

# Socket Options

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# Introduction

There are various ways to get and set the options that affect a socket:

- ✎ The **getsockopt** and **setsockopt** functions
- ✎ The **fcntl** function
- ✎ The **ioctl** function

Here, we will cover the **getsockopt** and **setsockopt** functions.

Socket options for following categories: generic, IPV4, IPV6, TCP, and SCTP

# getsockopt Function

These two functions apply only to sockets.

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
```

```
int getsockopt (int sockfd, int level, int optname  
               , void * optval, socklen_t *optlen);
```

returns: 0 if OK, -1 on error

- ☞ **sockfd** must refer to an open socket descriptor
- ☞ **level** specifies the code in the system that interprets the option: the general socket code or some protocol-specific code (e.g., IPv4, IPv6, TCP, or SCTP).
- ☞ **optval** is a pointer to a variable into which the current value of the option is stored by **getsockopt**
- ☞ The size of this variable is specified by the final argument, as a value-result for **getsockopt**

# setsockopt Function

These two functions apply only to sockets.

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
```

```
int setsockopt (int sockfd, int level, int optname  
               , const void * optval socklen_t  
               optlen);
```

Both **return**: 0 if OK, -1 on error

- ☞ **sockfd** must refer to an open socket descriptor
- ☞ **level** specifies the code in the system that interprets the option: the general socket code or some protocol-specific code (e.g., IPv4, IPv6, TCP, or SCTP).
- ☞ **optval** is a pointer to a variable from which the new value of the option is fetched by **setsockopt**
- ☞ The size of this variable is specified by the final argument, as a value for **setsockopt**

# Socket option that can be queried

level	optname	get	set	Description	Flag	Datatype void *optval
SOL_SOCKET	SO_RCVBUF	•	•	Receive buffer size		int
	SO_SNDBUF	•	•	send buffer size		int
	SO_REUSEADDR	•	•	Allow local address reuse	•	int
	SO_REUSEPORT	•	•	Allow local port reuse	•	int
	SO_LINGER	•	•	Linger on close if data to send		linger {}
	SO_SNDTIMEO	•	•	Send timeout		timeval {}
	SO_RCVTIMEO	•	•	Send timeout		timeval {}
IPPROTO_IP	⋮					
IPPROTO_ICMPV6	⋮					
IPPROTO_IPV6	⋮					
IPPROTO_IP or IPPROTO_IPV6	⋮ ⋮					
IPPROTO_TCP	⋮					
IPPROTO_SCTP	⋮					

- ☞ The “**Datatype**” column shows the datatype of what the **optval** pointer must point to for each option.
- ☞ The notation of two braces to indicate a structure, as in **linger{}** to mean a **struct linger**

# Generic Socket options

level	optname	get	set	Description	Flag	Datatype void *optval
SOL_SOCKET	SO_RCVBUF	•	•	Receive buffer size		int
	SO_SNDBUF	•	•	send buffer size		int
	SO_REUSEADDR	•	•	Allow local address reuse	•	int
	SO_REUSEPORT	•	•	Allow local port reuse	•	int
	SO_LINGER	•	•	Linger on close if data to send		linger { }
	SO_SNDTIMEO	•	•	Send timeout		timeval { }
	SO_RCVTIMEO	•	•	Send timeout		timeval { }
	SO_BROADCAST	•	•	Permit sending of broadcast datagram	•	int
	SO_DEBUG	•	•	Enable debug tracing	•	timeval { }
	SO_DONTROUTE	•	•	Bypass routing table lookup	•	int
	SO_ERROR	•		Get pending error and clear		int
	SO_KEEPAIVE	•	•	periodically test if connection still alive	•	int
	SO_OOBINLINE	•	•	Leave received out-of-band data inline	•	int
	SO_RCVLOWAT	•	•	Receive buffer low-water mark		int
	SO_SNDLOWAT	•	•	Send buffer low-water mark		int
	SO_TYPE	•		Get socket type		int
	SO_USELOOPBACK	•	•	Routing socket gets copy of what it sends	•	int

# Summary of transport layer socket options

level	optname	get	set	Description	Flag	Datatype void *optval
IPPROTO_TCP	TCP_MAXSEG	•	•	TCP maximum segment size		int
	TCP_NODELAY	•	•	Disable Nagle algorithm	•	int
IPPROTO_SCTP	⋮					



# getsockopt () Example

```
int main()
{
    int on, tn;
    int sockfd;
    socklen_t len;
    len=sizeof(socklen_t);
    sockfd=socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
    getsockopt(sockfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_RCVBUF, &on, &len);
    printf("Reeive buffer size=%d\n", on);
    return 0;
}
```

# setsockopt () Example

```
int main()
{
    int on, tn;
    int sockfd;
    socklen_t len;
    len=sizeof(socklen_t);
    sockfd=socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
    getsockopt(sockfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_RCVBUF, &on, &len);
    printf("Reeive buffer size=%d\n", on);
    tn=65535;
    setsockopt(sockfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_RCVBUF, &tn, len);
    getsockopt(sockfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_SNDBUF, &tn, &len);
    printf("buffer size=%d\n", tn);
    return 0;
}
```

# Setting SO\_REUSEADDR Socket Option

A TCP socket is created that is bound to the server's well-known port and set the `SO_REUSEADDR` socket option in case connection exist on this port.

```
int on, listenfd;  
listenfd=socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0) ;  
: : : :  
setsockopt (listenfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR, &on,  
            sizeof (on) ) ;
```

# Setting Receive Timeout Socket Option

```
int listenfd;  
struct timeval tv;  
tv.tv_sec=10;  
tv.tv_usec=0;  
listenfd=socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0) ;  
: : : :  
setsockopt (listenfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_RCVTIMEO, &tv,  
            sizeof (tv) ) ;
```

# Setting Send Timeout Socket Option

```
int listenfd
struct timeval tv;
tv.tv_sec=10;
tv.tv_usec=0;
listenfd=socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0) ;
: : : :
setsockopt (listenfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_SNDTIMEO, &tv,
    sizeof (tv) ) ;
```

**THANK YOU**