Circuit Breakers

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1. What You Will Learn

- How to protect your application (greeting-hystrix) from failures or latency with the circuit breaker pattern
- How to publish circuit-breaking metrics from your application (greeting-hystrix)
- How to consume metric streams with the hystrix-dashboard

2. Start the config-server, service-registry, and fortune-service

1. Start the config-server in a terminal window. You may have terminal windows still open from previous labs. They may be reused for this lab.

```
$ cd config-server
$ mvn spring-boot:run
```

2. Start the service-registry

```
$ cd service-registry
$ mvn spring-boot:run
```

3. Start the fortune-service

```
$ cd fortune-service
$ mvn spring-boot:run
```

3. Set up greeting-hystrix

1. Review the greeting-hystrix project's pom.xml file. By adding spring-cloud-services-starter-circuit-breaker to the classpath this application is eligible to use circuit breakers via Hystrix.

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>io.pivotal.spring.cloud</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-cloud-services-starter-circuit-breaker</artifactId>
        </dependency>
```

2. Review the class GreetingHystrixApplication.java. Note the use of the @EnableCircuitBreaker annotation. This allows the application to create circuit breakers. Note also how we again configure our RestTemplate bean to be load-balanced.

```
package io.pivotal;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
import org.springframework.cloud.client.circuitbreaker.EnableCircuitBreaker;
import org.springframework.cloud.client.discovery.EnableDiscoveryClient;
import org.springframework.cloud.client.loadbalancer.LoadBalanced;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate;
@SpringBootApplication
@EnableDiscoveryClient
@EnableCircuitBreaker
public class GreetingHystrixApplication {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       SpringApplication.run(GreetingHystrixApplication.class, args);
   }
   @LoadBalanced
   RestTemplate restTemplate() {
        return new RestTemplate();
   }
}
```

3. Review the class file io/pivotal/fortune/FortuneService.java. Note the use of the @HystrixCommand. This is our circuit breaker. If getFortune() fails, a fallback method defaultFortune() will be invoked.

```
package io.pivotal.fortune;
import com.netflix.hystrix.contrib.javanica.annotation.HystrixCommand;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate;
@Service
public class FortuneService {
  private final Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(FortuneService.class);
  private final RestTemplate restTemplate;
  public FortuneService(RestTemplate restTemplate) {
   this.restTemplate = restTemplate;
  @HystrixCommand(fallbackMethod = "defaultFortune")
  public String getFortune() {
    return restTemplate.getForObject("http://fortune-service", String.class);
  public String defaultFortune() {
   logger.debug("Default fortune used.");
    return "This fortune is no good. Try another.";
  }
}
```



the fallback method signature must match the signature (return type, method arguments) of the method it stands in for.

4. Open a new terminal window, and launch greeting-hystrix:

```
$ cd greeting-hystrix
$ mvn spring-boot:run
```

- 5. Refresh the greeting-hystrix root endpoint. You should get fortunes from the fortune-service.
- 6. Stop the fortune-service. Now refresh the greeting-hystrix root endpoint again. The default fortune is returned.

7. Restart the fortune-service. And refresh the greeting-hystrix root endpoint again. After some time, fortunes from the fortune-service are back.

What Just Happened?

The circuit breaker insulated greeting-hystrix from failures when the fortune-service was not available. This results in a better experience for our users and can also prevent cascading failures.

4. Set up the greeting-hystrix metric stream

Being able to monitor the state of our circuit breakers is highly valuable, but first the greeting-hystrix application must expose the metrics. This is accomplished by including the actuator dependency in the greeting-hystrix project's build file.

1. Review the greeting-hystrix/pom.xml file. By adding spring-boot-starter-actuator to the classpath, this application will publish metrics at the /hystrix.stream endpoint.

```
<dependency>
     <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
          <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-actuator</artifactId>
          </dependency>
```

2. Browse to http://localhost:8080/hystrix.stream to review the metric stream.



5. Set up hystrix-dashboard

Consuming the metric stream is difficult to interpret on our own. The metric stream can be visualized with the Hystrix Dashboard.

1. Review the hystrix-dashboard/pom.xml file. By adding spring-cloud-starter-hystrix-dashboard to the classpath, this application exposes a Hystrix Dashboard.

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.cloud</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-cloud-starter-hystrix-dashboard</artifactId>
        </dependency>
```

2. Review the file hystrix-

dashboard/src/main/java/io/pivotal/HystrixDashboardApplication.java.Note the use of the @EnableHystrixDashboard annotation. This creates a Hystrix Dashboard.

```
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
import org.springframework.cloud.netflix.hystrix.dashboard.EnableHystrixDashboard;

@SpringBootApplication
@EnableHystrixDashboard
public class HystrixDashboardApplication {

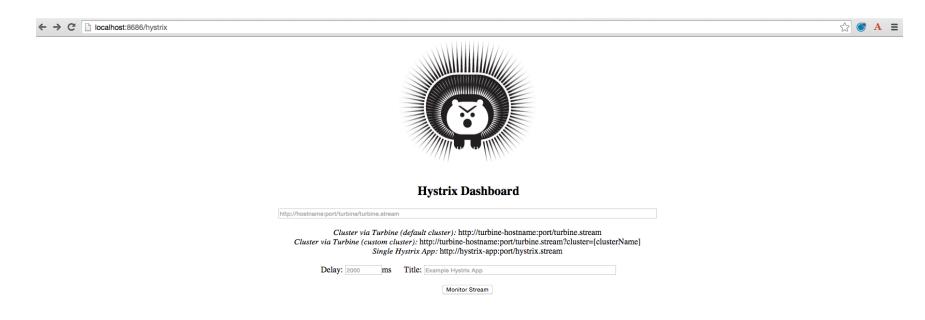
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        SpringApplication.run(HystrixDashboardApplication.class, args);
    }
}
```

3. Open a new terminal window. Start the hystrix-dashboard

```
$ cd hystrix-dashboard
$ mvn spring-boot:run
```

4. Open a browser to http://localhost:8686/hystrix



- 5. Link the hystrix-dashboard to the greeting-hystrix app. Enter http://localhost:8080/hystrix.stream as the stream to monitor.
- 6. Experiment! Refresh the <code>greeting-hystrix</code> root endpoint several times. Take down the <code>fortune-service</code> app. What does the dashboard do? Review the <code>dashboard</code> doc (https://github.com/Netflix/Hystrix/wiki/Dashboard) for an explanation on metrics.



It's not always convenient to refresh your application's endpoint multiple times to attempt to get a circuit to open or close. Using a tool such as <u>ab</u> (https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/programs/ab.html) is often more practical.

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