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# Iron Shield Real Time Defense System Using Neural Network

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# PROBLEM STATEMENT

## Problem Background

- Missile defense systems must decide very quickly
- Decision needed:
  - I)Intercept the missile OR Ignore it
- A wrong decision can:
  - I) Waste defense missiles
  - II)Or fail to protect people and important places

## Existing Problem

- Current systems mostly use:
  - I)Fixed rules
  - II) Pre-programmed logic
- These systems:
  - I)Cannot handle new or noisy trajectories
  - II)Give false alarms
  - III)Are slow or heavy for real-time use
- They are not intelligent or adaptive

# TECH STACK USED

- ◆ Programming & Tools
  - Python
  - NumPy, Pandas
  - Matplotlib (trajectory visualization)
- ◆ Machine Learning
  - TensorFlow / Keras
  - Feedforward Neural Network (FNN)
  - Keras Tuner (hyperparameter optimization)
  - Scikit-learn (scaling & evaluation)
- ◆ Physics Modeling
  - Kinematic equations
  - Gravity-based trajectory simulation
  - Gaussian noise for realism
- ◆ Deployment
  - TensorFlow Lite (TFLite)
  - Edge / real-time inference (Streamlit)

# DATASET INFORMATION

- A synthetic dataset was generated to simulate missile trajectories.
- Two classes: Intercept (1) and Ignore (0), with a balanced 50:50 split.
- Total dataset size: 20,000 samples.
- Each sample has 6 input features: initial position ( $x_0, y_0, z_0$  in km) and initial velocity ( $v_x, v_y, v_z$  in km/s).
- Trajectories modeled with gravity ( $g = 0.0098 \text{ km/s}^2$ ) and Gaussian noise ( $\sigma = 0.1\text{--}0.5 \text{ km}$ ).
- Position equations:
  - $x(t) = x_0 + v_x \cdot t + \text{noise}$
  - $y(t) = y_0 + v_y \cdot t + \text{noise}$
  - $z(t) = z_0 + v_z \cdot t - \frac{1}{2} \cdot g \cdot t^2 + \text{noise}$
- This dataset provides a realistic yet controlled environment for training the model.
- Trajectories within 10 km defense zone → Intercept (1), else Ignore (0).
- Dataset balanced to prevent bias.
- Features scaled before training.
- Data split: 70% train, 20% validation, 10% test.
- Physics-based dataset ensures reliable training.
- Future work: testing with real missile data (DRDO).

# PROPOSED WORK

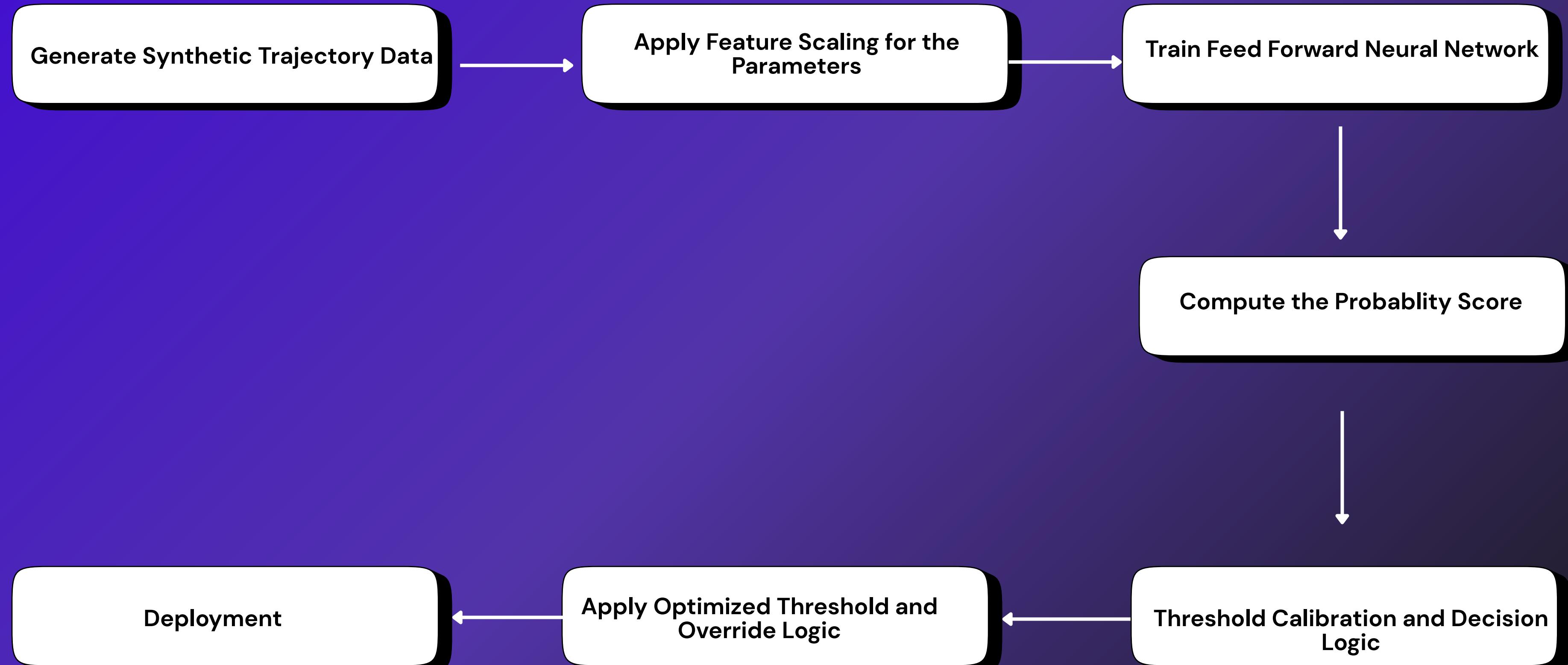
- Goal: Classify missiles → Intercept (threat) or Ignore (non-threat)
- Dataset:
  - 20k synthetic trajectories (6 features: position + velocity)
  - Physics-based, balanced labels ( $R = 10$  km defense zone)
  - Preprocessing: Normalized (StandardScaler), randomized, split (70/20/10)
- Model: Feedforward NN → layers, ReLU + Dropout, Sigmoid output
- Optimization: Keras Tuner (learning rate & layer size), F1-optimized threshold (0.8946)
- Deployment: TensorFlow Lite on edge devices + physics-based override check
- Deployment demonstrated using a Streamlit-based simulated dashboard
- Result: Fast, accurate, resource-efficient real-time defense system

# PROPOSED WORK

## Insights

- FNN gives the best performance for missile prediction.
- Accuracy  $\approx 99\%$  with very fast inference (0.28 ms)  $\rightarrow$  real-time ready.
- Logistic Regression & SVM = decent results; Decision Tree = weakest.
- Robustness tested by noise variation & feature removal.
- System is accurate, fast, and reliable for defense use.

# WORKFLOW



# RESULT

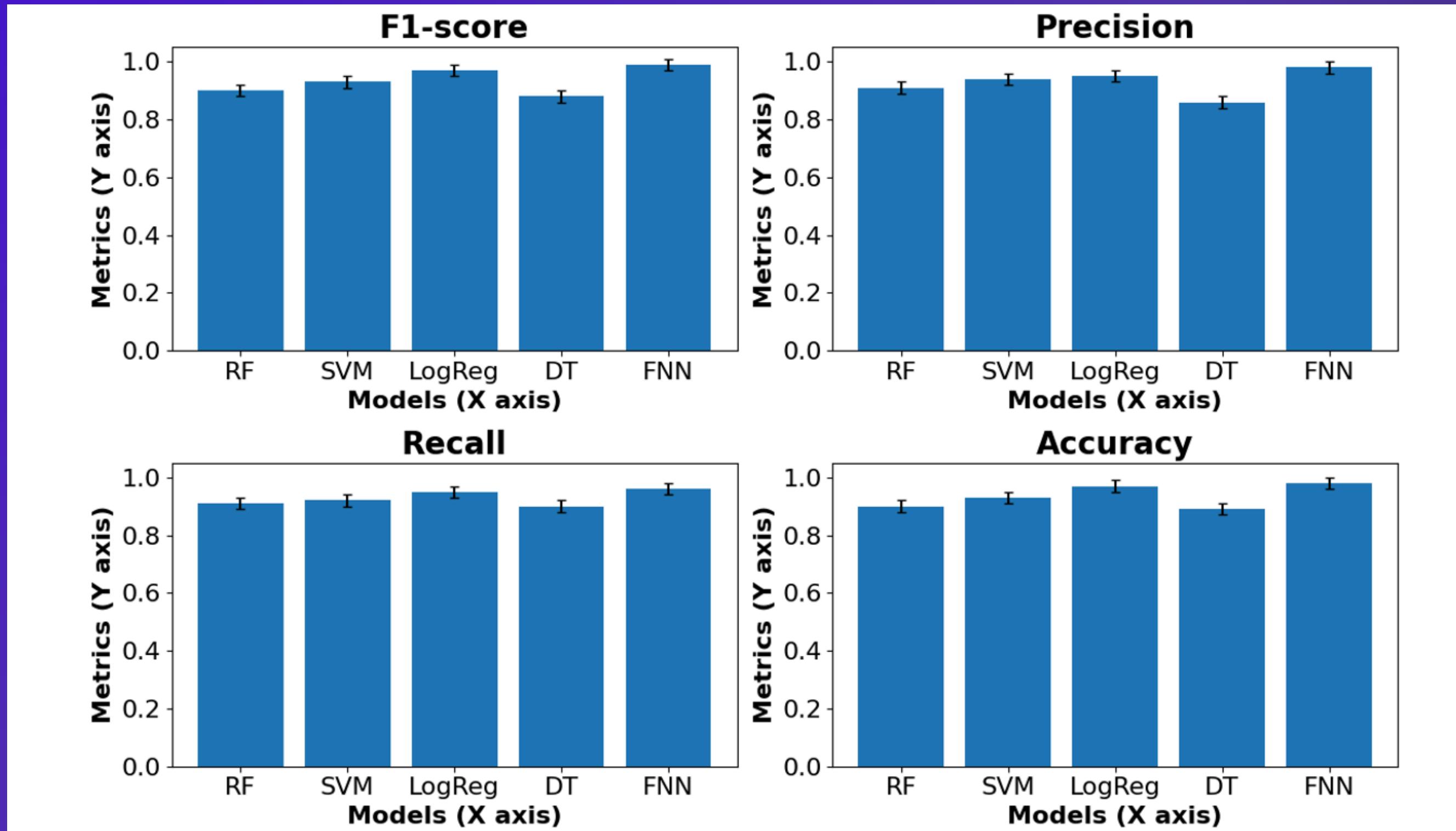
| Model                 | Accuracy      | F1-Score    |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Random Forest         | 88.60%        | 0.89        |
| SVM                   | 94.20%        | 0.94        |
| Logistic Regression   | 97.50%        | 0.97        |
| Decision Tree         | 86.20%        | 0.86        |
| <b>FNN (Proposed)</b> | <b>99.00%</b> | <b>0.99</b> |

Table 1. compares the performance of different models such as Random Forest, SVM, Logistic Regression, Decision Tree and FNN on the first dataset using raw input features.

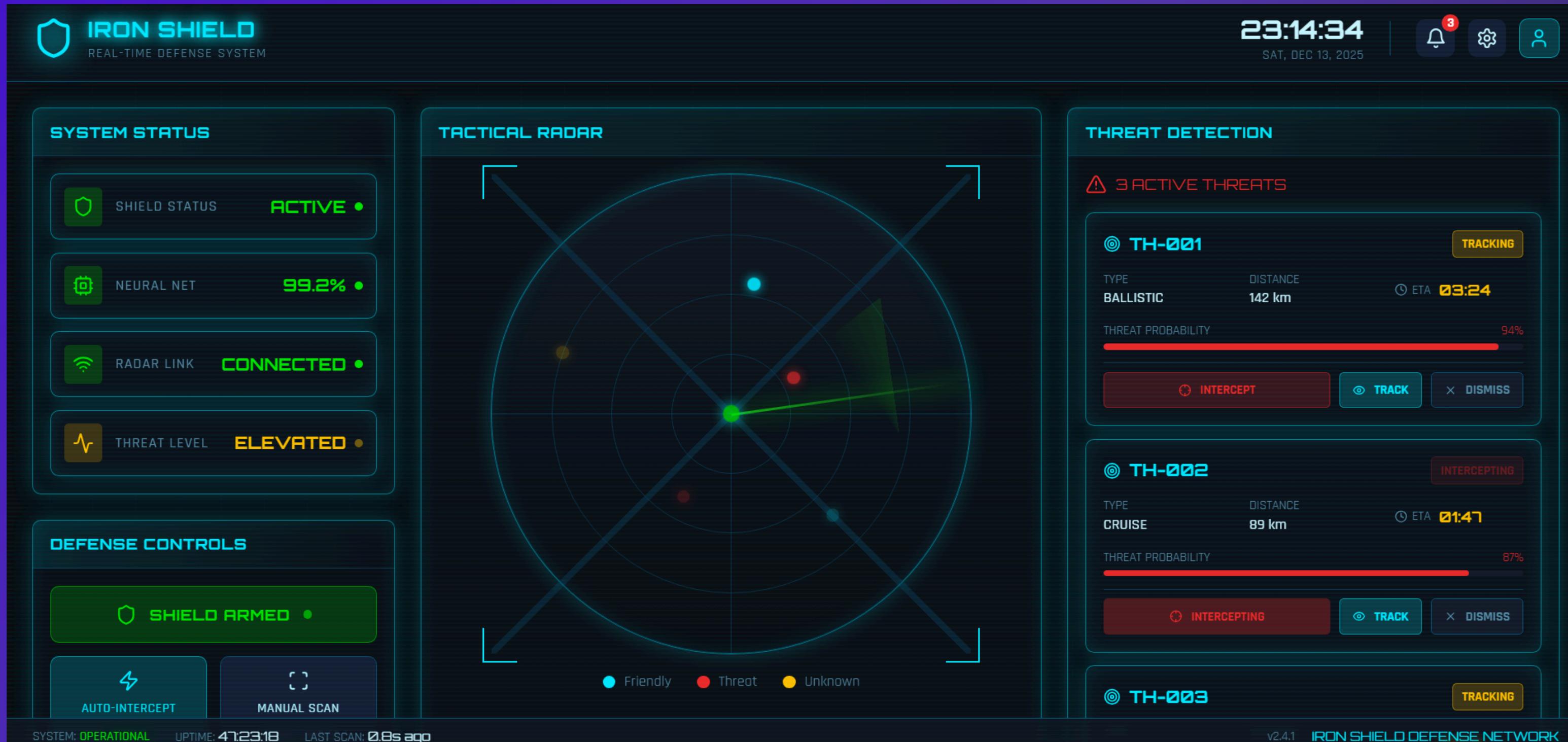
| Model                 | Inference Time (ms) |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Random Forest         | 2.14                |
| SVM                   | 3.5                 |
| Logistic Regression   | 3.12                |
| Decision Tree         | 4.15                |
| <b>FNN (Proposed)</b> | <b>0.28</b>         |

Table 2. Represents the different model with the inference time

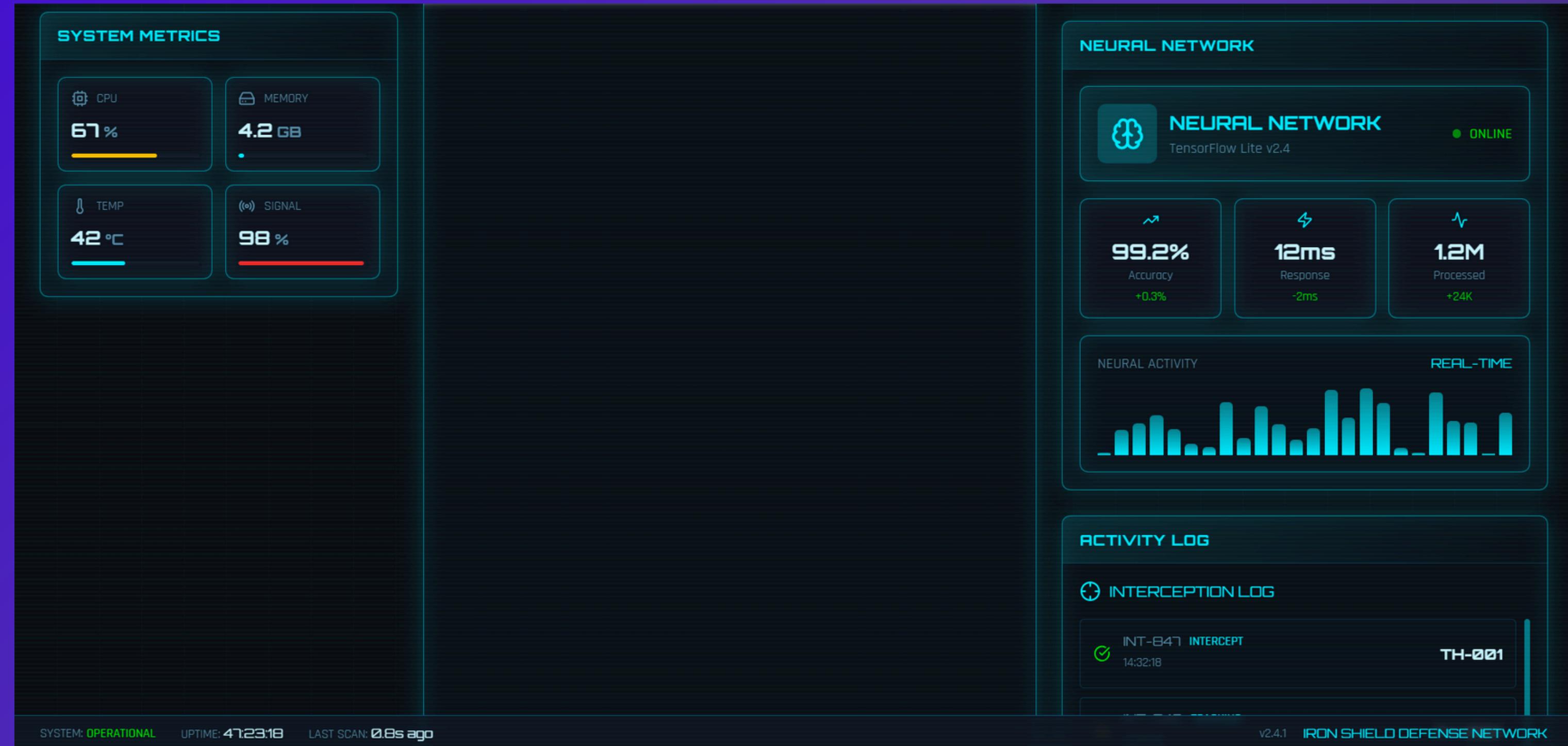
# RESULT



# Simulated Real-Time Deployment Dashboard (Prototype)



Simulated real-time deployment interface demonstrating system behavior



Simulated real-time deployment interface demonstrating system behavior

# Novelty

Physics-Guided AI Defense

1

2

3

4

## Why Physics + AI?

Realistic trajectory learning  
with intelligence

## Why Not Fixed Rules?

Learns and adapts  
dynamically

## Why Safety Logic?

Prevents false interception

## Why Edge Deployment?

Enables real-time  
decisions

# Research Validation

- Paper Title:  
**Iron Shield Real Time Defense System Using Neural Network**
- CONFERENCE:  
**IEEE ICETCI 2025**
- Status:  
**Published in IEEE Xplore**
- Access:  
**<https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/11258004>**

# Thank you

Project developed using a phase-wise prototype-to-deployment approach.

