

Orchestration and Automation: The Big Picture

AUTOMATION: WHAT IT IS AND WHY YOU SHOULD
INVEST IN IT



Josh Duffney

DEVOPS ENGINEER

@joshduffney <http://duffney.io/>



Intended Audience



Developers



IT Operations



IT Managers

Storyline



Quinn
Systems Administrator

Problems

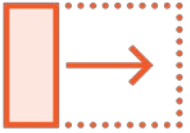
- Overworked
- Understaffed
- Backlogged
- Lots of manual repetitive work

Strengths

- Willingness to learn
- Passionate about technology



Reasons for Learning About Automation



Automate routine manual tasks



Free up time & reduce workload



Unblock backlogged work

What Is Automation?

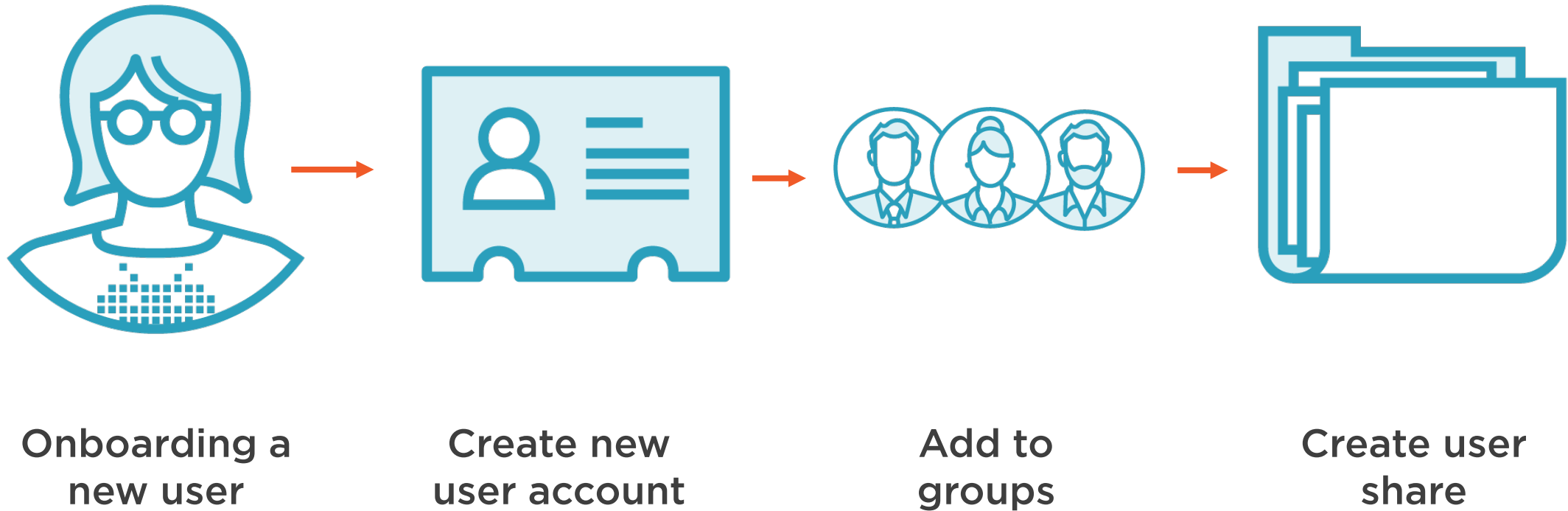


Automation

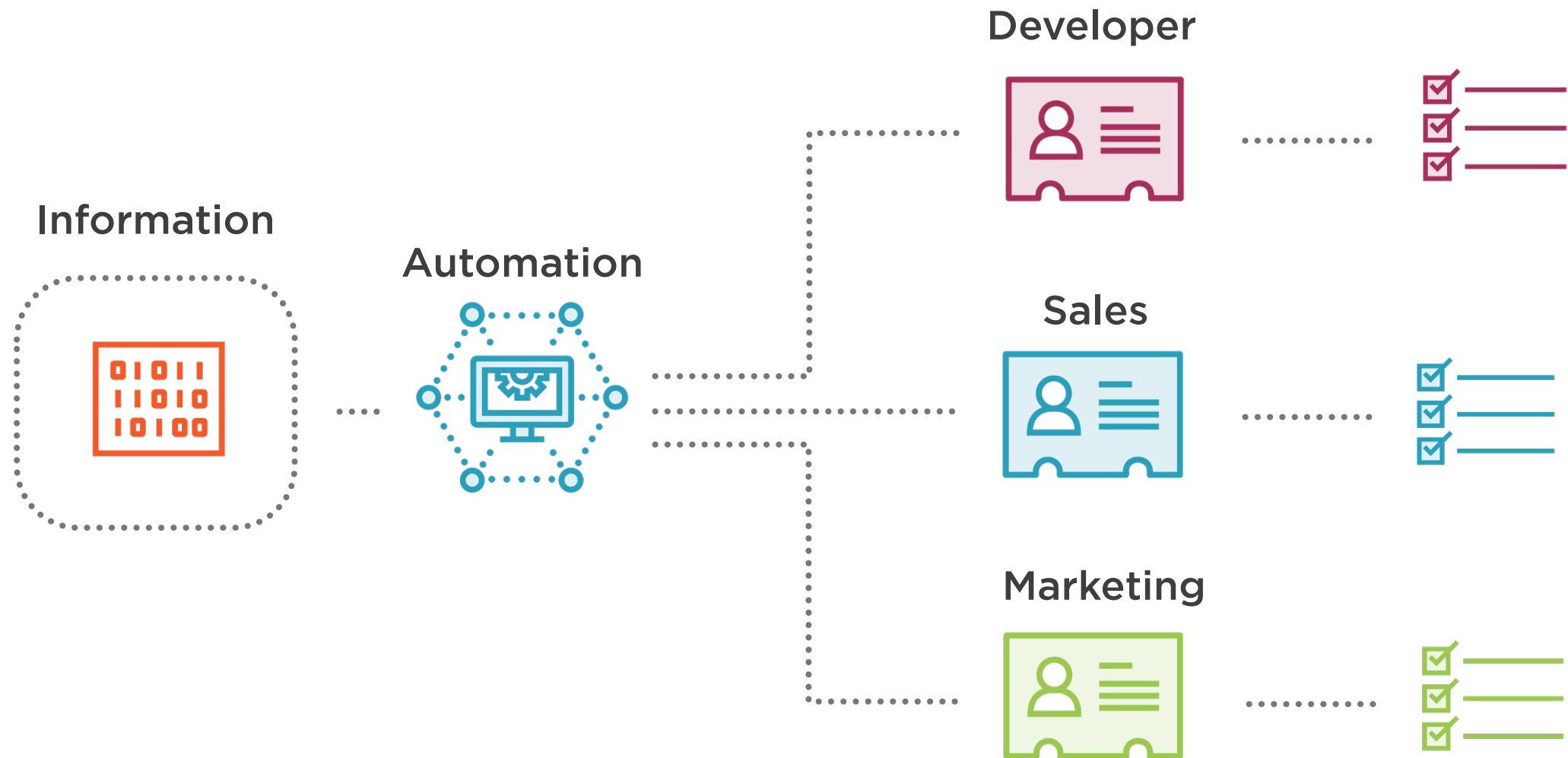
Is the technique, method, or system of operating or controlling a process by highly automatic means, reducing human intervention to a minimum



The Case for Automation



What Automation Looks Like



A Closer Look at Automation

(1) Inputs [New User Information]

(2) Trigger Automation

(3) Evaluate Inputs

(1) If Developer do X

(2) If Sales do Y

(3) If Marketing do Z

(4) Execute X, Y, or Z Tasks



Types of Automation



Manual



Scheduled



Event



Self-Service

Summary



Reasons for automation

- Reduce manual effort
- Free up your time
- Focus on more important things

What automation is

- Reducing human intervention

What automation looks like

Different types of automation

- Manual, scheduled, events, self-service



Discovering the Benefits of Automation



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Storyline



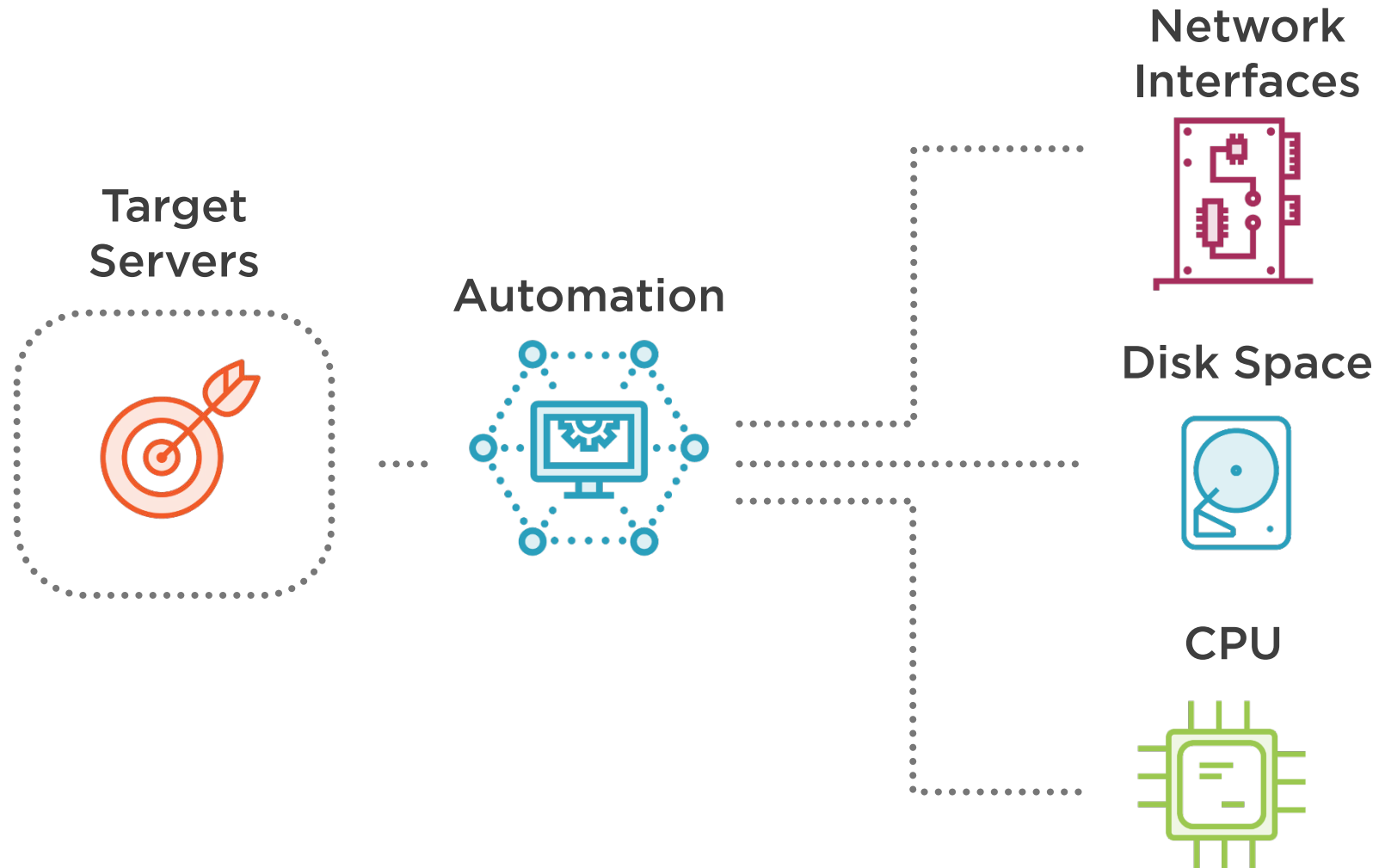
Quinn
Systems Administrator

Progress

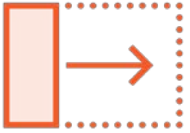
- Gather system information from servers
- Scheduled updates and restarts of servers
- Low diskspace remediation
- Software install requests



Gather System Information from Servers



Benefits of Automation



Reduced time to complete request



Less effort required when gathering additional information



Repeatable

Scheduled Updates and Restarts



Scheduled
automation



Run updates

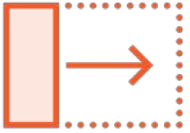


Reboot server
after updates



Verify server is
online

Benefits of Automation



Improved process



Consistency



Reliable



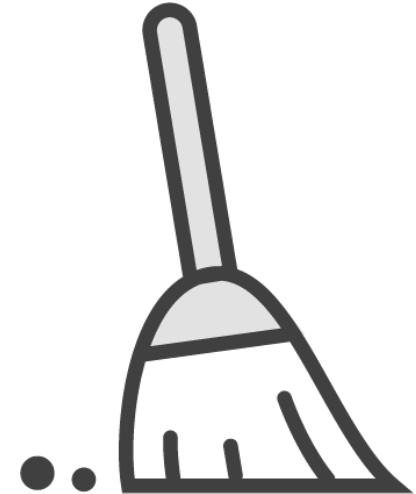
Remediate Low Diskspace



Search logs

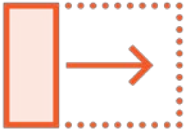


Low diskspace
detected



Run cleanup
automation

Benefits of Automation



Proactive vs. reactive



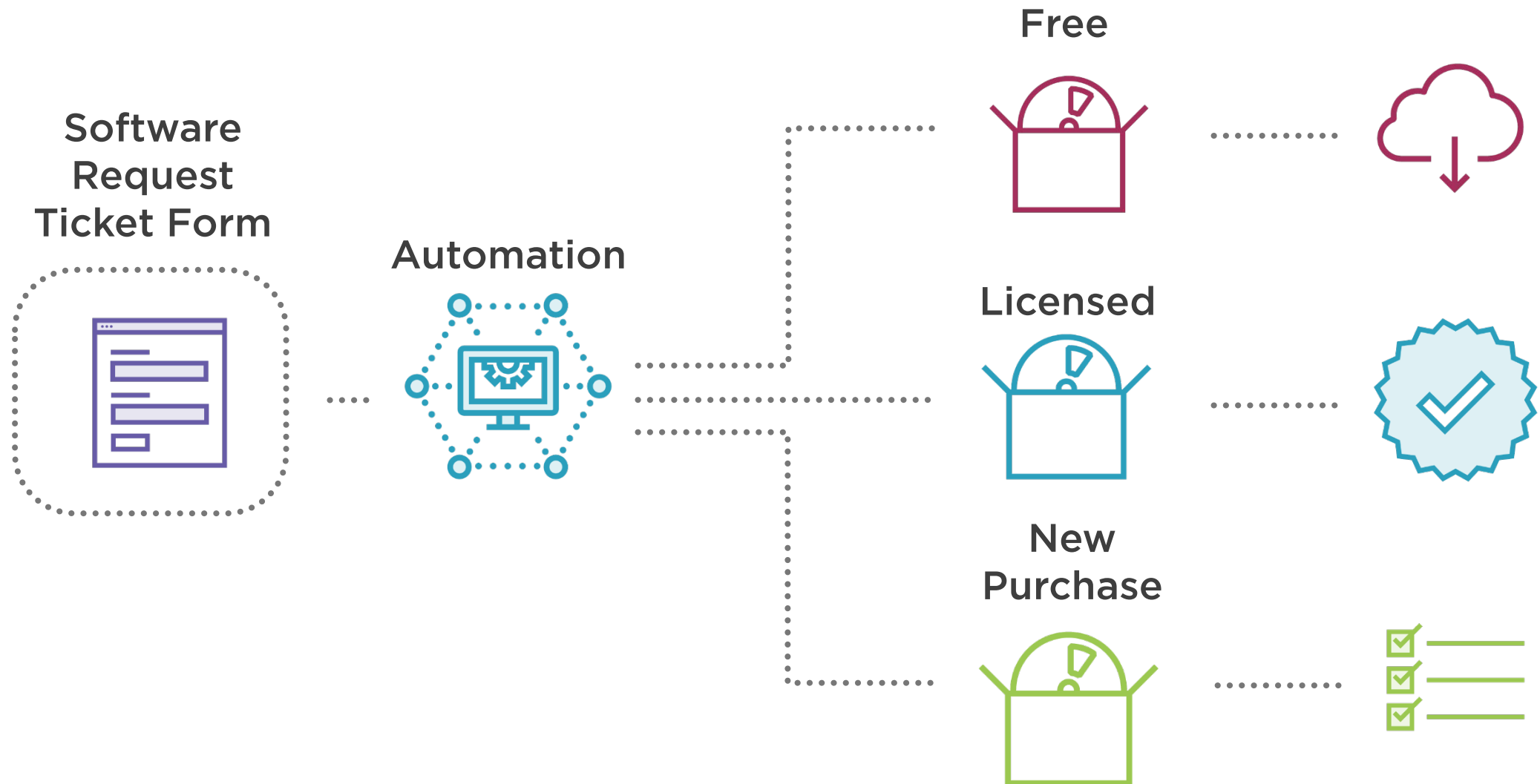
Improved confidence



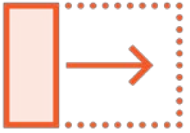
Less context switching



Software Requests



Benefits of Automation



Faster completion of requests



Happier end users



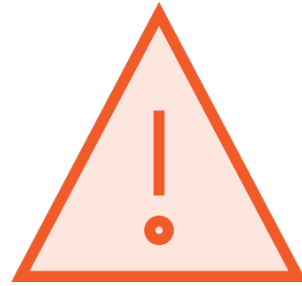
Reduced effort and time saved



Individual Benefits of Automation



Increased speed



Reduce errors



Repeatable



Shareable



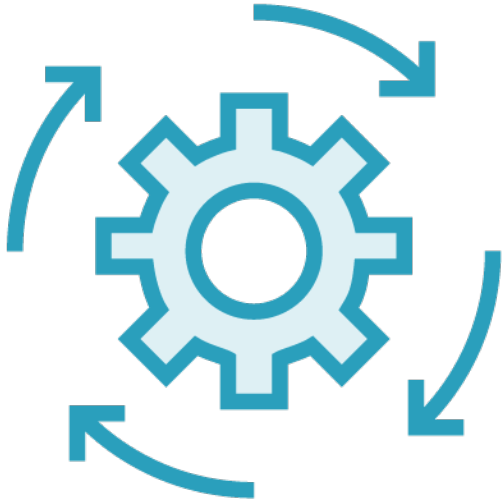
Documented



Fun



Organizational Benefits of Automation



Operational Efficiency



Quality



Reduced Cost

Summary



Examples of Automation

Individual Benefits of Automation

- Increased Speed
- Reduced Effort and Errors
- Repeatable and Reliable
- Shareable
- Documented
- Fun

Organizational Benefits of Automation

- Increased Operational Efficiency
- Improved Quality
- Reduced Cost



Managing Automation with Orchestration



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DEVOPS ENGINEER

@joshduffney <http://duffney.io/>



Storyline



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Systems Administrator

Problem

Unmanageable automation

- What runs where?
- Who ran what?
- When did it run?

Uncoordinated automation

- How do you connect automation?

Solution

- Implement orchestration

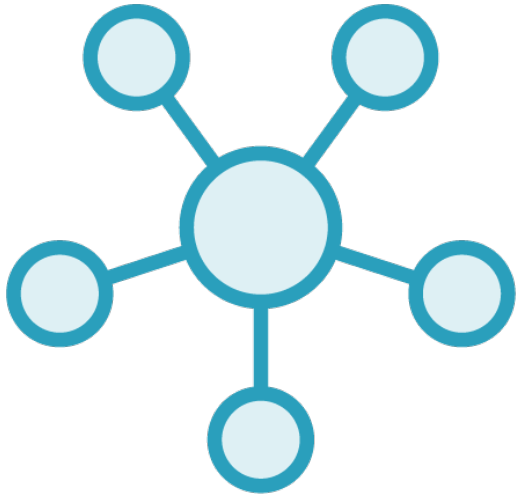


Orchestration

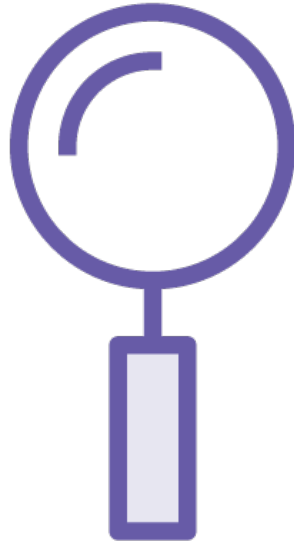
Describes the arranging and coordinating of automated tasks.



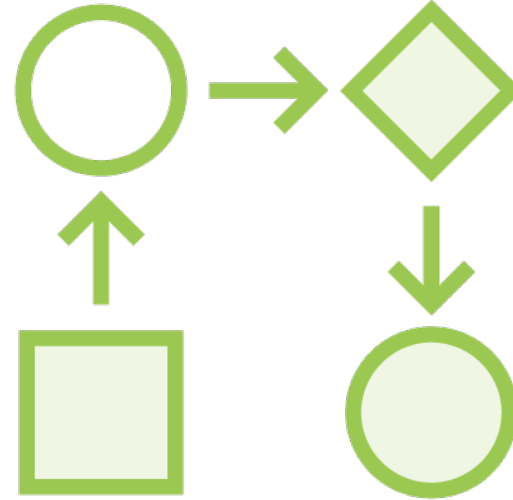
Why Orchestration?



Centralized
management



Auditing



Enhanced
workflow



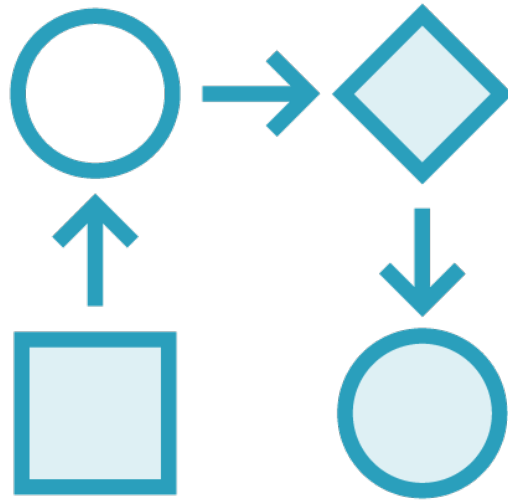
Self-service
portal



How Does Orchestration Work?



Runbooks



Workflows

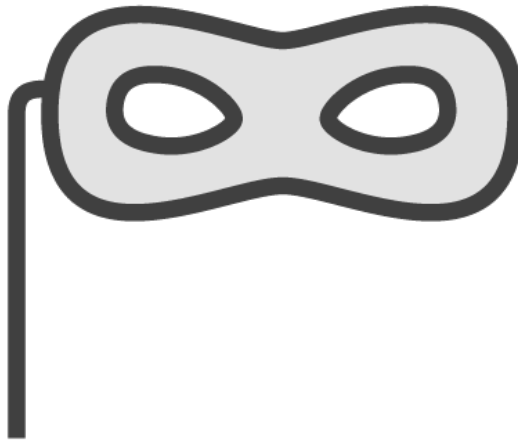


Pipelines

Workflow



Copy production
databases to staging



Mask databases



Refresh QA
databases



Runbook



Detach existing
databases



Copy masked
databases



Attach masked
databases

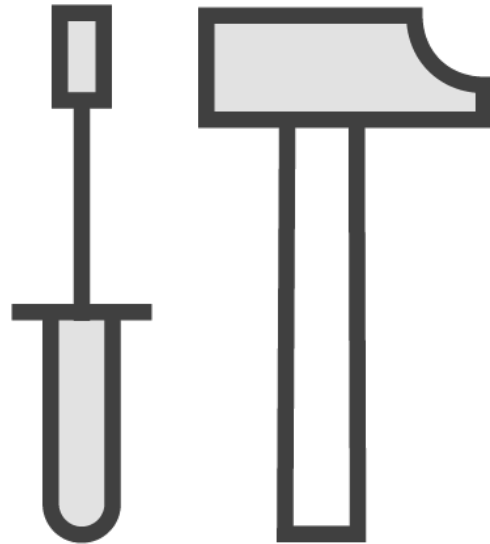


Cleanup
databases and
logs

Pipeline



Source code



Build



Test



Release



Summary



Introduced orchestration

Benefits of orchestration

- Centralized management
- Auditing
- Enhanced workflows

How orchestration works

- Workflows
- Runbooks
- Pipelines



Types of Orchestration



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Storyline



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Problem

- What type of orchestration to use?

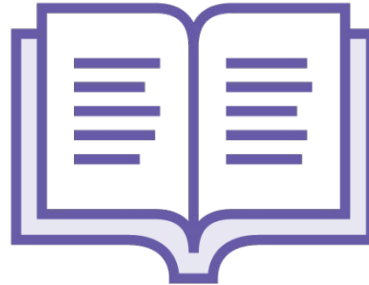
Questions

- What types are there?
- How do they work?

Types of Orchestration



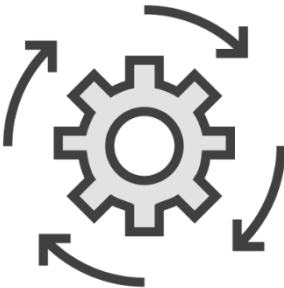
Operating system task
schedulers



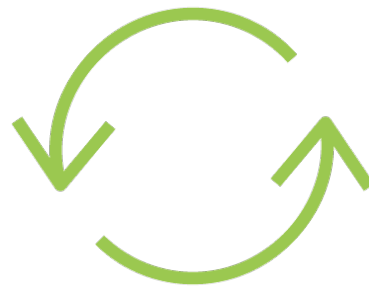
Runbook orchestration



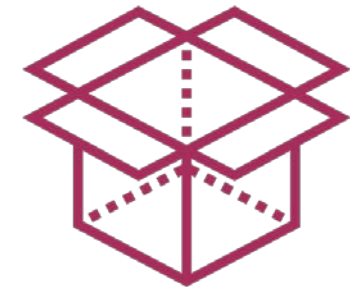
Cloud-based
automation



Configuration
management



Continuous
integration

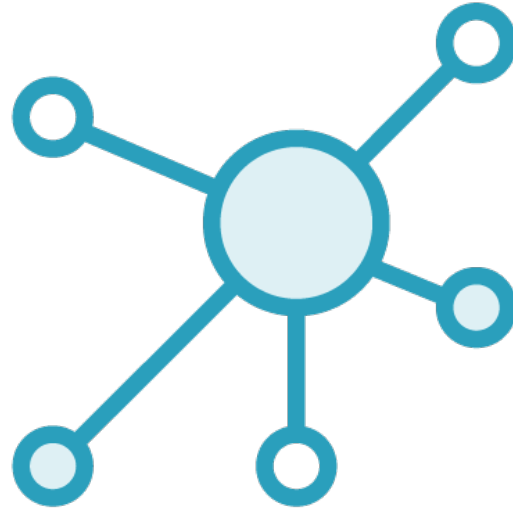


Continuous
deployment

Orchestration Communication Methods



Locally



Remoting
protocol



Agent



Service

Operating System Task Scheduler

Is a built in service that allows you to perform automated tasks on a chosen computer



Operating System Task Schedulers



Triggers

- Scheduled time
 - Hourly, daily, weekly, monthly
- Events

Actions

- Run a specified program, script, or automation

Communication method

- Local

Runbook Orchestration

A workflow management system that allows you to coordinate, deploy, and monitor automation



Runbook Orchestration



Requires

- Management server
- Runbook runners
- Database

Web portal or graphical interface

- Creating, edit, monitoring and auditing workflows and runbooks

Communication method

- Agent

Cloud-based Automation

Provides end-to-end automation workflows that coordinate lower-level automation through an API and/or a web portal for cloud resources



Cloud-based Automation



Provided as a service

- API
- Web portal

Manages and coordinates

- Cloud runbooks
- Cloud workflows
- Lower-level automation tasks
- Cloud resources

Communication method

- Cloud service

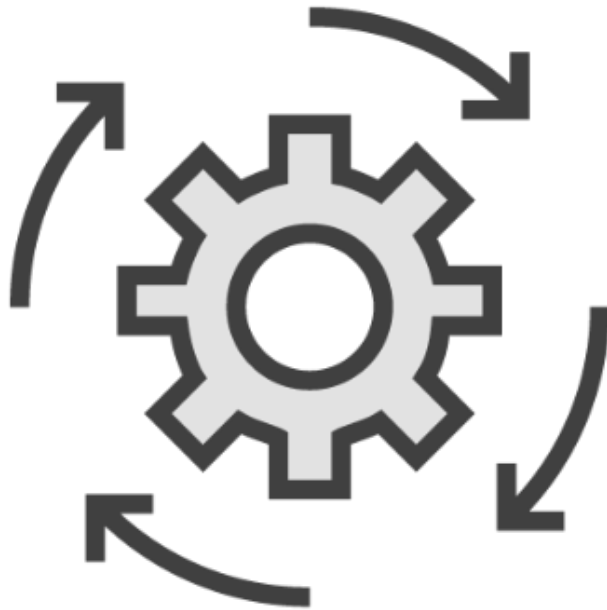


Configuration Management Tools

Provides the ability to manage system state changes and provisioning of infrastructure through automation



Configuration Management Tools



Requires

- Central server
- Agents or remote protocol

Declarative infrastructure

- DSL (Domain Specific Language)

Communication method

- Agent or remoting protocol

Continuous Integration Tools

Automates software development build processes that are triggered by code changes to central code repositories



Continuous Integration Tools



Requires

- Continuous integration server
- Database
- Build agents

Provides automation

- Software build process
- Testing

Communication method

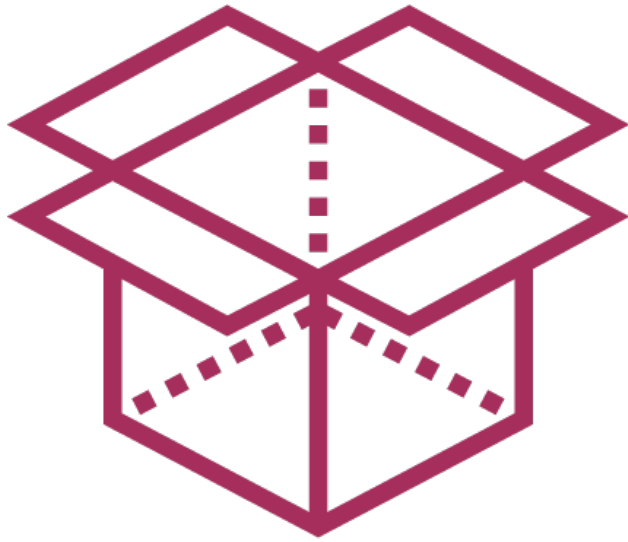
- Agent

Continuous Deployment Tools

Are designed for automating the deployment of software releases



Continuous Deployment Tools



Requires

- Continuous deployment server(s)
- Database
- Agents

Provides automation

- Deployment of software across different environments

Communication method

- Agent

Summary



Types of orchestration

- Built-in, runbook platforms, cloud-based, pipeline tools

How the different types of orchestration work

Orchestration communication methods

- Local
- Remoting protocol
- Agent
- Cloud service

