

1-5 Exponential Functions

師大工教一

Definition: Function $f(x) = a^x$, $a > 0$, is the exponential function with base a .

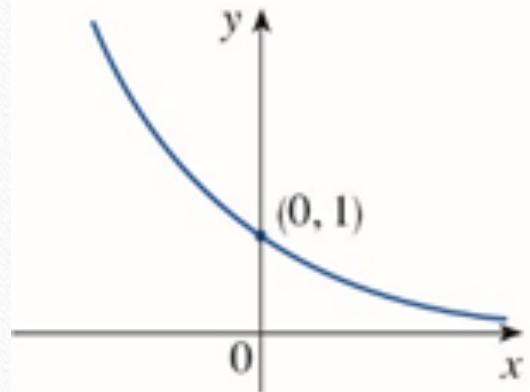
Recall: $n \in \mathbb{N}, a^n = a \cdot a \cdots a$

$$a^0 = 1$$

$$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$$

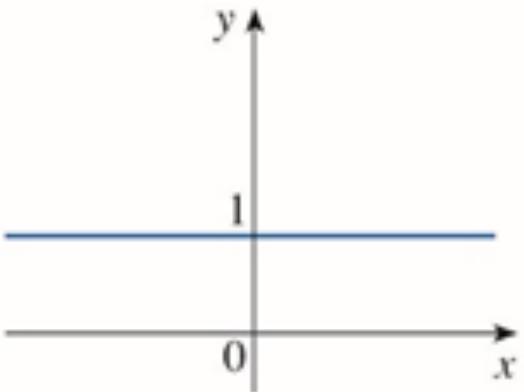
$$a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a}, a^{\frac{p}{q}} = \sqrt[q]{a^p}$$

$$\sqrt{3} = 1.732050808\cdots, 2^1, 2^{1.7}, 2^{1.73}, 2^{1.732}, 2^{1.7320}, 2^{1.73205}, \cdots \rightarrow 2^{\sqrt{3}}$$

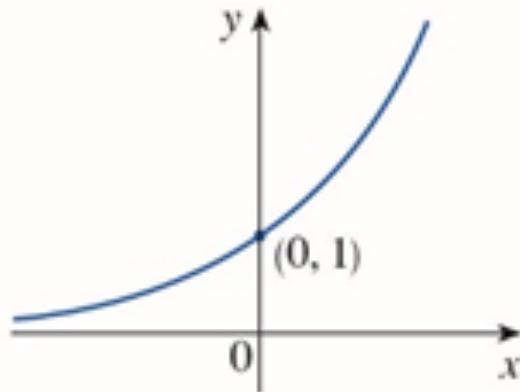


$$0 < a < 1$$

$$y = a^x$$



$$a = 1$$
$$y = a^x$$



$$a > 1$$

$$y = a^x$$

※Laws of Exponents(p35)

指數律

$a, b > 0$ and $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$

$$1. b^x \cdot b^y = b^{x+y}$$

$$2. \frac{b^x}{b^y} = b^{x-y}$$

$$3. (b^x)^y = b^{xy}$$

$$4. a^x \cdot b^x = (ab)^x$$

※The Natural Exponential Function(p54)

e : 尤拉數

$y = e^x = \exp(x)$, where e is an irrational number, $e = 2.718281828\cdots$

HW1-5

- No HW