

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split,
cross_val_score
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error,
mean_absolute_error
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from xgboost import XGBRegressor
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
```

1. Load Dataset

You can download it from: <https://www.kaggle.com/competitions/house-prices-advanced-regression-techniques>

```
df = pd.read_csv('train.csv') # Ensure 'train.csv' is in your working
directory
```

2. Feature Selection (simplified for demonstration)

```
y = df['SalePrice']
X = df.drop(['SalePrice', 'Id'], axis=1)
```

3. Identify numeric and categorical columns

```
numeric_features = X.select_dtypes(include=['int64',
'float64']).columns
categorical_features = X.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
```

4. Preprocessing Pipelines

```
numeric_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='median')),
    ('scaler', StandardScaler())
])
```

```
categorical_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
```

```
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='most_frequent')),  
    ('encoder', OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore'))  
])
```

```
preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[  
    ('num', numeric_transformer, numeric_features),  
    ('cat', categorical_transformer, categorical_features)  
])
```

5. Split the data

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,  
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

6. Create and Train Models

Random Forest Pipeline

```
rf_pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[  
    ('preprocessor', preprocessor),  
    ('regressor', RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100,  
random_state=42))  
])
```

XGBoost Pipeline

```
xgb_pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[  
    ('preprocessor', preprocessor),  
    ('regressor', XGBRegressor(n_estimators=100, learning_rate=0.1,  
random_state=42))  
])
```

Fit models

```
rf_pipeline.fit(X_train, y_train)  
xgb_pipeline.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

Predict

```
rf_preds = rf_pipeline.predict(X_test)  
xgb_preds = xgb_pipeline.predict(X_test)
```

7. Evaluate Models

```
def evaluate_model(y_true, y_pred, model_name):  
    rmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_true, y_pred))  
    mae = mean_absolute_error(y_true, y_pred)  
    print(f"{model_name} Evaluation:")  
    print(f"RMSE: {rmse:.2f}")  
    print(f"MAE: {mae:.2f}")  
    print("-" * 30)
```

```
evaluate_model(y_test, rf_preds, "Random Forest")  
evaluate_model(y_test, xgb_preds, "XGBoost")
```