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COM221

	Go to School	Stay at Home
Sunny	+5	-5
Cloudy	+3	+1

$$R_{\text{School}} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad R_{\text{Home}} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ +1 \end{bmatrix}$$

State Transition Matrix

	S	C
S	0.9	0.1
C	0.3	0.7

$$P_{\text{stay school}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.9 & 0.1 \\ 0.3 & 0.7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_{\text{school}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.2 \\ 0.4 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

① Compute state-wise average reward under the policy π

② Find r_{π} for sunny :

$$\begin{aligned} r_{\pi} &= 0.5(5) + 0.5(-5) \\ &= 2.5 + (-2.5) \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

③ Find r_{π} for cloudy :

$$\begin{aligned} r_{\pi} &= 0.5(3) + 0.5(1) \\ &= 1.5 + 0.5 \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

④ Find r_{π} matrix :

$$r_{\pi} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

② Compute the policy transition matrix

• Row 1 (Sunny) :

$$P_{\pi}(1,1) = 0.5(0.8) + 0.5(0.9) = 0.85$$

$$P_{\pi}(1,2) = 0.5(0.2) + 0.5(0.1) = 0.15$$

• Row 2 (cloudy) :

$$P_{\pi}(2,1) = 0.5(0.4) + 0.5(0.3) = 0.35$$

$$P_{\pi}(2,2) = 0.5(0.6) + 0.5(0.7) = 0.65$$

$$P_{\pi} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.85 & 0.15 \\ 0.35 & 0.65 \end{bmatrix}$$

③ Write the Bellman expectation equations

v_{π} (cloudy) :

$$v_1 = 0 + 0.9(0.85v_1 + 0.15v_2)$$

$$v_1 = 0.765v_1 + 0.135v_2$$

$$v_1 - 0.765v_1 = 0.135v_2$$

$$0.235v_1 = 0.135v_2 \quad [1]$$

③ Write the Bellman expectation equations

v_{π} (cloudy) :

$$v_2 = 2 + 0.3(0.35v_1 + 0.65v_2)$$

$$= 2 + 0.315v_1 + 0.585v_2$$

$$v_2 - 0.315v_1 - 0.585v_2 = 2$$

$$-0.315v_1 + 0.415v_2 = 2 \quad [2]$$

④ Solve for V_1 (cloudy):

$$0.205V_1 - 0.195V_2 = 0 \quad [1]$$

$$V_2 = 0.235V_1 = 0.195V_2$$

$$V_1 = \frac{0.195V_2}{0.235}$$

Substitute to [2]

$$-0.315V_1 + 0.415V_2 = 2 \quad [2]$$

$$-0.315 \left(\frac{0.195V_2}{0.235} \right) + 0.415V_2 = 2$$

$$-0.1908V_2 + 0.415V_2 = 2$$

$$0.234V_2 = 2$$

$$V_2 = 8.55$$

$$V_1 = \frac{0.195(8.55)}{0.235}$$

$$V_1 = 4.91$$

$$V_0(\text{sunny}) = 4.91 \quad V_0(\text{cloudy}) = 8.55$$

⑤ Write the Bellman optimality equations

Find Sunny (V_1) using Go to School:

$$V_1(\text{sunny}) = 5 + 0.9(0.8V_1 + 0.2V_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.28V_1 - 0.18V_2 = 5$$

Find Cloudy (V_2) using Go to School

$$V_2(\text{cloudy}) = 3 + 0.9(0.4V_1 + 0.6V_2)$$

$$-0.36V_1 + 0.46V_2 = 3$$

⑥ Solve for V_2 (cloudy) = $\frac{3}{5} V_2$ (sunny)

$$-0.36V_1 + 0.46V_2 = 3$$

$$0.46V_2 = 3 + 0.36V_1$$

$$V_2 = \frac{3 + 0.36V_1}{0.46}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.28V_1 - 0.18 \left(\frac{3 + 0.36V_1}{0.46} \right) = 5$$

$$V_1(\text{sunny}) (V_1) = 44.375$$

$$V_2 = \frac{3 + 0.36(44.375)}{0.46}$$

$$V_2(\text{cloudy}) (V_2) = 41.25$$

⑦ Solve for q^* :

$$q(1, \text{School}) = 5 + 0.9(0.8(44.375) + 0.2(41.25))$$

$$= 44.375$$

$$q(1, \text{Home}) = -5 + 0.9(0.9(44.375) + 0.1(41.25))$$

$$= 34.65625$$

$$q(2, \text{School}) = 3 + 0.9(0.4(44.375) + 0.6(41.25))$$

$$= 41.25$$

$$q(2, \text{Home}) = 1 + 0.9(0.3(44.375) + 0.7(41.25))$$

$$= 38.90875$$