

Assignment – 2 - ANSWERS

Q1. Write pseudocode of the following:

i. Bucket Sort

Ans:

```
BUCKET_SORT(A, n)
1. declare bucket[n]
2. for i ← 1 to A.length
3. do
4.     bucket[ [n * A[i]] ] = SUB_ARRAY(A[i], n, bucket)
5. end for
6. for j ← 1 to bucket.length
7. do
8.     INSERT_SORT(bucket[j])
9. end for
10. A = JOINT_SUB_ARRAY(bucket[j])
11. return A
```

SUB_ARRAY(x, n, B)

```
1. if B[ [n * x] ] is empty then
2.     declare dynamic array C[ ]
3.     return C
4. else
5.     C[ ] ← B[ [n * x] ]
6.     C.add(x)
7.     return C
8. end if
```

----- X -----

ii. Counting sort

Already given in the nodes

iii. Radix sort

Ans:

RADIX_SORT(A, n)

1. $\max \leftarrow GETMAX(A)$
2. $for exp \leftarrow 1 to max/exp > 0$
3. do
4. $COUNTSORT(A, n, exp)$
5. $exp \leftarrow exp * 10;$
6. $end for$

NOTE is COUNTSORT is specifically designed for the RADIX_SORT; don't use it for general purpose

```
COUNTSORT(A, n, exp)
1. declare B[ n ]
2. declare C[ 10 ]
3. for i ← 1 to 10
4. do
5.     C[i] = 0;
6. end for
7. for j ← 1 to n
8. do
9.     C  $\left[ \left( \frac{A[i]}{exp} \right) \% 10 \right] = +1$ 
10. end for
11. for k ← 2 to 10
12. do
13.     C[k] = C[k - 1] + C[k]
14. end for
15. for i ← n down to 1
16. do
17.     B  $\left[ C \left[ \left( \frac{A[i]}{exp} \right) \% 10 \right] \right] = A[i]$ 
18.     C  $\left[ \left( \frac{A[i]}{exp} \right) \% 10 \right] = -1$ 
19. end for
20. for i ← 1 to n
21. do
22.     A[i] = B[i]
23. end for
```

Q2. show what it will print of screen if printf(30), display only output, don't claim to prove it.

```
printf(n)
if(n>0)
    printf([n/2])
if n is odd then
    print '0'
else
    print '1'
```

Ans:

100001

Q3. Explain the run time complexity

1. Worst case complexity

Ans:

Defined in the nodes

2. Average case complexity

Ans:

Defined in the nodes