to FTP server and log in
- Get new App binary file size on remote server
- Download the file in `/data/azc/mod` folder, with the provided name
- Close FTP connection
- Disable PDP context
- Update applications configuration in **app_utils.c**

app_utils.c

- Set new application as default

- Delete old app binary
- Restart module

```
Starting FTP APP OTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:04:05.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_utils.c:447 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_utils.c:152 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_utils.c:154 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Opening /mod/ota_config.txt in read mode..
Set APN to: <<web.omnitel.it>>
Set FTP URL to: <<ftp.telit.com>>
Set FTP PORT to: 21
Set FTP USER to: <<ftp>>
Set FTP PASS to: <<ftp>>
Set FTP FILE URI to: <</samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL FINAL APP NAME to: <<helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL ORIGINAL APP NAME to: <<m2mapz.bin>>
[DEBUG] 23.53 ftp_utils.c:464 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 23.54 ftp_utils.c:470 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.55 ftp_utils.c:478 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:371 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:491 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 23.57 ftp_utils.c:495 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 25.61 ftp_utils.c:504 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3....
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:398 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:401 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.246.110.148
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 27.36 ftp_utils.c:533 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 28.87 ftp_utils.c:546 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin size
[DEBUG] 29.31 ftp_utils.c:568 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Done. File size: 116224.
Starting download of remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin into local /mod/helloworld.bin
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 4.68% 5440
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 9.36% 10880
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 14.04% 16320
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 18.72% 21760
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 23.40% 27200
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 28.08% 32640
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 32.76% 38080
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 37.44% 43520
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 42.13% 48960
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 46.81% 54400
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 51.49% 59840
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 56.17% 65280
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 60.85% 70720
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 65.53% 76160
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 70.21% 81600
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 74.89% 87040
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 79.57% 92480
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 84.25% 97920
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 88.93% 103360
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 93.61% 108800
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 97.42% 113220
[DEBUG] 43.54 ftp_utils.c:608 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ download successful.
FTP quit...
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:632 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deactivating PDP
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:642 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 44.20 ftp_utils.c:407 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactive
[DEBUG] 45.44 app_utils.c:76 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Application successfully configured.
[DEBUG] 45.45 app_utils.c:82 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deleting old application /mod/m2mapz.bin
€yStarting. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:02:52. LEVEL: 2

Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]

Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
```

Figure 38

3.3.8 CJSON example:

Sample application showcasing how to manage JSON objects. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to read a JSON using cJSON library
- How to write a JSON
- How to manipulate JSON objects

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Parse an example string into a JSON object and print the result in a formatted string
- Print some test outcomes (e.g. non existing item correctly not found)
- Retrieve single elements from the parsed JSON object and use them to format a descriptive string
- Delete the JSON object
- Create a new JSON object appending elements to it
- Print the result JSON string from the object

```

Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:33:03.
And here is what we got:
{
  "name":      "Atlantic Ocean",
  "format":    {
    "type":     "salt",
    "volume":   310410900,
    "depth":    -8486,
    "volume_percent": 23.300000,
    "tide":     -3.500000,
    "calm":     false,
    "life":     ["plankton", "corals", "fish", "mammals"]
  }
}
inexistent key not found
name found: Atlantic Ocean
format found (null)
Our JSON string contains info about an ocean named Atlantic Ocean,
has a volume of 310410900 km^3 of salt water with -8486 meters max depth,
represents 23.3% of total oceans volume,
has an average low tide of -3.5 meters,
hosts a huge number of living creatures such as plankton, corals, fish, mammals,
and is not always calm.

Let's build a TR50 command with a property.publish and an alarm.publish for MQTT (no auth).
And here is what we got:
{
  "1": {
    "command": "property.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "value": 123.144000
    }
  },
  "2": {
    "command": "alarm.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "state": 3,
      "msg": "Message."
    }
  }
}
END.

```

Figure 39

3.3.9 Easy AT example

Sample application showcasing Easy AT functionalities. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- Shows how to register custom commands

3.3.10 Events

Sample application showcasing events setup and usage. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to setup OS events with a custom bitmask
- How to wait for events and generate them in callback functions to synchronize blocks of code

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 2 seconds expiration time
- Wait for a specific event bit on the event handler
- At timer expiration, set the same event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event.

```
Starting Events demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 08:44:29.  
[DEBUG] 20.55 M2MB_main.c:171 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success  
Set the timer attributes structure success.  
Timer successfully created  
[DEBUG] 20.57 M2MB_main.c:125 - setup_timer{M2M_DamsStart}$ Start the timer, success.  
[DEBUG] 22.60 M2MB_main.c:60 - hwTimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event!  
[DEBUG] 22.61 M2MB_main.c:183 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ event occurred!
```

Figure 40

3.3.11 Events - Barrier (multi events)

Sample application showcasing how to setup and use multiple events to create a barrier. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to setup OS events to be used as a barrier
- How to wait for multiple events in the same point, and generate them in call-back functions to synchronize blocks of code

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 3 seconds expiration time
- Create another timer to generate an event, with a 6 seconds expiration time
- Start both timers
- Wait for both event bits on the event handler (each one will be set by one of the timers)
- At first timer expiration, set the first event bit and verify that the code flow does not procede.
- At second timer expiration, set the second event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event (implementing a barrier).

```
Starting Barrier demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:48:30.
[DEBUG] 20.01 M2MB_main.c:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 3000 timeout (ms)
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 6000 timeout (ms)
[DEBUG] 23.08 M2MB_main.c:66 - hwTimerCb1{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 1!
[DEBUG] 26.12 M2MB_main.c:75 - hwTimerCb2{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 2!
[DEBUG] 26.13 M2MB_main.c:214 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ BOTH events occurred!
```

Figure 41

3.3.12 FTP

Sample application showcasing FTP client demo with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to exchange data with the server

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage FTP client and start it

ftp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init FTP client and set the debug function for it
- Connect to the server
- Perform log in
- Check remote file size and last modification time
- Download file from server to local filesystem. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Upload the same file to the server with a different name. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the upload status
- Download another file content in a buffer instead of a file. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Close the connection with FTP server
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting FTP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 11:17:36.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:290 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:304 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:310 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:318 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_test.c:214 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_test.c:331 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.27 ftp_test.c:335 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.31 ftp_test.c:344 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3...
[DEBUG] 24.09 ftp_test.c:241 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 24.10 ftp_test.c:244 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.244.166.181
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 24.82 ftp_test.c:373 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 26.32 ftp_test.c:386 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt size
[DEBUG] 26.69 ftp_test.c:428 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 20026.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt last modification date
[DEBUG] 26.89 ftp_test.c:450 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File last mod date: 20200407090654
.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt into local /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/samples/pattern_big.txt 47.54% 9520
/samples/pattern_big.txt 100.00% 20026
[DEBUG] 29.75 ftp_test.c:488 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ download successful.
[DEBUG] 29.76 ftp_test.c:522 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$
Local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt size: 20026

Starting upload of local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/mod/_pattern_big.txt 81.81% 16384
Upload successful.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt into local buffer
Getting remote file /samples/pattern.txt size..
[DEBUG] 32.97 ftp_test.c:583 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 988.
Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt to buffer
[DEBUG] 34.08 ftp_test.c:145 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received START event
[DEBUG] 34.09 ftp_test.c:149 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received DATA: 988 bytes on buffer 0x400399e0
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:153 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received END event
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:623 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Download successful. Received 988 bytes<<<
0 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
1 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
2 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
3 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
4 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
5 | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | *
6 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
7 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
8 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
9 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
10 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
11 | | | | | | | *
12 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----|

```

Figure 42

3.3.13 File System example

Sample application showcasing M2MB File system API usage. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to open a file in write mode and write data in it
- How to reopen the file in read mode and read data from it

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Open file in write mode
- Write data in file
- Close file
- Reopen file in read mode
- Read data from file and print it
- Close file and delete it

```
Starting FileSystem demo app. This is v1.0.7 build on Mar 26 2020 09:50:19. LEVEL: 2
Opening /my_text_file.txt in write mode..
Buffer written successfully into file. 15 bytes were written.
Closing file.
Opening /my_text_file.txt in read only mode..
Received 15 bytes from file:
<Hello from file>
Closing file.
Deleting File
File deleted
App Completed
```

Figure 43

3.3.14 GNSS example

Sample application showing how to use GNSS functionality. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to enable GNSS receiver on module
- How to collect location information from receiver

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init gnss, enable position report and start it.
- When a fix is available, a message will be printed by the GNSS callback function

```
START GNSS TEST APP
m2mb_gnss_enable OK
m2mb_gnss_start OK
latitude_valid: 1 - latitude: 39.228245
longitude_valid: 1 - longitude: 9.069106
altitude_valid: 1 - altitude: 12.000000
uncertainty_valid: 1 - uncertainty: 30.000000
velocity_valid: 1 - codingType: 0
speed_horizontal: 0.000000
bearing: 0.000000
timestamp_valid: 1 -timestamp: 1563376148000
speed_valid: 1 - speed: 0.060000
```

Figure 44

3.3.15 GPIO interrupt example

Sample application showing how to use GPIOs and interrupts. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to open a GPIO in input mode with interrupt
- How to open a second GPIO in output mode to trigger the first one

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Open GPIO 4 as output
- Open GPIO 3 as input and set interrupt for any edge (rising and falling). **A jumper must be used to short GPIO 3 and 4 pins.**
- Toggle GPIO 4 status high and low every second
- An interrupt is generated on GPIO 3

```
Starting GPIO interrupt demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:33:01.  
Setting gpio 3 interrupt...  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0
```

Figure 45

3.3.16 General_INFO example

Sample application prints some Module/SIM information as IMEI, fw version, IMSI and so on; it prints also some information about registration. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to print some Module information as IMEI, FW version etc
- How to print some SIM information as IMSI, ICCID
- How to get and print some informatio about Module registration as Netowrk Operator, AcT, RSSI, etc

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Init NET functionality
- Init INFO functionality
- Get and print Module and SIM info
- Wait form module to register to network
- Get and print registration INFO

```

Starting. This is v1.1.4 built on Mar 31 2021 09:56:03. LEVEL: 2

Start General INFO application [ version: 1.000000 ]

=====
MODULE ME910C1-E2 INFO
=====
MANUFACTURER: Telit
IMEI: 353080091125422
MODEM FIRMWARE VERSION: MOB.700005
PACKAGE VERSION:
30.00.709-B005-P0B.700100
MOB.700005
P0B.700100
A0B.700000

=====
SIM INFO
=====
IMSI: 222015602268648
ICCID: 89390100001138084906

=====
Waiting for registration...

=====
Module is registered to HOME network cellID 0x5221
NETWORK OPERATOR (mcc mnc): 222 01
Network Technology 2G (AcT: 0) RSSI: -81

```

Figure 46

3.3.17 HTTP Client

Sample application showing how to use HTTPs client functionalities. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to initialize the http client, set the debug hook function and the data call-back to manage incoming data
- How to perform GET, HEAD or POST operations

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage HTTP client and start it

httpTaskCB

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create HTTP client options and initialize its functionality
- Create HTTP SSL config and initialize the SSL options
- Configure data management options for HTTP client
- Apply all configurations to HTTP client
- Perform a GET request to a server
- Disable PDP context

DATA_CB

- Print incoming data
- Set the abort flag to 0 to keep going.


```
Starting HTTP(s) client demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Aug 11 2020 16:56:28.
[DEBUG] 15.19 M2MB_main:259 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:265 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:273 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.21 M2MB_main:119 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0xc4cf!
[DEBUG] 15.22 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.26 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:146 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:149 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 100.77.54.97
Performing a GET request...

Host Address: linux-ip.net Port 80

Socket connected! |
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
  <meta name="author" content="Martin A. Brown" />
  <meta name="robots" content="index, follow"/>

  <meta property="og:title" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:url" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:site_name" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:type" content="website"/>

  <link rel="canonical" href="http://linux-ip.net" />

  <title>http://linux-ip.net/</title>
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/font-awesome/4.0.3/css/font-awesome.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/twitter-bootstrap/2.3.2/css/bootstrap-combined.min.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="http://linux-ip.net/theme/css/main.css" />
</head>

...
  <footer id="site-footer">
    <div class="row-fluid">
      <div class="span10 offset1">
        <address>
          <p>
            Powered by <a href="http://getpelican.com/">Pelican</a>
            and <a href="http://python.org">Python</a>.
            Theme based on <a href="http://github.com/jsliang/pelican-fresh">Fresh</a>
            by <a href="http://jsliang.com/">jsliang</a>
          </p>
        </address>
      </div>
    </div>
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
Done.
[DEBUG] 22.44 M2MB_main:155 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 47

3.3.18 HW Timer (Hardware Timer)

The sample application shows how to use HW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to open configure a HW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create hw timer structure
- Configure it with 100 ms timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires) and autostart
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

TimerCb

- Print a message with an increasing counter

```
Starting HW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:04:14.
[DEBUG] 14.06 M2MB_main.c:114 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Set the timer attributes structure: success.
Timer successfully created
Start the timer, success.
[DEBUG] 14.18 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [0]
[DEBUG] 14.28 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [1]
[DEBUG] 14.38 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [2]
[DEBUG] 14.48 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [3]
[DEBUG] 14.58 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [4]
[DEBUG] 14.69 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [5]
[DEBUG] 14.79 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [6]
[DEBUG] 14.88 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [7]
[DEBUG] 14.98 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [8]
[DEBUG] 15.08 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [9]

[DEBUG] 23.90 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [96]
[DEBUG] 24.01 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [97]
[DEBUG] 24.11 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [98]
Stop a running timer: success
Application end
```

Figure 48

3.3.19 Hello World

The application prints “Hello World!” over selected output every two seconds. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**, using AZX log example functions

Features

- How to open an output channel using AZX LOG sample functions
- How to print logging information on the channel using AZX LOG sample functions

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop

```
Starting. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 09:34:16. LEVEL: 2
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

Figure 49

3.3.20 Logging Demo

Sample application showing how to print on one of the available output interfaces.
Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to open a logging channel
- How to set a logging level
- How to use different logging macros

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Print a message with every log level

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:57:06.  
[WARN ] 20.17 M2MB_main.c:74 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a WARNING MESSAGE  
[ERROR] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:76 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN ERROR MESSAGE  
[CRITICAL] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:78 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN CRITICAL MESSAGE  
[DEBUG] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:80 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a DEBUG message  
[TRACE] 20.20 M2MB_main.c:82 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a TRACE message  
END.
```

Figure 50

3.3.21 MD5 example

Sample application showing how to compute MD5 hashes using m2mb crypto. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- Compute MD5 hash of a file
- Compute MD5 hash of a string

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create a temporary file with the expected content
- Compute MD5 hash of the provided text file
- Compare the hash with the expected one
- Compute MD5 hash of a string
- Compare the hash with the expected one
- Delete test file

```
Starting MD5 demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:19:54.  
Buffer written successfully into file. 45 bytes were written.  
  
Computing hash from file...  
Computed hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Expected hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Hashes are the same!  
  
Computing hash from string...  
Computed hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Expected hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Hashes are the same!
```

Figure 51

3.3.22 MQTT Client

Sample application showcasing MQTT client functionalities (with SSL). Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to a broker with SSL and exchange data over a subscribed topic

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

mqtt_demo.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, username, password, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to two topics
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter. Even messages are sent to topic 1, odd messages on topic 2.
- Print received message in mqtt_topc_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting MQTT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:34:08.
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:192 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:206 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:214 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:221 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 16.20 mqtt_demo.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 16.21 mqtt_demo.c:232 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 18.26 mqtt_demo.c:246 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 3....
[DEBUG] 18.95 mqtt_demo.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:159 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.201.56
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:268 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Init MQTT
[DEBUG] 18.97 mqtt_demo.c:278 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_mqtt_init succeeded

Connecting to broker <api-dev.devicewise.com>:1883...
Done.
Subscribing to test_topic and test_topic2..
[DEBUG] 20.35 mqtt_demo.c:367 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.

[DEBUG] 20.36 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 20.37 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 20.71 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 20.72 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2>
[DEBUG] 23.37 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 23.38 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 23.92 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 23.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3>
[DEBUG] 26.40 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 26.41 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4>
[DEBUG] 29.42 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 29.43 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 29.99 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 30.00 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5>
[DEBUG] 32.46 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 32.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.00 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 33.01 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6>
[DEBUG] 35.47 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 35.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 36.01 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 36.02 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7>
[DEBUG] 38.50 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 38.51 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 39.15 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 39.16 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8>
[DEBUG] 41.52 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 41.53 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 42.10 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 42.12 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9>
[DEBUG] 44.56 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 44.57 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 45.09 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 45.11 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10>
[DEBUG] 47.58 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 47.59 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 48.12 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 48.13 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11>

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 50.60 mqtt_demo.c:414 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 50.61 mqtt_demo.c:443 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ application exit
[DEBUG] 50.62 mqtt_demo.c:453 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 50.63 mqtt_demo.c:457 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 51.23 mqtt_demo.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

Figure 52

3.3.23 MultiTask

Sample application showcasing multi tasking functionalities with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to create tasks using azx utilities
- How to use send messages to tasks
- How to use a semaphore to synchronize two tasks

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create three tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs)
- Send a message to the task1, its callback function azx_msgTask1 will be called

azx_msgTask1

- Print received parameters from main
- Send modified parameters to task2 (its callback function azx_msgTask2 will be called)
- wait for an InterProcess Communication semaphore to be available (released by task3)
- Once the semaphore is available, print a message and return

azx_msgTask2

- Print received parameters from caller
- If first parameter is bigger than a certain value, Send modified parameters to task3
- Else, use the second parameter as a task handle and print the corresponding name plus the value of the first parameter

azx_msgTask3

- Print received parameters from task 2
- release IPC semaphore
- send message to task 2 with first parameter below the threshold and second parameter with task3 handle


```
Starting MultiTask demo app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jun 23 2020 15:36:31.
Inside "myTask1" user callback function. Received parameters from MAIN: 3 4 5
Task1 - Sending a message to task 2 with modified parameters...
Task1 - Waiting for semaphore to be released by task 3 now...

Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 5 7 10
Task2 - Sending a message to task 3 with modified parameters...
Task2 - Done.

Inside "myTask3" user callback function. Received parameters from Task 2: 15 14 9
Task3 - Releasing IPC semaphore...

Task1 - After semaphore! return...

Task3 - IPC semaphore released.
Task3 - Sending a message to task 2 with specific 'type' parameter value of 0 and task 3 handle as param1...

Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 0 1073951320 9
Task3 - Done.
Task2 - Received type 0 from task "myTask3"
Task2 - Done.
```

Figure 53

3.3.24 NTP example

The application connects to an NTP server, gets current date and time and updates module's internal clock. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to get current date and time from an NTP server
- How to set current date and time on module

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Send message to ntpTask

ntp_task.c

NTP_task() - Waits module registration - When module is registered, initializes ntp setting CID, server url and timeout - When PDP context is correctly opened, a query to NTP server is done to get current date and time - On SET_MODULE_RTC message type reception, module RTC is set with date time value got from NTP server.

m2mb_ntp_ind_callback() - As soon as M2MB_NTP_VALID_TIME event is received, current date and time is printed and a message (with SET_MODULE_RTC type) is sent to NTP_task

```
Start NTP demo application. This is v1.0 built on Apr 16 2021 09:36:12.
Waiting for registration...
Module is registered!

Activate PDP context with APN ibox.tim.it on CID 3
Context activated, IP address: 2.195.170.123
Get current time from server 0.pool.ntp.org, PORT: 123

Current time is: Friday 2021-04-16, 07:37:33

Current time correctly set on module
Module system time is: 2021-04-16, 07:37:33
```

Figure 54

3.3.25 SMS PDU

Sample application showcasing how to create and decode PDUs to be used with m2mb_sms_* API set. A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to enable SMS functionality
- How to use encode an SMS PDU to be sent with m2mb_api
- How to decode a received SMS response from PDU to ASCII mode.

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init sms functionality
- Create PDU from text message
- Send message to destination number
- Wait for response
- When SMS PDU response is received, decode it and print information about it, plus the message content

```
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded

Sending message <How are you?>...
m2mb_sms_send() - succeeded
M2MB_SMS_SEND_RESP Callback
Send resp msg ID 10
SMS received!
SMS correctly received!

Reading SMS from memory...
m2mb_sms_read() request succeeded

--- SMS read ---
SMS tag M2MB_SMS_TAG_MT_NOT_READ
SMS format M2MB_SMS_FORMAT_3GPP
Code type: 0
Sender type: 145
Msg len: 12
Msg bytes: 11
Msg date 19/7/17 16:7:58 (timezone: 2)
Received SMS, content: <<Fine thanks >>
Sender: +[REDACTED]
```

Figure 55

3.3.26 SMS_atCmd example

Sample application showcasing how to receive an SMS containing an AT command, process the AT command and send its answer to sender (configurable in sms_config.txt). A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to receive an SMS with an AT command as text inside
- How to send AT command to parser and read the answer
- How to send the AT command answer back to sender via SMS

Optional configuration file to be put in /data/azc/mod folder, copy sms_config.txt file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/sms_config.txt",138
>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes
```

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Init SMS functionality
- Read configuration file sms_config.txt (send SMS with AT command answer back, delete SMS received)
- Init AT command parser
- Create a task to handle SMS parsing and AT command sending
- Wait for an incoming SMS

callbacks.c

msgSMSparse()

- When SMS has been received, content is decoded and printed. If there is an AT command inside, command is executed and answer printed and sent back to sender as an SMS (depending on sms_config.txt setting)

```
yStarting SMS with AT command demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Mar 18 2021 12:42:22.
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:135 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded
[DEBUG] 16.62 M2MB_main:168 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ M2MB_SMS_INCOMING_IND indication enabled
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ M2MB_SMS_INCOMING_IND MEMORY FULL indication enabled
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:196 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Storage set to M2MB_SMS_STORAGE_SM
[DEBUG] 16.65 callbacks:114 - readConfigFromFile{M2M_DamsStart}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 16.66 callbacks:116 - readConfigFromFile{M2M_DamsStart}$ Opening /mod/sms_config.txt in read mode..
Default: SMS with answer sending DISABLED, delete sms DISABLED
[DEBUG] 16.67 at_async:115 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Please send an SMS with a configuration as ("ATCMD: <atcmd>")...
```

Figure 56

3.3.27 SPI Echo

Sample application showing how to communicate over SPI with m2mb API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to open an SPI bus. MOSI and MISO will be shorted, to have an echo.
- How to communicate over SPI bus

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Open SPI bus, set parameters
- Send data on MOSI and read the same in MISO

```
Starting SPI demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  1 2020 13:48:05.  
Transfer successful. Received: hello from spi echo
```

Figure 57

3.3.28 SW Timer (Software Timer)

The sample application shows how to use SW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to open configure a SW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create sw timer structure
- Configure it with 4 seconds timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires)
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Start the timer
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

timerCb

- Print a message with inside the callback

```
Starting SW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:51:25.  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 21.41 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 25.47 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
stopping the timer  
Stop a running timer: success  
Application end
```

Figure 58

3.3.29 TCP IP

Sample application showcasing TCP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Send data and receive response
- Close socket
- Disable PDP context

```
Starting TCP-IP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:20:30.
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_tcp_test.c:201 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_tcp_test.c:217 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:231 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.28 m2m_tcp_test.c:128 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x816B!
[DEBUG] 21.29 m2m_tcp_test.c:244 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.30 m2m_tcp_test.c:248 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.34 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:158 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 83.225.44.56
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:273 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:284 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:294 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.95 m2m_tcp_test.c:307 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 25.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:322 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 25.18 m2m_tcp_test.c:329 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Sending data over socket..
[DEBUG] 25.19 m2m_tcp_test.c:342 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data send successfully (16 bytes)
[DEBUG] 27.20 m2m_tcp_test.c:356 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ trying to receive 16 bytes..
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:364 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:373 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 27.22 m2m_tcp_test.c:385 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 27.24 m2m_tcp_test.c:388 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 29.43 m2m_tcp_test.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 59

3.3.30 TCP Socket status

Sample application showcasing how to check a TPC connected socket current status.
Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to check if the TCP socket is still valid

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Check in a loop the current socket status using the `adv_select` function with a 2 seconds timeout
- Close socket when the remote host closes it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting TCP socket status check demo app. This is v1.0.14-C1 built on Sep  8 2020 14:59:25.
[DEBUG] 21.33 m2m_tcp_tes:324 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.34 m2m_tcp_tes:338 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.34 m2m_tcp_tes:344 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.35 m2m_tcp_tes:352 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.36 m2m_tcp_tes:365 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.37 m2m_tcp_tes:369 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.41 m2m_tcp_tes:384 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 24.09 m2m_tcp_tes:281 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.10 m2m_tcp_tes:284 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 100.77.5.223
[DEBUG] 24.10 m2m_tcp_tes:394 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_tcp_tes:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_tcp_tes:415 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.60 m2m_tcp_tes:428 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 24.93 m2m_tcp_tes:443 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 26.98 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 29.03 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
...
[DEBUG] 82.18 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 84.23 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 86.28 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 88.31 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 88.90 m2m_tcp_tes:154 - adv_select{TCP_TASK}$ Data is available on socket <0x40032b3c>
[DEBUG] 88.92 m2m_tcp_tes:160 - adv_select{TCP_TASK}$ There are <0> pending bytes on socket
Socket was closed by remote!
[DEBUG] 88.92 m2m_tcp_tes:494 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 88.94 m2m_tcp_tes:506 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 88.94 m2m_tcp_tes:509 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 89.31 m2m_tcp_tes:290 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!

```

Figure 60

3.3.31 TCP Server

Sample application showcasing TCP listening socket demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP listening socket
- How to manage external hosts connection and exchange data

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and set it in non-blocking mode
- Bind the socket to the listening port
- Start listening for incoming connection
- Check if a connection is incoming using m2mb_socket_bsd_select function
- If a client connects, perform accept on the child socket
- Send a "START" message to the client
- Send some data
- Wait for data from client and print it
- Close the child socket
- Start listening again, up to 3 times
- Close listening socket
- Disable PDP context

Debug Log

```

Starting TCP Server demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 13:28:24.
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:220 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:236 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:242 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:250 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 14.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:138 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0x5222!
[DEBUG] 14.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 14.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:267 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:282 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN ibox.tim.it...
[DEBUG] 17.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:165 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:168 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 2.195.165.137

-----
| Start TCP server |
|-----|

[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:301 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:312 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 19.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:313 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_socket_bsd_socket(): valid socket ID [0x4002E79C] - PASS
[DEBUG] 20.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:319 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ issuing m2m_socket_bsd_ioctl() to set non-blocking mode ...
[DEBUG] 20.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:331 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Binding Socket...
[DEBUG] 22.12 m2m_tcp_test.c:343 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Bind Pass

Start TCP listening on port 6500...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 0
[DEBUG] 28.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 1

TCP Server Coming Connection
--> Accept
[DEBUG] 30.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:397 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Accept Pass

Connected! (socket dial n.1)

[DEBUG] 30.53 m2m_tcp_test.c:403 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Source Address: 185.86.42.254
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:404 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Port: 58658
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Family: 2
[DEBUG] 31.56 m2m_tcp_test.c:410 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$

-----
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:411 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ | Send/receive data test |
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:412 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ -----

[DEBUG] 32.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:416 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit "START" packet...
[DEBUG] 32.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:423 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (11 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:425 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:430 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit 58 bytes...
[DEBUG] 32.62 m2m_tcp_test.c:437 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (58 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.63 m2m_tcp_test.c:440 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:448 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Waiting for data...

[DEBUG] 39.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:457 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ test
[DEBUG] 99.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:465 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
m2mb_socket_bsd_recv() has received 6 bytes

[DEBUG] 102.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:469 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Server TCP is closing the current connection ...

```

Figure 61

Data on a PuTTY terminal

```
START  
aaaaaaaaa-bbbbbbbbbb-ccccccccc-ddddddddd-eeeeeeeeee  
test  
█
```

Figure 62

3.3.32 TLS SSL Client

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to open a SSL client socket
- How to communicate over SSL socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create a task to manage the connection and start it

ssl_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server over TCP socket
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) andh auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Create secure socket and connect to the server using SSL
- Send data and receive response
- Close secure socket
- Close socket
- Delete SSL context
- Disable PDP context

The application requires the certificates to be stored in /data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/ folder. It can be created with

```
AT#M2MMKDIR=/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs
```

Certificates can then be loaded with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesCA.crt",1740
```

and providing the file content in RAW mode (for example using the “Transfer Data” button in Telit AT Controller)

For client certificates (if required), the commands will be

AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesClient.crt",1651

AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesClient_pkcs1.key",1679

PLEASE NOTE: always verify the file sizes to be used in the commands above as they might change

```
Starting TLS-SSL demo app. This is v1.1.2 built on Mar  3 2021 10:15:00.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:252 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:266 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:270 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Init SSL session test app
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:285 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config sslConfigHndl = 0x40037958, sslRes= 0
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:294 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config PASSED
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:306 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_ctxt PASSED
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:311 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading CA CERT from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesCA.crt
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:315 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1740
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:328 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1740
Buffer successfully received from file. 1740 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:361 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading client CERT from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesClient.crt
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:365 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1651
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:378 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1651
Buffer successfully received from file. 1651 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:401 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading client KEY from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesClient_pkcs1.key
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:405 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1679
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:418 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1679
Buffer successfully received from file. 1679 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:448 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ certificates successfully stored!
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:457 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:465 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:171 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x468E!
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:477 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:481 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 12.87 ssl_test:496 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:197 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:200 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 2.41.76.63
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:514 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:525 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:535 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 13.92 ssl_test:548 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 14.05 ssl_test:562 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 15.97 ssl_test:587 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_connect ret 0
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:593 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
```



```
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:593 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:596 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ SSL write result = 44
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:608 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 1087
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:612 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive 1087 bytes..
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:618 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (269)<HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Wed, 03 Mar 2021 09:18:22 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
Last-Modified: Mon, 22 Jan 2018 10:57:39 GMT
ETag: "1fffc-27f-5635b4c6f12b3"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 639
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
>
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:634 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 762
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:638 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive remaining 762 bytes..
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:644 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (639)<<html>
<head>
  <title>module.telit.com</title>
  <meta content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
</head>
<body>
  <table border=0 align=center>
    <tr>
      <td height="100" align=center><h2>modules.telit.com - Test HTML page</h2></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td align=center><img src=Telit.jpg alt="Telit logo" height="126" width="410"></img></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td height="200" align=center> This is a simple HTML page, </br>
      made with simple HTML code,</br>
      just for test!
    </td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td height="100" align=center><font size="3">Telit &copy; 2015 - 2017 All rights reserved</font></td>
    </tr>
  </table>
</body>
</html>
>
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:662 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:680 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:683 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 22.77 ssl_test:206 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!
```

3.3.33 Uart To Server

Sample application showcasing how to send data from main UART to a connected TCP server. Debug messages are printed on AUX UART port.

Features

- How to open main UART to receive data
- How to connect to a server
- How to transmit received data from the UART to the server and viceversa

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open UART for data and UART_AUX for debug
- Init socket, activate PDP context and connect to server
- Init UART, set its callback function, create tasks to handle input from UART and response from server (optional)
- Send a confirmation on UART
- Wait for data, when it is received, send it to the server
- When a response is received, print it on UART.

Main UART:

```
Ready to receive data and send to socket.  
<<<test message  
<<<test 2
```

Figure 63

Debug log on AUX UART:

```
Starting. This is build: Jul 17 2019 16:39:24. MASK: 000F  
Waiting for registration...  
Activate PDP with APN internet.wind.biz....  
Context activated!  
Socket created  
Server IP address: 185.86.42.218  
Socket Connected and ready to receive data!  
Uart opened, setting callback for data..  
Waiting for data from uart.  
UART IN: <test message>. Sending to socket...  
Data sent to socket!  
Response from server (12 bytes): <test message>  
UART IN: <test 2>. Sending to socket...  
Data sent to socket!  
Response from server (6 bytes): <test 2>
```

Figure 64

3.3.34 UDP client

Sample application showcasing UDP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a UDP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task and start it

m2m_udp_test.c - Initialize Network structure and check registration - Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context - Create socket and link it to the PDP context id - Send data and receive response - Close socket - Disable PDP context

```
Starting UDP Client demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 14:57:13.
INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_udp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_udp_test.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF1
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:241 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:245 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:157 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:160 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.113.222.12
[DEBUG] 24.12 m2m_udp_test.c:268 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_udp_test.c:280 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Socket created
Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.41 m2m_udp_test.c:306 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
Socket ready.
Data successfully sent (16 bytes)
Socket rcv...
[DEBUG] 26.47 m2m_udp_test.c:352 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_socket_bsd_set_sock_opt() M2MB_SOCKET_BSD_SO_RCVTIMEO - success
trying to receive 16 bytes..
Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 26.48 m2m_udp_test.c:377 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ application exit
Socket closed
[DEBUG] 26.49 m2m_udp_test.c:399 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
Application complete.
[DEBUG] 27.04 m2m_udp_test.c:166 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 65

3.3.35 ZLIB example

Sample application showing how to compress/uncompress with ZLIB. Debug prints on **MAIN UART**

Features

- How to compress a file
- How to uncompress a file

In order to execute the entire test, copy test.gz file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/test.gz",138
```

>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Test the compression and decompression of a data string
- Test the decompression of a .gz file (test.gz), expected to be in /data/azc/mod folder, into its content test.txt. The file must be uploaded by the user (see steps above).

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:02:35.
Starting TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR.
len: 138; comprLen: 57
Compressed message:
W+EHU(,ILIVH^E/ISHE`PE*I-HMQE/K-R(È Êç$VU*#ašê y4RI«¥1.
comprLen: 57; uncomprLen: 138
uncompress():
the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.
Ending TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR with SUCCESS.
Starting test_uncompress.
Data extracted correctly into the file ./mod/test.txt
test_uncompress finished correctly!
```

Figure 66

3.4 BASIC

Basic applications showing simple operations with minimum code overhead

3.4.1 Basic Hello World (Aux UART)

The application prints “Hello World!” on Auxiliary UART every 2 seconds using

Features

- How to open Auxiliary UART as an output channel
- How to print messages out of the channel

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open Auxiliary UART with **m2mb_uart_open** function
- write a welcome message using **m2mb_uart_write**
- write “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop, using **m2mb_uart_write**

```
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

Figure 67

3.4.2 Basic Hello World (Main UART)

The application prints “Hello World!” on Main UART every 2 seconds using

Features

- How to open Main UART as an output channel
- How to print messages out of the channel

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open Main UART with **m2mb_uart_open** function
- write a welcome message using **m2mb_uart_write**
- write “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop, using **m2mb_uart_write**

```
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

Figure 68

3.4.3 Basic Hello World (USB0)

The application prints “Hello World!” on USB 0 every 2 seconds using

Features

- How to open USB 0 as an output channel
- How to print messages out of the channel

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB 0 with **m2mb_usb_open** function
- write a welcome message using **m2mb_usb_write**
- write “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop, using **m2mb_usb_write**

```
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]  
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

Figure 69

3.5 USB0

Applications that provide usage examples for various functionalities, log output on USB0

3.5.1 ATI (AT Instance)

Sample application showing how to use AT Instance functionality (sending AT commands from code). The example supports both sync and async (using a callback) modes. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to open an AT interface from the application
- How to send AT commands and receive responses on the AT interface

Application workflow, sync mode

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

at_sync.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0
- Send AT+CGMR command, then read response after 2 seconds, then return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  1 2020 15:12:58.
[DEBUG] 17.15  at_sync.c:53 - at_cmd_sync_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in sync mode
[DEBUG] 17.16  at_sync.c:79 - send_sync_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 19.21  at_sync.c:61 - at_cmd_sync_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

Figure 70

Application workflow, async mode

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init AT0 (first AT instance)
- Send AT+CGMR command
- Print response.
- Release AT0

at_async.c

- Init ati functionality and take AT0, register AT events callback
- Send AT+CGMR command, wait for response semaphore (released in callback), then read it and return it
- Deinit ati, releasing AT0

```
Starting AT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 15:07:45.
[DEBUG] 17.13 at_async.c:116 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Sending command AT+CGMR in async mode
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:153 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Sending AT Command: AT+CGMR
[DEBUG] 17.15 at_async.c:169 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ waiting command response...
[DEBUG] 17.17 at_async.c:88 - at_cmd_async_callback{pubTspt_0}$ Callback - available bytes: 25
[DEBUG] 17.18 at_async.c:181 - send_async_at_command{M2M_DamsStart}$ Receive response...
Command response: <AT+CGMR
MOB.950004-B008

OK
>

[DEBUG] 17.19 at_async.c:136 - at_cmd_async_deinit{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_deinit() on instance 0
Application end
```

Figure 71

3.5.2 AWS demo

Sample application showcasing AWS IoT Core MQTT communication. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to load certificates into device SSL session storage
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to AWS server with SSL and exchange data over a topic

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

aws_demo.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) and auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to topic
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter
- Print received message in mqtt_topc_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

3.5.3 How to get started with AWS IoT

- Go to [AWS console](#) and create an account if one is not available yet.
- Go to **IoT Core** section
- Go to **Secure > Policies** section
- Create a new policy, which describes what the device will be allowed to do (e.g. subscribe, publish)
- Give it a name, then configure it using the configuration below (it is possible to copy/paste by clicking on **Add statements** section, then **Advanced mode**) :

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Action": [
        "iot:Publish",
        "iot:Subscribe",
        "iot:Connect",
        "iot:Receive"
      ],
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Resource": [
        "*"
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

- Click on create to complete the policy creation.
- Go to **Manage** section
- Press **Create**, then **Create a single thing**
- Give the new thing a name, then click on Next
- Select **One-click certificate creation (recommended)** by clicking on **Create certificate**
- Once presented with the **Certificate created** page, download all certificates and keys
- Click on the **Activate** button to enable the certificate authentication of the newly created device
- Click on **Attach a policy** and select the policy created in a previous step

For further information, please refer to the full [AWS IoT documentation](#)

3.5.4 Application setup

- Set **CLIENTCERTFILE** and **CLIENTKEYFILE** defines in **aws_demo.c** file in order to match the certificate and key created in the previous section.
- Set **AWS_BROKER_ADDRESS** to the correct AWS URL. It can be retrieved from AWS IoT **Manage > Things > Interact** in the **HTTPS Rest API Endpoint** URL.
- Set **CLIENT_ID** to the desired Client ID for your AWS device
- (Optional) if required, change **CACERTFILE** to match the one to be used.

3.5.5 Device setup

The application requires the certificates (provided in sample app **certs** subfolder) to be stored in **/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/** folder. It can be created with

```
AT#M2MMKDIR=/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs
```

Certificates can then be loaded with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/preload_CACert_01.crt",1468
```

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/Amazon-IoT.crt",1646
```

providing the file content in RAW mode (for example using the “Transfer Data” button in Telit AT Controller)

For client certificates, the commands will be

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/xxxxx.crt",yyyy
```

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/xxxxx.key",zzzz
```

PLEASE NOTE: always verify the file sizes to be used in the commands above as they might change

```

Starting AWS IoT Core MQTT demo app. This is v1.1.5 built on Apr 30 2021 09:05:17.
[DEBUG] 15.51 aws_demo:607 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Init MQTT client for AWS
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:265 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_config SNI succeeded
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:271 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Root CA cert file /mod/ssl_certs/preload_CACert_01.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:297 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1468 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:308 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Cross Signed CA cert file /mod/ssl_certs/Amazon-IoT.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:334 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1646 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:360 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Client certificate file /mod/ssl_certs/ab71 -certificate.pem.crt
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:384 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1224 bytes were loaded.
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:396 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Client Key file /mod/ssl_certs/ab71 -private.pem.key
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:422 - PrepareSSLEnvironment{MQTT_TASK}$ Buffer successfully received from file. 1679 bytes were loaded.

SSL environment preparation completed
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:726 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:514 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 15.52 aws_demo:738 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PDP context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.55 aws_demo:753 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 1....
[DEBUG] 18.37 aws_demo:557 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.37 aws_demo:561 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.114.102.21

Connecting to Server <angy83rl5oizs-ats.iot.eu-west-2.amazonaws.com>:8883...
Done.
[DEBUG] 27.87 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 2, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:50"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 27.87 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 30.94 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 3, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:53"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 30.94 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.99 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 4, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:56"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 34.00 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 37.00 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 5, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:59"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 37.00 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 40.03 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 6, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:02"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 40.03 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 43.05 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 7, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:05"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 43.05 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 46.13 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 8, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:08"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 46.13 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 49.15 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 9, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:11"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 49.15 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 52.19 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 10, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:14"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 52.19 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 55.22 aws_demo:852 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ PUBLISHING <{"ID": 11, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:06:17"}}> to topic
device/353081090 /updates
[DEBUG] 55.22 aws_demo:857 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:878 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Done.
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:908 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:918 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 58.27 aws_demo:924 - AWS_Task{MQTT_TASK}$ Application complete.

```

Figure 72

Data received from a subscriber:

```

device/353081090 /updates 1
QoS 0

device/353081090 /updates 1
30-04-2021 09:06:00.32760467 QoS 0
{ "ID": 2, "data": {"RSSI": -72, "tm": "2021-04-30,09:05:50"} }

```

Figure 73

3.5.6 App update OTA via FTP

Sample application showcasing Application OTA over FTP with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to download an application binary and update the local version

The app uses a predefined set of parameters. To load custom parameters, upload the `ota_config.txt` file (provided in project's `/src` folder) in module's `/data/azc/mod` folder, for example with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ota_config.txt",<filesize>
```

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage app OTA and start it

ftp_utils.c

- Set parameters to default
- Try to load parameters from `ota_config.txt` file
- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Initialize FTP client
- Connect to FTP server and log in
- Get new App binary file size on remote server
- Download the file in `/data/azc/mod` folder, with the provided name
- Close FTP connection
- Disable PDP context
- Update applications configuration in **app_utils.c**

app_utils.c

- Set new application as default

- Delete old app binary
- Restart module

```
Starting FTP APP OTA demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:04:05.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_utils.c:447 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_utils.c:152 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_utils.c:154 - readConfigFromFile{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Opening /mod/ota_config.txt in read mode..
Set APN to: <<web.omnitel.it>>
Set FTP URL to: <<ftp.telit.com>>
Set FTP PORT to: 21
Set FTP USER to: <<_ - - - ->>
Set FTP PASS to: <<_ - - - ->>
Set FTP FILE URI to: <</samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL FINAL APP NAME to: <<helloworld.bin>>
Set LOCAL ORIGINAL APP NAME to: <<m2mapz.bin>>
[DEBUG] 23.53 ftp_utils.c:464 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 23.54 ftp_utils.c:470 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.55 ftp_utils.c:478 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:371 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 23.56 ftp_utils.c:491 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 23.57 ftp_utils.c:495 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 25.61 ftp_utils.c:504 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3....
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:398 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 26.30 ftp_utils.c:401 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.246.110.148
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 27.36 ftp_utils.c:533 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 28.87 ftp_utils.c:546 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin size
[DEBUG] 29.31 ftp_utils.c:568 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Done. File size: 116224.
Starting download of remote file /samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin into local /mod/helloworld.bin
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 4.68% 5440
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 9.36% 10880
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 14.04% 16320
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 18.72% 21760
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 23.40% 27200
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 28.08% 32640
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 32.76% 38080
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 37.44% 43520
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 42.13% 48960
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 46.81% 54400
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 51.49% 59840
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 56.17% 65280
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 60.85% 70720
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 65.53% 76160
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 70.21% 81600
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 74.89% 87040
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 79.57% 92480
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 84.25% 97920
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 88.93% 103360
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 93.61% 108800
/samples/APP_OTA/helloworld.bin 97.42% 113220
[DEBUG] 43.54 ftp_utils.c:608 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ download successful.
FTP quit...
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:632 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deactivating PDP
[DEBUG] 43.77 ftp_utils.c:642 - msgFTPTask{FTPOTA_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 44.20 ftp_utils.c:407 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactive
[DEBUG] 45.44 app_utils.c:76 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Application successfully configured.
[DEBUG] 45.45 app_utils.c:82 - update_app{FTPOTA_TASK}$ Deleting old application /mod/m2mapz.bin
€yStarting. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 17:02:52. LEVEL: 2

Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]

Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
```

Figure 74

3.5.7 cJSON example:

Sample application showcasing how to manage JSON objects. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to read a JSON using cJSON library
- How to write a JSON
- How to manipulate JSON objects

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Parse an example string into a JSON object and print the result in a formatted string
- Print some test outcomes (e.g. non existing item correctly not found)
- Retrieve single elements from the parsed JSON object and use them to format a descriptive string
- Delete the JSON object
- Create a new JSON object appending elements to it
- Print the result JSON string from the object


```

Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 08:33:03.
And here is what we got:
{
  "name":      "Atlantic Ocean",
  "format":    {
    "type":     "salt",
    "volume":   310410900,
    "depth":    -8486,
    "volume_percent": 23.300000,
    "tide":     -3.500000,
    "calm":     false,
    "life":     ["plankton", "corals", "fish", "mammals"]
  }
}
inexistent key not found
name found: Atlantic Ocean
format found (null)
Our JSON string contains info about an ocean named Atlantic Ocean,
has a volume of 310410900 km^3 of salt water with -8486 meters max depth,
represents 23.3% of total oceans volume,
has an average low tide of -3.5 meters,
hosts a huge number of living creatures such as plankton, corals, fish, mammals,
and is not always calm.

Let's build a TR50 command with a property.publish and an alarm.publish for MQTT (no auth).
And here is what we got:
{
  "1": {
    "command": "property.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "value": 123.144000
    }
  },
  "2": {
    "command": "alarm.publish",
    "params": {
      "thingKey": "mything",
      "key": "mykey",
      "state": 3,
      "msg": "Message."
    }
  }
}
END.

```

Figure 75

3.5.8 Easy AT example

Sample application showcasing Easy AT functionalities. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- Shows how to register custom commands

3.5.9 Events

Sample application showcasing events setup and usage. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to setup OS events with a custom bitmask
- How to wait for events and generate them in callback functions to synchronize blocks of code

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 2 seconds expiration time
- Wait for a specific event bit on the event handler
- At timer expiration, set the same event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event.

```
Starting Events demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 08:44:29.  
[DEBUG] 20.55 M2MB_main.c:171 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success  
Set the timer attributes structure success.  
Timer successfully created  
[DEBUG] 20.57 M2MB_main.c:125 - setup_timer{M2M_DamsStart}$ Start the timer, success.  
[DEBUG] 22.60 M2MB_main.c:60 - hwTimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event!  
[DEBUG] 22.61 M2MB_main.c:183 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ event occurred!
```

Figure 76

3.5.10 Events - Barrier (multi events)

Sample application showcasing how to setup and use multiple events to create a barrier. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to setup OS events to be used as a barrier
- How to wait for multiple events in the same point, and generate them in call-back functions to synchronize blocks of code

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create an event handler
- Create a timer to generate an event, with a 3 seconds expiration time
- Create another timer to generate an event, with a 6 seconds expiration time
- Start both timers
- Wait for both event bits on the event handler (each one will be set by one of the timers)
- At first timer expiration, set the first event bit and verify that the code flow does not procede.
- At second timer expiration, set the second event bit and verify that the code flow went through after the event (implementing a barrier).

```
Starting Barrier demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 08:48:30.
[DEBUG] 20.01 M2MB_main.c:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 3000 timeout (ms)
Set the timer attributes structure success.
Timer successfully created with 6000 timeout (ms)
[DEBUG] 23.08 M2MB_main.c:66 - hwTimerCb1{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 1!
[DEBUG] 26.12 M2MB_main.c:75 - hwTimerCb2{pubTspt_0}$ Timer Callback, generate event 2!
[DEBUG] 26.13 M2MB_main.c:214 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ BOTH events occurred!
```

Figure 77

3.5.11 FTP

Sample application showcasing FTP client demo with AZX FTP. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to connect to a FTP server
- How to exchange data with the server

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage FTP client and start it

ftp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init FTP client and set the debug function for it
- Connect to the server
- Perform log in
- Check remote file size and last modification time
- Download file from server to local filesystem. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Upload the same file to the server with a different name. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the upload status
- Download another file content in a buffer instead of a file. A data callback is set to report periodic info about the download status
- Close the connection with FTP server
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting FTP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 11:17:36.
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:290 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:304 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:310 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.23 ftp_test.c:318 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 ftp_test.c:214 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to network
[DEBUG] 21.26 ftp_test.c:331 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.27 ftp_test.c:335 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.31 ftp_test.c:344 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on cid 3...
[DEBUG] 24.09 ftp_test.c:241 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context active
[DEBUG] 24.10 ftp_test.c:244 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 176.244.166.181
Start ftp client...
[DEBUG] 24.82 ftp_test.c:373 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Connected.
[DEBUG] 26.32 ftp_test.c:386 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ FTP login successful.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt size
[DEBUG] 26.69 ftp_test.c:428 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 20026.
Get remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt last modification date
[DEBUG] 26.89 ftp_test.c:450 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File last mod date: 20200407090654
.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern_big.txt into local /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/samples/pattern_big.txt 47.54% 9520
/samples/pattern_big.txt 100.00% 20026
[DEBUG] 29.75 ftp_test.c:488 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ download successful.
[DEBUG] 29.76 ftp_test.c:522 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$
Local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt size: 20026

Starting upload of local file /mod/_pattern_big.txt
/mod/_pattern_big.txt 81.81% 16384
Upload successful.

Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt into local buffer
Getting remote file /samples/pattern.txt size..
[DEBUG] 32.97 ftp_test.c:583 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Done. File size: 988.
Starting download of remote file /samples/pattern.txt to buffer
[DEBUG] 34.08 ftp_test.c:145 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received START event
[DEBUG] 34.09 ftp_test.c:149 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received DATA: 988 bytes on buffer 0x400399e0
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:153 - buf_data_cb{FTP_TASK}$ Received END event
[DEBUG] 34.26 ftp_test.c:623 - msgFTPTask{FTP_TASK}$ Download successful. Received 988 bytes<<<
0 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
1 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
2 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
3 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
4 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
5 | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | AAAAAAAA | | *
6 | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | AAAAAAA | | *
7 | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | AAAAA | | *
8 | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | AAA | | *
9 | A | | A | | A | | A | | A | | *
10 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| *
11 | | | | | | | *
12 |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----| |-----|

```

Figure 78

3.5.12 File System example

Sample application showcasing M2MB File system API usage. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to open a file in write mode and write data in it
- How to reopen the file in read mode and read data from it

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Open file in write mode
- Write data in file
- Close file
- Reopen file in read mode
- Read data from file and print it
- Close file and delete it

```
Starting FileSystem demo app. This is v1.0.7 build on Mar 26 2020 09:50:19. LEVEL: 2
Opening /my_text_file.txt in write mode..
Buffer written successfully into file. 15 bytes were written.
Closing file.
Opening /my_text_file.txt in read only mode..
Received 15 bytes from file:
<Hello from file>
Closing file.
Deleting File
File deleted
App Completed
```

Figure 79

3.5.13 GNSS example

Sample application showing how to use GNSS functionality. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to enable GNSS receiver on module
- How to collect location information from receiver

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init gnss, enable position report and start it.
- When a fix is available, a message will be printed by the GNSS callback function

```
START GNSS TEST APP
m2mb_gnss_enable OK
m2mb_gnss_start OK
latitude_valid: 1 - latitude: 39.228245
longitude_valid: 1 - longitude: 9.069106
altitude_valid: 1 - altitude: 12.000000
uncertainty_valid: 1 - uncertainty: 30.000000
velocity_valid: 1 - codingType: 0
speed_horizontal: 0.000000
bearing: 0.000000
timestamp_valid: 1 -timestamp: 1563376148000
speed_valid: 1 - speed: 0.060000
```

Figure 80

3.5.14 GPIO interrupt example

Sample application showing how to use GPIOs and interrupts. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to open a GPIO in input mode with interrupt
- How to open a second GPIO in output mode to trigger the first one

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Open GPIO 4 as output
- Open GPIO 3 as input and set interrupt for any edge (rising and falling). **A jumper must be used to short GPIO 3 and 4 pins.**
- Toggle GPIO 4 status high and low every second
- An interrupt is generated on GPIO 3

```
Starting GPIO interrupt demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:33:01.  
Setting gpio 3 interrupt...  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0  
Setting GPIO 4 HIGH  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 1  
Setting GPIO 4 LOW  
CALLBACK->Interrupt on GPIO 3! Value: 0
```

Figure 81

3.5.15 General_INFO example

Sample application prints some Module/SIM information as IMEI, fw version, IMSI and so on; it prints also some information about registration. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to print some Module information as IMEI, FW version etc
- How to print some SIM information as IMSI, ICCID
- How to get and print some informatio about Module registration as Netowrk Operator, AcT, RSSI, etc

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Init NET functionality
- Init INFO functionality
- Get and print Module and SIM info
- Wait form module to register to network
- Get and print registration INFO

```

Starting. This is v1.1.4 built on Mar 31 2021 09:56:03. LEVEL: 2

Start General INFO application [ version: 1.000000 ]

=====
MODULE ME910C1-E2 INFO
=====
MANUFACTURER: Telit
IMEI: 353080091125422
MODEM FIRMWARE VERSION: MOB.700005
PACKAGE VERSION:
30.00.709-B005-P0B.700100
MOB.700005
P0B.700100
A0B.700000

=====
SIM INFO
=====
IMSI: 222015602268648
ICCID: 89390100001138084906

=====
Waiting for registration...

=====
Module is registered to HOME network cellID 0x5221
NETWORK OPERATOR (mcc mnc): 222 01
Network Technology 2G (AcT: 0) RSSI: -81

```

Figure 82

3.5.16 HTTP Client

Sample application showing how to use HTTPs client functionalities. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to initialize the http client, set the debug hook function and the data call-back to manage incoming data
- How to perform GET, HEAD or POST operations

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage HTTP client and start it

httpTaskCB

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create HTTP client options and initialize its functionality
- Create HTTP SSL config and initialize the SSL options
- Configure data management options for HTTP client
- Apply all configurations to HTTP client
- Perform a GET request to a server
- Disable PDP context

DATA_CB

- Print incoming data
- Set the abort flag to 0 to keep going.

```
Starting HTTP(s) client demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Aug 11 2020 16:56:28.
[DEBUG] 15.19 M2MB_main:259 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:265 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 15.20 M2MB_main:273 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 15.21 M2MB_main:119 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF!
[DEBUG] 15.22 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 17.26 M2MB_main:287 - activatePdp{HttpClient}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:146 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.97 M2MB_main:149 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 100.77.54.97
Performing a GET request...

Host Address: linux-ip.net Port 80

Socket connected! |
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
  <meta name="author" content="Martin A. Brown" />
  <meta name="robots" content="index, follow"/>

  <meta property="og:title" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:url" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:site_name" content="http://linux-ip.net/" />
  <meta property="og:type" content="website"/>

  <link rel="canonical" href="http://linux-ip.net" />

  <title>http://linux-ip.net/</title>
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/font-awesome/4.0.3/css/font-awesome.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="//netdna.bootstrapcdn.com/twitter-bootstrap/2.3.2/css/bootstrap-combined.min.css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="http://linux-ip.net/theme/css/main.css" />
</head>

...
  <footer id="site-footer">
    <div class="row-fluid">
      <div class="span10 offset1">
        <address>
          <p>
            Powered by <a href="http://getpelican.com/">Pelican</a>
            and <a href="http://python.org">Python</a>.
            Theme based on <a href="http://github.com/jsliang/pelican-fresh">Fresh</a>
            by <a href="http://jsliang.com/">jsliang</a>
          </p>
        </address>
      </div>
    </div>
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
Done.
[DEBUG] 22.44 M2MB_main:155 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 83

3.5.17 HW Timer (Hardware Timer)

The sample application shows how to use HW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to open configure a HW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create hw timer structure
- Configure it with 100 ms timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires) and autostart
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

TimerCb

- Print a message with an increasing counter

```
Starting HW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:04:14.
[DEBUG] 14.06 M2MB_main.c:114 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Set the timer attributes structure: success.
Timer successfully created
Start the timer, success.
[DEBUG] 14.18 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [0]
[DEBUG] 14.28 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [1]
[DEBUG] 14.38 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [2]
[DEBUG] 14.48 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [3]
[DEBUG] 14.58 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [4]
[DEBUG] 14.69 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [5]
[DEBUG] 14.79 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [6]
[DEBUG] 14.88 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [7]
[DEBUG] 14.98 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [8]
[DEBUG] 15.08 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [9]

[DEBUG] 23.90 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [96]
[DEBUG] 24.01 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [97]
[DEBUG] 24.11 M2MB_main.c:55 - TimerCb{pubTspt_0}$ Callback Count: [98]
Stop a running timer: success
Application end
```

Figure 84

3.5.18 Hello World

The application prints “Hello World!” over selected output every two seconds. Debug prints on **USB0**, using AZX log example functions

Features

- How to open an output channel using AZX LOG sample functions
- How to print logging information on the channel using AZX LOG sample functions

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print “Hello World!” every 2 seconds in a while loop

```
Starting. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 09:34:16. LEVEL: 2
Start Hello world Application [ version: 2.000000 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000001 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000002 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000003 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000004 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000005 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000006 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000007 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000008 ]
Hello world 2.0 [ 000009 ]
```

Figure 85

3.5.19 Logging Demo

Sample application showing how to print on one of the available output interfaces.
Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to open a logging channel
- How to set a logging level
- How to use different logging macros

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Print a message with every log level

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 13:57:06.  
[WARN ] 20.17 M2MB_main.c:74 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a WARNING MESSAGE  
[ERROR] 20.18 M2MB_main.c:76 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN ERROR MESSAGE  
[CRITICAL] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:78 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ THIS IS AN CRITICAL MESSAGE  
[DEBUG] 20.19 M2MB_main.c:80 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a DEBUG message  
[TRACE] 20.20 M2MB_main.c:82 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ This is a TRACE message  
END.
```

Figure 86

3.5.20 MD5 example

Sample application showing how to compute MD5 hashes using m2mb crypto. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- Compute MD5 hash of a file
- Compute MD5 hash of a string

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create a temporary file with the expected content
- Compute MD5 hash of the provided text file
- Compare the hash with the expected one
- Compute MD5 hash of a string
- Compare the hash with the expected one
- Delete test file

```
Starting MD5 demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:19:54.  
Buffer written successfully into file. 45 bytes were written.  
  
Computing hash from file...  
Computed hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Expected hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Hashes are the same!  
  
Computing hash from string...  
Computed hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Expected hash: bb0fa6eff92c305f166803b6938dd33a  
Hashes are the same!
```

Figure 87

3.5.21 MQTT Client

Sample application showcasing MQTT client functionalities (with SSL). Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to configure MQTT client parameters
- How to connect to a broker with SSL and exchange data over a subscribed topic

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage MQTT client and start it

mqtt_demo.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Init MQTT client
- Configure it with all parameters (Client ID, username, password, PDP context ID, keepalive timeout...)
- Connect MQTT client to broker
- Subscribe to two topics
- Publish 10 messages with increasing counter. Even messages are sent to topic 1, odd messages on topic 2.
- Print received message in mqtt_topc_cb function
- Disconnect MQTT client and deinit it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting MQTT demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 10:34:08.
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:192 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 16.18 mqtt_demo.c:206 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:214 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.19 mqtt_demo.c:221 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 16.20 mqtt_demo.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered
[DEBUG] 16.21 mqtt_demo.c:232 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 18.26 mqtt_demo.c:246 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it on CID 3....
[DEBUG] 18.95 mqtt_demo.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:159 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 37.118.201.56
[DEBUG] 18.96 mqtt_demo.c:268 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Init MQTT
[DEBUG] 18.97 mqtt_demo.c:278 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_mqtt_init succeeded

Connecting to broker <api-dev.devicewise.com>:1883...
Done.
Subscribing to test_topic and test_topic2..
[DEBUG] 20.35 mqtt_demo.c:367 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.

[DEBUG] 20.36 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 20.37 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 20.71 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 20.72 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 2>
[DEBUG] 23.37 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 23.38 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 23.92 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 23.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 3>
[DEBUG] 26.40 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 26.41 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 26.93 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 4>
[DEBUG] 29.42 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 29.43 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 29.99 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 30.00 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 5>
[DEBUG] 32.46 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 32.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 33.00 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 33.01 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 6>
[DEBUG] 35.47 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 35.48 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 36.01 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 36.02 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 7>
[DEBUG] 38.50 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 38.51 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 39.15 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 39.16 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 8>
[DEBUG] 41.52 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 41.53 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 42.10 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 27
[DEBUG] 42.12 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 9>
[DEBUG] 44.56 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10> to topic test_topic
[DEBUG] 44.57 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 45.09 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 45.11 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 10>
[DEBUG] 47.58 mqtt_demo.c:392 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ PUBLISHING <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11> to topic test_topic2
[DEBUG] 47.59 mqtt_demo.c:397 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 48.12 mqtt_demo.c:103 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ MQTT Message on Topic test_topic2; data len: 28
[DEBUG] 48.13 mqtt_demo.c:107 - mqtt_topic_cb(MQTT_Async)$ Message: <Hello from M2MB MQTT! ID: 11>

Disconnecting from MQTT broker..
[DEBUG] 50.60 mqtt_demo.c:414 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Done.
[DEBUG] 50.61 mqtt_demo.c:443 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ application exit
[DEBUG] 50.62 mqtt_demo.c:453 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 50.63 mqtt_demo.c:457 - MQTT_Task(MQTT_TASK)$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 51.23 mqtt_demo.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!

```

Figure 88

3.5.22 MultiTask

Sample application showcasing multi tasking functionalities with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to create tasks using azx utilities
- How to use send messages to tasks
- How to use a semaphore to synchronize two tasks

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create three tasks with the provided utility (this calls public m2mb APIs)
- Send a message to the task1, its callback function azx_msgTask1 will be called

azx_msgTask1

- Print received parameters from main
- Send modified parameters to task2 (its callback function azx_msgTask2 will be called)
- wait for an InterProcess Communication semaphore to be available (released by task3)
- Once the semaphore is available, print a message and return

azx_msgTask2

- Print received parameters from caller
- If first parameter is bigger than a certain value, Send modified parameters to task3
- Else, use the second parameter as a task handle and print the corresponding name plus the value of the first parameter

azx_msgTask3

- Print received parameters from task 2
- release IPC semaphore
- send message to task 2 with first parameter below the threshold and second parameter with task3 handle

```
Starting MultiTask demo app. This is v1.0.12-C1 built on Jun 23 2020 15:36:31.
Inside "myTask1" user callback function. Received parameters from MAIN: 3 4 5
Task1 - Sending a message to task 2 with modified parameters...
Task1 - Waiting for semaphore to be released by task 3 now...
Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 5 7 10
Task2 - Sending a message to task 3 with modified parameters...
Task2 - Done.
Inside "myTask3" user callback function. Received parameters from Task 2: 15 14 9
Task3 - Releasing IPC semaphore...
Task1 - After semaphore! return...
Task3 - IPC semaphore released.
Task3 - Sending a message to task 2 with specific 'type' parameter value of 0 and task 3 handle as param1...
Inside "myTask2" user callback function. Received parameters: 0 1073951320 9
Task3 - Done.
Task2 - Received type 0 from task "myTask3"
Task2 - Done.
```

Figure 89

3.5.23 NTP example

The application connects to an NTP server, gets current date and time and updates module's internal clock. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to get current date and time from an NTP server
- How to set current date and time on module

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Send message to ntpTask

ntp_task.c

NTP_task() - Waits module registration - When module is registered, initializes ntp setting CID, server url and timeout - When PDP context is correctly opened, a query to NTP server is done to get current date and time - On SET_MODULE_RTC message type reception, module RTC is set with date time value got from NTP server.

m2mb_ntp_ind_callback() - As soon as M2MB_NTP_VALID_TIME event is received, current date and time is printed and a message (with SET_MODULE_RTC type) is sent to NTP_task

```
Start NTP demo application. This is v1.0 built on Apr 16 2021 09:36:12.
Waiting for registration...
Module is registered!

Activate PDP context with APN ibox.tim.it on CID 3
Context activated, IP address: 2.195.170.123
Get current time from server 0.pool.ntp.org, PORT: 123

Current time is: Friday 2021-04-16, 07:37:33

Current time correctly set on module
Module system time is: 2021-04-16, 07:37:33
```

Figure 90

3.5.24 SMS PDU

Sample application showcasing how to create and decode PDUs to be used with m2mb_sms_* API set. A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to enable SMS functionality
- How to use encode an SMS PDU to be sent with m2mb_api
- How to decode a received SMS response from PDU to ASCII mode.

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Init sms functionality
- Create PDU from text message
- Send message to destination number
- Wait for response
- When SMS PDU response is received, decode it and print information about it, plus the message content

```
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded

Sending message <How are you?>...
m2mb_sms_send() - succeeded
M2MB_SMS_SEND_RESP Callback
Send resp msg ID 10
SMS received!
SMS correctly received!

Reading SMS from memory...
m2mb_sms_read() request succeeded

--- SMS read ---
SMS tag M2MB_SMS_TAG_MT_NOT_READ
SMS format M2MB_SMS_FORMAT_3GPP
Code type: 0
Sender type: 145
Msg len: 12
Msg bytes: 11
Msg date 19/7/17 16:7:58 (timezone: 2)
Received SMS, content: <<Fine thanks >>
Sender: +[REDACTED]
```

Figure 91

3.5.25 SMS_atCmd example

Sample application showcasing how to receive an SMS containing an AT command, process the AT command and send its answer to sender (configurable in sms_config.txt). A SIM card and antenna must be present. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to receive an SMS with an AT command as text inside
- How to send AT command to parser and read the answer
- How to send the AT command answer back to sender via SMS

Optional configuration file to be put in /data/azc/mod folder, copy sms_config.txt file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/sms_config.txt",138
```

>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Init SMS functionality
- Read configuration file sms_config.txt (send SMS with AT command answer back, delete SMS received)
- Init AT command parser
- Create a task to handle SMS parsing and AT command sending
- Wait for an incoming SMS

callbacks.c

msgSMSparse()

- When SMS has been received, content is decoded and printed. If there is an AT command inside, command is executed and answer printed and sent back to sender as an SMS (depending on sms_config.txt setting)

```
yStarting SMS with AT command demo app. This is v1.0.13-C1 built on Mar 18 2021 12:42:22.
[DEBUG] 16.61 M2MB_main:135 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
m2mb_sms_init() succeeded
[DEBUG] 16.62 M2MB_main:168 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ M2MB_SMS_INCOMING_IND indication enabled
[DEBUG] 16.63 M2MB_main:179 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ M2MB_SMS_INCOMING_IND MEMORY FULL indication enabled
[DEBUG] 16.64 M2MB_main:196 - M2MB_main{M2M_DamsStart}$ Storage set to M2MB_SMS_STORAGE_SM
[DEBUG] 16.65 callbacks:114 - readConfigFromFile{M2M_DamsStart}$ Reading parameters from file
[DEBUG] 16.66 callbacks:116 - readConfigFromFile{M2M_DamsStart}$ Opening /mod/sms_config.txt in read mode..
Default: SMS with answer sending DISABLED, delete sms DISABLED
[DEBUG] 16.67 at_async:115 - at_cmd_async_init{M2M_DamsStart}$ m2mb_ati_init() on instance 0
Please send an SMS with a configuration as ("ATCMD: <atcmd>")...
```

Figure 92

3.5.26 SPI Echo

Sample application showing how to communicate over SPI with m2mb API. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to open an SPI bus. MOSI and MISO will be shorted, to have an echo.
- How to communicate over SPI bus

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Open SPI bus, set parameters
- Send data on MOSI and read the same in MISO

```
Starting SPI demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  1 2020 13:48:05.  
Transfer successful. Received: hello from spi echo
```

Figure 93

3.5.27 SW Timer (Software Timer)

The sample application shows how to use SW Timers M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to open configure a SW timer
- How to use the timer to manage recurring events

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create sw timer structure
- Configure it with 4 seconds timeout, periodic timer (auto fires when expires)
- Init the timer with the parameters
- Start the timer
- Wait 10 seconds
- Stop the timer

timerCb

- Print a message with inside the callback

```
Starting SW Timers demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 09:51:25.  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 21.41 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
timer expired!  
[DEBUG] 25.47 M2MB_main.c:59 - timerCb{pubTspt_0}$ timer handle: 0x4002b004  
stopping the timer  
Stop a running timer: success  
Application end
```

Figure 94

3.5.28 TCP IP

Sample application showcasing TCP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Send data and receive response
- Close socket
- Disable PDP context

```
Starting TCP-IP demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Mar 26 2020 16:20:30.
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_tcp_test.c:201 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_tcp_test.c:217 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_tcp_test.c:231 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.28 m2m_tcp_test.c:128 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x816B!
[DEBUG] 21.29 m2m_tcp_test.c:244 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.30 m2m_tcp_test.c:248 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.34 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:155 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:158 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 83.225.44.56
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:273 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:284 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:294 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.95 m2m_tcp_test.c:307 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 25.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:322 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 25.18 m2m_tcp_test.c:329 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Sending data over socket..
[DEBUG] 25.19 m2m_tcp_test.c:342 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data send successfully (16 bytes)
[DEBUG] 27.20 m2m_tcp_test.c:356 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ trying to receive 16 bytes..
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:364 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 27.21 m2m_tcp_test.c:373 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 27.22 m2m_tcp_test.c:385 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 27.24 m2m_tcp_test.c:388 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 29.43 m2m_tcp_test.c:164 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 95

3.5.29 TCP Socket status

Sample application showcasing how to check a TPC connected socket current status.
Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP client socket
- How to check if the TCP socket is still valid

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server
- Check in a loop the current socket status using the `adv_select` function with a 2 seconds timeout
- Close socket when the remote host closes it
- Disable PDP context

```

Starting TCP socket status check demo app. This is v1.0.14-C1 built on Sep  8 2020 14:59:25.
[DEBUG] 21.33 m2m_tcp_tes:324 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 21.34 m2m_tcp_tes:338 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 21.34 m2m_tcp_tes:344 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 21.35 m2m_tcp_tes:352 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.36 m2m_tcp_tes:365 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 21.37 m2m_tcp_tes:369 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 23.41 m2m_tcp_tes:384 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN NXT17.NET....
[DEBUG] 24.09 m2m_tcp_tes:281 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.10 m2m_tcp_tes:284 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 100.77.5.223
[DEBUG] 24.10 m2m_tcp_tes:394 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_tcp_tes:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_tcp_tes:415 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.60 m2m_tcp_tes:428 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 24.93 m2m_tcp_tes:443 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 26.98 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 29.03 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
...
[DEBUG] 82.18 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 84.23 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 86.28 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 88.31 m2m_tcp_tes:461 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Socket does not have any event, try again...
[DEBUG] 88.90 m2m_tcp_tes:154 - adv_select{TCP_TASK}$ Data is available on socket <0x40032b3c>
[DEBUG] 88.92 m2m_tcp_tes:160 - adv_select{TCP_TASK}$ There are <0> pending bytes on socket
Socket was closed by remote!
[DEBUG] 88.92 m2m_tcp_tes:494 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 88.94 m2m_tcp_tes:506 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 88.94 m2m_tcp_tes:509 - M2M_msgTCPTask{TCP_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 89.31 m2m_tcp_tes:290 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!

```

Figure 96

3.5.30 TCP Server

Sample application showcasing TCP listening socket demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a TCP listening socket
- How to manage external hosts connection and exchange data

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task to manage socket and start it

m2m_tcp_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and set it in non-blocking mode
- Bind the socket to the listening port
- Start listening for incoming connection
- Check if a connection is incoming using m2mb_socket_bsd_select function
- If a client connects, perform accept on the child socket
- Send a "START" message to the client
- Send some data
- Wait for data from client and print it
- Close the child socket
- Start listening again, up to 3 times
- Close listening socket
- Disable PDP context

Debug Log


```

Starting TCP Server demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 7 2020 13:28:24.
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:220 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ INIT
[DEBUG] 14.55 m2m_tcp_test.c:236 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:242 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 14.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:250 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 14.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:138 - NetCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Module is registered to cell 0x5222!
[DEBUG] 14.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:263 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 14.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:267 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 16.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:282 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Activate PDP with APN ibox.tim.it...
[DEBUG] 17.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:165 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 17.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:168 - PdpCallback(pubTspt_0)$ IP address: 2.195.165.137

-----
| Start TCP server |
|-----|

[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:301 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 19.15 m2m_tcp_test.c:312 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 19.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:313 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ m2mb_socket_bsd_socket(): valid socket ID [0x4002E79C] - PASS
[DEBUG] 20.16 m2m_tcp_test.c:319 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ issuing m2m_socket_bsd_ioctl() to set non-blocking mode ...
[DEBUG] 20.17 m2m_tcp_test.c:331 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Binding Socket...
[DEBUG] 22.12 m2m_tcp_test.c:343 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Bind Pass

Start TCP listening on port 6500...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 0
[DEBUG] 28.13 m2m_tcp_test.c:368 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ select...
Select result: 1

TCP Server Coming Connection
--> Accept
[DEBUG] 30.52 m2m_tcp_test.c:397 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Socket Accept Pass

Connected! (socket dial n.1)

[DEBUG] 30.53 m2m_tcp_test.c:403 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Source Address: 185.86.42.254
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:404 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Port: 58658
[DEBUG] 30.54 m2m_tcp_test.c:405 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ Client Family: 2
[DEBUG] 31.56 m2m_tcp_test.c:410 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$

-----
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:411 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ | Send/receive data test |
[DEBUG] 31.57 m2m_tcp_test.c:412 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ -----

[DEBUG] 32.58 m2m_tcp_test.c:416 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit "START" packet...
[DEBUG] 32.59 m2m_tcp_test.c:423 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (11 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:425 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:430 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
--> issuing m2mb_socket_bsd_send(): transmit 58 bytes...
[DEBUG] 32.62 m2m_tcp_test.c:437 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ --> done (58 have been transmitted)
[DEBUG] 32.63 m2m_tcp_test.c:440 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ ALL data transmitted - PASS
[DEBUG] 32.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:448 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Waiting for data...

[DEBUG] 39.64 m2m_tcp_test.c:457 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$ test
[DEBUG] 99.61 m2m_tcp_test.c:465 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
m2mb_socket_bsd_recv() has received 6 bytes

[DEBUG] 102.60 m2m_tcp_test.c:469 - M2M_msgTCPTask(TCP_TASK)$
Server TCP is closing the current connection ...

```

Figure 97

Data on a PuTTY terminal

```
START  
aaaaaaaaaa-bbbbbbbbbb-ccccccccc-ddddddddd-eeeeeeeeee  
test  
█
```

Figure 98

3.5.31 TLS SSL Client

Sample application showcasing TLS/SSL with client certificates usage with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and enable PDP context
- How to open a SSL client socket
- How to communicate over SSL socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Create a task to manage the connection and start it

ssl_test.c

- Initialize Network structure and check registration
- Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context
- Create socket and link it to the PDP context id
- Connect to the server over TCP socket
- Initialize the TLS parameters (TLS1.2) andh auth mode (server+client auth in the example)
- Create SSL context
- Read certificates files and store them
- Create secure socket and connect to the server using SSL
- Send data and receive response
- Close secure socket
- Close socket
- Delete SSL context
- Disable PDP context

The application requires the certificates to be stored in /data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/ folder. It can be created with

```
AT#M2MMKDIR=/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs
```

Certificates can then be loaded with

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesCA.crt",1740
```

and providing the file content in RAW mode (for example using the “Transfer Data” button in Telit AT Controller)

For client certificates (if required), the commands will be

AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesClient.crt",1651

AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/ssl_certs/data/azc/modulesClient_pkcs1.key",1679

PLEASE NOTE: always verify the file sizes to be used in the commands above as they might change

```
Starting TLS-SSL demo app. This is v1.1.2 built on Mar  3 2021 10:15:00.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:252 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ INIT
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:266 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_os_ev_init success
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:270 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Init SSL session test app
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:285 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config sslConfigHnd1 = 0x40037958, sslRes= 0
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:294 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_config PASSED
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:306 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_create_ctxt PASSED
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:311 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading CA CERT from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesCA.crt
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:315 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1740
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:328 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1740
Buffer successfully received from file. 1740 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:361 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading client CERT from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesClient.crt
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:365 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1651
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:378 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1651
Buffer successfully received from file. 1651 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:401 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ loading client KEY from file /mod/ssl_certs/modulesClient_pkcs1.key
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:405 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ file size: 1679
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:418 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Reading content from file. Size: 1679
Buffer successfully received from file. 1679 bytes were loaded.
Closing file.
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:448 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ certificates successfully stored!
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:457 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 10.85 ssl_test:465 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:171 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0x468E!
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:477 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Pdp context activation
[DEBUG] 10.86 ssl_test:481 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
[DEBUG] 12.87 ssl_test:496 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it....
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:197 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:200 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 2.41.76.63
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:514 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:525 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket created
[DEBUG] 13.71 ssl_test:535 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 13.92 ssl_test:548 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
[DEBUG] 14.05 ssl_test:562 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Socket Connected!
[DEBUG] 15.97 ssl_test:587 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_ssl_connect ret 0
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:593 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
```

```
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:593 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Sending bytes..
[DEBUG] 17.99 ssl_test:596 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ SSL write result = 44
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:608 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 1087
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:612 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive 1087 bytes..
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:618 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (269)<HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Wed, 03 Mar 2021 09:18:22 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
Last-Modified: Mon, 22 Jan 2018 10:57:39 GMT
ETag: "1fffc-27f-5635b4c6f12b3"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 639
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
>
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:634 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ pending bytes: 762
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:638 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ trying to receive remaining 762 bytes..
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:644 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Server response: (639)<<html>
<head>
  <title>module.telit.com</title>
  <meta content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
</head>
<body>
  <table border=0 align=center>
    <tr>
      <td height="100" align=center><h2>modules.telit.com - Test HTML page</h2></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td align=center><img src=Telit.jpg alt="Telit logo" height="126" width="410"></img></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td height="200" align=center> This is a simple HTML page, </br>
      made with simple HTML code,</br>
      just for test!
    </td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td height="100" align=center><font size="3">Telit &copy; 2015 - 2017 All rights reserved</font></td>
    </tr>
  </table>
</body>
</html>
>
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:662 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ application exit
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:680 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
[DEBUG] 22.03 ssl_test:683 - msgHTTPSTask{TLS_TASK}$ Application complete.
[DEBUG] 22.77 ssl_test:206 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context deactivated!
```

3.5.32 UDP client

Sample application showcasing UDP echo demo with M2MB API. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to check module registration and activate PDP context
- How to open a UDP client socket
- How to communicate over the socket

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Print welcome message
- Create a task and start it

m2m_udp_test.c - Initialize Network structure and check registration - Initialize PDP structure and start PDP context - Create socket and link it to the PDP context id - Send data and receive response - Close socket - Disable PDP context

```
Starting UDP Client demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr 1 2020 14:57:13.
INIT
[DEBUG] 21.23 m2m_udp_test.c:223 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_net_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Waiting for registration...
[DEBUG] 21.25 m2m_udp_test.c:131 - NetCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Module is registered to cell 0xC4CF1
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:241 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Pdp context initialization
[DEBUG] 21.26 m2m_udp_test.c:245 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_init returned M2MB_RESULT_SUCCESS
Activate PDP with APN web.omnitel.it...
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:157 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context activated!
[DEBUG] 24.11 m2m_udp_test.c:160 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ IP address: 109.113.222.12
[DEBUG] 24.12 m2m_udp_test.c:268 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Creating Socket...
[DEBUG] 24.13 m2m_udp_test.c:280 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Socket created
Socket ctx set to 3
[DEBUG] 24.41 m2m_udp_test.c:306 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ Retrieved IP: 185.86.42.218
Socket ready.
Data successfully sent (16 bytes)
Socket rcv...
[DEBUG] 26.47 m2m_udp_test.c:352 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_socket_bsd_set_sock_opt() M2MB_SOCKET_BSD_SO_RCVTIMEO - success
trying to receive 16 bytes..
Data received (16): <hello from m2mb!>
[DEBUG] 26.48 m2m_udp_test.c:377 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ application exit
Socket Closed
[DEBUG] 26.49 m2m_udp_test.c:399 - M2M_msgUDPTask{UDP_TASK}$ m2mb_pdp_deactivate returned success
Application complete.
[DEBUG] 27.04 m2m_udp_test.c:166 - PdpCallback{pubTspt_0}$ Context successfully deactivated!
```

Figure 99

3.5.33 ZLIB example

Sample application showing how to compress/uncompress with ZLIB. Debug prints on **USB0**

Features

- How to compress a file
- How to uncompress a file

In order to execute the entire test, copy test.gz file into your module running the following AT command:

```
AT#M2MWRITE="/data/azc/mod/test.gz",138
```

>>> here receive the prompt; then type or send the file, sized 138 bytes

Application workflow

M2MB_main.c

- Open USB/UART/UART_AUX
- Test the compression and decompression of a data string
- Test the decompression of a .gz file (test.gz), expected to be in /data/azc/mod folder, into its content test.txt. The file must be uploaded by the user (see steps above).

```
Starting Logging demo app. This is v1.0.7 built on Apr  7 2020 09:02:35.
Starting TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR.
len: 138; comprLen: 57
Compressed message:
W+EHU(,ILIVH^E/ISHE`PE*I-HMQE/K-R(Ë Êç$VU*#ašê y4RI«¥1.
comprLen: 57; uncomprLen: 138
uncompress():
the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog. the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog.
Ending TEST_COMPR_UNCOMPR with SUCCESS.
Starting test_uncompress.
Data extracted correctly into the file ./mod/test.txt
test_uncompress finished correctly!
```

Figure 100

4 Installing beta version libraries Plug-in

4.1 New beta plug-in installation

To install a new plug-in for a beta firmware into the IDE, first receive plug-in “.zip” packet, then unzip the file in a local folder and open the SDK IDE.

PLEASE DO NOT USE BETA PLUGINS FOR PRODUCTION DEPLOYMENTS, SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED AS IS AND CUSTOMER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT IS POSSIBLE THE DEVICE MAY MISFUNCTION. PLEASE REFER TO Contact Information, Support section

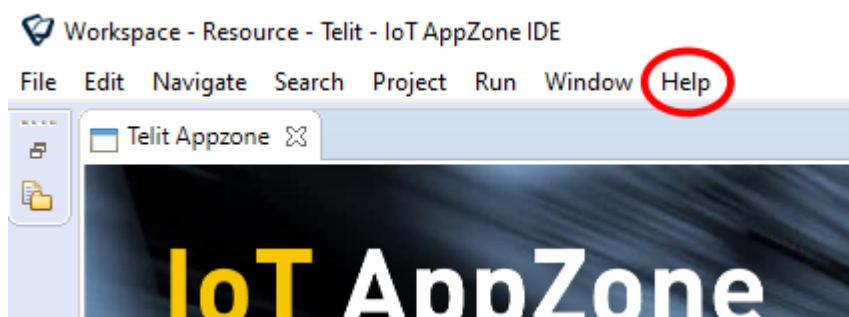
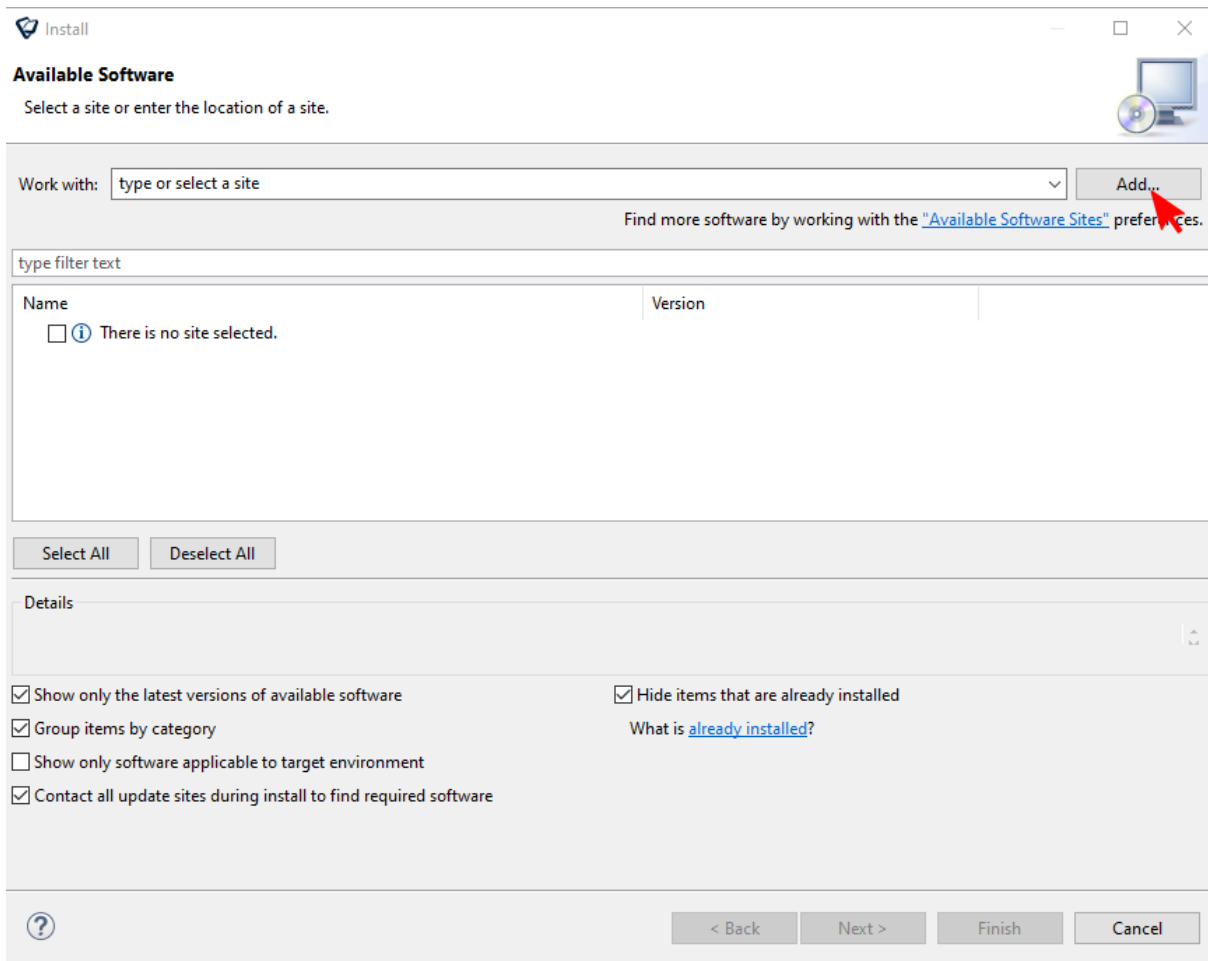
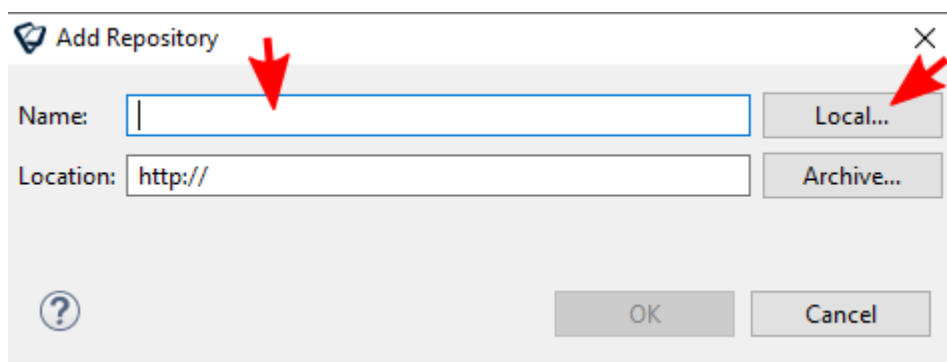


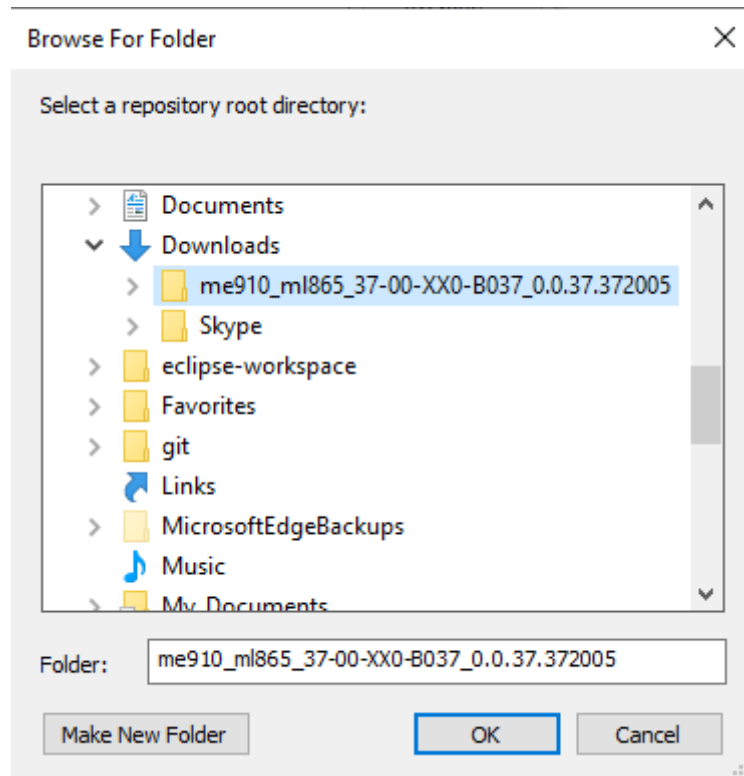
Figure 101

Click on “Help” tag and choose “Install New Software...”. This window will appear:

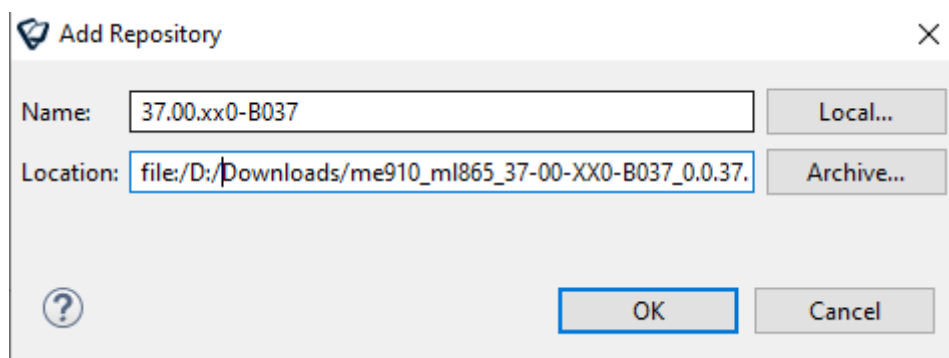
**Figure 102**

Click on "Add..." button and then in the following window click on "Local..." to select the unzipped folder with the plug-in content.

**Figure 103**

**Figure 104**

Once selected the plug-in folder, the “Location:” form will present the selected path. Now in “Name:” write a name for the new libraries (for example 37.00.xx0_B037) and click on “OK” button.

**Figure 105**

The new packet is now ready to be installed: select it and click on “Next >” button until “Review Licenses” window will appear.

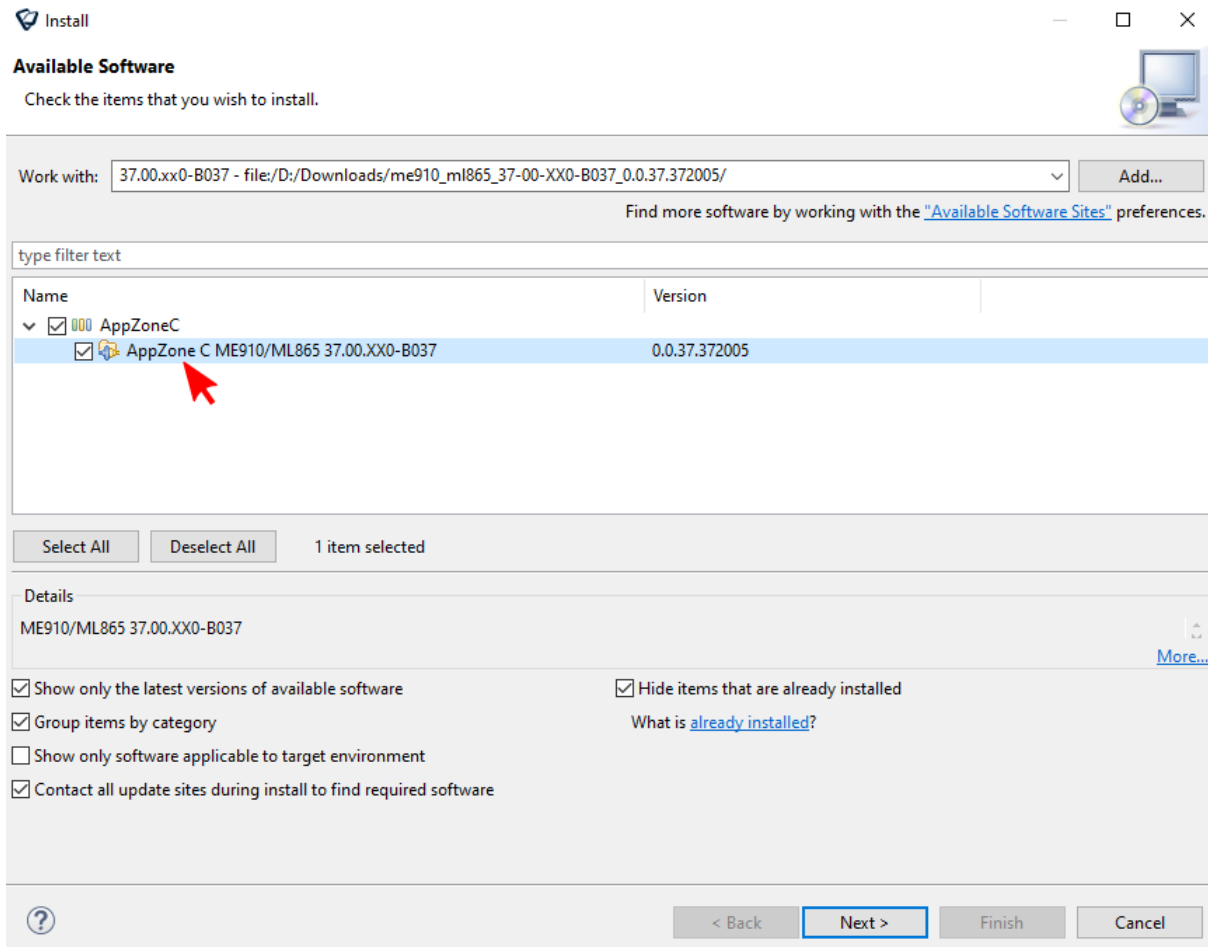


Figure 106

Accept the licenses when required and click on "Finish" button to complete the installation.

4.2 Change existing project libraries

To align an old project to the new libraries, right click on the project and choose "Properties".

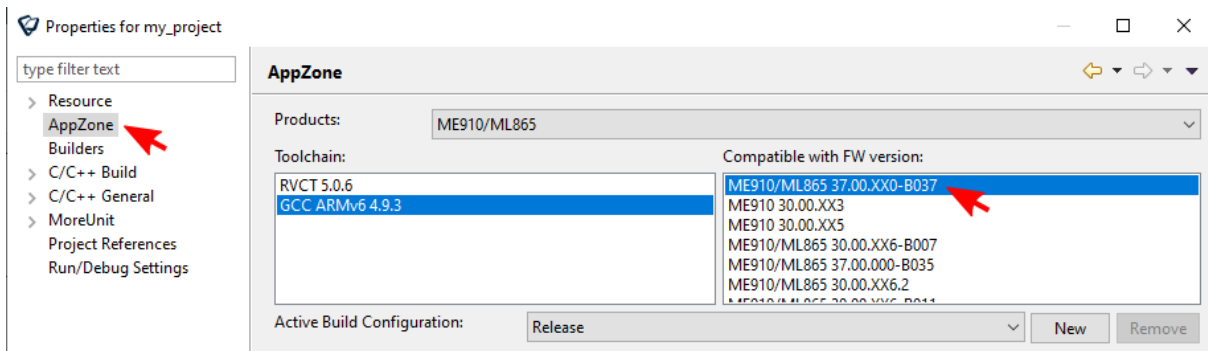


Figure 107

Now select “AppZone” on the left side of the window, and on the right choose the packet with the same name as the firmware version to be used. Then click on “OK” (or “Apply”) button.

4.3 Create a project with the new plug-in

To use the new libraries, create a new project: “File”-> “New” -> “Telit Project”

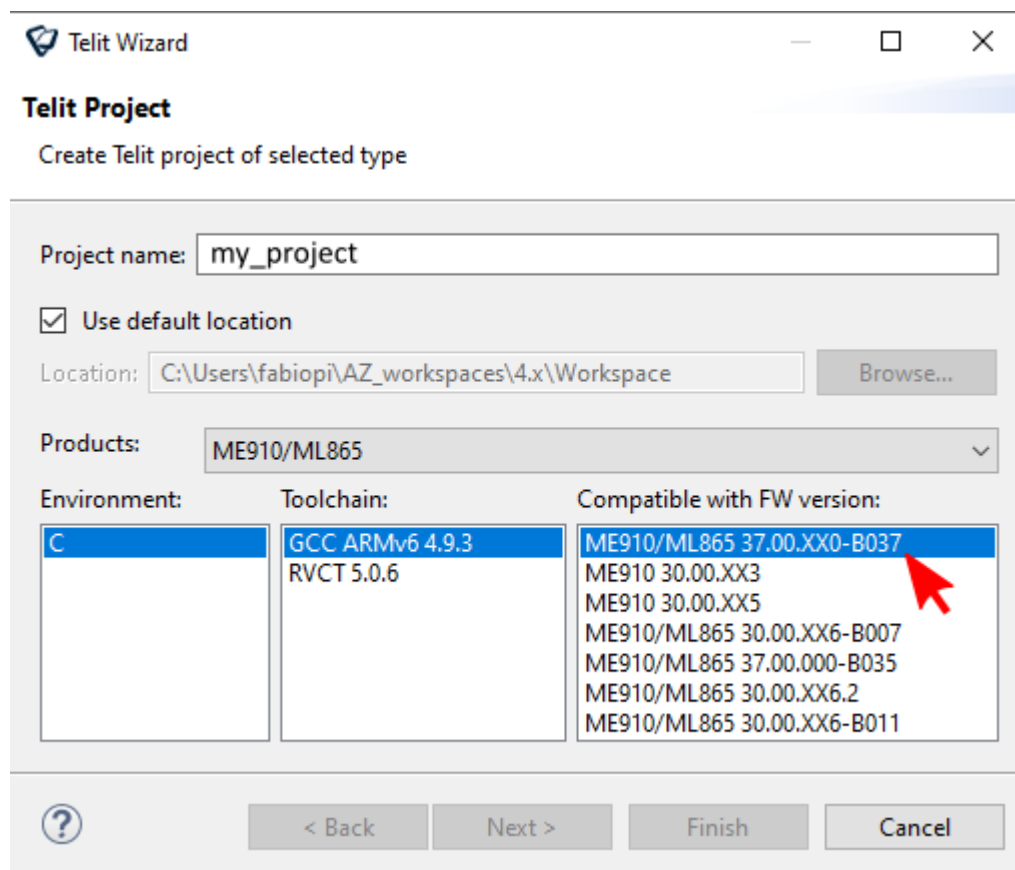


Figure 108

Select the new firmware version (37.00.xx0-B037) and create an empty project.



SUPPORT INQUIRIES

Link to www.telit.com and contact our technical support team for any questions related to technical issues.

www.telit.com



Telit Communications S.p.A.
Via Stazione di Prosecco, 5/B
I-34010 Sgonico (Trieste), Italy

Telit Wireless Solutions Inc.
3131 RDU Center Drive, Suite 135
Morrisville, NC 27560, USA

Telit Wireless Solutions Ltd.
10 Habarzel St.
Tel Aviv 69710, Israel

Telit IoT Platforms LLC
5300 Broken Sound Blvd, Suite 150
Boca Raton, FL 33487, USA

Telit Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd.
8th Fl., Shinyoung Securities Bld.
6, Gukjegeumyung-ro8-gil, Yeongdeungpo-gu
Seoul, 150-884, Korea

Telit Wireless Solutions
Tecnologia e Servicos Ltda
Avenida Paulista, 1776, Room 10.C
01310-921 São Paulo, Brazil

Telit reserves all rights to this document and the information contained herein. Products, names, logos and designs described herein may in whole or in part be subject to intellectual property rights. The information contained herein is provided "as is". No warranty of any kind, either express or implied, is made in relation to the accuracy, reliability, fitness for a particular purpose or content of this document. This document may be revised by Telit at any time. For most recent documents, please visit www.telit.com

Copyright © 2016, Telit