## **Bayesian Inference/ Complaints Prediction**

**HCL Technologies** 

August 19, 2017

## **Objective:**

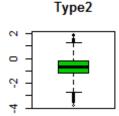
To demonstrate the use of Bayesian Analysis with MCMC (Monte Carlo Markov Chain), using an example where the likelihood of complaints is to be predicted. To compare with the classical method, the same is also performed at the end. In both cases, the Logistic Regression approach is used.

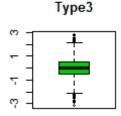
The problem and the solution approach are explained with a technical audience in mind, using code comments and explanatory calls, like summary(). Look for these key components of Bayesian Analysis in the code below: Model, Likelihood, Logit function, Priors, Data and Parameter Initialization.

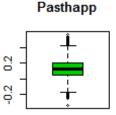
```
#Libraries
library(pROC)
library(caret)
library(dplyr)
#Data loading and exploration
dat happiness <-
read.csv("D:/Users/balaks/Documents/Learning/BayseianTrainingHCL/hw2data.csv"
head(dat happiness)
     Type Pasthapp Responsible Futurehapp FTP complain
##
## 1
        2
                 2
                            10
                                         5 12
                                                      1
## 2
        3
                10
                             5
                                         5
                                            18
                                                      1
                                           9
## 3
        1
                 2
                            18
                                         3
                                                      0
                 5
## 4
        3
                            15
                                         0
                                           15
                                                      1
                 7
## 5
        1
                            17
                                         7
                                            17
                                                      1
                                         5
## 6
        1
                 0
                            20
                                            15
                                                      0
summary(dat_happiness)
                                       Responsible
                                                        Futurehapp
##
         Type
                       Pasthapp
## Min.
          :1.000
                    Min.
                           : 0.000
                                      Min.
                                             : 0.00
                                                      Min.
                                                             : 0.000
   1st Qu.:1.000
                    1st Qu.: 2.000
                                      1st Qu.: 5.00
                                                      1st Qu.: 2.000
##
##
  Median :2.000
                    Median : 4.000
                                      Median :14.00
                                                      Median : 5.000
##
   Mean
           :1.937
                    Mean
                           : 4.778
                                      Mean
                                             :11.02
                                                      Mean
                                                              : 4.254
##
                                      3rd Ou.:16.00
                                                      3rd Ou.: 5.000
   3rd Ou.:3.000
                    3rd Ou.: 7.000
## Max.
           :3.000
                           :15.000
                                      Max. :20.00
                                                      Max.
                                                              :15.000
                    Max.
         FTP
##
                       complain
## Min. : 3.00
                    Min. :0.0000
```

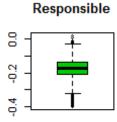
```
## 1st Ou.:10.00
                    1st Ou.:0.0000
## Median :13.00
                    Median :0.0000
           :12.43
## Mean
                    Mean
                           :0.4762
## 3rd Qu.:15.00
                    3rd Qu.:1.0000
                    Max.
## Max.
          :19.00
                           :1.0000
str(dat_happiness)
## 'data.frame':
                    63 obs. of 6 variables:
                 : int 2 3 1 3 1 1 2 3 1 2 ...
## $ Type
## $ Pasthapp
                 : int 2 10 2 5 7 0 2 10 8 4 ...
## $ Responsible: int 10 5 18 15 17 20 20 14 14 6 ...
## $ Futurehapp : int 5 5 3 0 7 5 5 11 8 5 ...
## $ FTP
                 : int 12 18 9 15 17 15 19 7 14 15 ...
## $ complain : int 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 ...
#Note that "Type" is converted into a "factor" explanatory variable. The
"complain" dependent variable is also converted to "factor", as expected for
Logistic Regression.
require(R2WinBUGS)
HappPred<-function()</pre>
  #This portion covers the model
  for (i in 1:n) {
    #Expressing our assumption that the observed complaints, which is the
dependent variable, were generated from a Bernoulli distribution. The
parameter for the distribution of the dependent variable is "p". Note that a
separate value of "p" is assumed for each observation. Hence, p[i] is in a
for Loop.
    complain[i] ~ dbern(p[i])
    #Linking the parameter for the dependent variable to the parameters of
the explanatory variables. Since this is a logistic regression model, the
logit of the parameter for the dependent variable is in the LHS.
    #The parameters for the dependent and independent variables collectively
express the "Likelihood" of the observations.
    logit(p[i]) \leftarrow alpha + b.Type2*S2[i] + b.Type3*S3[i] +
b.Pasthapp*Pasthapp[i] + b.Responsible*Responsible[i] +
b.Futurehapp*Futurehapp[i] + b.FTP*FTP[i]
                    <- equals(Type[i], 2) #<- ref category:1</pre>
    S2[i]
    S3[i]
                    <- equals(Type[i], 3) #<- ref category:1</pre>
  }
  #This portion covers the priors. Note that priors are defined only for
parameters of the explanatory variables. The prior parameter of the dependent
variable is arrived at in the logit equation above.
  alpha ~ dnorm(1,1.0E-4) # Prior for intercept
  b.Type2 ~ dnorm(0.0,1.0E-4) # Prior for slope of Type2
```

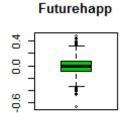
```
b.Type3 ~ dnorm(0.0,1.0E-4) # Prior for slope of Type3
  b.Pasthapp ~ dnorm(0.0,1.0E-4) # Prior for slope of Pasthapp
  b.Responsible ~ dnorm(0.0,1.0E-4) # Prior for slope of Responsible
  b.Futurehapp ~ dnorm(0.0,1.0E-4) # Prior for slope of Futurehapp
  b.FTP ~ dnorm(0.0,1.0E-4) # Prior for slope of FTP
}
#Writing BUGS File
HappPred FILE<- file.path(tempdir(), "HappPred.bug")</pre>
write.model(HappPred, HappPred_FILE)
#This portion covers the data or the observations
dat happiness list<-list(</pre>
  Type=dat happiness$Type,
  Pasthapp=dat happiness$Pasthapp,
  Responsible=dat happiness$Responsible,
  Futurehapp=dat happiness$Futurehapp,
  FTP=dat_happiness$FTP,
  complain=dat happiness$complain,n=dim(dat happiness)[1])
Type = factor(dat happiness list$Type, levels=c(0,1))
complain = factor(dat happiness list$complain, levels=c(0,1))
k=length(dat happiness$Futurehapp)
ns=50000 #Number of simulations in BUGS
inits <- function()</pre>
  #This portion covers the parameters initialization
  list(alpha=0.5,b.Type2=0.5,b.Type3=0.5,b.Pasthapp=0.5, b.Responsible=0.5,
b.Futurehapp=0.5, b.FTP=0.5)
  list(alpha=0, b.Type2=1, b.Type3=1, b.Pasthapp=1, b.Responsible=1,
b.Futurehapp=1, b.FTP=1)
  list(alpha=-0.3, b.Type2=0.5,b.Type3=0.5,b.Pasthapp=0.5, b.Responsible=1,
b.Futurehapp=1, b.FTP=1)
#Finding the values of these parameters is the objective of exercise.
parameters <- c("alpha", "b.Type2", "b.Type3", "b.Pasthapp", "b.Responsible",</pre>
"b.Futurehapp", "b.FTP")
#The MCMC simulation below, simulates values of the above parameters, given
initial values and the prior distribution. Depending on how well such
simulated parameter values match the observed data, the simulated parameter
value is either accepted or rejected. Accepted values are then thinned to
prevent auto-correlation. Multiple chains, initialized with different values,
and the large number of simulations makes it more likely that the desired
"stationary" distribution is reached.
post HappPred.sim <- bugs(dat happiness list, inits, parameters,</pre>
model.file=HappPred FILE, n. chains=3, n. thin=10,
n.iter=ns,bugs.directory="C:/Program Files
```

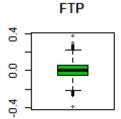




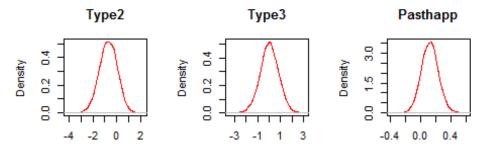




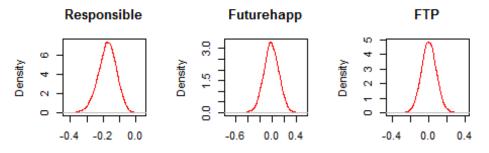




```
#Kernel Density plots
#windows()
par(mfrow=c(2,3))
plot(density(mmm[,2]),col=2,main="Type2")
plot(density(mmm[,3]),col=2,main="Type3")
plot(density(mmm[,4]),col=2,main="Pasthapp")
plot(density(mmm[,5]),col=2,main="Responsible")
plot(density(mmm[,6]),col=2,main="Futurehapp")
plot(density(mmm[,7]),col=2,main="FTP")
```



N = 7500 Bandwidth = 0.112 N = 7500 Bandwidth = 0.118 N = 7500 Bandwidth = 0.0167

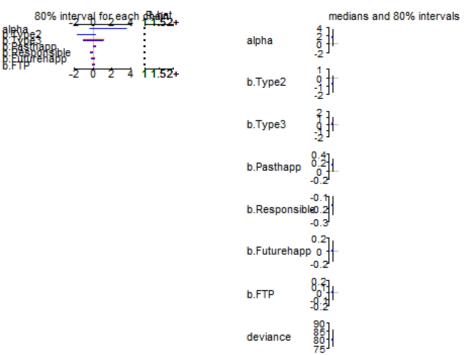


N = 7500 Bandwidth = 0.0083 N = 7500 Bandwidth = 0.0187 N = 7500 Bandwidth = 0.0122

```
#Results
#Summary of the simulation
print(post_HappPred.sim,digits=5)
## Inference for Bugs model at
"D:\Users\balaks\AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpmwQmjW/HappPred.bug", fit using
WinBUGS,
   3 chains, each with 50000 iterations (first 25000 discarded), n.thin = 10
##
   n.sims = 7500 iterations saved
##
                    mean
                             sd
                                    2.5%
                                              25%
                                                       50%
                                                               75%
## alpha
                 1.51952 1.50714 -1.34353
                                          0.49930
                                                   1.48950
                                                           2.49500
## b.Type2
                -0.71630 0.74418 -2.19600 -1.21200 -0.70590 -0.20310
## b.Type3
                 0.01352 0.79754 -1.57700 -0.50505
                                                   0.01501
                                                           0.54848
                 0.12555 0.11157 -0.08846
## b.Pasthapp
                                          0.04930
                                                   0.12460
                                                           0.19810
## b.Responsible -0.17551 0.05603 -0.29060 -0.21100 -0.17340 -0.13710
## b.Futurehapp
                -0.00635 0.12533 -0.25047 -0.08846 -0.00780
                                                           0.07759
## b.FTP
                 0.00157 0.08145 -0.15690 -0.05328
                                                   0.00087
                                                           0.05539
## deviance
                80.49028 3.89468 74.94475 77.63000 79.77000 82.65250
##
                   97.5%
                            Rhat n.eff
## alpha
                 4.62505 1.00132
                                 3800
## b.Type2
                 0.69712 1.00090
                                 7500
## b.Type3
                 1.56552 1.00096
                                 7500
                 0.34706 1.00095
## b.Pasthapp
                                 7500
## b.Responsible -0.07272 1.00086
                                 7500
## b.Futurehapp
                 0.23665 1.00124
                                 4500
## b.FTP
                 0.16355 1.00118
                                 5200
```

```
## deviance 89.52525 1.00123 4600
##
## For each parameter, n.eff is a crude measure of effective sample size,
## and Rhat is the potential scale reduction factor (at convergence, Rhat=1).
##
## DIC info (using the rule, pD = Dbar-Dhat)
## pD = 7.1 and DIC = 87.6
## DIC is an estimate of expected predictive error (lower deviance is better).
#Summary plot
plot(post_HappPred.sim)
```

AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpmwQmjW/HappPred.bug", fit using WinBUGS, 3 chains, each with 50000 it

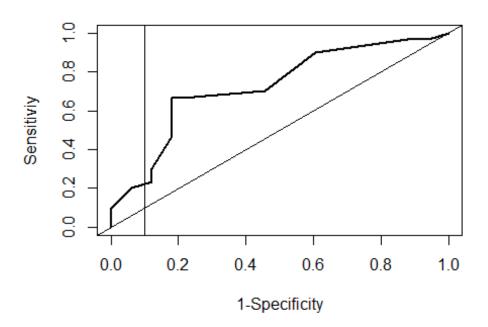


```
#plots may be obtained from storing from chain
#Know your runs
mmm=post_HappPred.sim$sims.matrix
head(mmm)
##
          alpha b.Type2 b.Type3 b.Pasthapp b.Responsible b.Futurehapp
## [1,] 0.06506 -0.1582 1.25700
                                    0.23050
                                                  -0.2175
                                                               0.03655
## [2,] 2.28800 0.6154 -0.37290
                                                  -0.1706
                                                              -0.12010
                                    0.01319
## [3,] 3.10700 -0.5639 -0.05809
                                    0.10370
                                                  -0.2141
                                                              -0.03036
## [4,] 0.85530 -1.0270 -0.76800
                                    0.05408
                                                  -0.1093
                                                               0.07812
## [5,] 0.99460 -0.9438 -0.48830
                                                  -0.2228
                                                               0.04587
                                    0.32170
                                                  -0.2067
## [6,] 2.34800 -0.3076 0.74560
                                    0.13940
                                                              -0.05211
           b.FTP deviance
##
## [1,] 0.04728
                 79.76
```

```
## [2,]
       0.02974
                    87.62
## [3,] -0.07465
                    75.77
## [4,] 0.02661
                    77.44
## [5,] 0.05291
                    82.62
## [6,] -0.01286
                    78.79
me alpha=mean(mmm[,1])
me Type2=mean(mmm[,2])
me Type3=mean(mmm[,3])
me_Pasthapp=mean(mmm[,4])
me Responsible=mean(mmm[,5])
me Futurehapp=mean(mmm[,6])
me FTP=mean(mmm[,7])
LL alpha=quantile(mmm[,1],0.025)
UL alpha=quantile(mmm[,1],0.925)
LL_Type2=quantile(mmm[,2],0.025)
UL_Type2=quantile(mmm[,2],0.925)
LL Type3=quantile(mmm[,3],0.025)
UL Type3=quantile(mmm[,3],0.925)
LL_Pasthapp=quantile(mmm[,4],0.025)
UL Pasthapp=quantile(mmm[,4],0.925)
LL Responsible=quantile(mmm[,5],0.025)
UL Responsible=quantile(mmm[,5],0.925)
LL Futurehapp=quantile(mmm[,6],0.025)
UL Futurehapp=quantile(mmm[,6],0.925)
LL_FTP=quantile(mmm[,7],0.025)
UL FTP=quantile(mmm[,7],0.925)
#########RESULTS
res=rbind(cbind(me alpha,LL alpha,UL alpha),cbind(me Type2,LL Type2,UL Type2)
,cbind(me Type3,LL Type3,UL Type3),cbind(me Pasthapp,LL Pasthapp,UL Pasthapp)
cbind(me_Responsible,LL_Responsible,UL_Responsible),cbind(me_Futurehapp,LL_Fu
turehapp, UL_Futurehapp), cbind(me_FTP, LL_FTP, UL_FTP))
row.names(res)=c("alpha",
"Type2", "Type3", "Pasthapp", "Responsible", "Futurehapp", "FTP")
colnames(res)<-c("mean","95% CrI_LL","95% CrI_UL")</pre>
#Revisiting the simulation summary with mean, lower limit and upper limit
values. Note that only the "Responsible" explanatory variable is
statistically significant, since both the lower and upper limits have the
same sign.
res
##
                       mean 95% CrI LL 95% CrI UL
                1.519518812 -1.3435250 3.70457500
## alpha
## Type2
               -0.716295632 -2.1960000 0.33777250
## Type3
                0.013524103 -1.5770000 1.16300000
## Pasthapp
                0.125553024 -0.0884640 0.28800000
## Responsible -0.175506637 -0.2906050 -0.09684275
```

```
## Futurehapp -0.006345347 -0.2504675 0.17330000
## FTP
                0.001565434 -0.1569000 0.11945750
##############################
#Prediction using Bayesian parameters
ComplaintPredOP<-function(dat happiness, me alpha, me Type2, me Type3,
me Pasthapp, me Responsible, me Futurehapp, me FTP){
  ComplaintPredOP=0
  ComplaintPredLogOdds=0
  n= dim(dat happiness)[1]
  for (i in 1:n){
    #Note that only the valid predictor, "Responsble", is used for prediction
    ComplaintPredLogOdds[i] <- me_Responsible*dat_happiness$Responsible[i]</pre>
    ComplaintPredOP[i] <- inv.logit((ComplaintPredLogOdds)[i])</pre>
  }
  return(ComplaintPredOP)
options(scipen = 999)
RawPredictions <- ComplaintPredOP(dat_happiness, me_alpha, me_Type2,
me_Type3, me_Pasthapp, me_Responsible, me_Futurehapp, me_FTP)
##############################
#Optimizing the probability threshold for class assignment
ComplaintPredResults=0
Prediction <- rep(0, length(RawPredictions))</pre>
Actual <- as.numeric(dat_happiness$complain)</pre>
ComplaintPredResults <- data.frame(RawPredictions, Prediction, Actual)</pre>
#apply roc function
analysis <- roc(response=ComplaintPredResults$Actual,</pre>
predictor=ComplaintPredResults$RawPredictions)
#Find t that minimizes error
e <- cbind(analysis$thresholds,analysis$sensitivities+analysis$specificities)</pre>
opt_t <- subset(e,e[,2]==max(e[,2]))[,1]
#PLot ROC Curve
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
plot(1-analysis$specificities, analysis$sensitivities, type="1",
     ylab="Sensitiviy",xlab="1-Specificity",col="black",lwd=2,
     main = "ROC Curve")
abline(a=0,b=1)
abline(v = opt_t) #add optimal t to ROC curve
```

## **ROC Curve**



```
#The plot shows the ideal threshold setting and the value for the same is
opt_t #print
## [1] 0.1005834
#Class assignment and accuracy calculation
ThreshProbComplain = opt_t
BayesianModPredictions <- rep(0, length(RawPredictions))</pre>
BayesianModPredictions[RawPredictions>=ThreshProbComplain] <- 1</pre>
ComplaintPredResultsDF <- cbind(dat_happiness$complain,</pre>
BayesianModPredictions)
colnames(ComplaintPredResultsDF) <- c("Actual", "Bayesian Prediction")</pre>
BayesianPredClassTable <- table(ComplaintPredResultsDF[,2],</pre>
ComplaintPredResultsDF[,1])
BayesianPredAccuracy <-</pre>
(BayesianPredClassTable[1,1]+BayesianPredClassTable[2,2])/(sum(BayesianPredCl
assTable))
############Classical approach, to identify statistically significant
explanatory variables
dat happiness <-
read.csv("D:/Users/balaks/Documents/Learning/BayseianTrainingHCL/hw2data.csv"
```

```
#Coding the response/ dependant variable
dat happiness$complain = factor(dat happiness$complain, levels=c(0,1))
#Classical binomial logistic regression model details
summary(glm(dat_happiness$complain ~ ., data = dat_happiness, family =
binomial))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = dat_happiness$complain ~ ., family = binomial,
      data = dat happiness)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                10
                    Median
                                 30
                                         Max
## -1.7858 -0.9072 -0.5907 1.0400
                                      1.5973
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 0.944769 1.466403
                                  0.644 0.51940
## Type
              -0.037584 0.380673 -0.099 0.92135
## Pasthapp
                                   1.205 0.22838
               0.122392
                         0.101609
## Futurehapp -0.010960 0.114169 -0.096 0.92352
## FTP
              0.004264 0.074520 0.057 0.95437
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 87.194 on 62 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 74.126 on 57 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 86.126
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
#Note that in this specific case, the parameter importance of the Bayesian
and classical approaches match. Only the "Responsible" variable is found to
be statistically relevant in both cases. This is seen in the lower and upper
limits being of the same sign/ not crossing the zero mark, in case of
Bayesian Analysis. The same "Responsible" variable is the only one for which
the null hypothesis can be rejected in case of Classical Analysis.
#Repeating classical logistic regression with 10 fold cross validation to
estimate model accuracy
ctrl <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv", number = 10, savePredictions =</pre>
TRUE)
mod fit <- train(complain ~ Responsible, data = dat happiness, method =
"glm", family = "binomial", trControl = ctrl, tuneLength = 5)
############################
```

```
#Accuracy comparison
print(paste("Bayesian accuracy (on training data) = ",
format(BayesianPredAccuracy, digits=2)))
## [1] "Bayesian accuracy (on training data) = 0.75"
print(paste("Classical accuracy (more realistic, using CV) = ",
format(mod_fit$results[2], digits=2)))
## [1] "Classical accuracy (more realistic, using CV) = 0.73"
Parameter simulations converging to stationary distributions. (This content
has been added manually to the output of an .Rmd)
  10.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           0.2
                                                                                                                               أريان أوريان أن المراد المراد والمراد المراد المراد المراد المراد والمراد والمرد والمرد والمرد والمراد والمراد والمرد والمراد والمراد والمراد والمراد والمراد والمراد والمراد 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ya-pangan angan at-at-at-ya-paya-hada Daya-angari-pada pangan-an-
   0.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          -0.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         -0.4
   -5.0
                     2501
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           2501
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        5000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                5000
                                                                                                                                                                                 4000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4000
               b.Futurehapp chains 1:3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     b.Pasthapp chains 1:3
   0.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0.75
                                 والمرابع والمرابع والمتراج والمتراج والمرابع المرابع والمرابع والم
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        بأعارينا ويرون أوعنا فيهيئا بالطوار والمرعوب وينهول والإسريج فالمراج والطائح المالية والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع
    0.0
                                                  المراجعة والمراجعة والمراط والمراط والمراط والمراجعة والمراجعة والمراجعة والمراط والمراطعة والمراطعة والمراجعة
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        0.25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Charlest and the control of the property of the control of the con
   -0.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       -0.25
  -1.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          -0.5
                     2501
                                                                          3000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        5000
                                                                                                                                                  iteration
                b.Responsible chains 1:3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     b.Type2 chains 1:3
   0.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          2.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    وبالورية أرابيه والمتفاطرة ويورونه والإفاري أور وموري ويوراه والأوانا والابارات والمتزارة ومرافاته ويروزون
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          0.0
   0.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   -20
  -0.2
                           4000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       4000
                                                                                                                                                  iteration
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          iteration
                b.Type3 chains 1:3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          deviance chains 1:3
    4.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     110 0
   2.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     100.0
                                                        كالموابية أنهش المحملة وخروا فبالراوا والخريبة وينافي وفيطأ فينا فمارها فراهيا والربايا أخيانيها لي
   0.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        90.0
                                                 ፙቝቝፙቝጞጜ<sub>ዀ</sub>ቚጜፚ፞ጛ፞ዹፙቝኯ፟ዀጚቔ፞ዹቝዀጚ፞ፙቝዀዀ፞ዀዀቔፙዀዀኯቔፙኯፙፙዀዀጞቚፙፙፙፙፙፙኯዀቜቚ
  -2.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        80.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        70.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        5000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           2501
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                5000
```