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05/30/2018



Capstone Project Biodiversity



Content

- Introduction

Introduction

- species_info.csv dataset
 - Including scientific name, common names and conservation status of each species.
 - There are total of 5541 unique scientific names in 7 categories.
 - Approximately 97% of species do not have any intervention plan
 - In each category, the number of species are being protected is much less than the total species are not being protected.
 - Mammal has 17% of its species are being protected, being the most protected category
 - Only 1.07% species in Vascular Plant are being protected, being the less protected category

Endangered Status Mammal vs All

- Performed two significant test to evaluate the endangered status between mammal and different categories
 - Chi2 Square test is selected
 - There are data for each category with available contingency tables.
 - Mammal vs. Bird
 - p-val is 0.687
 - Mammal vs. reptiles
 - p-val is 0.03
 - In comparison, there is a significant of endangered status between mammal and reptiles. Mean while, mammal and birds comparison does not yield much significant.

Protection Recommendation

- While mammal is being the most “protected” among all categories; however with mammal is still being the category with greatest endangered status, the protected ratio in this category is still relatively low
- Stronger enforcement to ensure most mammal species are being protected
- Evaluate the number of endanger vs. recovery conservation status to evaluate the protection plan.

Sample Size Determination

- Defined the baseline which is recorded value from last year incident, 15%
- Defined the minimum detectable effect which is 33.33%
- The calculated sample size is 870

Baseline conversion rate: 15 %

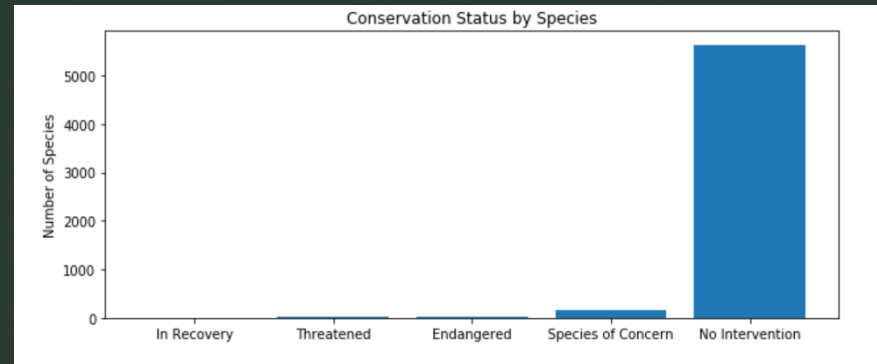
Statistical significance: 85% 90% 95%

Minimum detectable effect: 33.33 %

Sample size: 870

Supported Graphical Analysis

- Conservation Status by Species



- Observations of Sheep per Week

