# My very own Rmarkdown cheat sheet

RF

# October 06, 2021

#### Abstract

Place holder

### **Contents**

1	Intro	Introduction			
	1.1	Smaller headlines	2		
2	Spec	cific text	2		
	2.1	Highlighting	3		
	2.2	List of items	3		
	2.3	Others	4		
3	Matl	h symbols	5		
4	Cita	tions	5		
5	Inse	rting code blocks	6		
6	Figu	res	6		

7	Tab	les	7
8	The	neat stuff	9
	8.1	Auto-numbering and cross-referencing	9
	8.2	Using variables in text	10
	8.3	Remember to checkout the YAML	10
9	Che	at sheets	10
Re	ferer	nces	10

### 1 Introduction

Here live several examples on how to write stuff in Rmarkdown, with no apparent organisation. They are here to help you write a paper using only Rmarkdown and discard every other software away.

#### 1.1 Smaller headlines

There are 4 in total, just add more "#"

#### 1.1.1 Three dash headline

#### 1.1.1.1 The smallest headline

## 2 Specific text

Microsoft uses buttons, LateX uses functions and Rmarkdown uses symbol shortcut to write specific text:

*I write in italic using* \* around the expression (\_ works too)

### Bold is a possibility too using \*\*

In text code such as a variable or a function() is done using '

Subscripts uses ~ and superscripts ^, e.g.  $H\sim3\sim PO^2+^$  renders  $H_3PO^{2+}$ 

And when you want to use any of these symbols verbatim, one needs to add "\" in front

#,\*,'

### 2.1 Highlighting

write block quotes using >

however the style appears only in HTML

There is a workaround using a LateX function:

quote in a pdf

But you need an associated .tex file which is then given to the YAML

### 2.2 List of items

- 1. one (done using 1.)
- more numbers
- 2. two
- not marked using \*
- more not marked
  - nested adding +
    - \* doubling down

# 2.3 Others

Rmarkdown can also handle LateX functions such as "\newpage"

### 3 Math symbols

Mathematics are done using the \$ symbol around the expression. It can be used in line X = Y + 1 or separate and centered using \$\$

$$\alpha = e^{\beta}$$

Specific letters such as  $\alpha$  (written  $\alpha$ ) must be written in the math environment. The syntax is the same as LateX and can be found on https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/List\_of\_Greek\_letters\_and\_math\_symbols

#### 4 Citations

Citation are handled using a .bib file, generated by your favorite reference manager (Rmarkdown not doing yet unfortunately) Add the file path to the YAML at the head of the document (bibliography: myLibrary.bib)

In text citations are done using @ and using the unique code linking to your reference. In my case it looks like "firstAuthor\_firstWord\_year" but it is user dependent.

(Andersen 2019) = [@andersen\_fish\_2019]

(Andersen 2019; Blanchard et al. 2014) = [@andersen\_fish\_2019; @blanchard\_evaluating\_2014]

Blanchard et al. (2014) = @blanchard\_evaluating\_2014

(See Andersen 2019 for details.) = [See @andersen\_fish\_2019 for details.]

The style of the citations is often journal specific. Fortunately, journals provide .csl files of their own styling, which can be found on https://www.zotero.org/styles. Dowload the file and give the path to Rmarkdown in the YAML using "csl: myStyle.csl"

References will be added at the end of the document. Just add a "#References" at the end.

# 5 Inserting code blocks

Ctrl + Alt + i is the shortcut to insert a code chunk. Useful options are

echo: if TRUE, display code chunk

eval: if TRUE, run the chunk

include: if TRUE, include chunk in doc

message: if TRUE, display code messages

warning: if TRUE, display code warnings

# 6 Figures

Figures are added using ! [caption] (filePath.jpg)

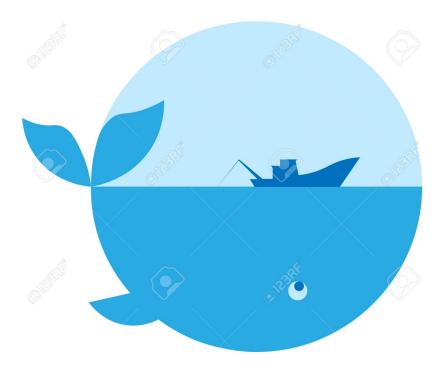


Figure 1: Caption about George

For more control over the figure, one can use knitr::include\_graphics()

# 7 Tables

Tables such as data frame are easily displayed using knitr::kable()

knitr::kable(head(mtcars))

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.620	16.46	0	1	4	4
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	4	1
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	3	2
Valiant	18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.460	20.22	1	0	3	1

It's so simple that it's easier to create a data frame first to make a table, than to make a table directly.

Table 1: parameters' description

parameter	description					
w_inf	asymptotic weigth					
w_mat	maturation weight					
beta	preferred predator/prey mass ratio					

```
knitr::kable(param_description, caption = "parameters' description")
```

### 8 The neat stuff

### 8.1 Auto-numbering and cross-referencing

This is done using the R package bookdown.

plot(mtcars\$mpg,mtcars\$cyl)

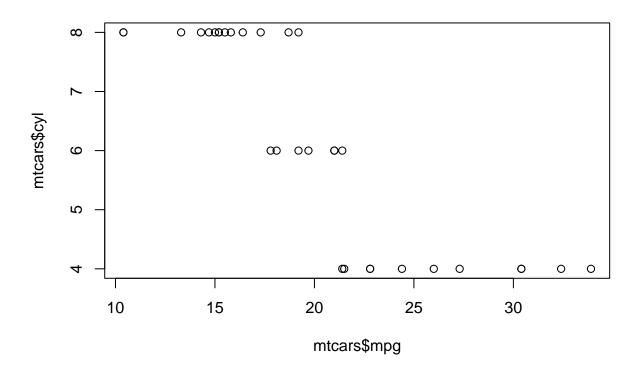


Figure 2: a plot about cars' cylinders

Figure 2 is rad. Table 1 is not bad either.

This reference is done automatically using \ @ ref(label), where label is the name of the codechunk referenced with its float identity, i.e the previous figure's label is fig:cars and the table's label is tab:params

#### 8.2 Using variables in text

head(mtcars)

```
##
                    mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                            wt qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4
                   21.0
                          6 160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46 0
                          6 160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02 0 1
## Mazda RX4 Wag
                   21.0
## Datsun 710
                          4 108 93 3.85 2.320 18.61 1 1
                   22.8
                          6 258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44 1 0
## Hornet 4 Drive
                   21.4
                                                             3
                                                                  1
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7
                          8 360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02 0 0
                                                             3
                                                                  2
## Valiant
                   18.1
                          6 225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22 1 0
                                                             3
                                                                  1
```

The number of cylinders of Mazda RX4 is 6. The previous sentence verbatim is actually:

The number of cylinders of "r rownames(mtcars)[1]" is "r mtcars[1,2]" (just need to replace " with ')

#### 8.3 Remember to checkout the YAML

other stuff?

#### 9 Cheat sheets

https://www.markdownguide.org/cheat-sheet

https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown-cookbook/basics.html

#### References

Andersen, Ken H. 2019. Fish Ecology, Evolution, and Exploitation A New Theoretical Synthesis. Princeton University Press.

Blanchard, Julia L., Ken H. Andersen, Finlay Scott, Niels T. Hintzen, Gerjan Piet, and Simon Jennings. 2014. "Evaluating Targets and Trade-Offs Among Fisheries and Conservation Objectives Using a Multispecies Size Spectrum Model." Edited by Andre Punt. *Journal of Applied Ecology* 51 (3): 612–22. https://doi.org/10.1111/1365-2664.12238.