

Leaf Energy Balance

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Quadratic Solutions for Leaf Temperature and Latent Heat Exchange

Isothermal Energy Balance

One Sided Leaf

March 18, 2024

Taylor expansion Series

$$E[f(x)] = f(\bar{x}) + \frac{df(\bar{x})}{dx}(x - \bar{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 f(\bar{x})}{dx^2}(x - \bar{x})^2$$

Linearization of Clausius Claperyon, saturation vapor pressure-temperature function, $e_s(T)$

$$e_s(T_s) = e_s(T_a) + \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT}(T_s - T_a) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}(T_s - T_a)^2$$

$$(T_s - T_a)^2 = T_s^2 - T_a T_s + T_a^2$$

Linearization of Stefan Boltzmann, T^4

$$\varepsilon \sigma T_s^4 = \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3(T_s - T_a) + 6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2(T_s - T_a)^2$$

Solve for set of coupled energy balance equations, one Sided case

Sensible heat flux

$$H = \rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a)$$

Latent heat flux

$$\lambda E = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w (e_s(T_s) - e_a)$$

$$g_w = 1 / (r_b + r_s) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{g_b} + \frac{1}{g_s}} = \frac{g_s g_b}{g_s + g_b}$$

$$\lambda E = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) + \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 - e_a]$$

Isothermal radiation budget, single sided leaf

$$Q = R \downarrow - R \uparrow + L \downarrow - L \uparrow$$

$$L \downarrow - L \uparrow = L \downarrow - (1 - \varepsilon) L \downarrow = \varepsilon L \downarrow$$

$$Q = R \downarrow (1 - \rho) + \varepsilon L \downarrow$$

$$R_n = (1 - \alpha) R_g + \varepsilon L \downarrow - \varepsilon \sigma T_s^4 = \lambda E + H$$

$$R_n = Q - \varepsilon \sigma T_s^4 = \lambda E + H$$

$$T_s = \frac{H}{\rho C_p g_h} + T_a$$

$$H = Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon \sigma T_s^4$$

$$H = \rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) = Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon \sigma T_s^4$$

$$H = Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - 4 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 6 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - 4 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 6 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2}{\rho C_p g_h}$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) + \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT}(T_s - T_a) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}(T_s - T_a)^2 - e_a] - \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3(T_s - T_a) - 6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2(T_s - T_a)^2}{\rho C_p g_h}$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT}(T_s - T_a) - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}(T_s - T_a)^2 - \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3(T_s - T_a) - 6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2(T_s - T_a)^2}{\rho C_p g_h}$$

$$(T_s - T_a) \rho C_p g_h = Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT}(T_s - T_a) - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}(T_s - T_a)^2 - \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3(T_s - T_a) - 6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2(T_s - T_a)^2$$

$$0 = Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT}(T_s - T_a) - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}(T_s - T_a)^2 - \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3(T_s - T_a) - 6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2(T_s - T_a)^2 - (T_s - T_a) \rho C_p g_h$$

$$(T_s - T_a)^2 \left[-\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} - 6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 \right] + (T_s - T_a) \left[-\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} - \rho C_p g_h - 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 \right] + Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] - \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 = 0$$

$$(T_s - T_a)^2 \left[\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} + 6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 \right] + (T_s - T_a) \left[\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} + \rho C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 \right] - Q + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] + \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 = 0$$

$$a(T_s - T_a)^2 + b(T_s - T_a) + c = 0$$

$$a = [6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}]$$

$$b = [\rho C_p g_h + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3]$$

$$c = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] + \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - Q$$

Substitute g_w with g_s and g_b :

$$a = [6\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda \frac{g_s g_b}{g_s + g_b} \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}]$$

$$b = [\rho C_p g_h + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda \frac{g_s g_b}{g_s + g_b} \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3]$$

$$c = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda \frac{g_s g_b}{g_s + g_b} [e_s(T_a) - e_a] + \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - Q$$

The leaf energy balance can also be used to derive a quadratic equation for latent heat exchange (λE ; $W m^{-2}$):

$$a LE^2 + b LE + c = 0$$

We can solve directly for latent heat flux density

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P} \frac{g_s g_a}{g_a + g_s} = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P(r_s + r_a)}$$

Linearize $(e_s(T_l) - e_a)$ with 2nd order Taylor Expansion

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) + s(T_a)(T_l - T_a) + \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} (T_l - T_a)^2 - e_a)]$$

I have second order terms of $(T_l - T_a)$

Substituting

Use 1st order expansion of Ts for LE

$$\varepsilon\sigma T_s^4 = \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a)$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4}{(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3)}$$

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a) + s(T_a) \left(\frac{Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3} \right) + \frac{e_s(T_a)}{2} \left(\frac{Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3} \right)^2]$$

Multiply LE by $\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda E(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3) &= \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4) \\ &\quad + \frac{e_s(T_a)}{2} \left(\frac{(Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4)^2}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3} \right)] \end{aligned}$$

The squared term is:

$$\begin{aligned} (Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4)(Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4) &= \\ QQ - Q\lambda E - Q\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 - \lambda EQ + \lambda E\lambda E + \lambda E\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 Q + \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 \lambda E + \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 &= \\ QQ - 2Q\lambda E - 2Q\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + 2\lambda E\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + \lambda E\lambda E \end{aligned}$$

Substitute squared term and Simplifying:

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda E(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3) &= \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - \lambda E - \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4) \\ &\quad + \frac{e_s(T_a)}{2} \left(\frac{QQ - 2Q\lambda E - 2Q\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + 2\lambda E\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + \lambda E\lambda E}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3} \right)] \end{aligned}$$

Organize in terms of LE² LE and intercept

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 = & \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} \left[\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{\lambda E \lambda E}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right) \right] \\
 & - \lambda E (\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) - \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} \left[s(T_a) \lambda E + \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{2\lambda E \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 - 2Q \lambda E}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right) \right] \\
 & \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4) \\
 & \quad + \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{Q Q - 2Q \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right)]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 = & + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} \left[\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{\lambda E \lambda E}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right) \right] \\
 & + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} \left[\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{2\lambda E \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 - 2Q \lambda E}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right) \right] - \lambda E \rho_a C_p g_h - \lambda E 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 - \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) \lambda E \\
 & + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} \left[\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{Q Q - 2Q \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right) \right] \\
 & + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4)]
 \end{aligned}$$

Separate out a, b and c for quadratic solution

$$\begin{aligned}
 a = & \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \\
 b = & \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [e_s(T_a)'' \left(\frac{\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 - Q}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right)] - \rho_a C_p g_h - 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 - \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) \\
 c = & \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} \left[\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{Q Q - 2Q \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4}{\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right) \right] \\
 & + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(\rho_a C_p g_h + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4)]
 \end{aligned}$$

Compute Latent Heat Exchange

1: **Hypostomatous** leaves have stomata on one side. Their two-sided net radiation balance is:

$$R_n = 2H + \lambda E = (R \downarrow - R \uparrow + L \downarrow - L \uparrow)_{top} + (R \uparrow - R \downarrow + L \uparrow - L \downarrow)_{bottom}$$

$$R_n = 2H + \lambda E = Q_{in} - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_{sf}^4$$

$$H = \rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a)$$

Latent heat flux

$$\lambda E = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w (e_s(T_s) - e_a)$$

$$g_w = 1 / (r_b + r_s) = \frac{1}{1/g_b + 1/g_s} = \frac{g_s g_b}{g_s + g_b}$$

$$\lambda E = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) + \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 - e_a]$$

$$2H = Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_s^4$$

$$2H = 2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) = Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_s^4$$

1st order expansion

$$2H = 2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) = Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 8\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a)$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3)}$$

The leaf energy balance can also be used to derive a quadratic equation for latent heat exchange (λE ; W m^{-2}):

$$a LE^2 + b LE + c = 0$$

We can solve directly for latent heat flux density

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P} \frac{g_s g_a}{g_a + g_s} = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P(r_s + r_a)}$$

Linearize $(e_s(T_l) - e_a)$ with 2nd order Taylor Expansion

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) + s(T_a)(T_l - T_a) + \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2}(T_l - T_a)^2 - e_a)]$$

Substituting

Use 1st order expansion of Ts for LE

$$\varepsilon \sigma T_s^4 = \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a)$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)}$$

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a) + s(T_a) \left(\frac{Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right) + \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right)^2]$$

Multiply LE by $2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3$

$$\lambda E (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4) + \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} \left(\frac{(Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4)^2}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3} \right)]$$

The squared term is:

$$\begin{aligned} (Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4)(Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4) &= \\ QQ - Q\lambda E - Q2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - \lambda EQ + \lambda E\lambda E + \lambda E2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 Q + 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 \lambda E + 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 &= \\ QQ - 2Q\lambda E - 4Q\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 4\lambda E\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + \lambda E\lambda E \end{aligned}$$

Substitute squared term and Simplifying:

$$\lambda E(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) = \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - \lambda E - 2\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4) + \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} (\frac{QQ - 2Q\lambda E - 4Q\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + 4\lambda E \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + 4\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + \lambda E \lambda E}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3})]$$

Organize in terms of LE² LE and intercept

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} (\frac{\lambda E \lambda E}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3})] \\ &- \lambda E(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) - \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [s(T_a)\lambda E + \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} (\frac{4\lambda E \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 - 2Q\lambda E}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3})] \\ &\frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - 2\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4) \\ &+ \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} (\frac{QQ - 4Q\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + 4\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3})] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} (\frac{\lambda E \lambda E}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3})] \\ &+ \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} (\frac{4\lambda E \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 - 2Q\lambda E}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3})] - \lambda E 2\rho_a C_p g_h - \lambda E 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 - \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a)\lambda E \\ &+ \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [\frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2} (\frac{QQ - 4Q\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 + 4\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 \sigma \varepsilon T_a^4}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3})] \\ &+ \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - 2\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4)] \end{aligned}$$

Separate out a, b and c for quadratic solution

$$a = \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} \frac{e_s(T_a)''}{2}$$

$$b = \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [e_s(T_a)'' (\frac{4\sigma \varepsilon T_a^4 - 2Q}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3})] - 2\rho_a C_p g_h - 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 - \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a)$$

$$c = \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} \left[\frac{e_s(T_a)}{2} \left(\frac{Q - 4Q\sigma\epsilon T_a^4 + 4\sigma\epsilon T_a^4 \sigma\epsilon T_a^4}{2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3} \right) \right] \\ + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3) + s(T_a)(Q - 2\sigma\epsilon T_a^4)]$$

Leaf Temperature

2nd order expansion

$$2H = 2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) = Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 12\epsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q_{in} - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 12\epsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2}{2\rho C_p g_h}$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) + \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 - e_a] - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 12\epsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2}{2\rho C_p g_h}$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 12\epsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2}{2\rho C_p g_h}$$

$$(T_s - T_a) 2\rho C_p g_h = Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 \\ - 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 12\epsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2$$

$$0 = Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4$$

$$- 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2 - (T_s - T_a) 2\rho C_p g_h$$

$$(T_s - T_a)^2 \left[-\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} - 12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 \right] + (T_s - T_a) \left[-\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} - 2\rho C_p g_h - 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 \right]$$

$$+ Q - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 = 0$$

$$(T_s - T_a)^2 \left[\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} + 12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 \right] + (T_s - T_a) \left[\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} + 2\rho C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 \right]$$

$$- Q + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] + 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 = 0$$

$$a(T_s - T_a)^2 + b(T_s - T_a) + c = 0$$

$$a = [12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}]$$

$$b = [2\rho C_p g_h + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3]$$

$$c = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) - e_a] + 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - Q$$

Substitute g_w with g_s and g_b :

$$a = [12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda \frac{g_s g_b}{g_s + g_b} \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2}]$$

$$b = [2\rho C_p g_h + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda \frac{g_s g_b}{g_s + g_b} \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3]$$

$$c = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda \frac{g_s g_b}{g_s + g_b} [e_s(T_a) - e_a] + 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - Q$$

1: **Amphistomatous** leaves have stomata on both sides. Their two-sided net radiation balance is:

Basic Equations

$$R_n = H + \lambda E = (R \downarrow - R \uparrow + L \downarrow - L \uparrow)_{top} + (R \uparrow - R \downarrow + L \uparrow - L \downarrow)_{bottom}$$

$$Q = (R \downarrow - R \uparrow + L \downarrow)_{top} + (R \uparrow - R \downarrow + L \uparrow)_{bottom}$$

$$(L \uparrow)_{top} + (L \downarrow)_{bottom} = 2\varepsilon \sigma T_s^4$$

$$R_n = H + \lambda E = Q_{in} - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_{sfc}^4$$

$$H = 2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a)$$

For Amphistomatous leaves, the stomatal resistance or conductance is defined as $r_{s,leaf}$, which is the sum of the parallel resistors of the top and bottom. If we assume r_{top} equals r_{bottom}

$$r_{s,leaf} = \frac{r_{top} r_{bottom}}{r_{top} + r_{bottom}} = \frac{r_s}{2} = \frac{2}{g_{s,leaf}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1/g_{top} + 1/g_{bottom}}{1/g_{top} + 1/g_{bottom}} &= \frac{1}{g_{top} g_{bottom}} \bigg/ \frac{g_{top} + g_{bottom}}{g_{top} g_{bottom}} \\ &= \frac{g_{top} g_{bottom}}{g_{top} g_{bottom}} \frac{1}{g_{top} + g_{bottom}} = \frac{1}{2g_s} \end{aligned}$$

Also the boundary layer and stomatal resistances of the top and bottom are in series and r_{bottom} equal r_{top} equal r_{stom} .

$$r_{w,leaf} = \frac{(r_{top} + r_a)(r_{bottom} + r_a)}{(r_{top} + r_a) + (r_{bottom} + r_a)} = \frac{(r_{stom} + r_a)}{2}$$

$$g_{w,leaf} = \frac{2}{(r_{stom} + r_a)} = \frac{2g_{stom}g_a}{g_{stom} + g_a}$$

$$\begin{aligned} g_{w,leaf} &= \frac{2}{(1/g_{s1side} + 1/g_a)} = \\ &= \frac{2}{(g_a / g_a g_{s1side} + g_{s1side} / g_{s1side} g_a)} = \\ &= \frac{2}{\frac{g_{s1side} + g_a}{g_{s1side} g_a}} = \frac{2g_{s1side} g_a}{g_{s1side} + g_a} \end{aligned}$$

Be careful and not to put factor of 2 twice, in g_w and in LE..

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P} = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P \cdot r_{w,leaf}} = 2 \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P(r_s + r_a)}$$

Solve for Surface Temperature, T_s

From Ohm's Law

$$T_s = \frac{H}{2\rho C_p g_h} + T_a$$

From Energy Balance of two-sided leaf by simplifying common denominator

$$H = Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_s^4$$

$$H = 2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) = Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_s^4$$

Taylor's Expansion for T^4

1st order

$$\varepsilon\sigma T_s^4 = \varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a)$$

$$2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) = Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 8\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a)$$

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3)}$$

2nd order

$$2\varepsilon\sigma T_s^4 = 2\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 + 8\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) + 12\varepsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2$$

$$H = Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 8\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 12\varepsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2$$

$$H = 2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) = Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 8\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) - 12\varepsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2$$

Solve for delta T, as the equation above shows that delta T is a function of delta T

$$2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) + 8\varepsilon\sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) = Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon\sigma T_a^4 - 12\varepsilon\sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2$$

Insert Term for Latent Heat Exchange

$$\lambda E = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w [e_s(T_a) + \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 - e_a]$$

$$\lambda E = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w (e_s(T_a) - e_a) + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) + \frac{\rho m_v}{2 P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2$$

$$2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) = Q$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w (e_s(T_a) - e_a) - \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) - \frac{\rho m_v}{2 P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 \\ & - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 \\ & - 12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Set terms to zero

$$\begin{aligned} & 2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w (e_s(T_a) - e_a) \\ & + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) + \frac{\rho m_v}{2 P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 \\ & + 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2 - Q = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Re-arranged to form Quadratic Equation in terms of Ts-Ta

$$\begin{aligned} & + \frac{\rho m_v}{2 P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} (T_s - T_a)^2 + 12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2 (T_s - T_a)^2 \\ & 2\rho C_p g_h (T_s - T_a) + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 (T_s - T_a) + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT} (T_s - T_a) \\ & + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w (e_s(T_a) - e_a) + 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 - Q = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$a(T_s - T_a)^2 + b(T_s - T_a) + c = 0$$

$$a = \frac{\rho m_v}{2 P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{d^2 e_s(T_a)}{dT^2} + 12\varepsilon \sigma T_a^2$$

$$b = 2\rho C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3 + \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w \frac{de_s(T_a)}{dT}$$

$$c = \frac{\rho m_v}{P m_a} \lambda g_w (e_s(T_a) - e_a) + 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 - Q$$

The leaf energy balance can also be used to derive a quadratic equation for latent heat exchange (λE ; W m^{-2}):

$$a LE^2 + b LE + c = 0$$

We can solve directly for latent heat flux density

$$\lambda E = g_w \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P} = 2 \frac{g_s g_a}{g_a + g_s} \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P} = 2 \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a (e_s(T_l) - e_a)}{P(r_s + r_a)}$$

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) + s(T_a)(T_l - T_a) + \frac{e_s(T_a)}{2}(T_l - T_a)^2 - e_a)]$$

Just to make sure I don't miss any multiplication factors and signs, I factored this out

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)] + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a)(T_l - T_a) + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P} e_s(T_a)(T_l - T_a)^2$$

Substituting

For Algebraic simplicity we will introduce a truncated version of the second order expansion of surface energy balance and temperature into the equation for latent heat exchange, for the amphistomatous leaf

$$T_s - T_a = \frac{Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3)}$$

Be careful if factor of 2 on g_w don't need to multiply again by 2

$$\lambda E = \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)] + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) \frac{Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3)} \\ + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{2P} e_s(T_a) \left(\frac{Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3)} \right)^2$$

Multiply LE by $2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3$

$$(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3) \lambda E = (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3) \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)] + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) (Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4) \\ + \frac{0.622\lambda\rho_a g_w}{2P} e_s(T_a) \left(\frac{Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\epsilon\sigma T_a^3)} \right)^2$$

The squared term in the numerator is:

$$(Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4)(Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4) = \\ QQ - Q\lambda E - Q2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 \\ - Q\lambda E + \lambda E \lambda E + 2\lambda E \epsilon\sigma T_a^4 \\ - Q2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 + 2\lambda E \epsilon\sigma T_a^4 + 4\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 \epsilon\sigma T_a^4)$$

$$(Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4)(Q - \lambda E - 2\epsilon\sigma T_a^4) = \\ QQ - 2Q\lambda E - 4Q\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 \\ + \lambda E \lambda E + 4\lambda E \epsilon\sigma T_a^4 \\ + 4\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 \epsilon\sigma T_a^4)$$

Insert the squared term into the main equation

$$QQ - 2Q\lambda E - 4Q\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 + \lambda E \lambda E + 4\lambda E \epsilon\sigma T_a^4 + 4\epsilon\sigma T_a^4 \epsilon\sigma T_a^4$$

$$(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \lambda E = (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)] + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) (Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4) \\ + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P} e_s(T_a) \frac{(QQ - 2Q\lambda E - 4Q\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + \lambda E \lambda E + 4\lambda E \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4)}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)}$$

Reorganize the Main Equation and collect terms

$$0 = (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)] + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) (Q - \lambda E - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4) \\ + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P} e_s(T_a) \frac{(QQ - 2Q\lambda E - 4Q\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + \lambda E \lambda E + 4\lambda E \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4)}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} - (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \lambda E$$

Collect terms for the quadratic function

$$+ \lambda E \lambda E \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a) \\ - \lambda E \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) - (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \lambda E \\ \frac{-2Q\lambda E}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a) + \frac{4\lambda E \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a) \\ + (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)] + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) (Q - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4) \\ + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P} e_s(T_a) \frac{(QQ - 4Q\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4)}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \lambda E \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a) \\
 & \lambda E \left[-\frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) - (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \right. \\
 & \quad - \frac{2Q}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a) + \frac{4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a) \left. \right] \\
 & + (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)] + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) (Q - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4) \\
 & + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P} e_s(T_a) \frac{(QQ - 4Q\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4)}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a = \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b = & \left[-\frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) - (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{Q}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a) + \frac{2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)} e_s(T_a) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c = & + (2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3) \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} [(e_s(T_a) - e_a)] + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{P} s(T_a) (Q - 2\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4) \\
 & + \frac{0.622 \lambda \rho_a g_w}{2P} e_s(T_a) \frac{(QQ - 4Q\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 + 4\varepsilon \sigma T_a^4 \varepsilon \sigma T_a^4)}{(2\rho_a C_p g_h + 8\varepsilon \sigma T_a^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$