Sharding Architectures International PHP Conference 2008

Who the f*** is talking?

- David Soria Parra < dsp@php.net>
- PHP since 7 years
- Software Engineer at Sun Microsystems
- Sun Microsystems Web Stack
- PHP Source Committer
- Various other OSS Projects (Mercurial, etc)

Agenda

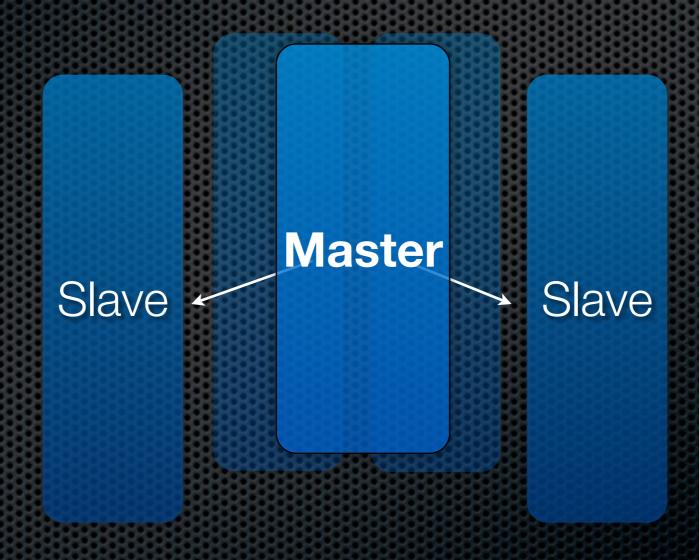
- Problem
- Possible Solutions ...and what not
- What is sharding?
- Implementation
- Optimization
- Migration

Problem

- Scalability
 - What kind of scalability?
- High read and write traffic
- Huge amount of data

Solutions

Master/Slave replication



Master/Master replication



Master/Master Master/Slave

- Master / Master
 - unstable / no official support
 - replication not distribution
- Master / Slave
 - no write optimization
 - replication not distribution

Sharding

Shard Database Shard Shard Aggregation

What is sharding?

- Application side implementation
- Application side aggregation
- Splitting data across databases
- Parallelization

Sharding is not...

- sharding is...
 - NOT replication / backup
 - NOT clustering
 - NOT just spreading

Implementation

shard 0

PHP application

shard 1

user ID: 9

PHP application

shard 0

shard 1

user ID: 9

PHP application

9 % 3 = 0

shard 0

shard 1

9 % 3 = 0

shard 0

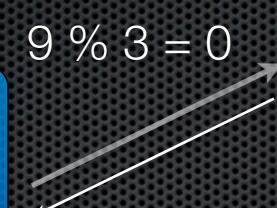
user ID: 9

PHP application

shard 1

user ID: 9

PHP application



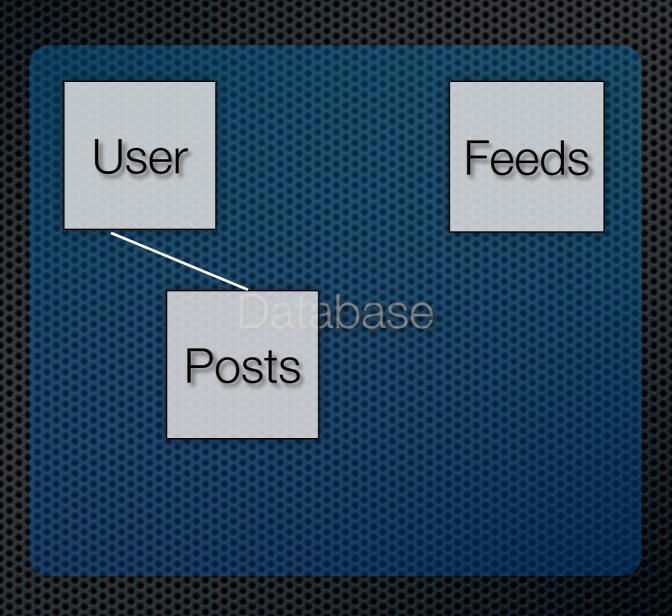
shard 0

shard 1

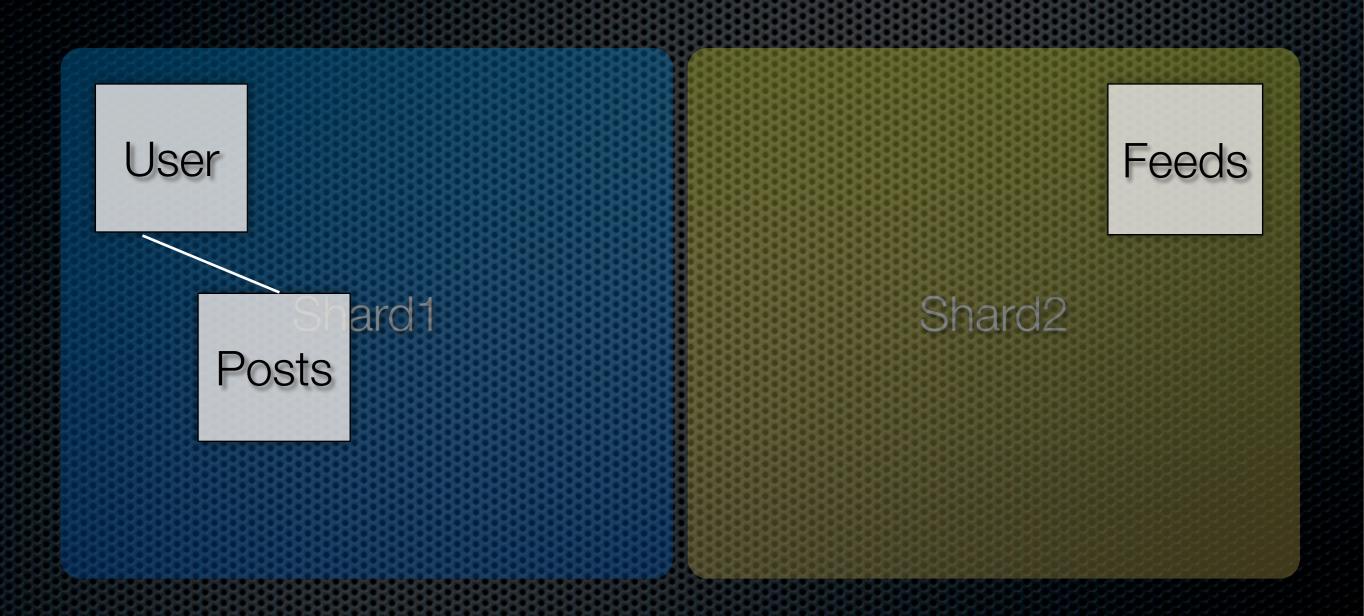
Shard

- Tables with a lot of writes
- Tables with a lot of reads
- Related data on one shard

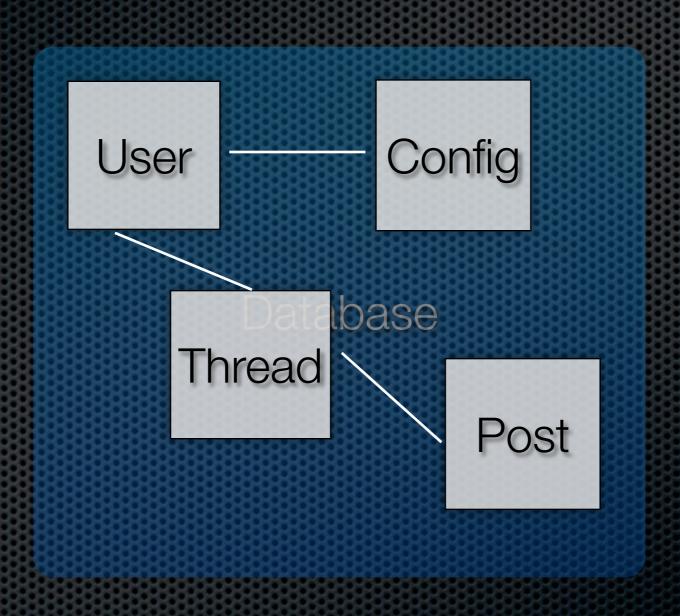
Splitting: Tables



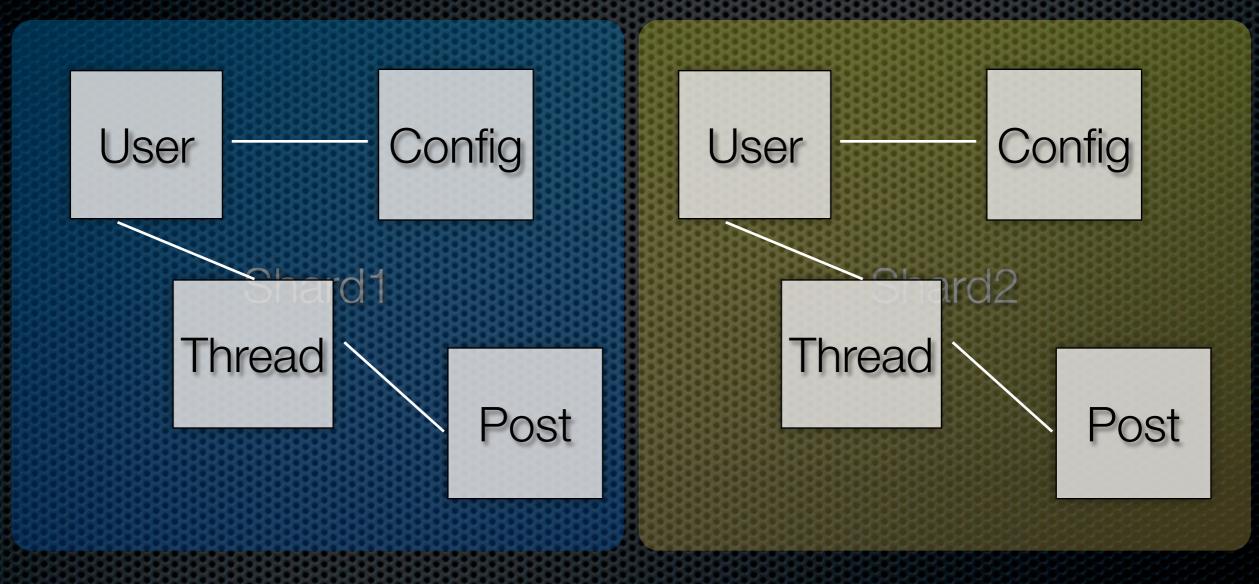
Splitting: Tables



Splitting: Data



Splitting: Data



even user id

odd user id

Data distribution

Criteria

- Fast lookup
- Few database connections
- Inexpensive reorganization
- Equal distribution

Modulo

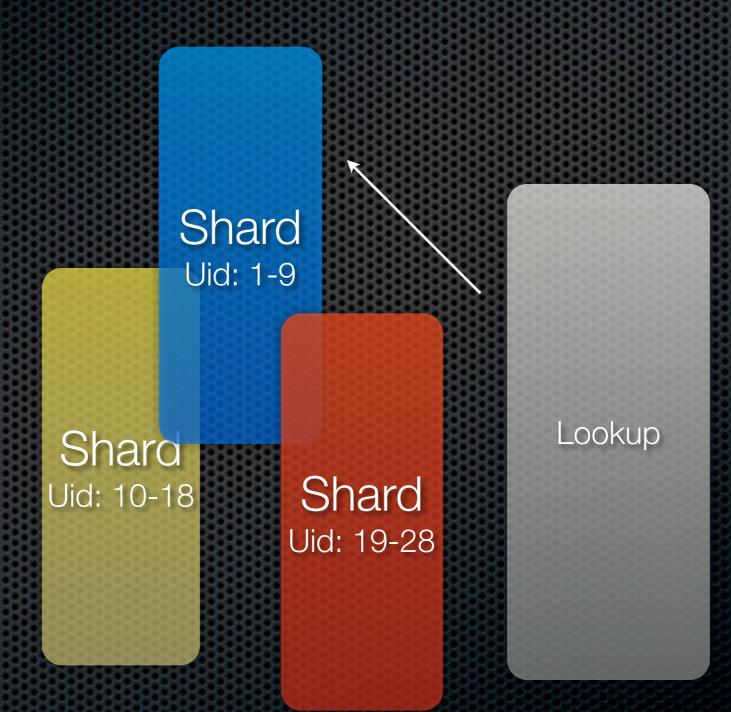
Shard Uid: 1-9

Shard Shard Uid: 10-19 Uid: 20-30

Modulo



Lookup table



Optimizing

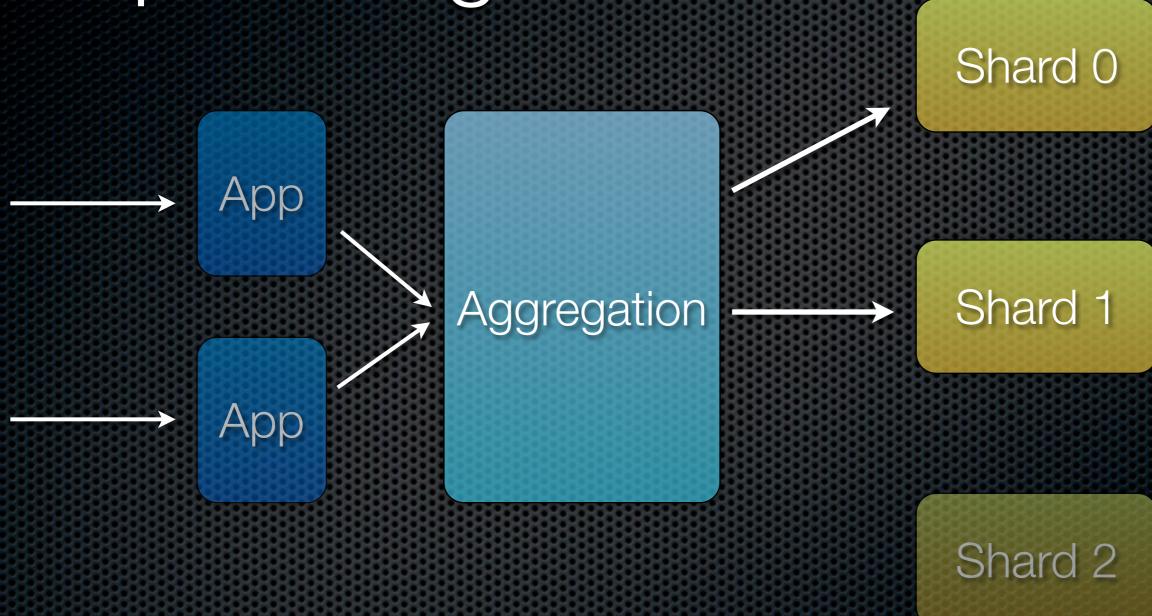
Optimizing

- caches (memcache)
- model optimization
 - normalization? no!
- connection pools
- persistant connections (using mysqli+mysqlnd)

Optimizing II

- aggregation daemons
 - persistent
- MySQL Proxy with LUA
- asynchronous queries (mysqlnd)

Optimizing III



Problems

- Joins, Unions, Intersections
- Grouping
- Selecting and projecting on groups
- Aggregation
- Primary keys
- Referential integrity (foreign keys)
- (De-)Normalization

Problems

- Global tables
 - Sharing
 - Tagging
 - Invitations
 - Search
- Lots of relations (due to normalization) between tables

Migration

- Find the bottleneck
- Refactoring of DB model needed?
- Prepare implementation
 - prepare DBA layer
 - write unit tests
 - split existing data

Migration II

- Setup shards
- Migrate your code
- Test, Test, Test
- Check if everything runs smooth
 - MySQL proxy
 - DTrace

Scale!



Some code

\$conn->getConnection(\$userId)->query();

\$conn->getGlobalConnection()->query();

Questions?

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