

agreement-probing-stats

```
library(tidyr)
library(dplyr)
library(stringr)
library(readr)
library(readxl)
library(reshape2)

library(ggplot2)
library(viridis)
library(grid)
library(gtable)
library(lemon)

library(lme4)
library(lmerTest)
library(pbkrtest)
library(nlme)

library("broom.mixed")

library(extrafont)
```

Loading datasets

```
gpt <- read_csv("gpt.csv")
```

```
## New names:
## Rows: 512 Columns: 94
## -- Column specification
## ----- Delimiter: "," chr
## (7): N1, N2, Pred, Code, Sentence, subj_attention, obj_attention dbl (87):
## ...1, Unnamed: 0, Prot, Sent, Group, sh1, sh2, sh3, sh4, sh5, sh6,...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i
## Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
## * `` -> `...1`
```

```
gpt_comp <- read_csv("../perplexity/ruGPT-35-13B_score_second.csv")
```

```
## New names:
## Rows: 512 Columns: 13
## -- Column specification
## ----- Delimiter: "," chr
## (7): N1, N2, Pred, Code, Sentence, left, right dbl (6): ...1, Prot, Sent,
## Group, left_gpt_is_singular_score, left_gpt_is_pl...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i
## Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
## * `` -> `...1`
```

```
rubert <- read_delim("rubert_all.csv", delim=",", locale = locale(decimal_mark = ","))
```

```
## New names:
## Rows: 512 Columns: 41
## -- Column specification
## ----- Delimiter: "," chr
## (7): N1, N2, Pred, Code, Sentence, subj_attention, obj_attention dbl (34):
## ...1, Prot, Sent, Group, sh1, sh2, sh3, sh4, sh5, sh6, sh7, sh8, s...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i
## Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
## * `` -> `...1`
```

```
rubert_comp <- read_csv("../perplexity/rubert_compatibility_score.csv")
```

```
## New names:
## Rows: 512 Columns: 20
## -- Column specification
## ----- Delimiter: "," chr
## (10): N1, N2, Pred, Code, Sentence, left, right, masked_left, masked_full... dbl
## (8): ...1, Prot, Sent, Group, left_bert_is_singular_score, left_bert_is... lgl
## (2): left_bert_is_singular, full_bert_is_singular
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i
## Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
## * `` -> `...1`
```

```
humans <- read_excel("./data number attr.xlsx")
```

We add columns encoding grammaticality kind of the sentence: `gram(matical)`, `(un)grammatical with)`
`distr(actor)`, `ungram(matical)`

```
rubert_comp
```

```
## # A tibble: 512 x 20
##   ...1 Prot Sent Group N1 N2 Pred Code Sentence left right
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
## 1     0     1     1     1 S S S S_S-S ~ ~ ~
## 2     1     2     1     1 S S P P_S-S ~ ~ ~
## 3     2     3     1     1 S P S S_S-P ~ ~ ~
## 4     3     4     1     1 S P P P_S-P ~ ~ ~
## 5     4     5     1     1 P S S S_P-S ~ ~ ~
## 6     5     6     1     1 P S P P_P-S ~ ~ ~
## 7     6     7     1     1 P P S S_P-P ~ ~ ~
## 8     7     8     1     1 P P P P_P-P ~ ~ ~
## 9     8     1     2     1 S S P P_S-S ~ ~ ~
## 10    9     2     2     1 S P S S_S-P ~ ~ ~
## # i 502 more rows
## # i 9 more variables: masked_left <chr>, masked_full <chr>,
## # need_to_predict <chr>, left_bert_is_singular <lgl>,
## # full_bert_is_singular <lgl>, left_bert_is_singular_score <dbl>,
## # left_bert_is_plural_score <dbl>, full_bert_is_singular_score <dbl>,
## # full_bert_is_plural_score <dbl>
```

```
add_grammaticality_column <- function(df){
  df %>% mutate(
    kind=as.factor(case_when(
      N1 == Pred ~ "gram",
```

```

      (N1 != Pred) & (N2 == Pred) ~ "distr",
      TRUE ~ "ungram"
    )),
    is_correct = N1 == Pred,
    is_distractor = N2 == Pred,
    distr_like_pl = N2 == "P" | (N2 == "S" & Group==2),
    .after=Pred
  )
}

convert_to_factor_columns <- function(
  df, to_factor_columns = c("N1", "N2", "Pred", "Code")
){
  df %>%
    mutate(across(all_of(to_factor_columns), as.factor))
}

```

```

rubert_comp %>%
  add_grammaticality_column(.) %>%
  convert_to_factor_columns(.) ->
  rubert_comp

rubert_comp %>%
  mutate(is_distr_different = N2 != N1, .after = Pred) ->
  rubert_comp

gpt_comp %>%
  add_grammaticality_column(.) %>%
  convert_to_factor_columns(.) ->
  gpt_comp

```

```
rubert_comp
```

```

## # A tibble: 512 x 25
##   ...1 Prot Sent Group N1    N2    Pred is_distr_different kind is_correct
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <fct> <fct> <fct> <lgl>                <fct> <lgl>
## 1     0     1     1     1 S     S     S     FALSE              gram TRUE
## 2     1     2     1     1 S     S     P     FALSE              ungr~ FALSE
## 3     2     3     1     1 S     P     S     TRUE               gram TRUE
## 4     3     4     1     1 S     P     P     TRUE               distr FALSE
## 5     4     5     1     1 P     S     S     TRUE               distr FALSE
## 6     5     6     1     1 P     S     P     TRUE               gram TRUE
## 7     6     7     1     1 P     P     S     FALSE              ungr~ FALSE
## 8     7     8     1     1 P     P     P     FALSE              gram TRUE
## 9     8     1     2     1 S     S     P     FALSE              ungr~ FALSE
## 10    9     2     2     1 S     P     S     TRUE               gram TRUE
## # i 502 more rows
## # i 15 more variables: is_distractor <lgl>, distr_like_pl <lgl>, Code <fct>,
## #   Sentence <chr>, left <chr>, right <chr>, masked_left <chr>,
## #   masked_full <chr>, need_to_predict <chr>, left_bert_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   full_bert_is_singular <lgl>, left_bert_is_singular_score <dbl>,
## #   left_bert_is_plural_score <dbl>, full_bert_is_singular_score <dbl>,
## #   full_bert_is_plural_score <dbl>

```

Adding RuBERT and GPT predicted number columns

We add columns that show RuBERT's preference of the correct number

```
compute_deltas <- function(df, df_name){
  sing_col = as.symbol(str_glue("left_{df_name}_is_singular_score"))
  plur_col = as.symbol(str_glue("left_{df_name}_is_plural_score"))

  df %>% mutate(
    verb_correct_delta = case_when(
      N1 == "S" ~ !!sing_col - !!plur_col,
      N1 == "P" ~ !!plur_col - !!sing_col          # N1 == "P"
    ),
    verb_correct_delta2 = case_when(
      N1 == "S" ~ !!sing_col,
      N1 == "P" ~ !!plur_col,          # N1 == "P"
    )
  ) %>% mutate(
    is_correct = N1 == Pred,
    is_distr_different = N2 != N1,
    .after = Pred
  )
}

expand_scores <- function(df){
  df %>%
    # we delete dataset-level Pred because it will cause duplicates
    filter(Pred == "S") %>%
    pivot_longer(matches("left_.*_score"), names_to = "Pred2", values_to = "score") %>%
    mutate(Pred2 = if_else(str_detect(Pred2, "singular"), "S", "P"))
}

rubert_comp %>%
  compute_deltas(., "bert") ->
  rubert_comp

gpt_comp %>%
  compute_deltas(., "gpt") ->
  gpt_comp
```

These models only saw words before Pred (1 to 3), as such, actual Pred number of the sentences didn't influence them. Thus scores of sentences N1=N2=X, Pred=P and N1=N2=X, Pred=S are exactly the same

```
show_left_scores <- function(df, df_name){
  text_left_col = as.symbol(ifelse(df_name=="gpt", "left", "masked_left"))

  df %>%
    arrange(Sent, N1, N2, Pred) %>%
    select(N1, N2, Pred, Code, !!text_left_col, contains("left") & contains("score"))
}

rubert_comp %>%
  show_left_scores(., "bert")
```

```
## # A tibble: 512 x 7
##   N1    N2    Pred Code masked_left left_bert_is_singular-1
##   <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <chr>                <dbl>
```

```
## 1 P P P P_P-P [MASK] -1.36
## 2 P P S S_P-P [MASK] -1.36
## 3 P S P P_P-S [MASK] -0.349
## 4 P S S S_P-S [MASK] -0.349
## 5 S P P P_S-P [MASK] 2.11
## 6 S P S S_S-P [MASK] 2.11
## 7 S S P P_S-S [MASK] 3.07
## 8 S S S S_S-S [MASK] 3.07
## 9 P P P P_P-P [MASK] -1.26
## 10 P P S S_P-P [MASK] -1.26
```

```
## # i 502 more rows
## # i abbreviated name: 1: left_bert_is_singular_score
## # i 1 more variable: left_bert_is_plural_score <dbl>
```

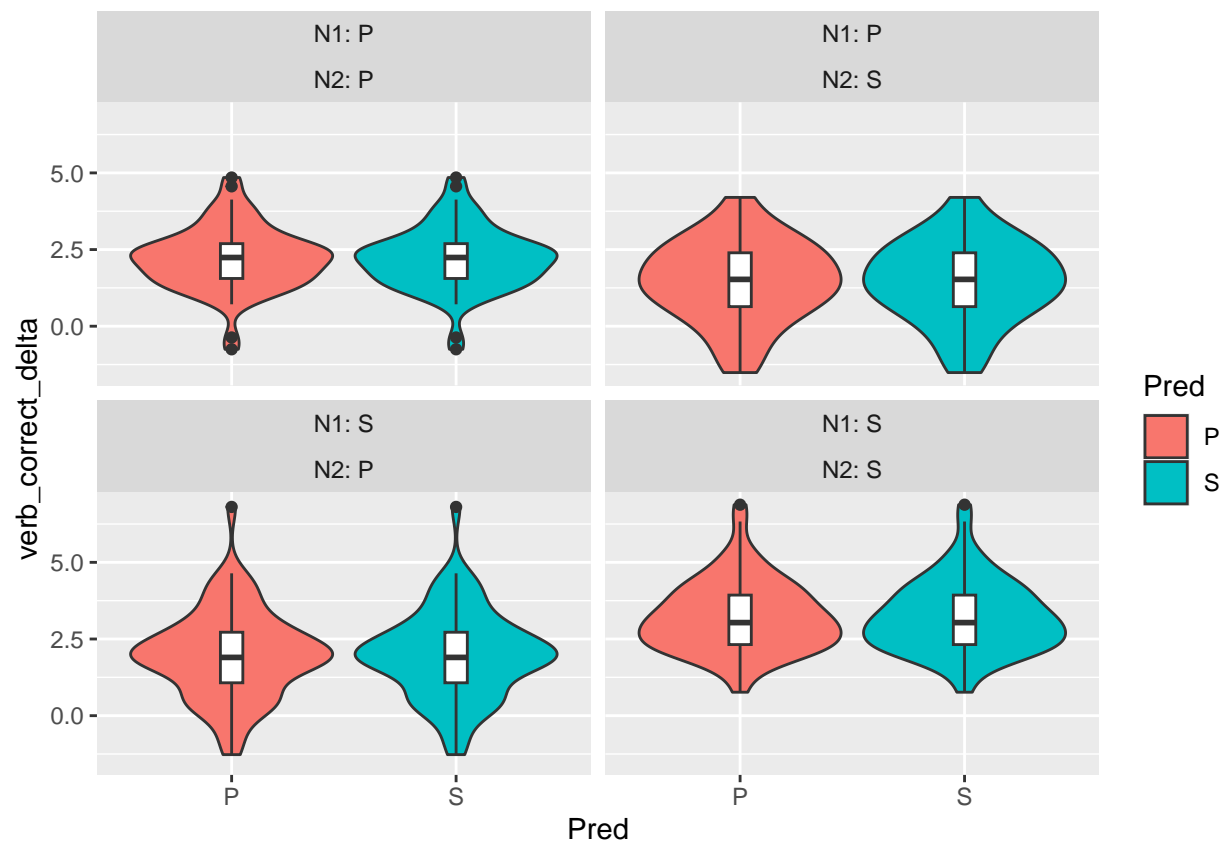
```
summarise_delta <- function(df){
  df %>%
    group_by(N1, N2, Pred) %>%
    summarise(
      across(verb_correct_delta,
        list(mean=mean, median=median)
      )
    )
}
```

```
rubert_comp %>%
  summarise_delta()
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'N1', 'N2'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 x 5
## # Groups:   N1, N2 [4]
##   N1    N2    Pred verb_correct_delta_mean verb_correct_delta_median
##   <fct> <fct> <fct>           <dbl>           <dbl>
## 1 P     P     P             2.20             2.24
## 2 P     P     S             2.20             2.24
## 3 P     S     P             1.46             1.53
## 4 P     S     S             1.46             1.53
## 5 S     P     P             1.98             1.90
## 6 S     P     S             1.98             1.90
## 7 S     S     P             3.22             3.03
## 8 S     S     S             3.22             3.03
```

```
rubert_comp %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Pred, y=verb_correct_delta, fill=Pred)) +
  geom_violin() +
  geom_boxplot(width=0.1, fill="white") +
  facet_wrap(N1 ~ N2, labeller = label_both)
```



Naturally, this is true for GPT too.

```
gpt_comp %>%
  show_left_scores(., "gpt")
```

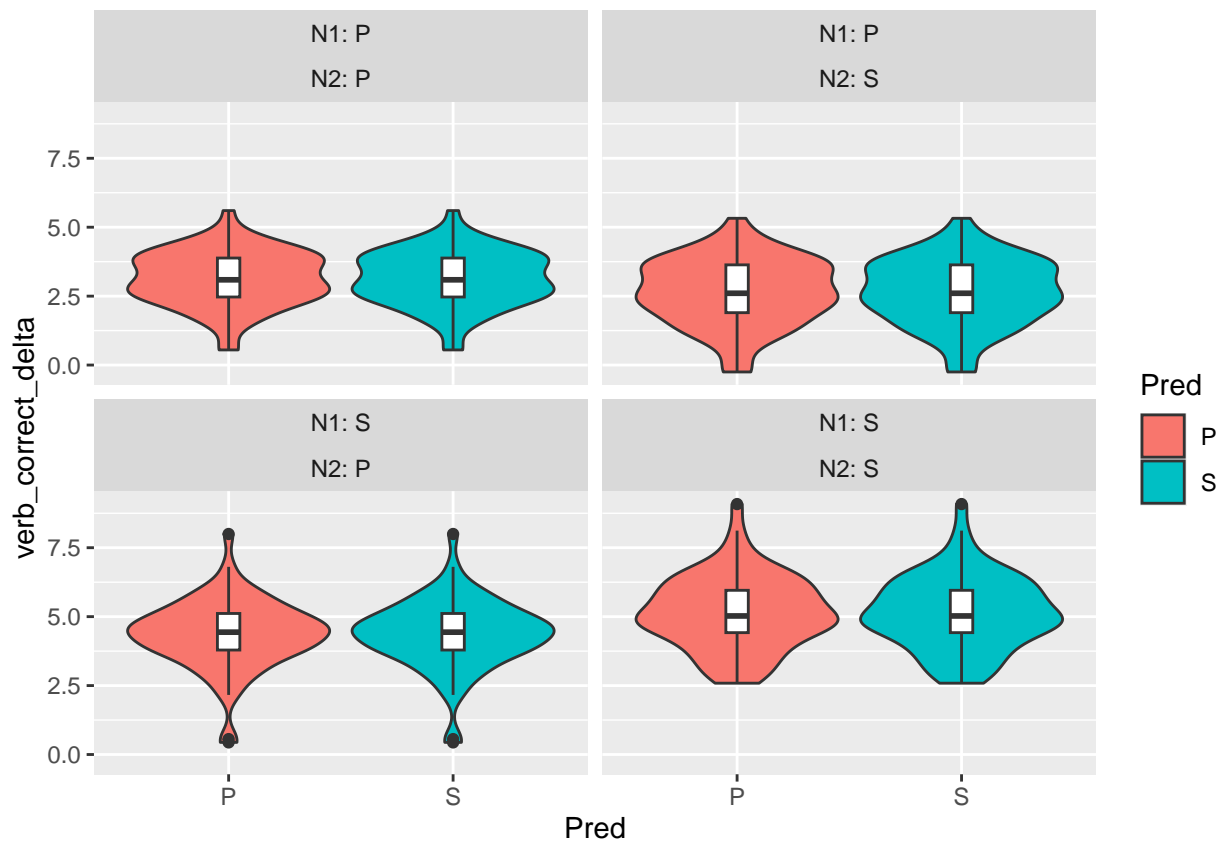
```
## # A tibble: 512 x 7
##   N1    N2    Pred Code  left  left_gpt_is_singular~1 left_gpt_is_plural_s-2
##   <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <chr>      <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 P     P     P     P_P-P ~         -3.68          -1.29
## 2 P     P     S     S_P-P ~         -3.68          -1.29
## 3 P     S     P     P_P-S ~         -2.09          -0.497
## 4 P     S     S     S_P-S ~         -2.09          -0.497
## 5 S     P     P     P_S-P ~         -0.139         -4.03
## 6 S     P     S     S_S-P ~         -0.139         -4.03
## 7 S     S     P     P_S-S ~          0.552         -4.21
## 8 S     S     S     S_S-S ~          0.552         -4.21
## 9 P     P     P     P_P-P ~         -2.88           1.05
## 10 P    P     S     S_P-P ~         -2.88           1.05
## # i 502 more rows
## # i abbreviated names: 1: left_gpt_is_singular_score,
## # 2: left_gpt_is_plural_score
```

```
gpt_comp %>%
  summarise_delta()
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'N1', 'N2'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 x 5
## # Groups:   N1, N2 [4]
##   N1    N2    Pred verb_correct_delta_mean verb_correct_delta_median
##   <fct> <fct> <fct>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 P     P     P           3.13           3.09
## 2 P     P     S           3.13           3.09
## 3 P     S     P           2.64           2.60
## 4 P     S     S           2.64           2.60
## 5 S     P     P           4.36           4.44
## 6 S     P     S           4.36           4.44
## 7 S     S     P           5.16           5.03
## 8 S     S     S           5.16           5.03
```

```
gpt_comp %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Pred, y=verb_correct_delta, fill=Pred)) +
  geom_violin() +
  geom_boxplot(width=0.1, fill="white") +
  facet_wrap(N1 ~ N2, labeller = label_both)
```



So, to avoid using duplicate data, we leave data for only one Pred (it doesn't matter which).

```
nrubert_comp
```

```
## [1] 512
```

```
nrubert_comp %>%
  filter(Pred == "S") ->
  nrubert_comp
```

```
nrow(rubert_comp)
```

```
## [1] 256
```

```
rubert_comp %>%  
  write_csv(., "rubert_delta_comp.csv")
```

```
colnames(rubert_comp)
```

```
## [1] "...1" "Prot"  
## [3] "Sent" "Group"  
## [5] "N1" "N2"  
## [7] "Pred" "is_distr_different"  
## [9] "kind" "is_correct"  
## [11] "is_distractor" "distr_like_pl"  
## [13] "Code" "Sentence"  
## [15] "left" "right"  
## [17] "masked_left" "masked_full"  
## [19] "need_to_predict" "left_bert_is_singular"  
## [21] "full_bert_is_singular" "left_bert_is_singular_score"  
## [23] "left_bert_is_plural_score" "full_bert_is_singular_score"  
## [25] "full_bert_is_plural_score" "verb_correct_delta"  
## [27] "verb_correct_delta2"
```

```
nrow(gpt_comp)
```

```
## [1] 512
```

```
gpt_comp %>%  
  filter(Pred == "S") ->  
  gpt_comp
```

```
nrow(gpt_comp)
```

```
## [1] 256
```

```
gpt_comp %>%  
  write_csv(., "gpt_delta_comp.csv")
```

```
colnames(gpt_comp)
```

```
## [1] "...1" "Prot"  
## [3] "Sent" "Group"  
## [5] "N1" "N2"  
## [7] "Pred" "is_distr_different"  
## [9] "kind" "is_correct"  
## [11] "is_distractor" "distr_like_pl"  
## [13] "Code" "Sentence"  
## [15] "left" "right"  
## [17] "left_gpt_is_singular_score" "left_gpt_is_plural_score"  
## [19] "verb_correct_delta" "verb_correct_delta2"
```

Stat Functions

```
test_lmer_signif_KR <- function(model, x_vars, categorial=FALSE){  
  res <- data.frame()
```



```

print(model)
for (var in x_vars){
  reduced_model = update(model, as.formula(paste("~ . -", var)))

  # print(var)
  # print(reduced_model)

  comp = KRmodcomp(model, reduced_model)
  # print(comp$test)

  var_df <- comp$test[1, c("stat", "ddf", "p.value")]
  var_df$mod_is_singular = isSingular(reduced_model)
  rownames(var_df) <- c(var)

  res <- rbind(res, var_df)
}

res %>%
  tibble::rownames_to_column(., "factor") %>%
  pivot_wider(
    names_from = factor,
    values_from = !factor,
    names_glue = "{factor}_KR_{.value}"
  )
}

```

Reporting functions

Functions to fetch the relevant part of the dataframe

```

make_subj_col <- function(i){
  paste0("sh", i)
}

make_obj_col <- function(i){
  paste0("oh", i)
}

make_df_for_head <- function(df, head_i){
  # i = 5

  full_attention_cols = c("subj_attention", "obj_attention")

  subject_head_col = paste("sh", head_i, sep="")
  object_head_col = paste("oh", head_i, sep="")
  used_attention_cols = c(subject_head_col, object_head_col)

  return (df %>%
    select(
      !!used_attention_cols
      | (!starts_with("sh") & !starts_with("oh") & !(!!full_attention_cols))
    ))
}

```

```

make_meta_info <- function(i, model_name, ...){
  meta_info <- data.frame(i, model_name)
  names(meta_info) <- c("i", "model")

  meta_info
}

```

Functions to fetch info

```

lmer_model_info_to_df <- function(lmer_model, ...){
  call = as.character(lmer_model@call)
  call = paste0(call[1], "(", call[2], ", data=", call[3], ")")

  optinfo = lmer_model@optinfo
  optimizer = optinfo$optimizer

  if (! ("messages" %in% names(optinfo$conv$lme4) )){
    optimizer_message = optinfo$message
  } else {
    optimizer_message = paste(optinfo$conv$lme4$messages, collapse = "; ")
  }

  n_observations = nobs(lmer_model)

  n_rand_effect_groups = ngrps(lmer_model)
  colnames(n_rand_effect_groups) <- rownames(n_rand_effect_groups)
  rownames(n_rand_effect_groups) <- NULL

  data.frame(cbind(
    call, n_observations, n_rand_effect_groups,
    optimizer, optimizer_message
  ))
}

```

```

coeffs_from_summary_to_df <- function(
  model_summary, categorial=FALSE, ...
){
  model.coeffs = model_summary$coefficients
  df = data.frame(model.coeffs, check.names=FALSE)
  df = tibble::rownames_to_column(df, "factor")

  if (categorial){
    p_value_col = "Pr(>|z|)"
  } else {
    p_value_col = "Pr(>|t|)"
  }
  # print(c(categorial, p_value_col))

  df %>% mutate(
    factor = case_when(
      factor=="(Intercept)" ~ "Intercept",
      str_detect(factor, "^Y") ~ substr(factor, 1, 3),

```

```

    TRUE ~ factor
  )
) %>% rename(
  p.value = p_value_col,
  stdError = "Std. Error"
) -> df

df %>% pivot_wider(
  names_from = factor,
  values_from = !factor,
  names_glue = "{factor}_{.value}"
)
}

extra_info_from_summary_to_df <- function(model_summary, ...){
  REML_df <- data.frame(model_summary$AICtab)
  colnames(REML_df) <- rownames(REML_df)
  rownames(REML_df) <- NULL

  loglik_df <- data.frame(model_summary$logLik)
  colnames(loglik_df) <- c("logLik")

  bind_cols(REML_df, loglik_df)
}

extra_info_from_summary_to_df_cat <- function(model_summary, ...){
  bind_rows(model_summary$AICtab)
}

get_full_lmer_info <- function(model, model_summary, categorical=FALSE, ...){

  model.coeffs = coeffs_from_summary_to_df(model_summary, categorical=categorical, ...)
  model_info = lmer_model_info_to_df(model, ...)

  if (categorical){
    extra_fit_info = extra_info_from_summary_to_df_cat(model_summary, ...)
  }
  else {
    extra_fit_info = extra_info_from_summary_to_df(model_summary, ...)
  }

  # print(c(dim(model.coeffs), dim(model_info), dim(extra_fit_info)))

  bind_cols(model_info, extra_fit_info, model.coeffs)
}

```

Model and human preference of the correct number

Plots

```

rubert_comp %>%
  # mutate(kind = factor(kind, levels=c("ungram", "distr", "gram"))) %>%
  group_by(N1, distr_like_pl) %>%
  summarise(across(verb_correct_delta, list(mean=mean, median=median, sd=sd)))

```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'N1'. You can override using the `.groups`
## argument.
```

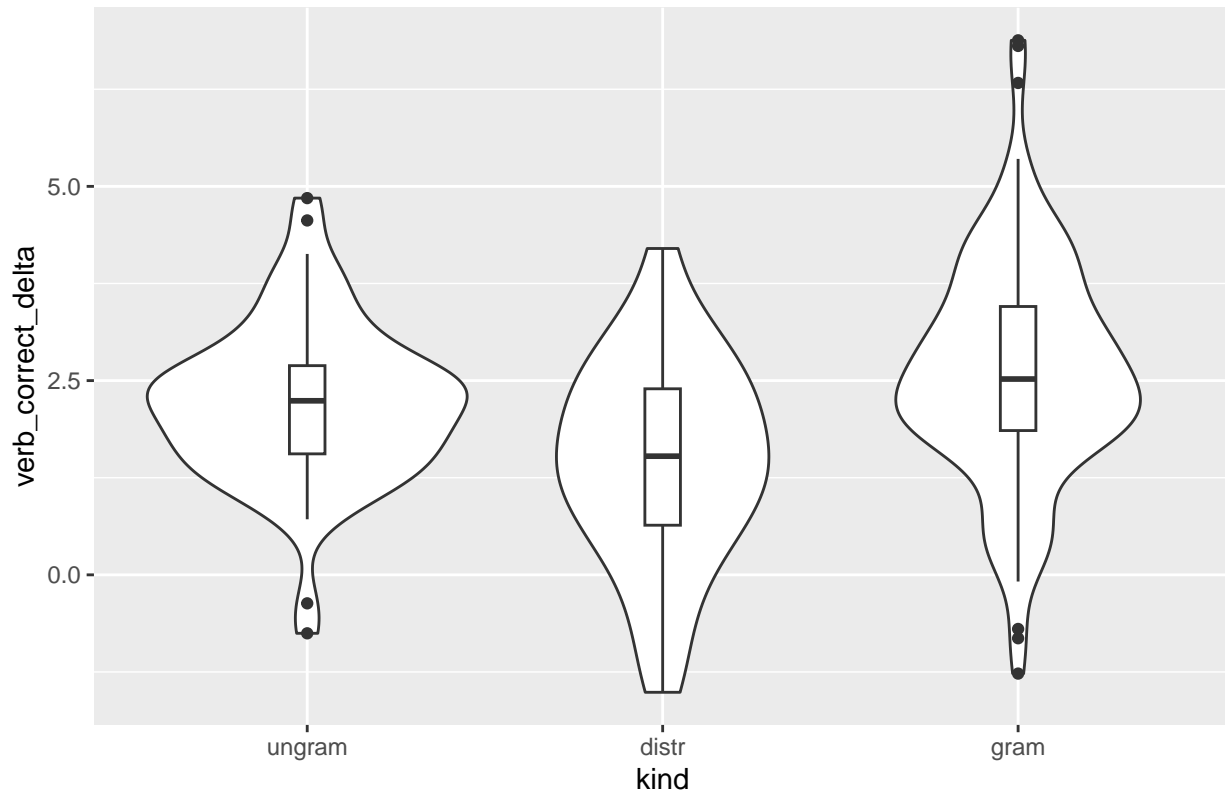
```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
## # Groups:   N1 [2]
##   N1    distr_like_pl verb_correct_delta_mean verb_correct_delta_median
##   <fct> <lgl>                <dbl>                <dbl>
## 1 P     FALSE                0.972                0.914
## 2 P     TRUE                 2.12                 2.14
## 3 S     FALSE                3.36                 3.26
## 4 S     TRUE                 2.35                 2.29
## # i 1 more variable: verb_correct_delta_sd <dbl>
```

```
rubert_comp %>%
  mutate(kind = factor(kind, levels=c("ungram", "distr", "gram"))) %>%
  group_by(kind) %>%
  summarise(across(verb_correct_delta, list(mean=mean, median=median, sd=sd)))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
##   kind    verb_correct_delta_mean verb_correct_delta_median verb_correct_delta_sd
##   <fct>                <dbl>                <dbl>                <dbl>
## 1 ungram                2.20                 2.24                 1.02
## 2 distr                 1.46                 1.53                 1.31
## 3 gram                  2.60                 2.52                 1.44
```

```
rubert_comp %>%
  mutate(kind = factor(kind, levels=c("ungram", "distr", "gram"))) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=kind, y=verb_correct_delta)) +
    geom_violin() +
    geom_boxplot(width=0.1, fill="white") +
    labs(title="RUBERT")
```

RUBERT



```
gpt_comp %>%
  # mutate(kind = factor(kind, levels=c("ungram", "distr", "gram"))) %>%
  group_by(N1, distr_like_pl) %>%
  summarise(across(verb_correct_delta, list(mean=mean, median=median, sd=sd)))
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'N1'. You can override using the `.groups`
## argument.
```

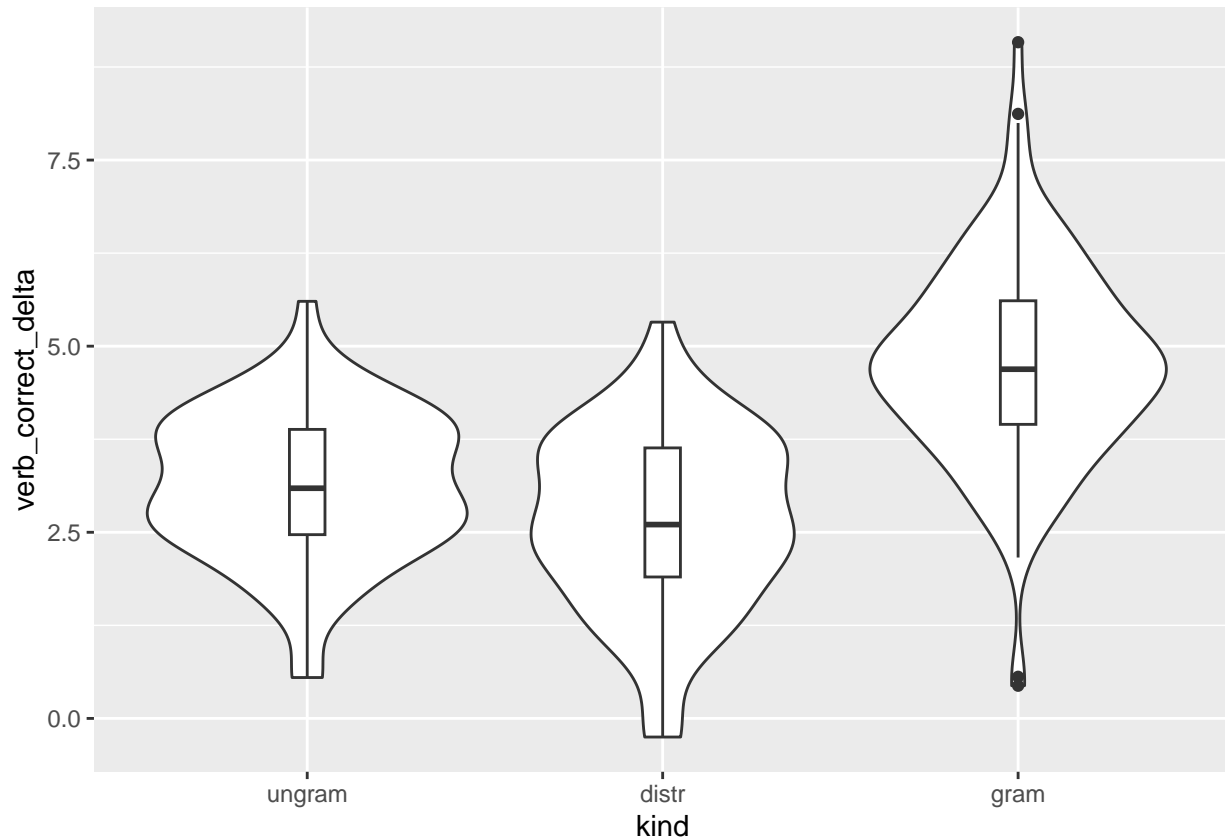
```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
## # Groups:   N1 [2]
##   N1   distr_like_pl verb_correct_delta_mean verb_correct_delta_median
##   <fct> <lgl>                <dbl>                <dbl>
## 1 P     FALSE                2.43                2.27
## 2 P     TRUE                 3.04                3.07
## 3 S     FALSE                5.29                5.03
## 4 S     TRUE                 4.58                4.61
## # i 1 more variable: verb_correct_delta_sd <dbl>
```

```
gpt_comp %>%
  mutate(kind = factor(kind, levels=c("ungram", "distr", "gram"))) %>%
  group_by(kind) %>%
  summarise(across(verb_correct_delta, list(mean=mean, median=median, sd=sd)))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
##   kind   verb_correct_delta_mean verb_correct_delta_median verb_correct_delta_sd
##   <fct>                <dbl>                <dbl>                <dbl>
## 1 ungram                3.13                3.09                0.995
## 2 distr                 2.64                2.60                1.20
```

```
## 3 gram                                4.76                                4.69                                1.35
```

```
gpt_comp %>%
  mutate(kind = factor(kind, levels=c("ungram", "distr", "gram"))) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=kind, y=verb_correct_delta)) +
    geom_violin() +
    geom_boxplot(width=0.1, fill="white")
```



3-valued kind calculation, distinct pred

```
all_coeffs = tibble()

make_coeffs_table <- function(model_fit, model_name, data_subset){
  stopifnot(model_name %in% c("rubert", "rugpt", "humans"))
  stopifnot(data_subset %in% c("acc", "gen", "both"))

  cbind(list(model=model_name, data=data_subset), tidy(model_fit, "fixed"))
}
```

```
rubert_comp
```

```
## # A tibble: 256 x 27
##   ...1 Prot Sent Group N1  N2  Pred is_distr_different kind is_correct
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <fct> <fct> <fct> <lgl>                <fct> <lgl>
## 1     0     1     1     1 S    S    S    FALSE              gram  TRUE
## 2     2     3     1     1 S    P    S    TRUE               gram  TRUE
## 3     4     5     1     1 P    S    S    TRUE              distr FALSE
```

```
## 4      6      7      1      1 P      P      S      FALSE      ungr~ FALSE
## 5      9      2      2      1 S      P      S      TRUE      gram TRUE
## 6     11      4      2      1 P      S      S      TRUE      distr FALSE
## 7     13      6      2      1 P      P      S      FALSE      ungr~ FALSE
## 8     15      8      2      1 S      S      S      FALSE      gram TRUE
## 9     16      1      3      1 S      P      S      TRUE      gram TRUE
## 10    18      3      3      1 P      S      S      TRUE      distr FALSE
## # i 246 more rows
## # i 17 more variables: is_distractor <lgl>, distr_like_pl <lgl>, Code <fct>,
## #   Sentence <chr>, left <chr>, right <chr>, masked_left <chr>,
## #   masked_full <chr>, need_to_predict <chr>, left_bert_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   full_bert_is_singular <lgl>, left_bert_is_singular_score <dbl>,
## #   left_bert_is_plural_score <dbl>, full_bert_is_singular_score <dbl>,
## #   full_bert_is_plural_score <dbl>, verb_correct_delta <dbl>, ...
```

```
make_kind2_scores <- function(df){
  df %>%
    expand_scores() %>%
    mutate(
      kind2=as.factor(case_when(
        N1 == Pred2 ~ "gram",
        (N1 != Pred2) & (N2 == Pred2) ~ "distr",
        TRUE ~ "ungram"
      )),
      .after=Pred2
    )
}
```

```
rubert_comp %>%
  make_kind2_scores() ->
  rubert_comp_scores
```

```
rubert_comp_scores
```

```
## # A tibble: 512 x 28
##   ...1 Prot Sent Group N1    N2    Pred is_distr_different kind is_correct
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <fct> <fct> <fct> <lgl>                <fct> <lgl>
## 1     0     1     1     1 1 S    S    S    FALSE              gram TRUE
## 2     0     1     1     1 1 S    S    S    FALSE              gram TRUE
## 3     2     3     1     1 1 S    P    S    TRUE               gram TRUE
## 4     2     3     1     1 1 S    P    S    TRUE               gram TRUE
## 5     4     5     1     1 1 P    S    S    TRUE               distr FALSE
## 6     4     5     1     1 1 P    S    S    TRUE               distr FALSE
## 7     6     7     1     1 1 P    P    S    FALSE              ungr~ FALSE
## 8     6     7     1     1 1 P    P    S    FALSE              ungr~ FALSE
## 9     9     2     2     1 1 S    P    S    TRUE               gram TRUE
## 10    9     2     2     1 1 S    P    S    TRUE               gram TRUE
## # i 502 more rows
## # i 18 more variables: is_distractor <lgl>, distr_like_pl <lgl>, Code <fct>,
## #   Sentence <chr>, left <chr>, right <chr>, masked_left <chr>,
## #   masked_full <chr>, need_to_predict <chr>, left_bert_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   full_bert_is_singular <lgl>, full_bert_is_singular_score <dbl>,
## #   full_bert_is_plural_score <dbl>, verb_correct_delta <dbl>,
## #   verb_correct_delta2 <dbl>, Pred2 <chr>, kind2 <fct>, score <dbl>
```

```

gpt_comp %>%
  make_kind2_scores() ->
  gpt_comp_scores

gpt_comp_scores

## # A tibble: 512 x 21
##       ...1 Prot Sent Group N1    N2    Pred is_distr_different kind is_correct
##       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <fct> <fct> <fct> <lgl>          <fct> <lgl>
## 1      0      1      1      1 S      S      S      FALSE          gram TRUE
## 2      0      1      1      1 S      S      S      FALSE          gram TRUE
## 3      2      3      1      1 S      P      S      TRUE          gram TRUE
## 4      2      3      1      1 S      P      S      TRUE          gram TRUE
## 5      4      5      1      1 P      S      S      TRUE          distr FALSE
## 6      4      5      1      1 P      S      S      TRUE          distr FALSE
## 7      6      7      1      1 P      P      S      FALSE          ungr~ FALSE
## 8      6      7      1      1 P      P      S      FALSE          ungr~ FALSE
## 9      9      2      2      1 S      P      S      TRUE          gram TRUE
## 10     9      2      2      1 S      P      S      TRUE          gram TRUE
## # i 502 more rows
## # i 11 more variables: is_distractor <lgl>, distr_like_pl <lgl>, Code <fct>,
## #   Sentence <chr>, left <chr>, right <chr>, verb_correct_delta <dbl>,
## #   verb_correct_delta2 <dbl>, Pred2 <chr>, kind2 <fct>, score <dbl>

mod5_rubert = lmer(score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent), data=rubert_comp_scores)
summary(mod5_rubert)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp_scores
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 1626.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.1744 -0.6029  0.0144  0.6318  2.9579
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 2.1876 1.4790
## Residual 0.9532 0.9763
## Number of obs: 512, groups: Sent, 64
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.19926 0.21296 98.80736 0.936 0.352
## N1S -0.80477 0.08629 444.00000 -9.326 < 2e-16 ***
## N2S -0.46206 0.08629 444.00000 -5.354 1.38e-07 ***
## kind2gram 1.87799 0.10569 444.00000 17.769 < 2e-16 ***
## kind2ungram -0.67751 0.12204 444.00000 -5.552 4.88e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##

```



```

## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) N1S      N2S      kind2gr
## N1S          -0.203
## N2S          -0.203  0.000
## kind2gram    -0.331  0.000  0.000
## kind2ungram  -0.287  0.000  0.000  0.577

mod5_rubert_coeffs = make_coeffs_table(mod5_rubert, "rubert", "both")
all_coeffs = rbind(all_coeffs, mod5_rubert_coeffs)

info5_rubert <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_rubert, summary(mod5_rubert))

mod5KR_rubert <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_rubert, c("N1", "N2", "kind2"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp_scores
## REML criterion at convergence: 1626.12
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 1.4790
## Residual 0.9763
## Number of obs: 512, groups: Sent, 64
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept) N1S N2S kind2gram kind2ungram
## 0.1993 -0.8048 -0.4621 1.8780 -0.6775

mod5KR_rubert

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
## N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind2_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind2_KR_ddf
## <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 87.0 28.7 345. 444. 444. 444.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## # kind2_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## # N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>

mod5_gpt = lmer(score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent), data=gpt_comp_scores)
summary(mod5_gpt)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: gpt_comp_scores
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 1623.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -3.2091 -0.6049 0.0837 0.6230 2.6997
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 1.064 1.032
## Residual 1.039 1.019
## Number of obs: 512, groups: Sent, 64

```

```
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1.82950    0.16973 144.12278 -10.779 < 2e-16 ***
## N1S          -0.55459    0.09011 444.00000  -6.155 1.68e-09 ***
## N2S          -0.04194    0.09011 444.00000  -0.465  0.642
## kind2gram     3.55264    0.11036 444.00000  32.191 < 2e-16 ***
## kind2ungram  -0.53859    0.12743 444.00000  -4.226 2.88e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) N1S    N2S    kind2gr
## N1S          -0.265
## N2S          -0.265  0.000
## kind2gram    -0.433  0.000  0.000
## kind2ungram  -0.375  0.000  0.000  0.577

mod5_gpt_coeffs = make_coeffs_table(mod5_gpt, "rugpt", "both")
all_coeffs = rbind(all_coeffs, mod5_gpt_coeffs)

info5_gpt <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_gpt, summary(mod5_gpt))

mod5KR_gpt <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_gpt, c("N1", "N2", "kind2"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: gpt_comp_scores
## REML criterion at convergence: 1623.071
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name      Std.Dev.
## Sent     (Intercept) 1.032
## Residual              1.019
## Number of obs: 512, groups: Sent, 64
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)          N1S          N2S    kind2gram    kind2ungram
##    -1.82950    -0.55459    -0.04194     3.55264     -0.53859

mod5KR_gpt

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind2_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind2_KR_ddf
##   <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1    37.9      0.217      908.      444.      444.      444.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   kind2_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>
```

```
rubert_comp_scores %>% filter(Group == 1) -> rubert_comp_scores_acc

mod5_rubert_acc = lmer(score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent), data=rubert_comp_scores_acc)
summary(mod5_rubert_acc)
```

by Group

```

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp_scores_acc
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 783.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.68086 -0.58109  0.03767  0.66305  2.70958
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 1.8235 1.3504
## Residual 0.8528 0.9235
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.1265 0.2774 49.9484 0.456 0.65
## N1S -0.6882 0.1154 220.0000 -5.962 9.82e-09 ***
## N2S -0.5438 0.1154 220.0000 -4.711 4.37e-06 ***
## kind2gram 1.4827 0.1414 220.0000 10.488 < 2e-16 ***
## kind2ungram -1.0590 0.1632 220.0000 -6.487 5.70e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) N1S N2S kind2gr
## N1S -0.208
## N2S -0.208 0.000
## kind2gram -0.340 0.000 0.000
## kind2ungram -0.294 0.000 0.000 0.577

mod5_rubert_acc_coeffs = make_coeffs_table(mod5_rubert_acc, "rubert", "acc")
all_coeffs = rbind(all_coeffs, mod5_rubert_acc_coeffs)

info5_rubert_acc <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_rubert_acc, summary(mod5_rubert_acc))

mod5KR_rubert_acc <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_rubert_acc, c("N1", "N2", "kind2"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp_scores_acc
## REML criterion at convergence: 783.604
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 1.3504
## Residual 0.9235
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept) N1S N2S kind2gram kind2ungram
## 0.1265 -0.6882 -0.5438 1.4827 -1.0590

```

```

mod5KR_rubert_acc

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind2_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind2_KR_ddf
##   <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1      35.5      22.2      173.      220.      220.      220.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   kind2_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>

rubert_comp_scores %>%
  filter(Group == 2) ->
  rubert_comp_scores_gen

mod5_rubert_gen = lmer(score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent), data=rubert_comp_scores_gen)
summary(mod5_rubert_gen)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp_scores_gen
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 825.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.74049 -0.58231 -0.01764  0.58483  2.53483
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 2.3832  1.5438
## Residual 0.9924  0.9962
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error    df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.2720    0.3126  47.8225  0.870  0.38863
## N1S          -0.9213    0.1245 220.0000 -7.399 2.87e-12 ***
## N2S          -0.3804    0.1245 220.0000 -3.054 0.00253 **
## kind2gram    2.2733    0.1525 220.0000 14.906 < 2e-16 ***
## kind2ungram -0.2960    0.1761 220.0000 -1.681 0.09421 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) N1S    N2S    kind2gr
## N1S          -0.199
## N2S          -0.199  0.000
## kind2gram    -0.325  0.000  0.000
## kind2ungram  -0.282  0.000  0.000  0.577

mod5_rubert_gen_coefs = make_coefs_table(mod5_rubert_gen, "rubert", "gen")
all_coefs = rbind(all_coefs, mod5_rubert_gen_coefs)

info5_rubert_gen <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_rubert_gen, summary(mod5_rubert_gen))

```

```
mod5KR_rubert_gen <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_rubert_gen, c("N1", "N2", "kind2"))
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp_scores_gen
## REML criterion at convergence: 825.0781
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 1.5438
## Residual 0.9962
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept) N1S N2S kind2gram kind2ungram
## 0.2720 -0.9213 -0.3804 2.2733 -0.2960
```

```
mod5KR_rubert_gen
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 12
## N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind2_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind2_KR_ddf
## <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 54.7 9.33 190. 220. 220. 220.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## # kind2_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## # N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>
```

Group 2 is genitive, which is syncretic like Nom.Pl = Gen.Sg (!= Acc.Pl)

```
rubert_comp_scores %>%
  filter(Group == 2) %>%
  mutate(
    kind3=as.factor(case_when(
      N1 == Pred2 ~ "gram",
      (N1 != Pred2) & (N2 != Pred2) ~ "distr",
      TRUE ~ "ungram"
    )),
    .after=Pred2
  ) ->
  rubert_comp_scores_gen_syncr
```

```
mod5_rubert_gen_syncr = lmer(score ~ N1 + N2 + kind3 + (1 | Sent), data=rubert_comp_scores_gen_syncr)
summary(mod5_rubert_gen_syncr)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind3 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp_scores_gen_syncr
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 825.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -2.74049 -0.58231 -0.01764 0.58483 2.53483
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
```

```

## Sent      (Intercept) 2.3832  1.5438
## Residual          0.9924  0.9962
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.02402    0.31263  47.82255  -0.077  0.93909
## N1S          -0.92134    0.12453 220.00000  -7.399 2.87e-12 ***
## N2S          -0.38035    0.12453 220.00000  -3.054  0.00253 **
## kind3gram     2.56928    0.15251 220.00000  16.846 < 2e-16 ***
## kind3ungram   0.29601    0.17611 220.00000   1.681  0.09421 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) N1S      N2S      kind3gr
## N1S          -0.199
## N2S          -0.199  0.000
## kind3gram    -0.325  0.000  0.000
## kind3ungram  -0.282  0.000  0.000  0.577

info5_rubert_gen_syncr <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_rubert_gen_syncr, summary(mod5_rubert_gen_syncr))

mod5KR_rubert_gen_syncr <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_rubert_gen_syncr, c("N1", "N2", "kind3"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind3 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp_scores_gen_syncr
## REML criterion at convergence: 825.0781
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 1.5438
## Residual 0.9962
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept) N1S N2S kind3gram kind3ungram
## -0.02402 -0.92134 -0.38035 2.56928 0.29601

mod5KR_rubert_gen_syncr

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
## N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind3_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind3_KR_ddf
## <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 54.7 9.33 190. 220. 220. 220.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## # kind3_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## # N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind3_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>

gpt_comp_scores %>%
  filter(Group==1) ->
  gpt_comp_scores_acc

mod5_gpt_acc = lmer(score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent), data=gpt_comp_scores_acc)
summary(mod5_gpt_acc)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [

```

```
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: gpt_comp_scores_acc
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 839.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.9518 -0.6429  0.1400  0.5528  2.4902
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 1.341 1.158
## Residual 1.142 1.069
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1.3492 0.2620 65.8381 -5.149 2.57e-06 ***
## N1S -0.6499 0.1336 220.0000 -4.866 2.17e-06 ***
## N2S -0.3351 0.1336 220.0000 -2.509 0.0128 *
## kind2gram 3.3563 0.1636 220.0000 20.517 < 2e-16 ***
## kind2ungram -0.8146 0.1889 220.0000 -4.313 2.44e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) N1S N2S kind2gr
## N1S -0.255
## N2S -0.255 0.000
## kind2gram -0.416 0.000 0.000
## kind2ungram -0.360 0.000 0.000 0.577

mod5_gpt_acc_coeffs = make_coeffs_table(mod5_gpt_acc, "rugpt", "acc")
all_coeffs = rbind(all_coeffs, mod5_gpt_acc_coeffs)

info5_gpt_acc <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_gpt_acc, summary(mod5_gpt_acc))

mod5KR_gpt_acc <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_gpt_acc, c("N1", "N2", "kind2"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: gpt_comp_scores_acc
## REML criterion at convergence: 839.6458
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 1.158
## Residual 1.069
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept) N1S N2S kind2gram kind2ungram
## -1.3492 -0.6499 -0.3351 3.3563 -0.8146
```

```

mod5KR_gpt_acc

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind2_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind2_KR_ddf
##   <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1      23.7      6.30      406.      220.      220.      220.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   kind2_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>

gpt_comp_scores %>%
  filter(Group==2) ->
  gpt_comp_scores_gen

mod5_gpt_gen = lmer(score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent), data=gpt_comp_scores_gen)
summary(mod5_gpt_gen)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: gpt_comp_scores_gen
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 766.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.68803 -0.58288  0.04961  0.63648  2.27890
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 0.8044  0.8969
## Residual 0.8764  0.9362
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error    df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  -2.3098     0.2137  75.4708 -10.807 < 2e-16 ***
## N1S           -0.4593     0.1170 220.0000 -3.925 0.000116 ***
## N2S            0.2513     0.1170 220.0000  2.147 0.032871 *
## kind2gram      3.7490     0.1433 220.0000 26.158 < 2e-16 ***
## kind2ungram   -0.2626     0.1655 220.0000 -1.587 0.114007
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) N1S    N2S    kind2gr
## N1S          -0.274
## N2S          -0.274  0.000
## kind2gram    -0.447  0.000  0.000
## kind2ungram  -0.387  0.000  0.000  0.577

mod5_gpt_gen_coefs = make_coefs_table(mod5_gpt_gen, "rugpt", "gen")
all_coefs = rbind(all_coefs, mod5_gpt_gen_coefs)

info5_gpt_gen <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_gpt_gen, summary(mod5_gpt_gen))

```



```
mod5KR_gpt_gen <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_gpt_gen, c("N1", "N2", "kind2"))
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: score ~ N1 + N2 + kind2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: gpt_comp_scores_gen
## REML criterion at convergence: 766.4437
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 0.8969
## Residual 0.9362
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 32
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept) N1S N2S kind2gram kind2ungram
## -2.3098 -0.4593 0.2513 3.7490 -0.2626
```

```
mod5KR_gpt_gen
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 12
## N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind2_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind2_KR_ddf
## <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 15.4 4.61 551. 220. 220. 220.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## # kind2_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## # N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>
```

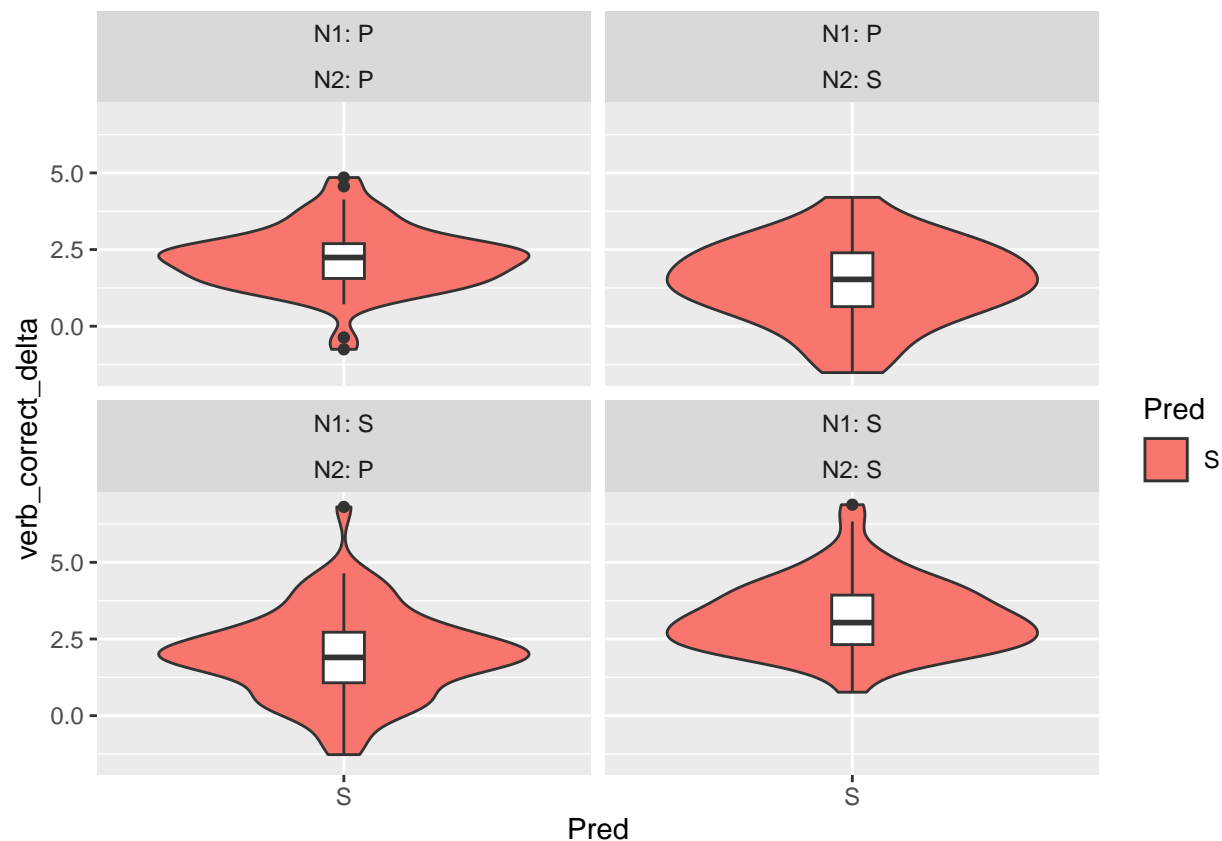
other model plots

```
rubert_comp %>%
  group_by(N1, N2, Pred) %>%
  summarise(
    across(verb_correct_delta,
      list(mean=mean, median=median)
    )
  )
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'N1', 'N2'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
## # Groups: N1, N2 [4]
## N1 N2 Pred verb_correct_delta_mean verb_correct_delta_median
## <fct> <fct> <fct> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 P P S 2.20 2.24
## 2 P S S 1.46 1.53
## 3 S P S 1.98 1.90
## 4 S S S 3.22 3.03
```

```
rubert_comp %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Pred, y=verb_correct_delta, fill=Pred)) +
  geom_violin() +
  geom_boxplot(width=0.1, fill="white") +
  facet_wrap(N1 ~ N2, labeller = label_both)
```



accuracy

```
rubert_comp %>%
  mutate(
    verb_correct = verb_correct_delta > 0,
    # particip_correct = particip_correct_delta > 0,
    # pred_correct = pred_correct_delta > 0
  ) %>%
  summarise(
    n_verb_correct = sum(verb_correct),
    n_verb_wrong = length(verb_correct) - sum(verb_correct),
    # n_particip_correct = sum(particip_correct),
    # n_particip_wrong = length(particip_correct) - sum(particip_correct),
    # n_pred_correct = sum(pred_correct),
    # n_pred_wrong = length(pred_correct) - sum(pred_correct)
  )
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##   n_verb_correct n_verb_wrong
##         <int>         <int>
## 1          241             15
```

```
rubert_comp %>%
  mutate(
    verb_correct = verb_correct_delta > 0,
  ) %>%
```

```

group_by(Code) %>%
  summarise(
    n_verb_correct = sum(verb_correct),
    n_verb_wrong = length(verb_correct) - sum(verb_correct),
  )

## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##   Code n_verb_correct n_verb_wrong
##   <fct>      <int>      <int>
## 1 S_P-P         62          2
## 2 S_P-S         55          9
## 3 S_S-P         60          4
## 4 S_S-S         64          0

rubert_comp %>%
  mutate(verb_correct = verb_correct_delta > 0) %>%
  group_by(N1, N2) %>%
  summarise(ratio_correct = mean(verb_correct))

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'N1'. You can override using the `.groups`
## argument.

## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## # Groups:   N1 [2]
##   N1    N2    ratio_correct
##   <fct> <fct>      <dbl>
## 1 P     P         0.969
## 2 P     S         0.859
## 3 S     P         0.938
## 4 S     S          1

gpt_comp %>%
  mutate(verb_correct = verb_correct_delta > 0) %>%
  group_by(N1, N2) %>%
  summarise(ratio_correct = mean(verb_correct))

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'N1'. You can override using the `.groups`
## argument.

## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## # Groups:   N1 [2]
##   N1    N2    ratio_correct
##   <fct> <fct>      <dbl>
## 1 P     P          1
## 2 P     S        0.953
## 3 S     P          1
## 4 S     S          1

mod <- lmer(verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + (1 | Sent), data=rubert_comp)
summary(mod)

```

Other regression models

```

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + (1 | Sent)

```

```
## Data: rubert_comp
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 856.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.58818 -0.51114  0.06534  0.67702  2.32133
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name      Variance Std.Dev.
##   Sent     (Intercept) 0.4729   0.6877
##   Residual             1.3101   1.1446
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 64
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   1.7064      0.1508 170.4510  11.315 < 2e-16 ***
## N1S           0.7713      0.1431 190.0000   5.391 2.07e-07 ***
## N2S           0.2494      0.1431 190.0000   1.743  0.0829 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr) N1S
## N1S -0.474
## N2S -0.474  0.000
```

```
test_lmer_signif_KR(mod, c("N1", "N2"))
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + (1 | Sent)
## Data: rubert_comp
## REML criterion at convergence: 856.4772
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name      Std.Dev.
##   Sent     (Intercept) 0.6877
##   Residual             1.1446
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 64
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)      N1S      N2S
##      1.7064      0.7713      0.2494

## # A tibble: 1 x 8
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf N1_KR_p.value N2_KR_p.value
##   <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1      29.1        3.04       190.       190.    0.000000207    0.0829
## # i 2 more variables: N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>
```

```
rubert_comp %>%
```

```
  filter(Group == 1) ->
  rubert_comp_acc
```

```
mod2 <- lmer(verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + Group + is_distr_different + (1 | Sent), data=rubert_comp)
summary(mod2)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
```

```
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + Group + is_distr_different + (1 |
##   Sent)
##   Data: rubert_comp
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 801.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.46944 -0.54193  0.02022  0.53707  2.48033
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
##   Sent     (Intercept) 0.5239   0.7238
##   Residual                    0.9851   0.9925
## Number of obs: 256, groups:  Sent, 64
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.5878     0.3632   74.2420   4.372 3.94e-05 ***
## N1S              0.7713     0.1241  189.0000   6.217 3.18e-09 ***
## N2S              0.2494     0.1241  189.0000   2.010  0.0458 *
## Group            0.4090     0.2194   62.0000   1.864  0.0670 .
## is_distr_differentTRUE -0.9900     0.1241  189.0000  -7.979 1.38e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) N1S      N2S      Group
## N1S          -0.171
## N2S          -0.171  0.000
## Group        -0.906  0.000  0.000
## is_dst_TRUE -0.171  0.000  0.000  0.000

info2 <- get_full_lmer_info(mod2, summary(mod2))

mod2KR = test_lmer_signif_KR(mod2, c("N1", "N2", "is_distr_different"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + Group + is_distr_different + (1 |
##   Sent)
##   Data: rubert_comp
## REML criterion at convergence: 801.4191
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Std.Dev.
##   Sent     (Intercept) 0.7238
##   Residual                    0.9925
## Number of obs: 256, groups:  Sent, 64
## Fixed Effects:
##              (Intercept)              N1S              N2S
##              1.5878              0.7713              0.2494
##              Group is_distr_differentTRUE
##              0.4090              -0.9900
```

```

mod2KR

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat is_distr_different_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf
##   <dbl>      <dbl>          <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1      38.6       4.04            63.7       189.       189.
## # i 7 more variables: is_distr_different_KR_ddf <dbl>, N1_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   N2_KR_p.value <dbl>, is_distr_different_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   is_distr_different_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>

cbind(info2, mod2KR) %>%
  write_csv("bert_lmer_results.csv")

mod2_gpt = lmer(verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + is_distr_different + (1 | Sent), data=gpt_comp)
summary(mod2_gpt)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + is_distr_different + (1 | Sent)
## Data: gpt_comp
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 813.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.9904 -0.5366  0.0123  0.6202  2.7580
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## Sent (Intercept) 0.271 0.5206
## Residual 1.168 1.0807
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 64
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 3.1296 0.1499 227.7609 20.872 < 2e-16 ***
## N1S 1.8719 0.1351 189.0000 13.857 < 2e-16 ***
## N2S 0.1566 0.1351 189.0000 1.159 0.248
## is_distr_differentTRUE -0.6437 0.1351 189.0000 -4.765 3.75e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) N1S N2S
## N1S -0.450
## N2S -0.450 0.000
## is_dst_TRUE -0.450 0.000 0.000

info2_gpt <- get_full_lmer_info(mod2_gpt, summary(mod2_gpt))

mod2KR_gpt <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod2_gpt, c("N1", "N2", "is_distr_different"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: verb_correct_delta ~ N1 + N2 + is_distr_different + (1 | Sent)
## Data: gpt_comp

```

```

## REML criterion at convergence: 813.6286
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name      Std.Dev.
##   Sent     (Intercept) 0.5206
##   Residual              1.0807
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 64
## Fixed Effects:
##               (Intercept)                N1S                N2S
##               3.1296                1.8719                0.1566
## is_distr_differentTRUE
##               -0.6437

## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')

mod2KR_gpt

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat is_distr_different_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf
##   <dbl>      <dbl>          <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1    192.      1.34            22.7      189.      189.
## # i 7 more variables: is_distr_different_KR_ddf <dbl>, N1_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   N2_KR_p.value <dbl>, is_distr_different_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   is_distr_different_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>

cbind(info2_gpt, mod2KR_gpt) %>%
  write_csv("gpt_lmer_results.csv")

mod3 <- lmer(verb_correct_delta ~ N1 * N2 + (1 | Sent), data=rubert_comp)
summary(mod3)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: verb_correct_delta ~ N1 * N2 + (1 | Sent)
##   Data: rubert_comp
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 802.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.47555 -0.56918 -0.00154  0.55265  2.50507
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name      Variance Std.Dev.
##   Sent     (Intercept) 0.5542   0.7444
##   Residual              0.9851   0.9925
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 64
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error    df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    2.2014     0.1551 181.4481  14.195 < 2e-16 ***
## N1S             -0.2187     0.1755 189.0000  -1.246   0.214
## N2S             -0.7405     0.1755 189.0000  -4.221 3.78e-05 ***
## N1S:N2S         1.9800     0.2481 189.0000   7.979 1.38e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr) N1S    N2S
## N1S      -0.566
## N2S      -0.566  0.500
## N1S:N2S   0.400 -0.707 -0.707

mod4 <- lmer(verb_correct_delta2 ~ N1 + N2 + is_distr_different + (1 | Sent), data=rubert_comp)
summary(mod4)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: verb_correct_delta2 ~ N1 + N2 + is_distr_different + (1 | Sent)
##      Data: rubert_comp
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 845.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.99313 -0.57707  0.01487  0.65701  2.27658
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups      Name      Variance Std.Dev.
##      Sent      (Intercept) 3.0632   1.750
##      Residual              0.7708   0.878
## Number of obs: 256, groups: Sent, 64
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.9783    0.2448  86.4498   8.083 3.49e-12 ***
## N1S              -0.4191    0.1097 189.0000  -3.819 0.000181 ***
## N2S              -0.3373    0.1097 189.0000  -3.074 0.002425 **
## is_distr_differentTRUE -0.3125    0.1097 189.0000  -2.847 0.004897 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr) N1S    N2S
## N1S      -0.224
## N2S      -0.224  0.000
## is_dst_TRUE -0.224  0.000  0.000
```

Humans

```
humans
```

```
## # A tibble: 28,796 x 10
##      part  rt sent group pred subj reg snum anum err
##      <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1    33  180. S1      1 S    S-S      1     0     0     0
## 2    20  184. S1      1 S    P-S      1     1     0     1
## 3    15  188. S1      1 P    S-P      1     0     1     1
## 4     4  195. S1      1 S    S-S      1     0     0     0
## 5    27  203. S1      1 S    P-P      1     1     1     1
## 6     1  205. S1      1 S    S-S      1     0     0     0
```



```
## 7      2 205. S1      1 S      S-S      1      0      0      0
## 8     14 221. S1      1 P      S-P      1      0      1      1
## 9     39 234. S1      1 S      P-P      1      1      1      1
## 10    36 242. S1      1 P      S-P      1      0      1      1
## # i 28,786 more rows
```

```
humans %>% pull(part) %>% unique() %>% length()
```

```
## [1] 40
```

```
humans_word4 = humans %>% filter(reg == 4)
humans_word4
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,200 x 10
##   part    rt sent group pred subj reg  snum anum  err
##   <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1     33 163. S1      1 S      S-S      4      0      0      0
## 2      4 178. S1      1 S      S-S      4      0      0      0
## 3     15 190. S1      1 P      S-P      4      0      1      1
## 4     26 192. S1      1 S      P-P      4      1      1      1
## 5      2 197. S1      1 S      S-S      4      0      0      0
## 6     28 198. S1      1 S      P-P      4      1      1      1
## 7     27 203. S1      1 S      P-P      4      1      1      1
## 8     20 205. S1      1 S      P-S      4      1      0      1
## 9     35 218. S1      1 S      S-P      4      0      1      0
## 10    11 233. S1      1 S      S-P      4      0      1      0
## # i 3,190 more rows
```

```
humans_word5 = humans %>% filter(reg == 5)
humans_word5
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,200 x 10
##   part    rt sent group pred subj reg  snum anum  err
##   <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1     33 196. S1      1 S      S-S      5      0      0      0
## 2      2 204. S1      1 S      S-S      5      0      0      0
## 3      4 210. S1      1 S      S-S      5      0      0      0
## 4     20 216. S1      1 S      P-S      5      1      0      1
## 5     15 227. S1      1 P      S-P      5      0      1      1
## 6     32 230. S1      1 P      P-P      5      1      1      0
## 7     26 232. S1      1 S      P-P      5      1      1      1
## 8     37 240. S1      1 S      P-S      5      1      0      1
## 9     27 242. S1      1 S      P-P      5      1      1      1
## 10    39 251. S1      1 S      P-P      5      1      1      1
## # i 3,190 more rows
```

There are 80 sentences in the experiment where response time was measured

```
humans %>% pull(sent) %>% unique()
```

```
## [1] "S1" "S10" "S11" "S12" "S13" "S14" "S15" "S16" "S17" "S18" "S19" "S2"
## [13] "S20" "S21" "S22" "S23" "S24" "S25" "S26" "S27" "S28" "S29" "S3" "S30"
## [25] "S31" "S32" "S33" "S34" "S35" "S36" "S37" "S38" "S39" "S4" "S40" "S5"
## [37] "S6" "S7" "S8" "S9" "S41" "S42" "S43" "S44" "S45" "S46" "S47" "S48"
## [49] "S49" "S50" "S51" "S52" "S53" "S54" "S55" "S56" "S57" "S58" "S59" "S60"
## [61] "S61" "S62" "S63" "S64" "S65" "S66" "S67" "S68" "S69" "S70" "S71" "S72"
## [73] "S73" "S74" "S75" "S76" "S77" "S78" "S79" "S80"
```

```
humans_word4 %>%
  filter(sent=="S1") %>%
  select(part, sent, subj, pred, rt) %>%
  arrange(part, sent, subj, pred)
```

```
## # A tibble: 40 x 5
##   part sent  subj pred    rt
##   <dbl> <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
## 1     1   S1   S-S   S    305.
## 2     2   S1   S-S   S    197.
## 3     3   S1   S-S   S    272.
## 4     4   S1   S-S   S    178.
## 5     5   S1   S-S   P    474.
## 6     6   S1   S-S   P    358.
## 7     7   S1   S-S   P    488.
## 8     8   S1   S-S   P    368.
## 9     9   S1   S-P   S    362.
## 10    10   S1   S-P   S    376.
## # i 30 more rows
```

```
humans_word4 %>%
  select(part, sent, subj, pred, rt) %>%
  # group_by(part, sent, subj) %>%
  arrange(part, sent, subj) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = pred, values_from = rt)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,200 x 5
##   part sent  subj      S      P
##   <dbl> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1     1   S1   S-S    305.  NA
## 2     1  S10   S-S     NA  277.
## 3     1 S11   S-P    178   NA
## 4     1 S12   S-P     NA  445.
## 5     1 S13   P-S    282.  NA
## 6     1 S14   P-S     NA  317
## 7     1 S15   P-P    261.  NA
## 8     1 S16   P-P     NA  429.
## 9     1 S17   S-S    332   NA
## 10    1 S18   S-S     NA  259.
## # i 3,190 more rows
```

```
humans %>%
  separate_wider_delim(
    "subj", "-", names = c("N1", "N2")
  ) %>%
  mutate(is_distr_different = N2 != N1) %>%
  mutate(
    kind=as.factor(case_when(
      N1 == pred ~ "gram",
      (N1 != pred) & (N2 == pred) ~ "distr",
      TRUE ~ "ungram"
    )),
    is_correct = N1 == pred,
    is_distractor = N2 == pred,
    .after=pred
```

```
) -> humans
```

```
humans
```

```
## # A tibble: 28,796 x 15
```

```
##   part    rt sent group pred kind is_correct is_distractor N1    N2
##   <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <fct> <lgl>      <lgl>      <chr> <chr>
## 1    33  180. S1      1 S    gram  TRUE      TRUE      S    S
## 2    20  184. S1      1 S    distr FALSE     TRUE      P    S
## 3    15  188. S1      1 P    distr FALSE     TRUE      S    P
## 4     4  195. S1      1 S    gram  TRUE      TRUE      S    S
## 5    27  203. S1      1 S    ungram FALSE     FALSE     P    P
## 6     1  205. S1      1 S    gram  TRUE      TRUE      S    S
## 7     2  205. S1      1 S    gram  TRUE      TRUE      S    S
## 8    14  221. S1      1 P    distr FALSE     TRUE      S    P
## 9    39  234. S1      1 S    ungram FALSE     FALSE     P    P
## 10   36  242. S1      1 P    distr FALSE     TRUE      S    P
```

```
## # i 28,786 more rows
```

```
## # i 5 more variables: reg <dbl>, snum <dbl>, anum <dbl>, err <dbl>,
```

```
## #   is_distr_different <lgl>
```

The effect is visible on word 5

```
humans %>%
```

```
  filter(reg == 5) %>%
```

```
  mutate(kind = factor(kind, levels=c("ungram", "distr", "gram"))) %>%
```

```
  group_by(kind) %>%
```

```
  summarise(mean=mean(rt, na.rm=TRUE), median=median(rt, na.rm=TRUE), sd=sd(rt, na.rm=TRUE))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
```

```
##   kind    mean median    sd
```

```
##   <fct> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
```

```
## 1 ungram  372.   342.  138.
```

```
## 2 distr   360.   336.  118.
```

```
## 3 gram    319.   303.  104.
```

```
humans %>%
```

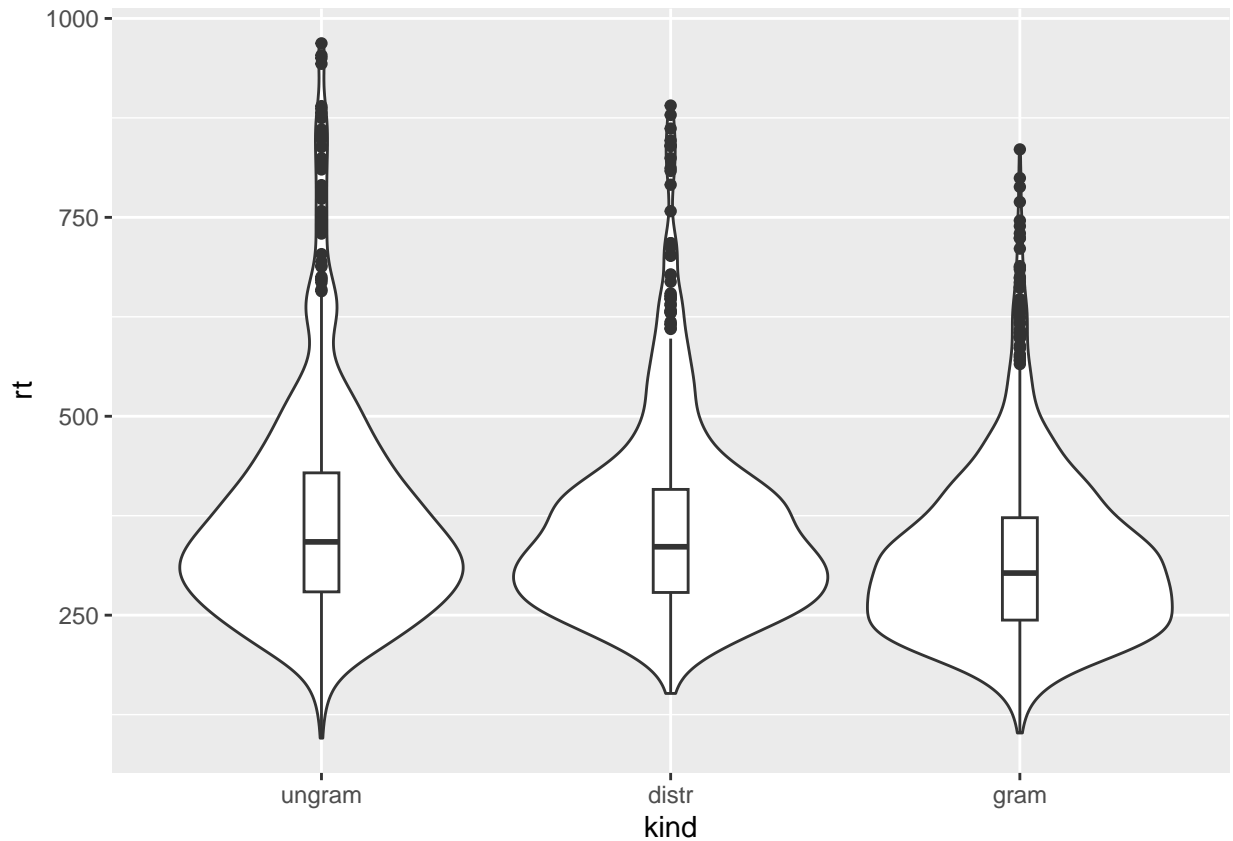
```
  filter(reg == 5) %>%
```

```
  mutate(kind = factor(kind, levels=c("ungram", "distr", "gram"))) %>%
```

```
  ggplot(aes(x=kind, y=rt)) +
```

```
    geom_violin() +
```

```
    geom_boxplot(width=0.1, fill="white")
```



```
# facet_wrap(N1 ~ N2, labeller = label_both)

humans_word5 = humans %>% filter(reg == 5)

# humans_word5_acc = humans_word5 %>% filter(group==1)

lmer(rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1|part),
      data=humans_word5) ->
  mod5_humans

summary(mod5_humans)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part)
## Data: humans_word5
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 37806.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.2797 -0.5642 -0.1679  0.3041  6.1699
##
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## sent    (Intercept)         250.8    15.84
## part     (Intercept)        4023.5    63.43
```

```

## Residual          9402.3   96.97
## Number of obs: 3140, groups:  sent, 80; part, 40
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  367.834    11.031   53.709  33.346 < 2e-16 ***
## N1S          -9.529     3.462  3018.920  -2.752  0.00595 **
## N2S          -3.673     3.462  3019.435  -1.061  0.28877
## kindgram     -41.281     4.239  3019.113  -9.739 < 2e-16 ***
## kindungram    11.097     4.892  3018.883   2.268  0.02339 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) N1S      N2S      kindgrm
## N1S          -0.157
## N2S          -0.156 -0.001
## kindgram     -0.255 -0.003 -0.002
## kindungram   -0.222  0.002  0.000  0.577

mod5_humans_coeffs = make_coeffs_table(mod5_humans, "humans", "both")
all_coeffs = rbind(all_coeffs, mod5_humans_coeffs)

info5_humans <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_humans, summary(mod5_humans))

mod5KR_humans <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_humans, c("N1", "N2", "kind"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part)
## Data: humans_word5
## REML criterion at convergence: 37806.73
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name      Std.Dev.
## sent     (Intercept) 15.84
## part     (Intercept) 63.43
## Residual                96.97
## Number of obs: 3140, groups:  sent, 80; part, 40
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)          N1S          N2S      kindgram  kindungram
##      367.834      -9.529      -3.673      -41.281       11.097

mod5KR_humans

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind_KR_ddf
##   <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1      7.58      1.13      94.0      3019.      3019.      3019.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   kind_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>

humans_word5_acc = humans %>% filter(reg == 5) %>% filter(group == 1)

lmer(rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1|part),
     data=humans_word5_acc) ->
mod5_humans_acc

```

```

summary(mod5_humans_acc)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part)
## Data: humans_word5_acc
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 18934.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.5700 -0.5697 -0.1662  0.2795  6.0623
##
## Random effects:
## Groups      Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## sent      (Intercept)    137.8      11.74
## part      (Intercept)  3847.8      62.03
## Residual                    9581.1     97.88
## Number of obs: 1569, groups: sent, 40; part, 40
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  356.352     11.678    68.580  30.515 < 2e-16 ***
## N1S          -9.217      4.944   1486.797  -1.864  0.0625 .
## N2S           1.805      4.944   1487.083   0.365  0.7151
## kindgram    -33.745      6.060   1487.553  -5.569 3.04e-08 ***
## kindungram   30.316      6.998   1487.726   4.332 1.58e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) N1S      N2S      kindgrm
## N1S          -0.212
## N2S          -0.211 -0.001
## kindgram     -0.346 -0.002 -0.001
## kindungram   -0.300  0.001 -0.001  0.578

mod5_humans_acc_coefs = make_coefs_table(mod5_humans_acc, "humans", "acc")
all_coefs = rbind(all_coefs, mod5_humans_acc_coefs)

info5_humans_acc <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_humans_acc, summary(mod5_humans_acc))

mod5KR_humans_acc <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_humans_acc, c("N1", "N2", "kind"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part)
## Data: humans_word5_acc
## REML criterion at convergence: 18934.37
## Random effects:
## Groups      Name                Std.Dev.
## sent      (Intercept)    11.74
## part      (Intercept)    62.03
## Residual                    97.88
## Number of obs: 1569, groups: sent, 40; part, 40

```

```

## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)          N1S          N2S      kindgram      kindungram
##      356.352      -9.217       1.805      -33.745       30.316
mod5KR_humans_acc

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind_KR_ddf
##   <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1      3.48      0.133      58.3      1487.      1487.      1488.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   kind_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>
humans_word5_gen = humans %>% filter(reg == 5) %>% filter(group == 2)

# humans_word5_acc = humans_word5 %>% filter(group==1)

lmer(rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part),
      data=humans_word5_gen) ->
  mod5_humans_gen

summary(mod5_humans_gen)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part)
## Data: humans_word5_gen
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 18907.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.2013 -0.5369 -0.1729  0.2861  5.6083
##
## Random effects:
##  Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## sent     (Intercept)        383.8     19.59
## part     (Intercept)       4216.2     64.93
## Residual                    9122.2     95.51
## Number of obs: 1571, groups: sent, 40; part, 40
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  379.326    12.236    69.223  31.000 < 2e-16 ***
## N1S          -9.888     4.822   1488.995  -2.050  0.0405 *
## N2S          -9.199     4.822   1489.151  -1.908  0.0566 .
## kindgram     -48.871     5.898   1488.614  -8.286 2.57e-16 ***
## kindungram   -7.920     6.802   1488.313  -1.164  0.2444
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) N1S      N2S      knmgrm
## N1S          -0.197

```

```

## N2S          -0.196 -0.001
## kindgram     -0.319 -0.003 -0.003
## kindungram   -0.278  0.003  0.001  0.576

mod5_humans_gen_coefs = make_coefs_table(mod5_humans_gen, "humans", "gen")
all_coefs = rbind(all_coefs, mod5_humans_gen_coefs)

info5_humans_gen <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_humans_gen, summary(mod5_humans_gen))

mod5KR_humans_gen <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_humans_gen, c("N1", "N2", "kind"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part)
## Data: humans_word5_gen
## REML criterion at convergence: 18907.35
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Std.Dev.
## sent (Intercept) 19.59
## part (Intercept) 64.93
## Residual 95.51
## Number of obs: 1571, groups: sent, 40; part, 40
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept) N1S N2S kindgram kindungram
## 379.326 -9.888 -9.199 -48.871 -7.920

mod5KR_humans_gen

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
## N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind_KR_ddf
## <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 4.20 3.64 44.1 1489. 1489. 1489.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## # kind_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## # N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>

There is no effect on word 4 however (these results are like Slioussar's)

humans_word4 = humans %>% filter(reg == 4)

# humans_word5_acc = humans_word5 %>% filter(group==1)

lmer(rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1|part),
     data=humans_word4) ->
  mod5_humans_word4

summary(mod5_humans_word4)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part)
## Data: humans_word4
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 36897.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -2.8362 -0.6079 -0.1438 0.3912 5.8149

```



```
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name      Variance Std.Dev.
##   sent     (Intercept) 302.7   17.40
##   part     (Intercept) 3029.9   55.04
##   Residual                6774.0   82.30
## Number of obs: 3148, groups: sent, 80; part, 40
##
## Fixed effects:
##               Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  315.6727    9.6178   54.8321  32.822   <2e-16 ***
## N1S          -2.3076    2.9348  3026.2195  -0.786    0.432
## N2S          -0.9150    2.9347  3025.9793  -0.312    0.755
## kindgram      0.5244    3.5981  3025.8050   0.146    0.884
## kindungram    4.9255    4.1584  3026.0617   1.184    0.236
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) N1S      N2S      kindgrm
## N1S          -0.153
## N2S          -0.152  0.001
## kindgram     -0.250  0.001 -0.002
## kindungram   -0.217  0.003  0.000  0.579

info5_humans_word4 <- get_full_lmer_info(mod5_humans_word4, summary(mod5_humans_word4))

mod5KR_humans_word4 <- test_lmer_signif_KR(mod5_humans_word4, c("N1", "N2", "kind"))

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerModLmerTest']
## Formula: rt ~ N1 + N2 + kind + (1 | sent) + (1 | part)
## Data: humans_word4
## REML criterion at convergence: 36897.49
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name      Std.Dev.
##   sent     (Intercept) 17.40
##   part     (Intercept) 55.04
##   Residual                82.30
## Number of obs: 3148, groups: sent, 80; part, 40
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)      N1S      N2S      kindgram      kindungram
##   315.6727    -2.3076    -0.9150      0.5244      4.9255

mod5KR_humans_word4

## # A tibble: 1 x 12
##   N1_KR_stat N2_KR_stat kind_KR_stat N1_KR_ddf N2_KR_ddf kind_KR_ddf
##   <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1     0.618     0.0972     0.920     3027.     3026.     3026.
## # i 6 more variables: N1_KR_p.value <dbl>, N2_KR_p.value <dbl>,
## #   kind_KR_p.value <dbl>, N1_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>,
## #   N2_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>, kind_KR_mod_is_singular <lgl>
```

models coefficients plot

all_coeffs

##	model	data	effect	term	estimate	std.error	statistic
## 1	rubert	both	fixed	(Intercept)	0.1992566	0.21295677	0.9356671
## 2	rubert	both	fixed	N1S	-0.8047714	0.08629360	-9.3259686
## 3	rubert	both	fixed	N2S	-0.4620590	0.08629360	-5.3544990
## 4	rubert	both	fixed	kind2gram	1.8779932	0.10568765	17.7692775
## 5	rubert	both	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.6775075	0.12203758	-5.5516300
## 6	rugpt	both	fixed	(Intercept)	-1.8294957	0.16973442	-10.7785779
## 7	rugpt	both	fixed	N1S	-0.5545857	0.09010952	-6.1545735
## 8	rugpt	both	fixed	N2S	-0.0419371	0.09010952	-0.4654014
## 9	rugpt	both	fixed	kind2gram	3.5526376	0.11036118	32.1910083
## 10	rugpt	both	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.5385901	0.12743411	-4.2264203
## 11	rubert	acc	fixed	(Intercept)	0.1265183	0.27743523	0.4560281
## 12	rubert	acc	fixed	N1S	-0.6882075	0.11543216	-5.9620085
## 13	rubert	acc	fixed	N2S	-0.5437673	0.11543216	-4.7107091
## 14	rubert	acc	fixed	kind2gram	1.4827230	0.14137494	10.4878770
## 15	rubert	acc	fixed	kind2ungram	-1.0590033	0.16324572	-6.4871732
## 16	rubert	gen	fixed	(Intercept)	0.2719950	0.31262724	0.8700297
## 17	rubert	gen	fixed	N1S	-0.9213354	0.12452520	-7.3987865
## 18	rubert	gen	fixed	N2S	-0.3803507	0.12452520	-3.0544075
## 19	rubert	gen	fixed	kind2gram	2.2732633	0.15251160	14.9055108
## 20	rubert	gen	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.2960118	0.17610523	-1.6808801
## 21	rugpt	acc	fixed	(Intercept)	-1.3491739	0.26204868	-5.1485622
## 22	rugpt	acc	fixed	N1S	-0.6498985	0.13356304	-4.8658563
## 23	rugpt	acc	fixed	N2S	-0.3351400	0.13356304	-2.5092272
## 24	rugpt	acc	fixed	kind2gram	3.3562510	0.16358064	20.5174092
## 25	rugpt	acc	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.8145876	0.18888666	-4.3125736
## 26	rugpt	gen	fixed	(Intercept)	-2.3098174	0.21372696	-10.8073284
## 27	rugpt	gen	fixed	N1S	-0.4592728	0.11702021	-3.9247309
## 28	rugpt	gen	fixed	N2S	0.2512658	0.11702021	2.1472001
## 29	rugpt	gen	fixed	kind2gram	3.7490242	0.14331990	26.1584336
## 30	rugpt	gen	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.2625926	0.16549157	-1.5867432
## 31	humans	both	fixed	(Intercept)	367.8343369	11.03092557	33.3457365
## 32	humans	both	fixed	N1S	-9.5289733	3.46194176	-2.7524938
## 33	humans	both	fixed	N2S	-3.6730287	3.46178563	-1.0610214
## 34	humans	both	fixed	kindgram	-41.2814471	4.23890192	-9.7387125
## 35	humans	both	fixed	kindungram	11.0967324	4.89228902	2.2682087
## 36	humans	acc	fixed	(Intercept)	356.3522001	11.67803595	30.5147374
## 37	humans	acc	fixed	N1S	-9.2166965	4.94351488	-1.8644015
## 38	humans	acc	fixed	N2S	1.8047004	4.94360990	0.3650572
## 39	humans	acc	fixed	kindgram	-33.7446457	6.05983510	-5.5685749
## 40	humans	acc	fixed	kindungram	30.3163129	6.99849232	4.3318349
## 41	humans	gen	fixed	(Intercept)	379.3264545	12.23622360	31.0002879
## 42	humans	gen	fixed	N1S	-9.8882462	4.82236122	-2.0504989
## 43	humans	gen	fixed	N2S	-9.1985264	4.82151781	-1.9078072
## 44	humans	gen	fixed	kindgram	-48.8705226	5.89769530	-8.2863763
## 45	humans	gen	fixed	kindungram	-7.9203762	6.80170357	-1.1644695
##		df		p.value			
## 1		98.80736		3.517258e-01			
## 2		444.00000		5.233865e-19			
## 3		444.00000		1.379138e-07			

```

## 4 444.00000 9.501329e-54
## 5 444.00000 4.878210e-08
## 6 144.12278 3.105766e-20
## 7 444.00000 1.684046e-09
## 8 444.00000 6.418722e-01
## 9 444.00000 3.621921e-118
## 10 444.00000 2.883642e-05
## 11 49.94842 6.503464e-01
## 12 220.00000 9.821753e-09
## 13 220.00000 4.372956e-06
## 14 220.00000 3.940727e-21
## 15 220.00000 5.699739e-10
## 16 47.82255 3.886303e-01
## 17 220.00000 2.869005e-12
## 18 220.00000 2.533360e-03
## 19 220.00000 3.380525e-35
## 20 220.00000 9.420535e-02
## 21 65.83810 2.571972e-06
## 22 220.00000 2.172052e-06
## 23 220.00000 1.282024e-02
## 24 220.00000 5.436279e-53
## 25 220.00000 2.436381e-05
## 26 75.47085 5.505423e-17
## 27 220.00000 1.161258e-04
## 28 220.00000 3.287105e-02
## 29 220.00000 1.837304e-69
## 30 220.00000 1.140070e-01
## 31 53.70897 1.422981e-37
## 32 3018.92039 5.949685e-03
## 33 3019.43548 2.887650e-01
## 34 3019.11320 4.342398e-22
## 35 3018.88267 2.338684e-02
## 36 68.58038 1.242613e-41
## 37 1486.79695 6.246228e-02
## 38 1487.08333 7.151206e-01
## 39 1487.55304 3.042930e-08
## 40 1487.72637 1.577756e-05
## 41 69.22332 2.548503e-42
## 42 1488.99522 4.049052e-02
## 43 1489.15093 5.660831e-02
## 44 1488.61434 2.574191e-16
## 45 1488.31271 2.444204e-01

```

```

all_coeffs %>%
  count(model, data)

```

```

##   model data n
## 1 humans acc 5
## 2 humans both 5
## 3 humans gen 5
## 4 rubert acc 5
## 5 rubert both 5
## 6 rubert gen 5
## 7 rugpt acc 5
## 8 rugpt both 5

```

```

## 9  rugpt  gen 5

all_coeffs %>%
  count(term)

##           term n
## 1 (Intercept) 9
## 2           N1S 9
## 3           N2S 9
## 4   kind2gram 6
## 5 kind2ungram 6
## 6    kindgram 3
## 7 kindungram 3

all_coeffs %>%
  mutate(term = case_when(
    term == "kindungram" ~ "kind2ungram",
    term == "kindgram" ~ "kind2gram",
    TRUE ~ term,
  )) ->
  all_coeffs

all_coeffs %>%
  count(term)

##           term n
## 1 (Intercept) 9
## 2           N1S 9
## 3           N2S 9
## 4   kind2gram 9
## 5 kind2ungram 9

get_humans <- function(df){
  df %>% filter(model == "humans")
}

get_models <- function(df){
  df %>% filter(model != "humans")
}

round_any = function(x, accuracy, f=round){f(x/ accuracy) * accuracy}

find_offset <- function(variable, round_to=6){
  max_ = max(variable)
  min_ = min(variable)
  print(c(max_, min_))

  round_any((max_ + abs(min_) - 1), round_to, f=ceiling)
}

get_list_vals <- function(l){
  unname(unlist(l))
}

```

```

make_minor_breaks <- function(variable, offsets, step=0.5){
  max_ = ceiling(max(variable))
  print(max_)

  minor_breaks = c()
  for (offset in offsets){
    minor_breaks = c(minor_breaks, seq(offset - max_, offset + max_, step))
  }

  minor_breaks
}

```

```

make_coeffs_to_y_center <- function(df, coeffs_order, round_to=6){
  coeffs_y_step = find_offset(df$estimate, round_to = round_to)
  print(coeffs_y_step)

  coeffs_to_y_center = list()
  for (i in seq_along(coeffs_order)){
    coeffs_to_y_center = c(coeffs_to_y_center, (i - 1) * coeffs_y_step)
  }
  coeffs_to_y_center = setNames(coeffs_to_y_center, coeffs_order)
  coeffs_to_y_center
}

```

```

scale_human_subset <- function(df, scale_factor){
  df %>%
    mutate(estimate = case_when(
      model == "humans" ~ estimate / scale_factor,
      TRUE ~ estimate
    ))
}

```

all_coeffs

##	model	data	effect	term	estimate	std.error	statistic
## 1	rubert	both	fixed	(Intercept)	0.1992566	0.21295677	0.9356671
## 2	rubert	both	fixed	N1S	-0.8047714	0.08629360	-9.3259686
## 3	rubert	both	fixed	N2S	-0.4620590	0.08629360	-5.3544990
## 4	rubert	both	fixed	kind2gram	1.8779932	0.10568765	17.7692775
## 5	rubert	both	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.6775075	0.12203758	-5.5516300
## 6	rugpt	both	fixed	(Intercept)	-1.8294957	0.16973442	-10.7785779
## 7	rugpt	both	fixed	N1S	-0.5545857	0.09010952	-6.1545735
## 8	rugpt	both	fixed	N2S	-0.0419371	0.09010952	-0.4654014
## 9	rugpt	both	fixed	kind2gram	3.5526376	0.11036118	32.1910083
## 10	rugpt	both	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.5385901	0.12743411	-4.2264203
## 11	rubert	acc	fixed	(Intercept)	0.1265183	0.27743523	0.4560281
## 12	rubert	acc	fixed	N1S	-0.6882075	0.11543216	-5.9620085
## 13	rubert	acc	fixed	N2S	-0.5437673	0.11543216	-4.7107091
## 14	rubert	acc	fixed	kind2gram	1.4827230	0.14137494	10.4878770
## 15	rubert	acc	fixed	kind2ungram	-1.0590033	0.16324572	-6.4871732
## 16	rubert	gen	fixed	(Intercept)	0.2719950	0.31262724	0.8700297
## 17	rubert	gen	fixed	N1S	-0.9213354	0.12452520	-7.3987865
## 18	rubert	gen	fixed	N2S	-0.3803507	0.12452520	-3.0544075

## 19	rubert	gen	fixed	kind2gram	2.2732633	0.15251160	14.9055108
## 20	rubert	gen	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.2960118	0.17610523	-1.6808801
## 21	rugpt	acc	fixed	(Intercept)	-1.3491739	0.26204868	-5.1485622
## 22	rugpt	acc	fixed	N1S	-0.6498985	0.13356304	-4.8658563
## 23	rugpt	acc	fixed	N2S	-0.3351400	0.13356304	-2.5092272
## 24	rugpt	acc	fixed	kind2gram	3.3562510	0.16358064	20.5174092
## 25	rugpt	acc	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.8145876	0.18888666	-4.3125736
## 26	rugpt	gen	fixed	(Intercept)	-2.3098174	0.21372696	-10.8073284
## 27	rugpt	gen	fixed	N1S	-0.4592728	0.11702021	-3.9247309
## 28	rugpt	gen	fixed	N2S	0.2512658	0.11702021	2.1472001
## 29	rugpt	gen	fixed	kind2gram	3.7490242	0.14331990	26.1584336
## 30	rugpt	gen	fixed	kind2ungram	-0.2625926	0.16549157	-1.5867432
## 31	humans	both	fixed	(Intercept)	367.8343369	11.03092557	33.3457365
## 32	humans	both	fixed	N1S	-9.5289733	3.46194176	-2.7524938
## 33	humans	both	fixed	N2S	-3.6730287	3.46178563	-1.0610214
## 34	humans	both	fixed	kind2gram	-41.2814471	4.23890192	-9.7387125
## 35	humans	both	fixed	kind2ungram	11.0967324	4.89228902	2.2682087
## 36	humans	acc	fixed	(Intercept)	356.3522001	11.67803595	30.5147374
## 37	humans	acc	fixed	N1S	-9.2166965	4.94351488	-1.8644015
## 38	humans	acc	fixed	N2S	1.8047004	4.94360990	0.3650572
## 39	humans	acc	fixed	kind2gram	-33.7446457	6.05983510	-5.5685749
## 40	humans	acc	fixed	kind2ungram	30.3163129	6.99849232	4.3318349
## 41	humans	gen	fixed	(Intercept)	379.3264545	12.23622360	31.0002879
## 42	humans	gen	fixed	N1S	-9.8882462	4.82236122	-2.0504989
## 43	humans	gen	fixed	N2S	-9.1985264	4.82151781	-1.9078072
## 44	humans	gen	fixed	kind2gram	-48.8705226	5.89769530	-8.2863763
## 45	humans	gen	fixed	kind2ungram	-7.9203762	6.80170357	-1.1644695
##		df		p.value			
## 1		98.80736		3.517258e-01			
## 2		444.00000		5.233865e-19			
## 3		444.00000		1.379138e-07			
## 4		444.00000		9.501329e-54			
## 5		444.00000		4.878210e-08			
## 6		144.12278		3.105766e-20			
## 7		444.00000		1.684046e-09			
## 8		444.00000		6.418722e-01			
## 9		444.00000		3.621921e-118			
## 10		444.00000		2.883642e-05			
## 11		49.94842		6.503464e-01			
## 12		220.00000		9.821753e-09			
## 13		220.00000		4.372956e-06			
## 14		220.00000		3.940727e-21			
## 15		220.00000		5.699739e-10			
## 16		47.82255		3.886303e-01			
## 17		220.00000		2.869005e-12			
## 18		220.00000		2.533360e-03			
## 19		220.00000		3.380525e-35			
## 20		220.00000		9.420535e-02			
## 21		65.83810		2.571972e-06			
## 22		220.00000		2.172052e-06			
## 23		220.00000		1.282024e-02			
## 24		220.00000		5.436279e-53			
## 25		220.00000		2.436381e-05			
## 26		75.47085		5.505423e-17			

```
## 27 220.00000 1.161258e-04
## 28 220.00000 3.287105e-02
## 29 220.00000 1.837304e-69
## 30 220.00000 1.140070e-01
## 31 53.70897 1.422981e-37
## 32 3018.92039 5.949685e-03
## 33 3019.43548 2.887650e-01
## 34 3019.11320 4.342398e-22
## 35 3018.88267 2.338684e-02
## 36 68.58038 1.242613e-41
## 37 1486.79695 6.246228e-02
## 38 1487.08333 7.151206e-01
## 39 1487.55304 3.042930e-08
## 40 1487.72637 1.577756e-05
## 41 69.22332 2.548503e-42
## 42 1488.99522 4.049052e-02
## 43 1489.15093 5.660831e-02
## 44 1488.61434 2.574191e-16
## 45 1488.31271 2.444204e-01
```

```
all_coeffs %>%
  write_csv("regression_coefficients.csv")
```

```
all_coeffs <- read_csv("regression_coefficients.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 45 Columns: 9
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (4): model, data, effect, term
## dbl (5): estimate, std.error, statistic, df, p.value
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
all_coeffs
```

```
## # A tibble: 45 x 9
##   model data effect term      estimate std.error statistic    df p.value
##   <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>      <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 rubert both fixed (Intercept)  0.199    0.213     0.936  98.8 3.52e- 1
## 2 rubert both fixed N1S        -0.805    0.0863    -9.33  444. 5.23e- 19
## 3 rubert both fixed N2S        -0.462    0.0863    -5.35  444. 1.38e- 7
## 4 rubert both fixed kind2gram    1.88    0.106    17.8   444. 9.50e- 54
## 5 rubert both fixed kind2ungram -0.678    0.122    -5.55  444. 4.88e- 8
## 6 rugpt  both fixed (Intercept) -1.83    0.170   -10.8   144. 3.11e- 20
## 7 rugpt  both fixed N1S        -0.555    0.0901    -6.15  444. 1.68e- 9
## 8 rugpt  both fixed N2S        -0.0419   0.0901    -0.465 444. 6.42e- 1
## 9 rugpt  both fixed kind2gram    3.55    0.110    32.2   444. 3.62e-118
## 10 rugpt both fixed kind2ungram -0.539    0.127    -4.23  444. 2.88e- 5
## # i 35 more rows
```

```
alpha = 0.05
```

```
coeffs_order = c(
  "(Intercept)",
  "kind2ungram",
```

```

"kind2gram",
"N2S",
"N1S"
)
final_names = c(
  "(Intercept)",
  "Kind=ungram-\nmatical_feats",
  "Kind=gram-\nmatical_feats",
  "Attractor\n Number = S",
  "Subject\n Number = S"
)
model_order = c("rubert", "rugpt", "humans")
coeffs_y_step = 6
y_limits = c(-3, 24)

all_coeffs_humans <- get_humans(all_coeffs)
all_coeffs_models <- get_models(all_coeffs)

scale_factor = round_any(max(all_coeffs_humans$estimate) / max(all_coeffs_models$estimate), 5)
all_coeffs_2 = scale_human_subset(all_coeffs, scale_factor)

coeffs_to_y_center = make_coeffs_to_y_center(all_coeffs_2, coeffs_order, round_to = coeffs_y_step)

## [1] 3.793265 -2.309817
## [1] 6

get_y_center <- function(coeff){
  coeffs_to_y_center[[coeff]]
}

make_range <- function(df){
  df %>%
    mutate(
      is_significant = if_else(p.value < alpha, TRUE, FALSE),
      coeff_y = sapply(term, get_y_center),
      estimate2 = coeff_y + estimate,
      estimate_lower = pmin(estimate2, coeff_y),
      estimate_upper = pmax(estimate2, coeff_y),
      estimate_center = (estimate_lower + estimate_upper) / 2,
    )
}

all_coeffs_2 %>%
  make_range() %>%
  mutate(
    is_significant=factor(is_significant, levels = c(TRUE, FALSE)),
    data=factor(data, levels = c("both", "acc", "gen")),
    model=factor(model, levels = model_order)
  ) ->
  all_coeffs_3

all_coeffs_3_humans = get_humans(all_coeffs_3)

```



```

all_coeffs_3_models = get_models(all_coeffs_3)
coeffs_to_y_center <- setNames(coeffs_to_y_center, final_names)

all_coeffs_3 %>%
{
  ggplot(., aes(
    y=estimate_center, x=model, color=is_significant, linetype=is_significant)
  ) +
  geom_linerange(
    data = all_coeffs_3_models,
    mapping = aes(y=estimate_center, ymin=estimate_lower, ymax=estimate_upper), linewidth=1.3
  ) +
  geom_linerange(
    data = all_coeffs_3_humans,
    mapping = aes(
      y=estimate_center, ymin=estimate_lower, ymax=estimate_upper
    ), linewidth=1.3
  ) +
  geom_text(aes(label=round(estimate, 2)), vjust="outward", hjust=-0.2, size=3, fontface="bold") +
  # scale_y_continuous(name="estimate_center", sec.axis=sec_axis(name="humans estimate_center (s)"))
  # scale_color_discrete("cvidis") +
  scale_color_viridis(discrete = TRUE, option="E", begin=0, end=0.8, direction = 1) +
  facet_wrap(~data, strip.position = "bottom") +
  theme(
    # plot.margin = margin(r = 15, l = 15, unit = "pt"),
    panel.background = element_rect(
      fill = "white", colour = "white", size = 0.5, linetype = "solid"
    ),
    panel.grid.major = element_line(size = 0.5, linetype = 'solid', colour = "lightgray"),
    panel.grid.minor = element_line(size = 0.25, linetype = 'dotted', colour = "lightgray"),
    panel.spacing = unit(0, "lines"),

    strip.background = element_blank(),
    strip.clip="off",
    strip.placement = "outside",
    strip.text = element_text(size = 12),

    # base_size=10,
    text=element_text(family="Times New Roman"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 20, hjust = 0.5, vjust = 0.8),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size=12),

    legend.position = "none",
  ) +
  scale_y_continuous(
    breaks = get_list_vals(coeffs_to_y_center), labels = names(coeffs_to_y_center),
    minor_breaks = make_minor_breaks(.$estimate, get_list_vals(coeffs_to_y_center)),
    sec.axis = dup_axis(name="humans' coefficients / 100 (ms)", labels=NULL)
  ) +
  scale_x_discrete(
    limits = model_order,
    expand = expansion(add = c(0.6, 0.6)),
    # guide = guide_axis(n.dodge = 2)
  )
}

```

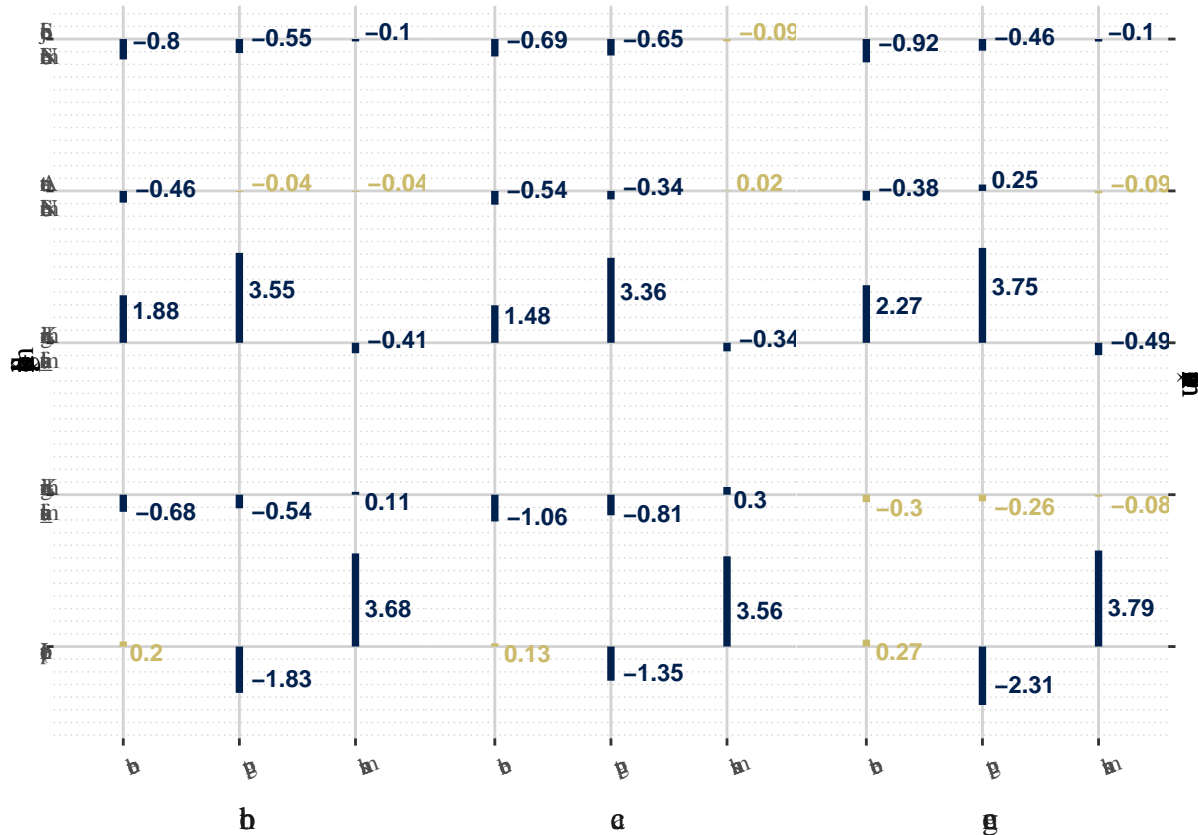
```

) +
  labs(x = NULL, y="models' coefficients (log-prob units)")
} ->
all_coeffs_plot

```

```
## [1] 4
```

```
all_coeffs_plot
```



```
cairo_pdf("regressions_coefficients_06.pdf", width=8, height=4)
```

```
all_coeffs_plot
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## pdf
```

```
## 2
```

```

all_coeffs_3_models %>%
  mutate(model=as.character(model)) %>%
  {
    ggplot(., aes(y=estimate_center, x=model, color=is_significant, linetype=is_significant)) +
    geom_linerange(
      mapping = aes(y=estimate_center, ymin=estimate_lower, ymax=estimate_upper), linewidth=1.3
    ) +
    geom_text(aes(label=round(estimate, 2)), vjust="outward", hjust=-0.2, size=3, fontface="bold") +
    scale_color_viridis(discrete = TRUE, option="E", begin=0, end=0.8, direction = 1) +
  }

```

```

facet_wrap(~data, strip.position = "bottom") +
theme(
  # plot.margin = margin(r = 15, l = 15, unit = "pt"),
  panel.background = element_rect(
    fill = "white", colour = "white", size = 0.5, linetype = "solid"
  ),
  panel.grid.major = element_line(size = 0.5, linetype = 'solid', colour = "lightgray"),
  panel.grid.minor = element_line(size = 0.25, linetype = 'dotted', colour = "lightgray"),
  panel.spacing = unit(0, "lines"),

  strip.background = element_blank(),
  strip.clip="off",
  strip.placement = "outside",
  strip.text = element_text(size = 12),

  # base_size=10,
  text=element_text(family="Times New Roman"),
  # axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 20, hjust = 0.5, vjust = 0.8),
  axis.title.y = element_text(size=12),

  legend.position = "none",
) +
ylim(-6, 27) +
scale_y_continuous(
  breaks = get_list_vals(coeffs_to_y_center), labels = names(coeffs_to_y_center),
  minor_breaks = make_minor_breaks(.$estimate, get_list_vals(coeffs_to_y_center)),
  # sec.axis = dup_axis(name="humans' coefficients / 100 (ms)", labels=NULL)
  limits = y_limits
) +
scale_x_discrete(
  limits = c("rubert", "rugpt"),
  # expand = expansion(add = c(0.3, 0.3)),
  # guide = guide_axis(n.dodge = 2)
) +
labs(x = NULL, y="models' coefficients (log-prob units)")
} ->
all_coeffs_models_plot

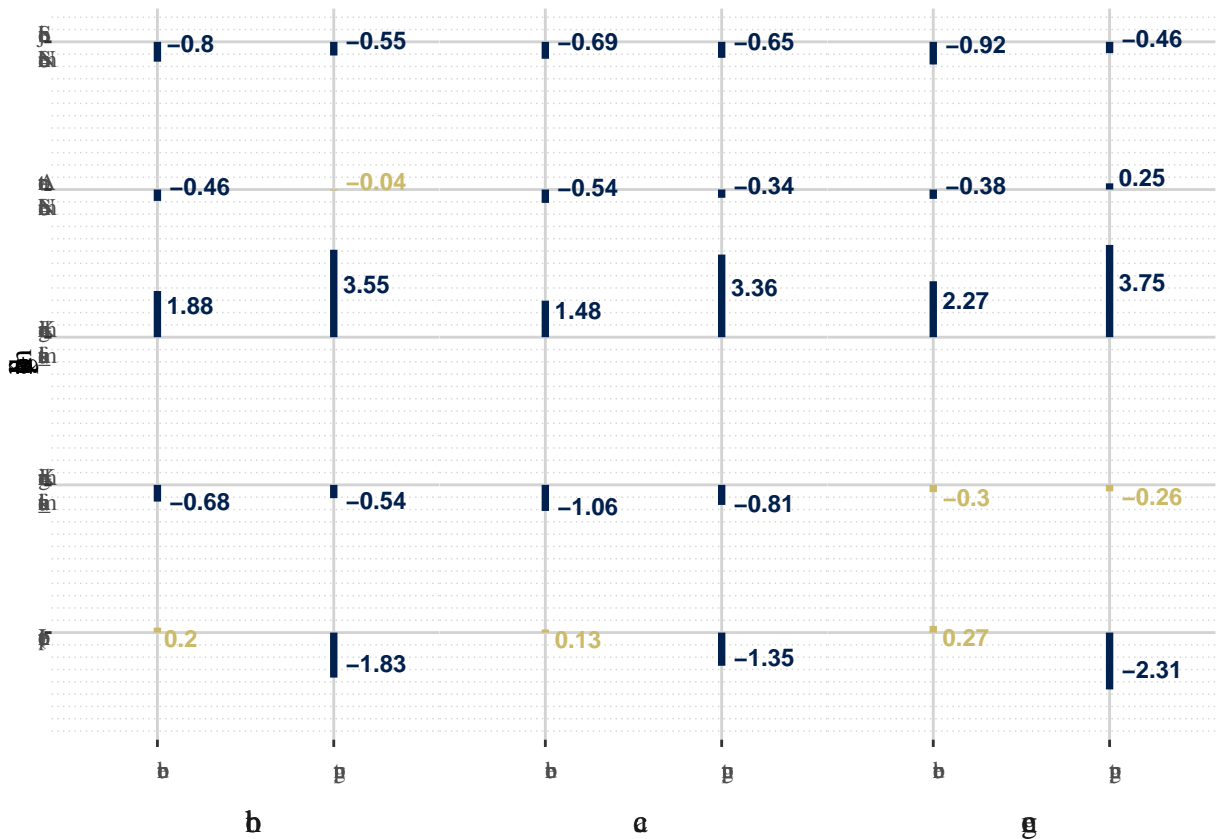
```

```
## [1] 4
```

```
## Scale for y is already present.
```

```
## Adding another scale for y, which will replace the existing scale.
```

```
all_coeffs_models_plot
```



```
cairo_pdf("regressions_coefficients_07_models.pdf", width=6, height=4)
```

```
all_coeffs_models_plot
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## pdf
```

```
## 2
```

```
all_coeffs_3_humans %>%
```

```
  mutate(model=as.character(model)) %>%
```

```
  {
```

```
    ggplot(., aes(y=estimate_center, x=model, color=is_significant, linetype=is_significant)) +  
    geom_linerange(
```

```
      mapping = aes(y=estimate_center, ymin=estimate_lower, ymax=estimate_upper), linewidth=1.3  
    ) +
```

```
    geom_text(aes(label=round(estimate, 2)), vjust="outward", hjust=-0.2, size=3, fontface="bold") +
```

```
    scale_color_viridis(discrete = TRUE, option="E", begin=0, end=0.8, direction = 1) +
```

```
    facet_wrap(~data, strip.position = "bottom") +
```

```
    theme(
```

```
      # plot.margin = margin(r = 15, l = 15, unit = "pt"),
```

```
      panel.background = element_rect(
```

```
        fill = "white", colour = "white", size = 0.5, linetype = "solid"
```

```
      ),
```

```
      panel.grid.major = element_line(size = 0.5, linetype = 'solid', colour = "lightgray"),
```

```
      panel.grid.minor = element_line(size = 0.25, linetype = 'dotted', colour = "lightgray"),
```

```
      panel.spacing = unit(0, "lines"),
```

```

strip.background = element_blank(),
strip.clip="off",
strip.placement = "outside",
strip.text = element_text(size = 12),

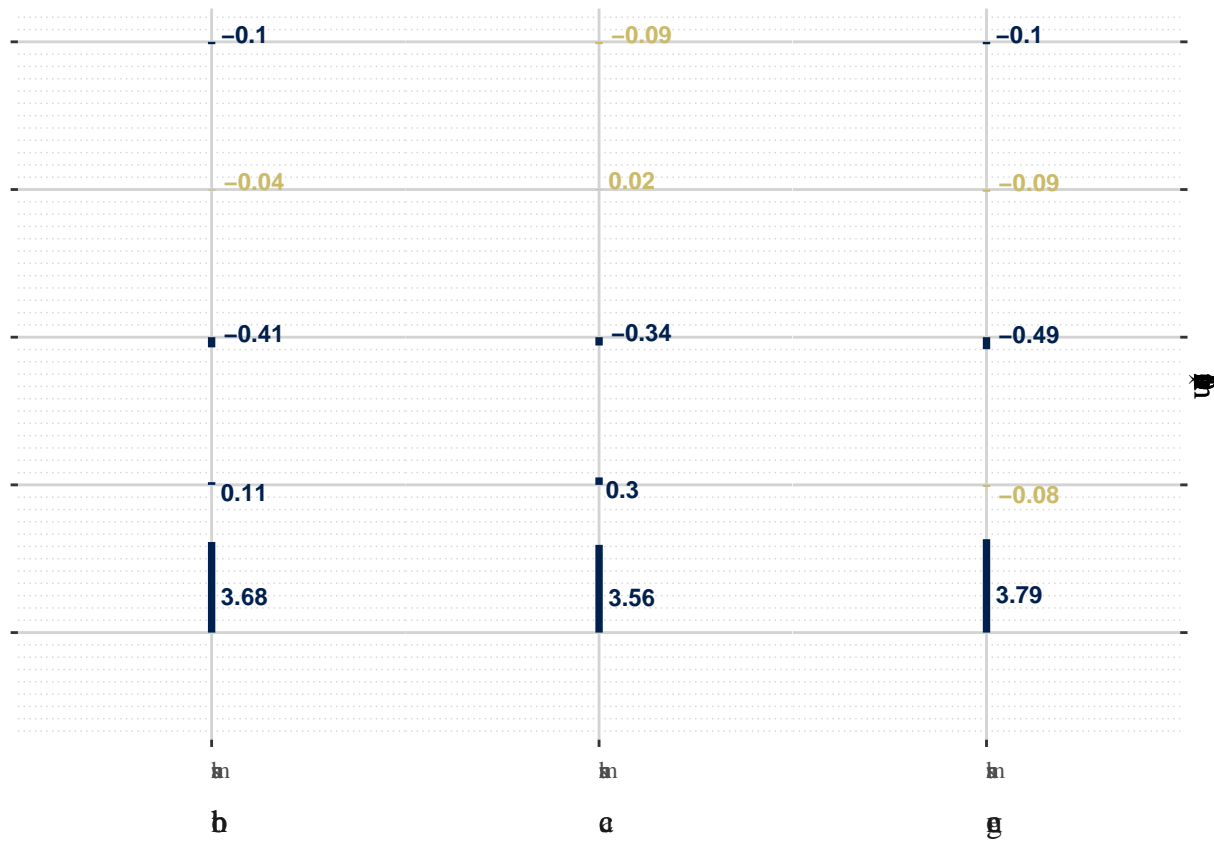
text=element_text(family="Times New Roman"),
# axis.text.x = element_text(size=12),
axis.title.y = element_text(size=12),

legend.position = "none",
) +
scale_y_continuous(
  breaks = get_list_vals(coeffs_to_y_center),
  # labels = names(coeffs_to_y_center),
  labels = NULL,
  minor_breaks = make_minor_breaks(.$estimate, get_list_vals(coeffs_to_y_center)),
  sec.axis = dup_axis(name="humans' coefficients / 100 (ms)", labels=NULL),
  limits = y_limits
) +
scale_x_discrete(
  # limits = c("rubert", "rugpt"),
  # expand = expansion(add = c(0.3, 0.3)),
  # guide = guide_axis(n.dodge = 2)
) +
labs(x = NULL, y=NULL)
} ->
all_coeffs_humans_plot

```

```
## [1] 4
```

```
all_coeffs_humans_plot
```



```
cairo_pdf("regressions_coefficients_06_humans.pdf", width=3, height=4)

all_coeffs_humans_plot

dev.off()
```

```
## pdf
## 2
```