
Big Data Hadoop and Spark Developer

Lab Guide



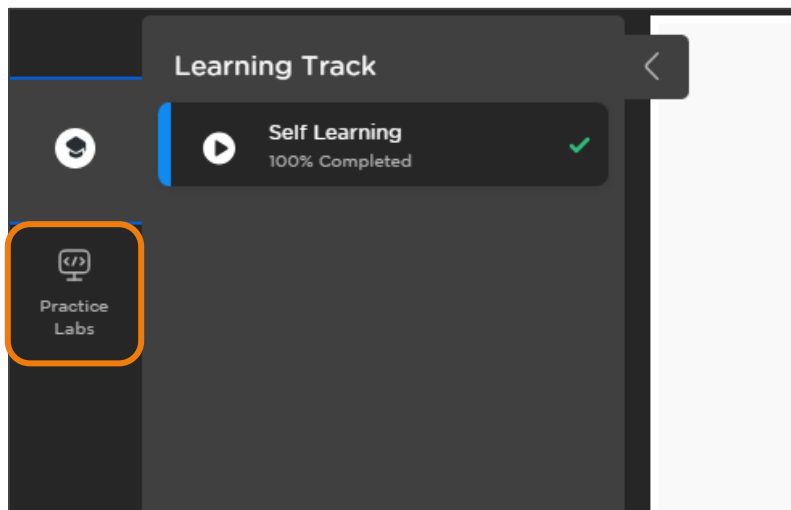
Get Certified. Get Ahead.

Note: The screenshots are only for your reference. Your LMS may look different depending on your course content.

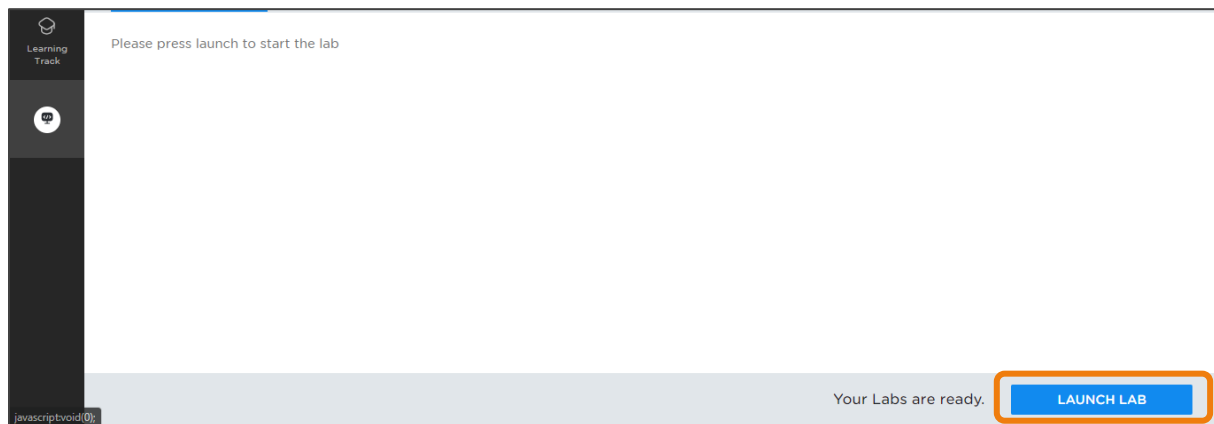
To execute the demos included in this course, follow the below steps:

Step 1: Log in to the Simplilearn LMS

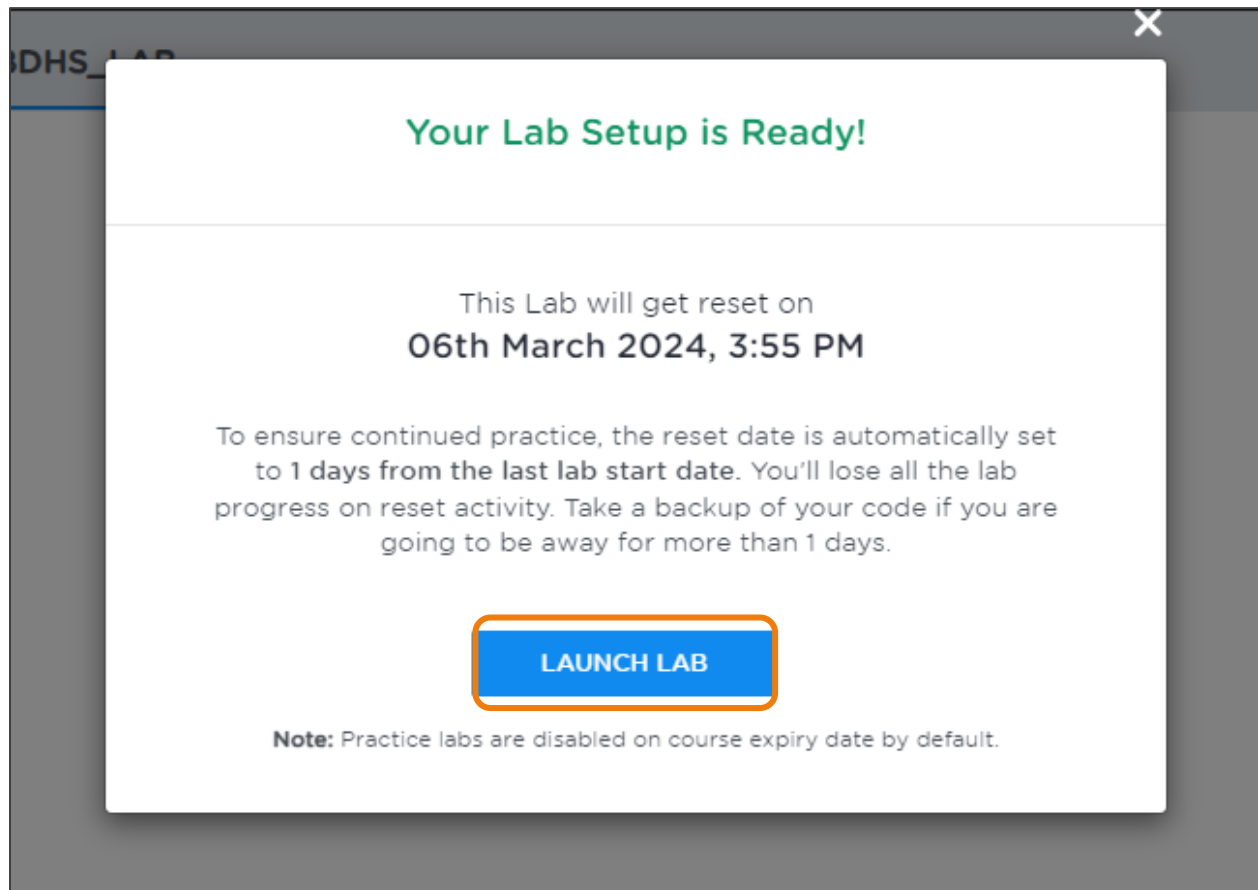
- Go to the course
- Click on **Practice Labs** on the left



Step 2: Click on **LAUNCH LAB**

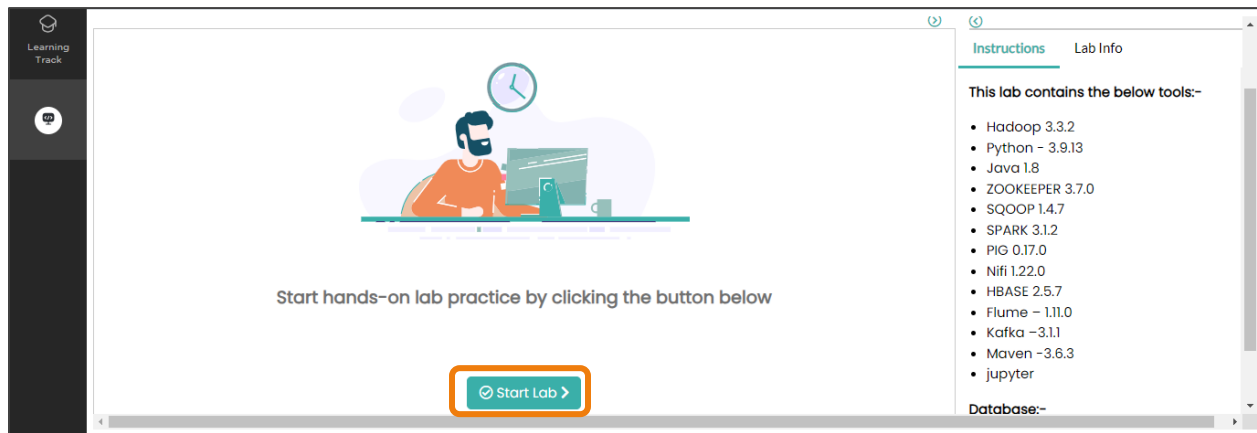


Step 3: A small screen will pop up in the middle of your screen with important information about the lab. Again, click on the **LAUNCH LAB** button.

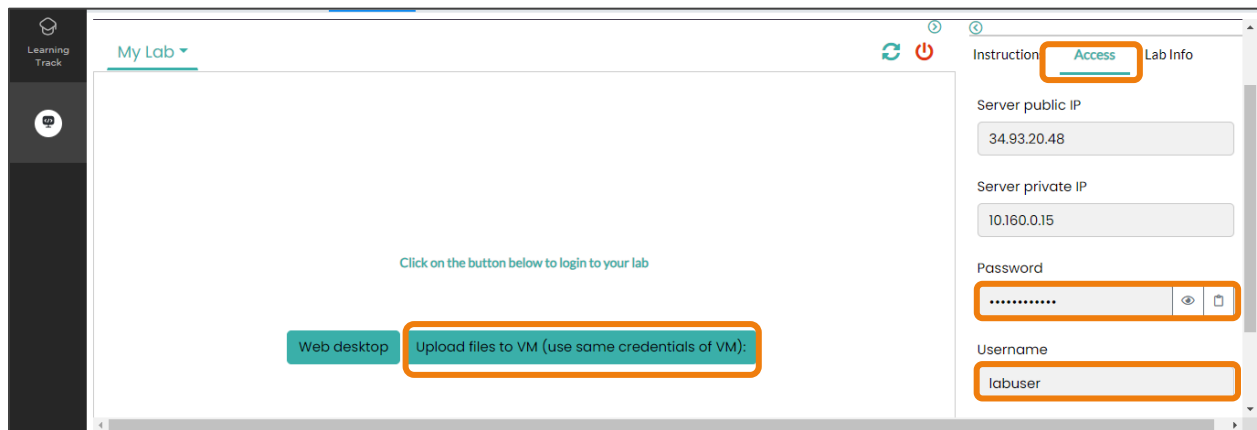


Note: It will take about three to five minutes for the lab environment to load.

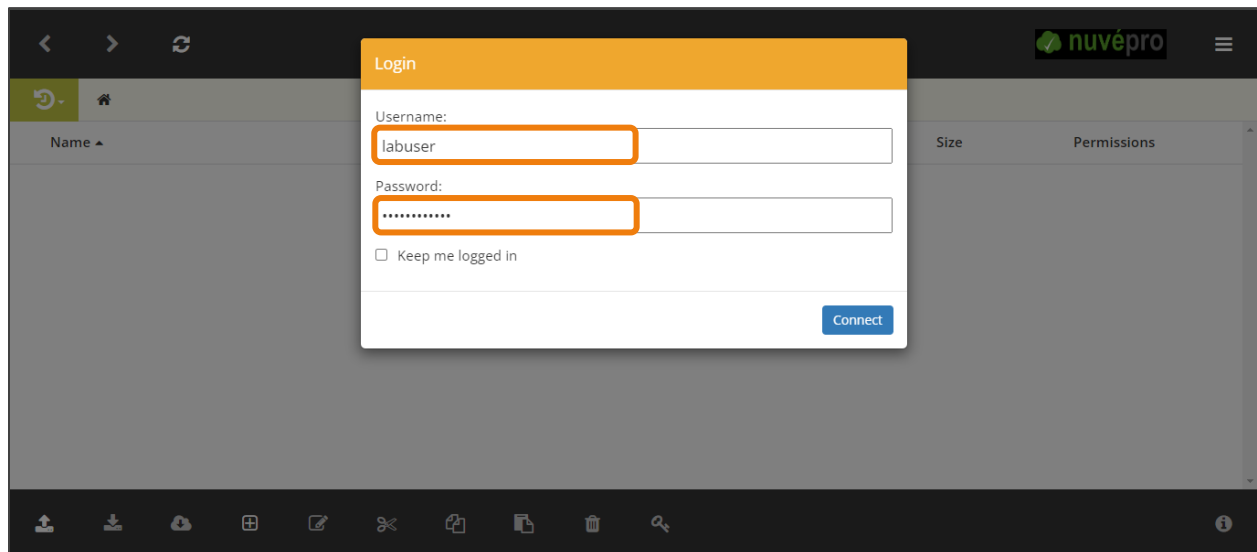
Step 4: Click on the **Start Lab** button



Step 5: Once the environment has loaded, log in to the **FTP (Upload files to VM)** using the specified **Username** and **Password** from the **Access** tab

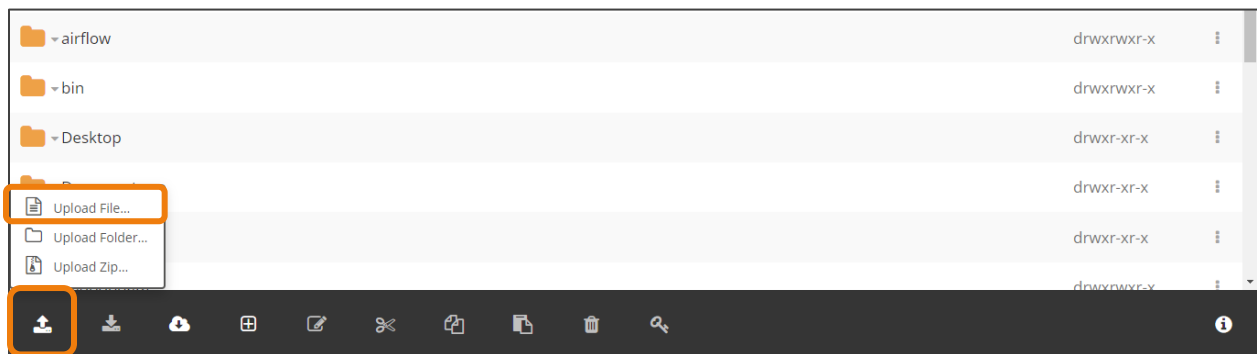


Step 6: You will now be directed to the login screen where you can enter your **Username** and **Password**



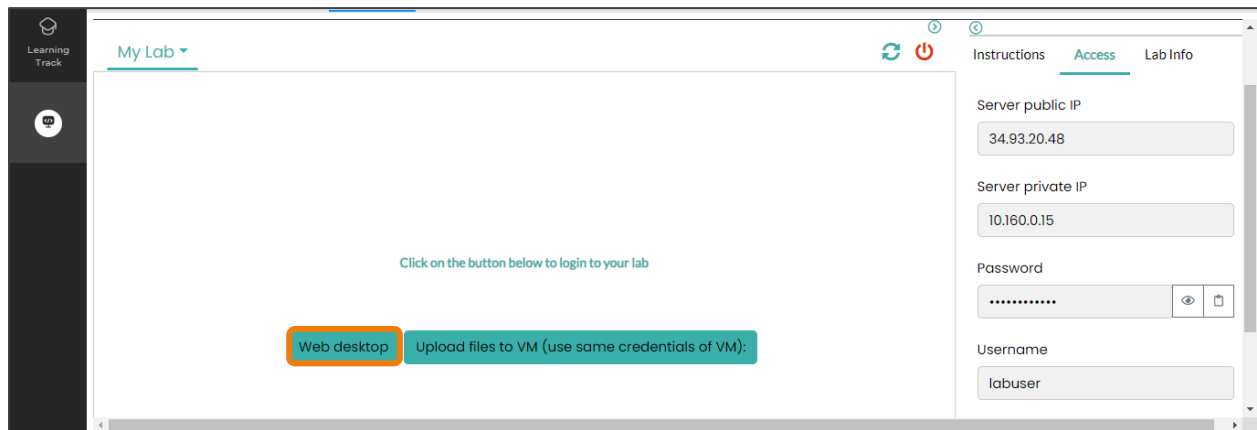
Note: Once you are successfully logged in, you will be redirected to the below page as shown in Step 7.

Step 7: Click on the **Upload File** button to upload the dataset

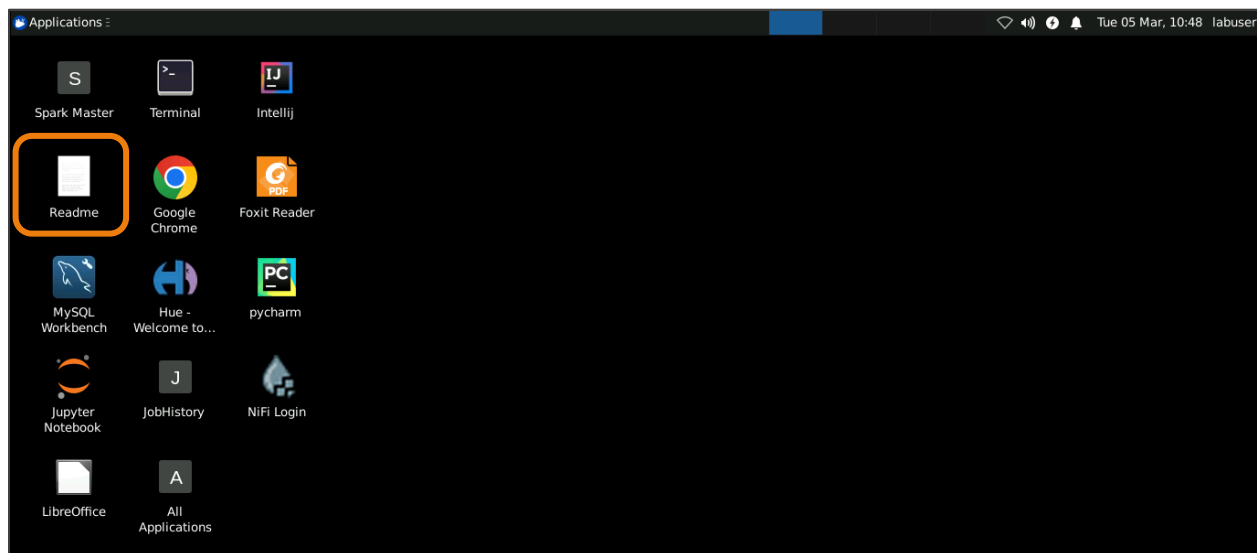


Note: Datasets are accessible in the lab for online use. Alternatively, for offline work, you can download and extract them from the **Reference Materials** in your LMS.

Step 8: To access the terminal, HUE, or any other provided service, click on **Web desktop**



Step 9: Click on the **Readme** file to discover the installed tools, their URL/path, and the Username and Password for different services



Step 10: Copy the **Username** and **Password** provided in Readme file to log in to **HUE**

```
=====
hadoop,spark,hbase :-

sudo systemctl start allservice.service
sudo systemctl stop allservice.service

hue:-

sudo systemctl start hue.service
sudo systemctl stop hue.service

To check hadoop daemons:-
-----
command :- jps

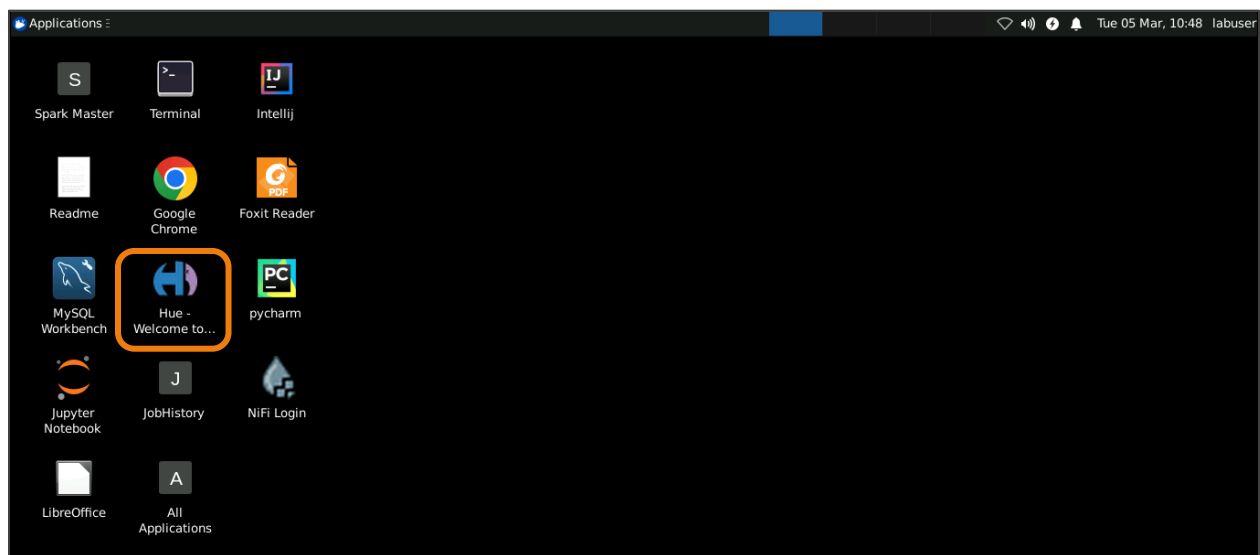
To start job history server :-
-----
go to cd /opt/hadoop/sbin/
      ./mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start historyserver

click on jobhisory desktop icon

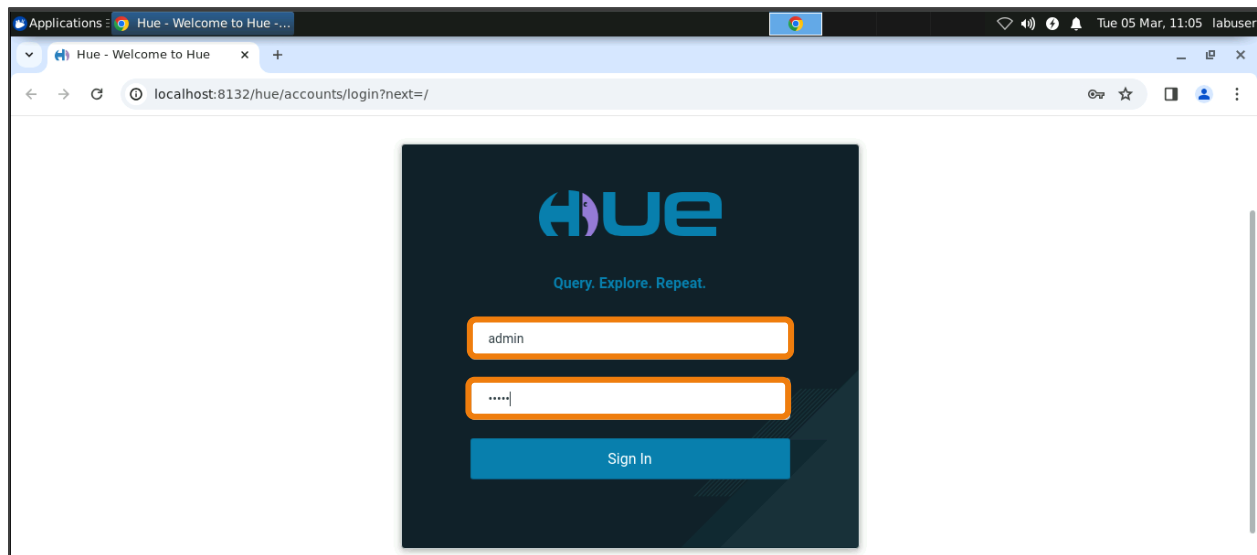
1) Hue :-

Url :- http://localhost:8132/
username :- admin
password :- admin
```

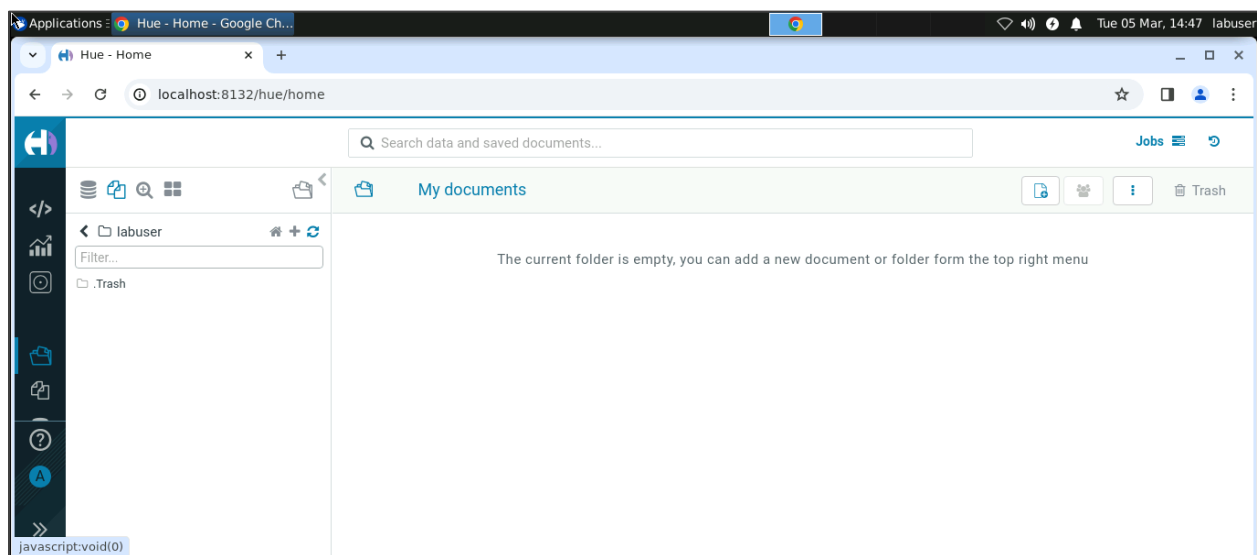
Step 11: Click on **HUE**



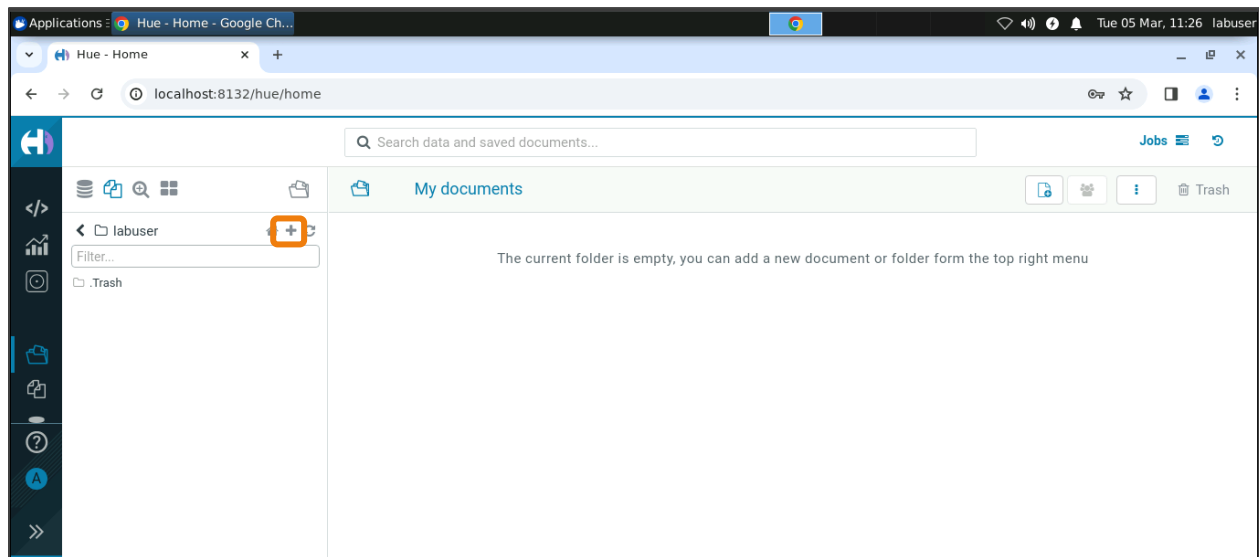
Step 12: Enter the **Username** and **Password** you copied to log in to **HUE**



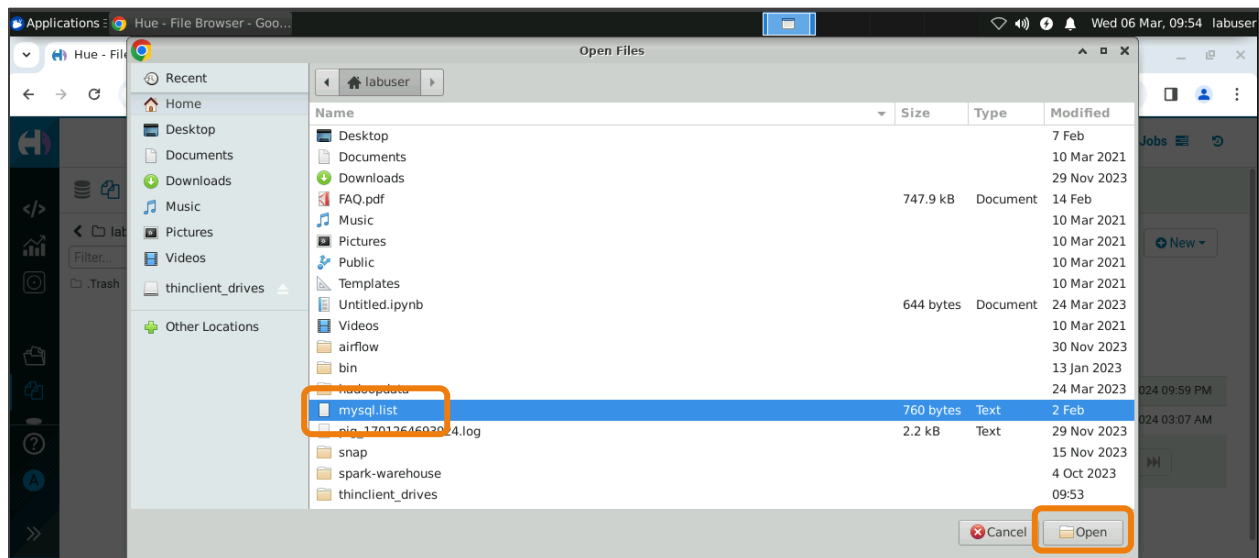
Note: You will be navigated to the dashboard as shown below:



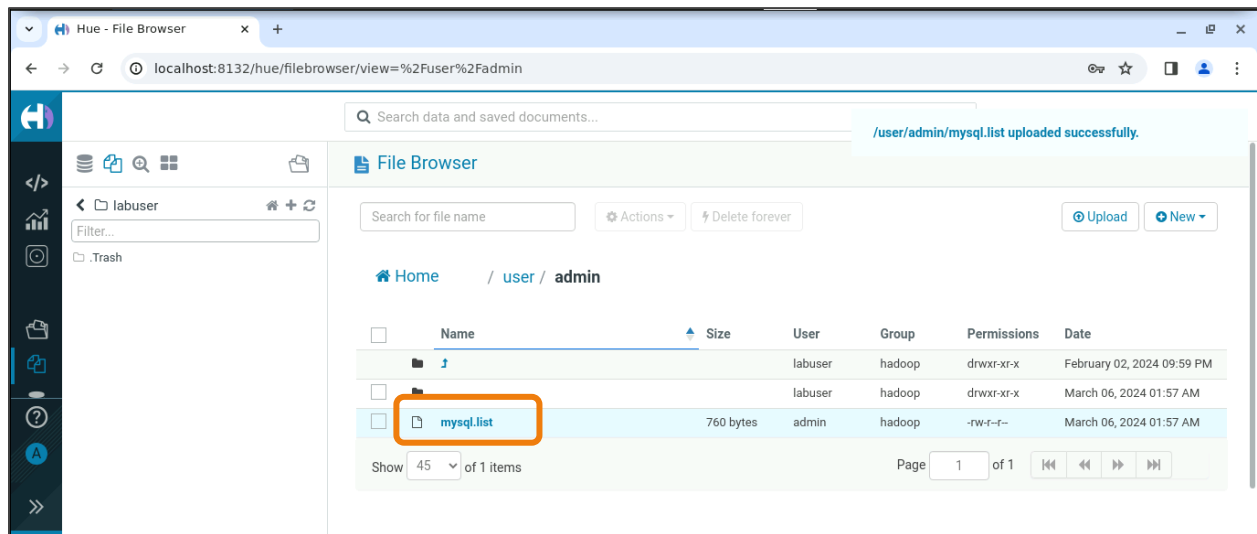
Step 13: Click on the shown + icon to upload the dataset in HUE



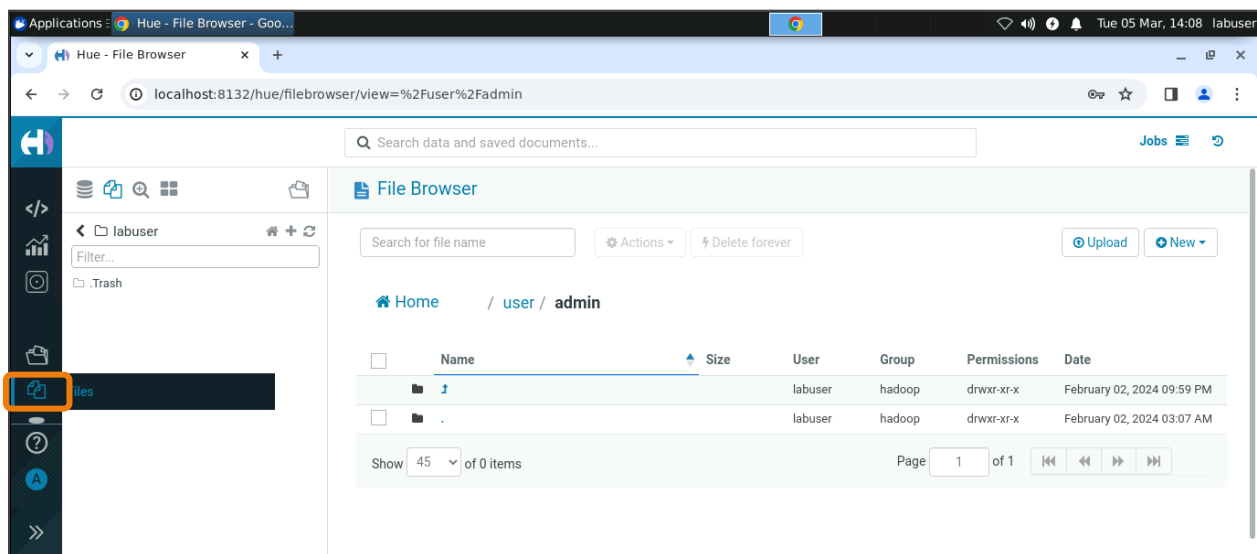
Step 14: Choose the dataset you want to upload, and then click on the **Open** button



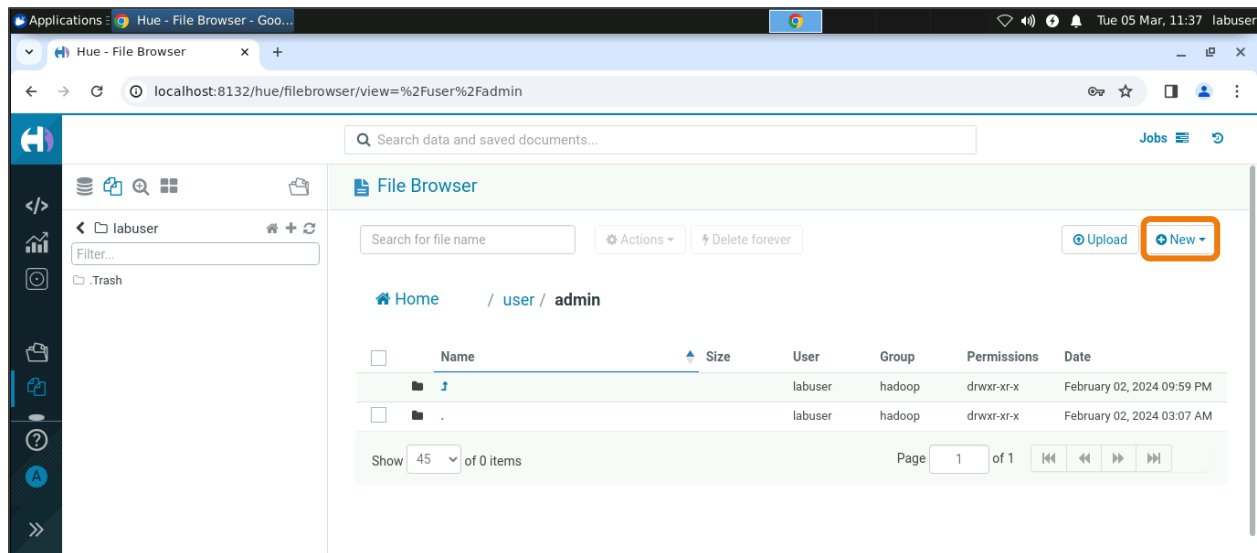
Note: After clicking the **Open** button, you will be able to see the uploaded dataset as shown below:



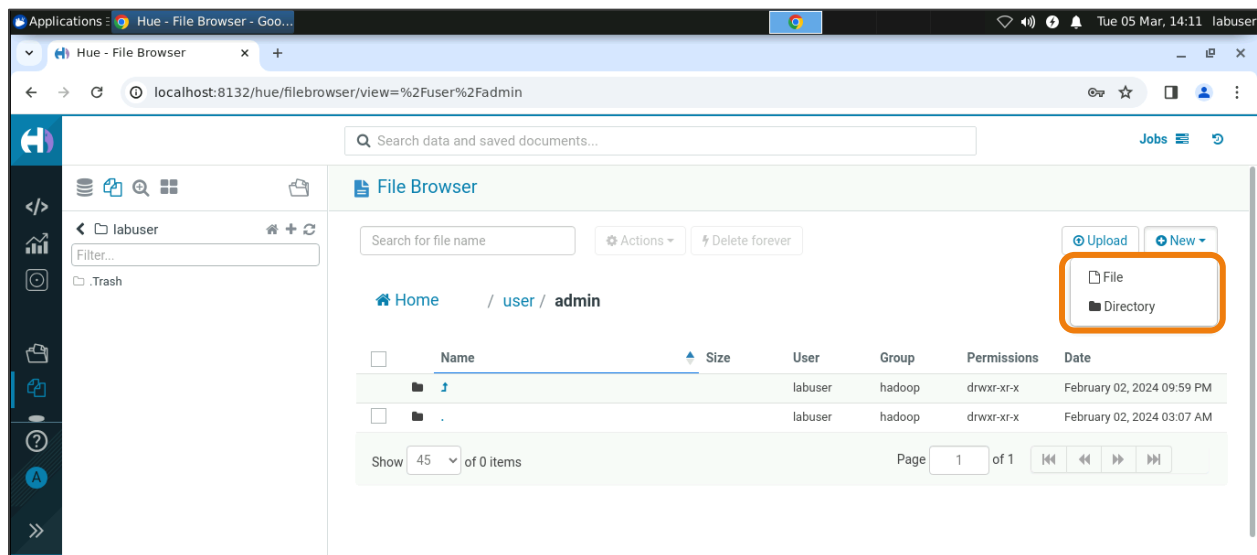
Step 15: Click on the **Files** button to create a new file or directory within HUE



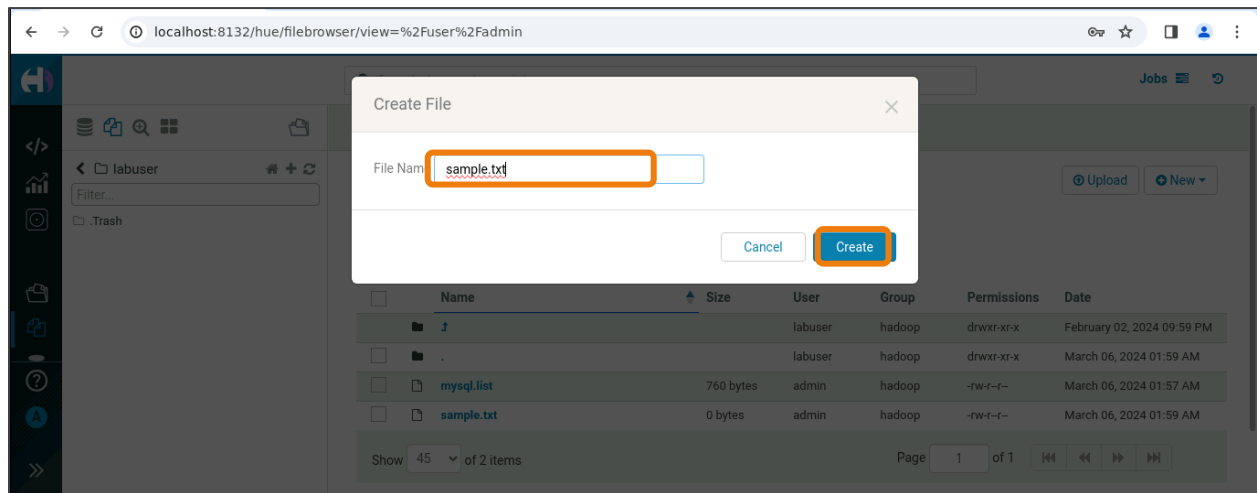
Step 16: Click on the **New** button



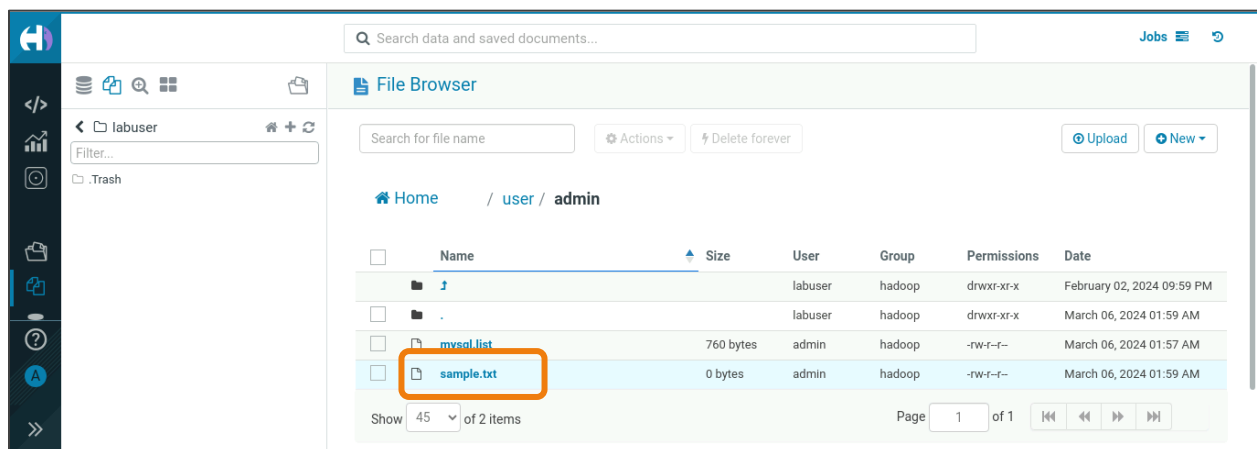
Step 17: Click on either **File** or **Directory** based on your needs



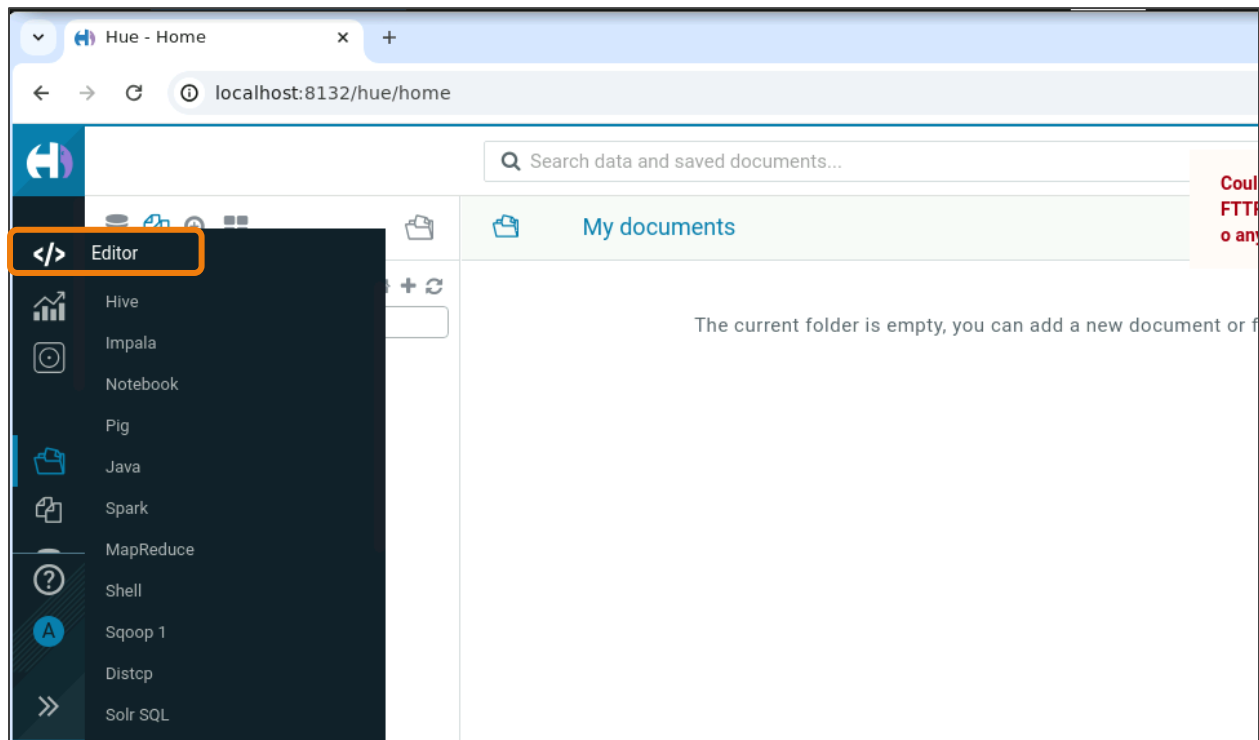
Step 18: Enter the file name and click on the **Create** button



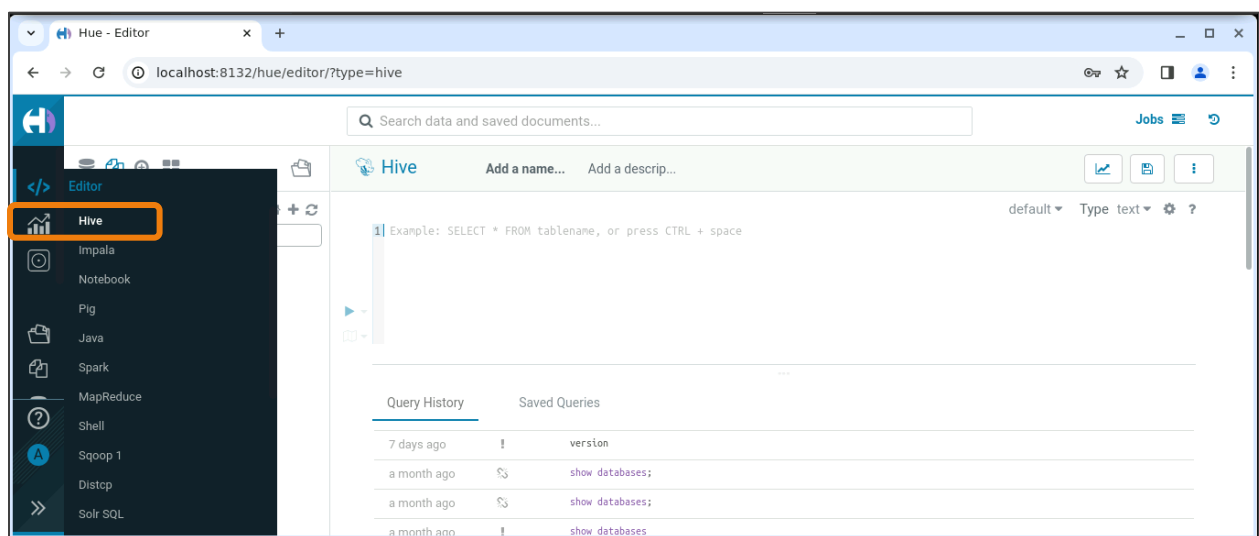
Note: After clicking the **Create** button, you will be able to see the new file as shown below:



Step 19: Select the **Editor** button situated on the left side of the HUE dashboard to compose the **Hive query**



Step 20: Click on **Hive**



Step 21: Type the command into the editor, and then click on the **triangle** button located on the left side of the editor to execute the command. The output will be displayed in the **Results** column.



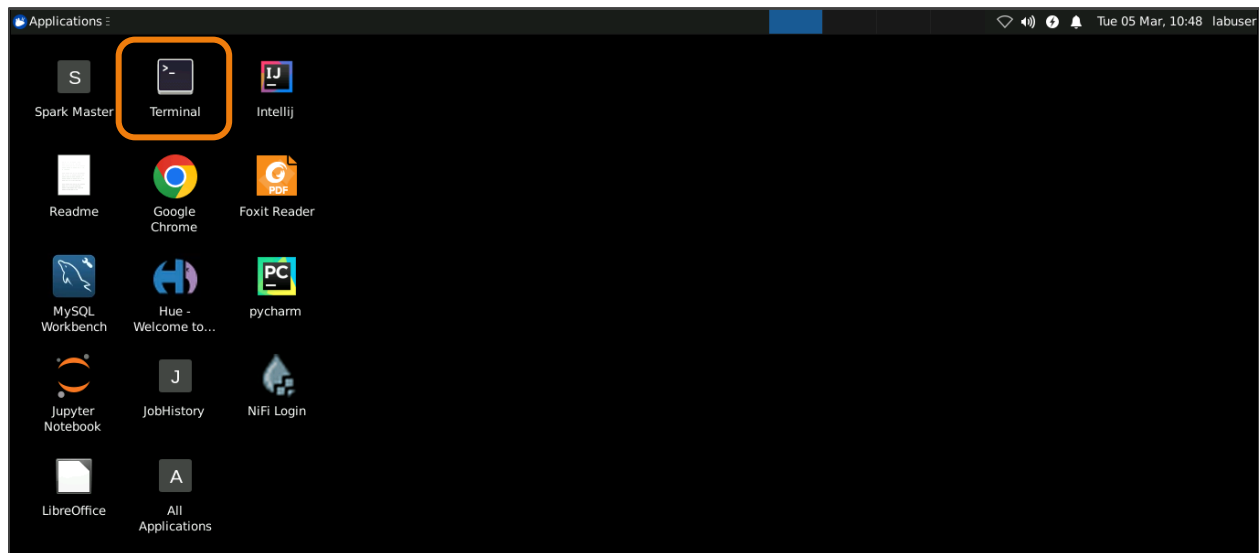
The screenshot shows a Hive SQL editor with a code editor at the top and a results pane at the bottom. The code editor contains a Hive SQL command to create an external table named 'drivers' in the 'Hive_Test' database. The command is as follows:

```
1 create database Hive_Test;
2
3 CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE Hive_Test.drivers
4 (
5   driverId INT,
6   name STRING,
7   ssn BIGINT,
8   location STRING,
9   certified STRING,
10  wageplan STRING
11 )
12 row format delimited fields terminated by ','
13 LOCATION '/user/testdemomay1301mailinator/new_demo/'
14 TBLPROPERTIES("skip.header.line.count"="1");
15 use Hive_Test;
16 LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/testdemomay1301mailinator/hivedemo/*.csv' INTO TABLE Hive_Test.drivers;
17 select * from Hive_Test.drivers;
```

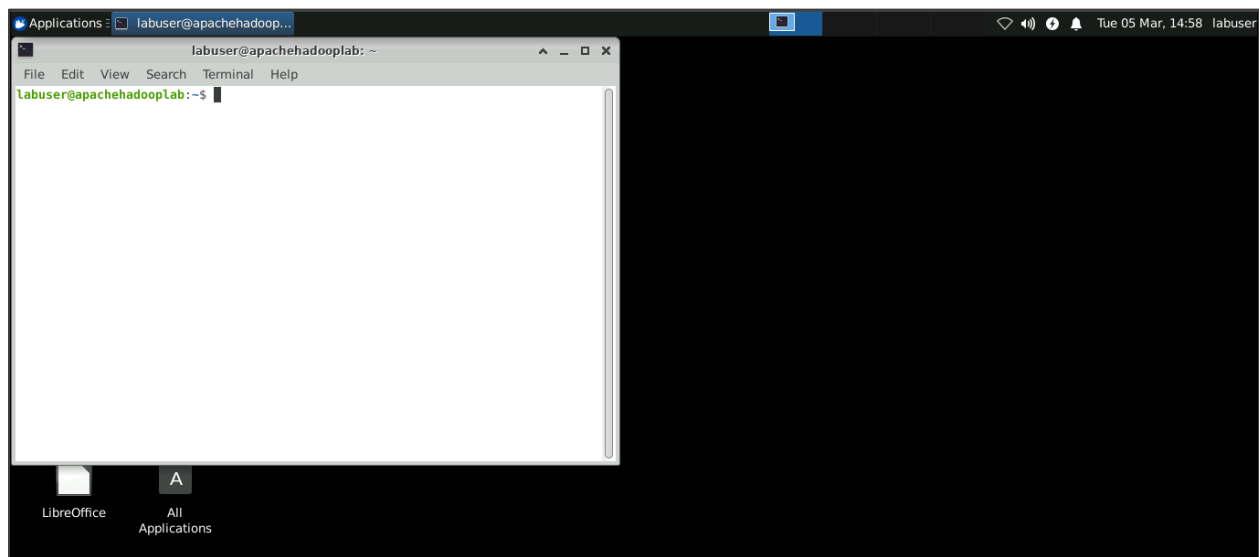
The results pane shows the output of the command, including the command text, the execution status (INFO), and the results of the query. The results are displayed in a table with the following columns: drivers.driverid, drivers.name, drivers.ssn, and drivers.location. The table contains three rows of data.

	drivers.driverid	drivers.name	drivers.ssn	drivers.location
1	10	George Vetticaden	621011971	244-4532 Nulla Rd.
2	11	Jamie Engesser	262112338	366-4125 Ac Street
3	12	Paul Cordin	198041975	Ap #622-957 Bissis Street

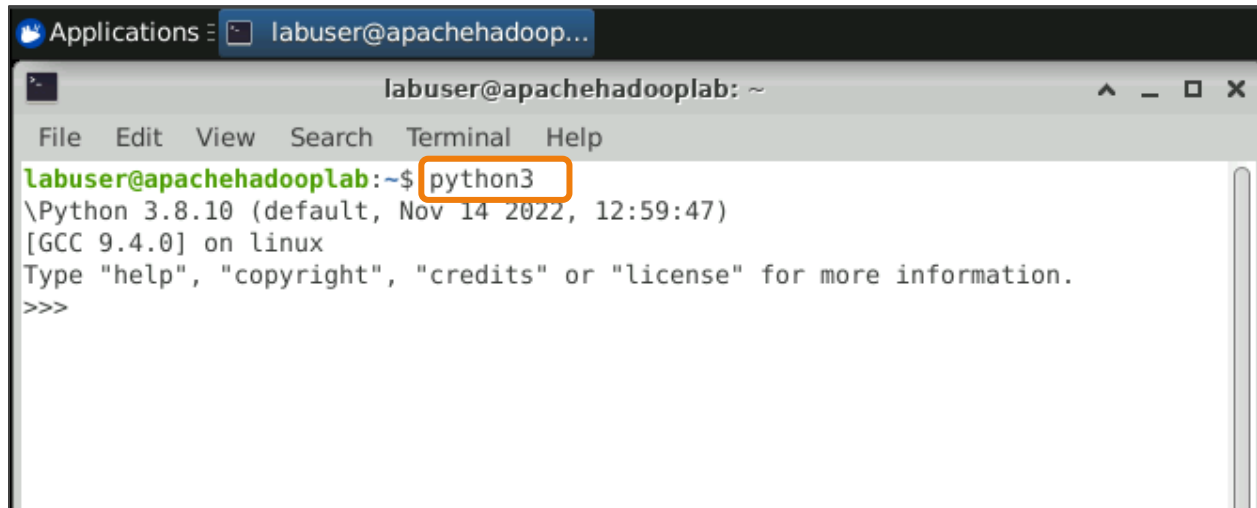
Step 22: Click on **Terminal** to open the terminal window



Note: You will be able to see the new terminal file as shown below:



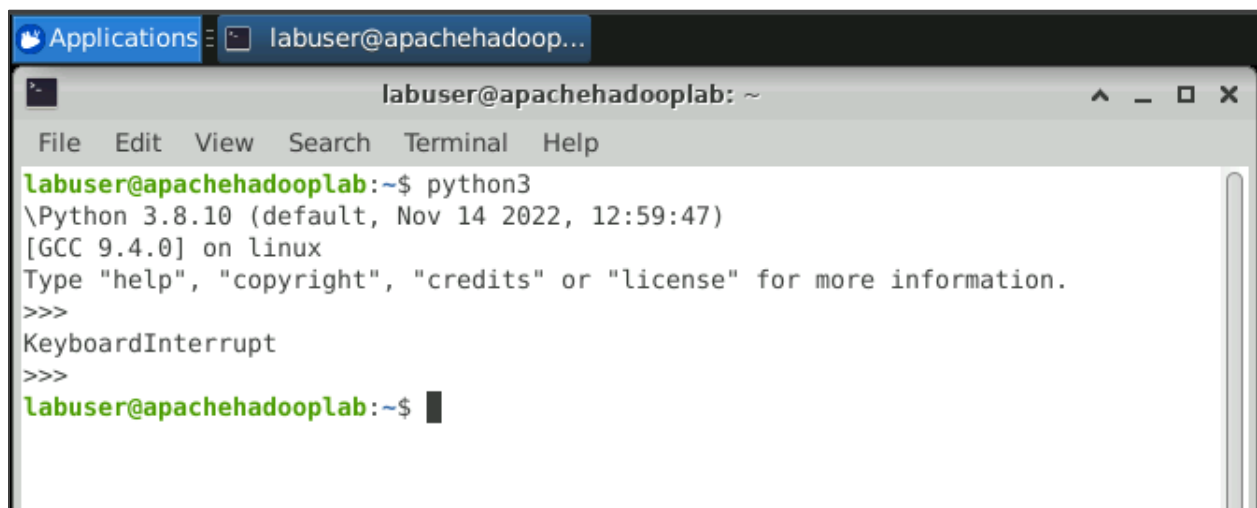
Step 24: To access the **Python shell**, execute the following command:
python3



A terminal window titled 'labuser@apachehadooplab: ~' with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Search, Terminal, Help). The prompt is 'labuser@apachehadooplab:~\$' and the command 'python3' is entered and highlighted with an orange box. The output shows the Python 3.8.10 shell environment with version, GCC version, and OS information, followed by a prompt 'Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.' and the interactive prompt '>>>'.

```
labuser@apachehadooplab:~$ python3
\Python 3.8.10 (default, Nov 14 2022, 12:59:47)
[GCC 9.4.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

Step 25: Press **Ctrl+d** to exit the Python shell. This action will not be visibly displayed.



The same terminal window as in Step 24, but now showing the exit of the Python shell. The prompt is 'labuser@apachehadooplab:~\$' and the command 'python3' has been executed. The output is the same as in Step 24, but now followed by 'KeyboardInterrupt' and the prompt 'labuser@apachehadooplab:~\$' with a cursor, indicating the shell has exited.

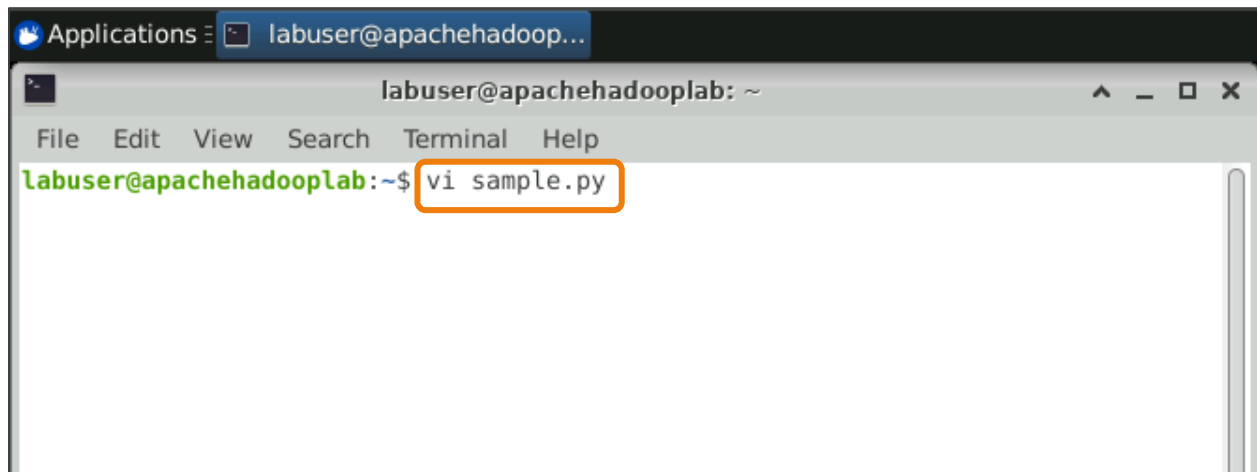
```
labuser@apachehadooplab:~$ python3
\Python 3.8.10 (default, Nov 14 2022, 12:59:47)
[GCC 9.4.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
KeyboardInterrupt
>>>
labuser@apachehadooplab:~$
```

Step 26: To enter the **vi editor** and to write any Python file or txt file, use the command below:

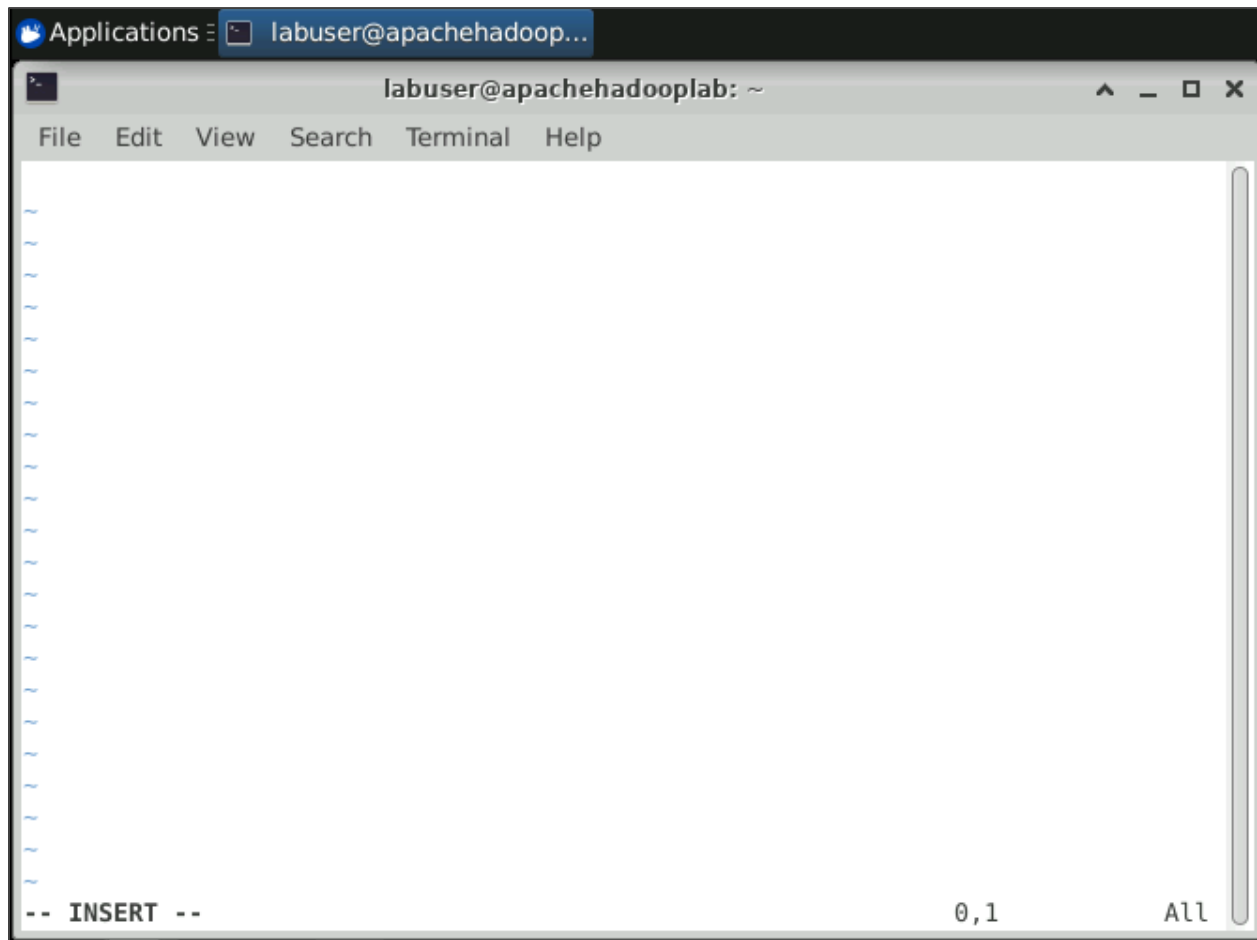
vi sample.py

or

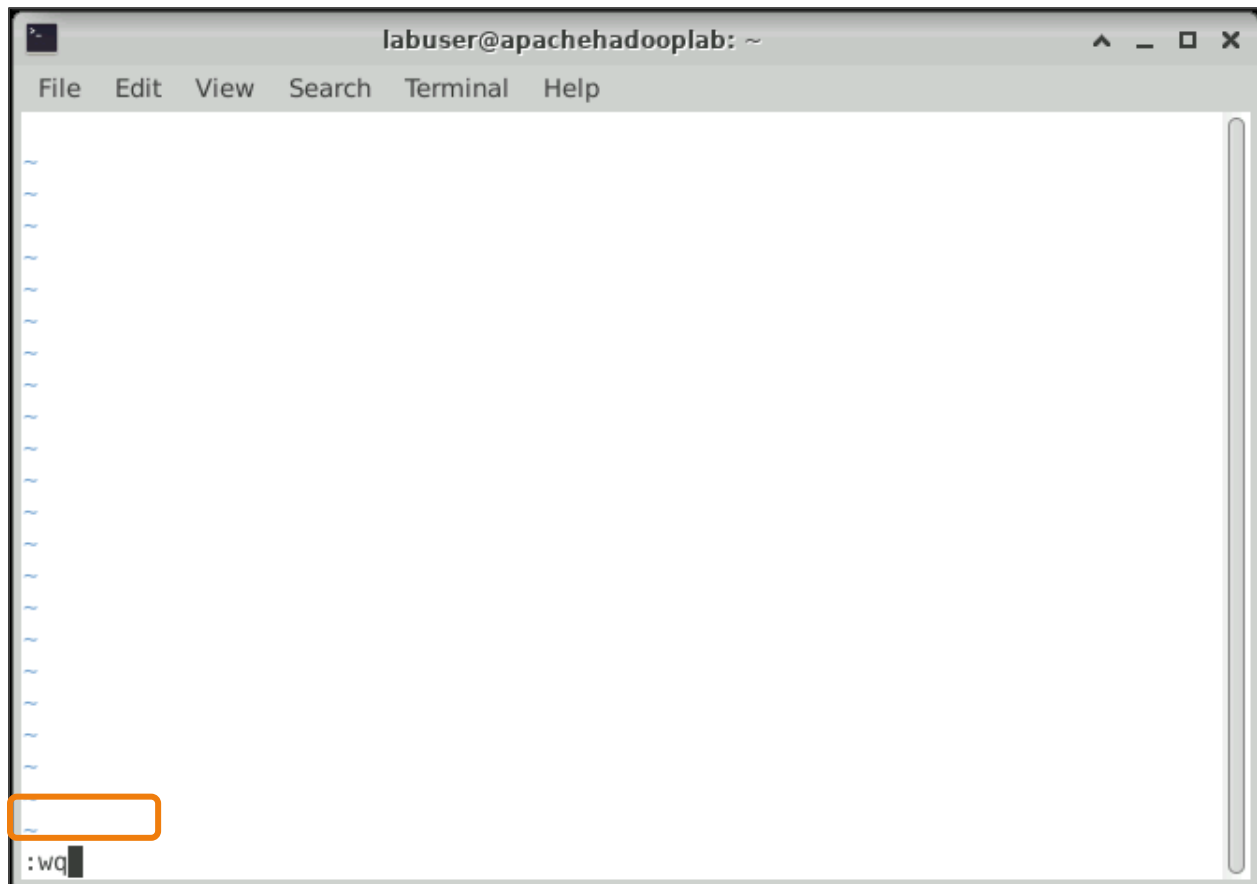
vi sample.txt

A screenshot of a terminal window. The window title bar shows 'Applications' and 'labuser@apachehadoop...'. The terminal window itself has a title bar 'labuser@apachehadooplab: ~' and a menu bar with 'File', 'Edit', 'View', 'Search', 'Terminal', and 'Help'. The prompt 'labuser@apachehadooplab:~\$' is followed by the command 'vi sample.py', which is highlighted with an orange rectangular box.

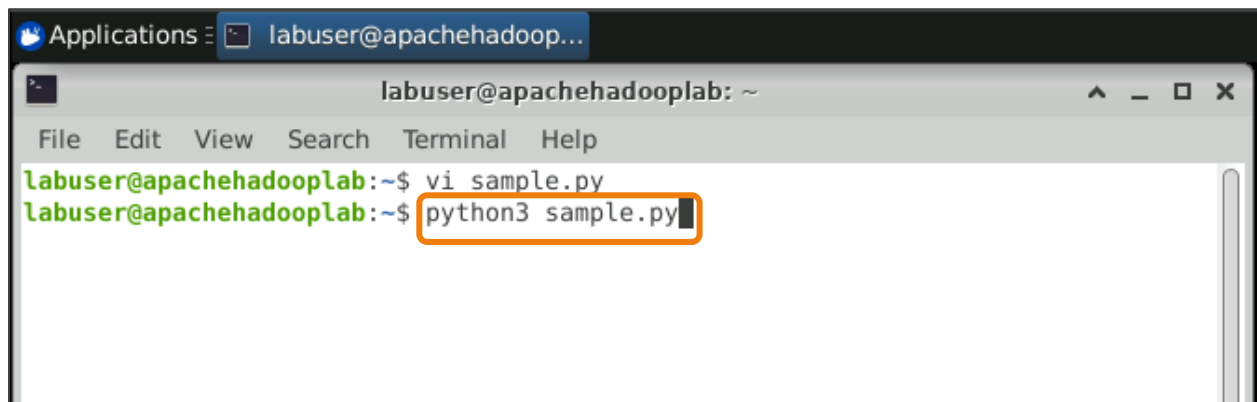
Step 27: Click on **i** on your keyboard to enter the **insert mode**



Step 28: Click on the **ESC** key and then type **:wq** to save and exit



Step 29: To execute the **Python script**, run the command below:
python3 sample.py



Step 31: To activate the **JobHistory server**, the initial step involves launching the **jobhistory daemon**. To achieve this, simply copy the command specified in the Readme file and execute it within your terminal.

```
Tools Installed::-
=====

Systemd service:-
=====
hadoop,spark,hbase :-

sudo systemctl start allservice.service
sudo systemctl stop allservice.service

hue:-

sudo systemctl start hue.service
sudo systemctl stop hue.service

To check hadoop daemons:-
-----
command :- ips

To start job history server :-
-----
go to cd /opt/hadoop/sbin/
      ./mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start historyserver

click on jobhisory desktop icon

1) Hue :-

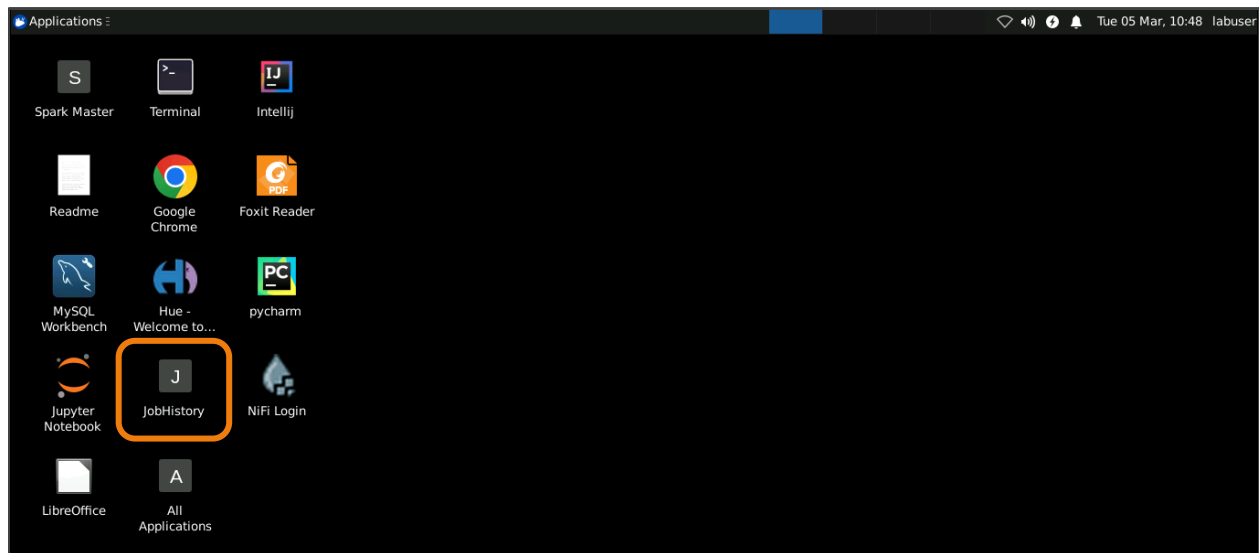
Url :- http://localhost:8132/
```



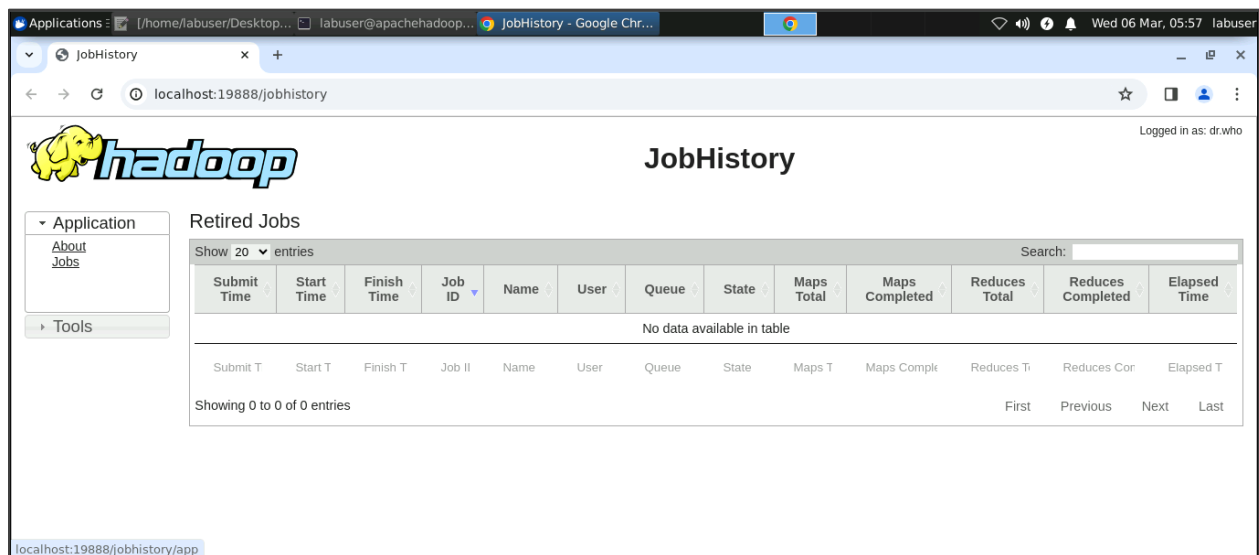
The screenshot shows a terminal window titled 'labuser@apachehadooplab: /opt/hadoop/sbin'. The terminal output shows the user navigating to the directory and running the command to start the job history server. The command is highlighted with an orange box. Below the command, there are two warning messages: 'WARNING: Use of this script to start the MR JobHistory daemon is deprecated.' and 'WARNING: Attempting to execute replacement "mapred --daemon start" instead.'

```
labuser@apachehadooplab:~$ cd /opt/hadoop/sbin/
labuser@apachehadooplab:/opt/hadoop/sbin$ ./mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start historyserver
WARNING: Use of this script to start the MR JobHistory daemon is deprecated.
WARNING: Attempting to execute replacement "mapred --daemon start" instead.
labuser@apachehadooplab:/opt/hadoop/sbin$
```

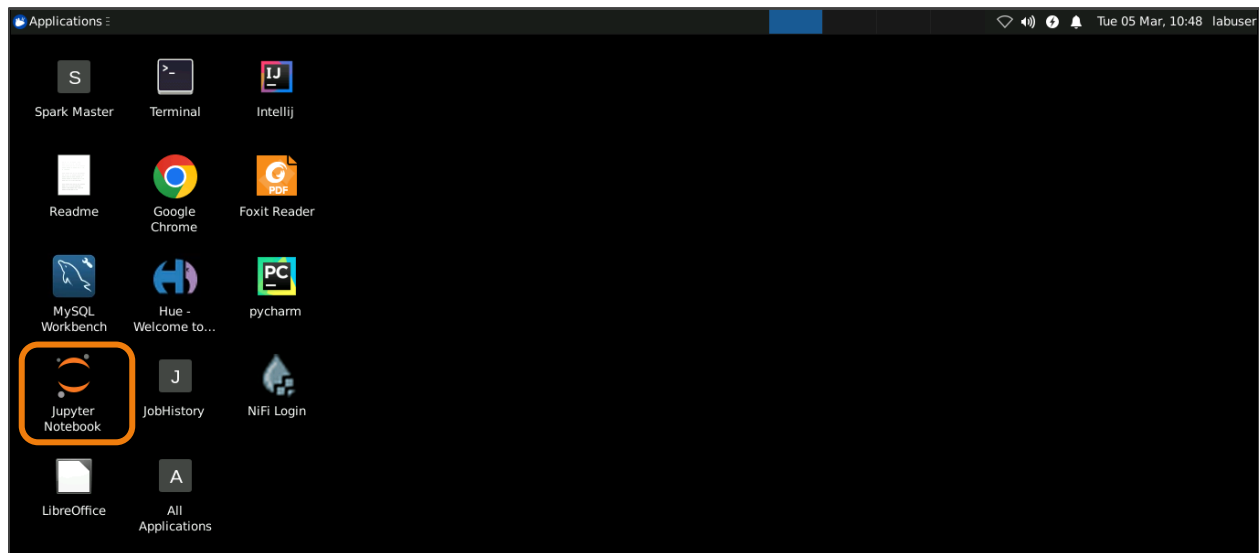
Step 32: Now, click on JobHistory



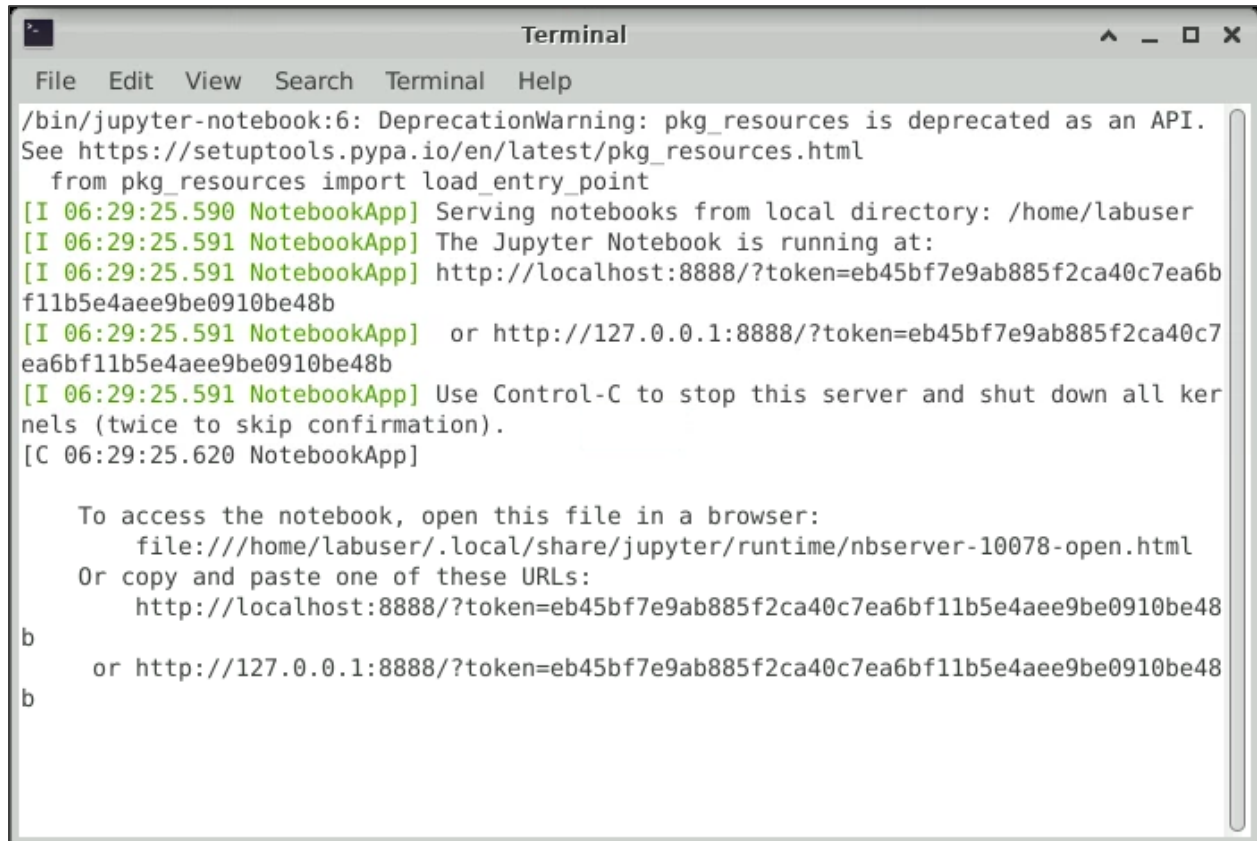
Note: After completing the activation of the jobhistory daemon, you can access the JobHistory dashboard to review your job history.



Step 33: Click on **Jupyter Notebook** to access the **Jupyter** environment



Note: You will be prompted with a terminal window, followed by the display of your Jupyter dashboard, where you can access your notebooks.



```
Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
/bin/jupyter-notebook:6: DeprecationWarning: pkg_resources is deprecated as an API.
See https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html
  from pkg_resources import load_entry_point
[I 06:29:25.590 NotebookApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: /home/labuser
[I 06:29:25.591 NotebookApp] The Jupyter Notebook is running at:
[I 06:29:25.591 NotebookApp] http://localhost:8888/?token=eb45bf7e9ab885f2ca40c7ea6b
f11b5e4aee9be0910be48b
[I 06:29:25.591 NotebookApp] or http://127.0.0.1:8888/?token=eb45bf7e9ab885f2ca40c7
ea6bf11b5e4aee9be0910be48b
[I 06:29:25.591 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all ker
nels (twice to skip confirmation).
[C 06:29:25.620 NotebookApp]

To access the notebook, open this file in a browser:
    file:///home/labuser/.local/share/jupyter/runtime/nbserver-10078-open.html
Or copy and paste one of these URLs:
    http://localhost:8888/?token=eb45bf7e9ab885f2ca40c7ea6bf11b5e4aee9be0910be48
b
    or http://127.0.0.1:8888/?token=eb45bf7e9ab885f2ca40c7ea6bf11b5e4aee9be0910be48
b
```

