

أفكار حماية ويكي المشاريع أجراءات طلبات السحب مشاكل رمز

ۍ رئيس ۴

البيانات / Huffman_Coding.ipynb



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Import libraries

```
In [69]:
          from heapq import heappush, heappop, heapify
          from collections import defaultdict
          from bitarray import bitarray
```

Input data to be compressed

Can be a path to a text file. For simplicity, an example text is used here.

```
In [70]:
          text = "HAPPY HAPPY"
```

Create a library with frequency of each symbols

```
In [71]:
          freq_lib = defaultdict(int) # generate a default library
          for ch in text:
                                         # count each letter and record into the freque
              freq_lib[ch] += 1
          print(freq lib)
         defaultdict(<class 'int'>, {'H': 2, 'A': 2, 'P': 4, 'Y': 2, ' ': 1})
```

Create Huffman Tree

```
In [72]:
          heap = [[fq, [sym, ""]] for sym, fq in freq_lib.items()] # '' is for enterin
          print(heap)
         [[2, ['H', '']], [2, ['A', '']], [4, ['P', '']], [2, ['Y', '']], [1, [' ',
In [73]:
          heapify(heap) # transform the list into a heap tree structure
          print(heap)
         [[1, [' ', '']], [2, ['A', '']], [4, ['P', '']], [2, ['Y', '']], [2, ['H',
         ''111
In [74]:
          while len(heap) > 1:
              right = heappop(heap) # heappop - Pop and return the smallest item from
              print('right = ', right)
              left = heappop(heap)
              print('left = ', left)
              for pair in right[1:]:
                  pair[1] = '0' + pair[1] # add zero to all the right note
              for pair in left[1:]:
                  pair[1] = '1' + pair[1] # add one to all the left note
              heappush(heap, [right[0] + left[0]] + right[1:] + left[1:]) # add values
         right = [1, [' ', '']]
```

```
left = [2, ['A', '']]
          right = [2, ['H', '']]
          left = [2, ['Y', '']]
right = [3, ['', '0'], ['A', '1']]
          left = [4, ['H', '0'], ['Y', '1']]
          right = [4, ['P', '']]
left = [7, [' ', '00'], ['A', '01'], ['H', '10'], ['Y', '11']]
In [75]:
           huffman_list = right[1:] + left[1:]
           print(huffman list)
           huffman_dict = {a[0]:bitarray(str(a[1])) for a in huffman_list}
           print(huffman_dict)
          [['P', '0'], [' ', '100'], ['A', '101'], ['H', '110'], ['Y', '111']]
          {'P': bitarray('0'), ' ': bitarray('100'), 'A': bitarray('101'), 'H': bitarra
          y('110'), 'Y': bitarray('111')}
```

Huffman encoding

```
In [76]:
          encoded text = bitarray()
          encoded_text.encode(huffman_dict, text)
          print(encoded_text)
```

bitarray('1101010011110011010100111')

Padding

Because data is stored as bytes (8 bits) rather than bits, we need to record the "padding" added to the data in order to remove them during decoding

```
In [77]:
          padding = 8 - (len(encoded_text) % 8)
```

Save encoded text as a binary file

```
In [78]:
          with open('compressed file.bin', 'wb') as w:
              encoded text.tofile(w)
```

Decoding

```
In [79]:
          decoded text = bitarray()
          with open('compressed_file.bin', 'rb') as r:
              decoded text.fromfile(r)
          decoded_text = decoded_text[:-padding] # remove padding
          decoded_text = decoded_text.decode(huffman_dict)
          decoded_text = ''.join(decoded_text)
          print(decoded text)
         HAPPY HAPPY
```

Save an uncompressed tile for comparison