

COT 4420: Homework 1

Math Rep and elementary Formal Languages

1. Let S and T be subsets of a set U . Defining $S' = U \setminus S$ and $T' = U \setminus T$, show that

$$(S \cup T)' = S' \cap T'$$

2. T/F (circle)

| | | |
|---|----------|----------|
| If $A = \emptyset$ or $B = \emptyset$ then $A \times B = \emptyset$ | T | F |
| If $A = \emptyset$ then $\mathbf{P}(A) = \emptyset$ (power set) | T | F |
| There is a bijection from \emptyset into itself | T | F |
| If $ A = n$, then A has n subsets of size $n-1$ | T | F |
| If $ A = 2$, then $ \mathbf{P}(A^2) = 32$ | T | F |
| If $A = \{a\}$ then A^2 has one element | T | F |

3. For each of the three cases, give *infinite* sets A and B such that

- a) $A \cap B$ is finite
- b) $A \cap B$ is infinite
- c) $A \cap B$ is empty

4. a) Show by induction that $(n+1)^2 = n^2 + (2n + 1)$.

b) Show the same without induction (I really hope you were tempted to do that!)

5. Let $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$ be an alphabet. Enumerate five elements of the following languages:

- a) Binary numbers that are even
- b) Binary numbers that contain as many 0 as 1 (not leading 0s, of course)