

$$a) \quad v_e' = w_{ee} v_e - w_{ei} v_i, \quad v_i' = v_e - v_i$$

$$0 = w_{ee} v_e - w_{ei} v_i$$

$$0 = v_e - v_i$$

$$0 = w_{ee} v_i - w_{ei} v_i$$

$$v_i = v_e$$

$$w_{ee} = w_{ei}$$

$$\underline{J(v_E, v_I)} = \begin{pmatrix} w_{ee} & -w_{ei} \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(\lambda I - J) = \begin{vmatrix} \lambda - w_{ee} & w_{ei} \\ -1 & \lambda + 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^2 + \lambda - \lambda w_{ee} - w_{ee} + w_{ei} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^2 + \lambda(1 - w_{ee}) - w_{ee} + w_{ei} = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-(1 - w_{ee})}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{(1 - w_{ee})^2 - 4(-w_{ee} + w_{ei})}{2}}$$

So for the state to be stable $0 < w_{ee} < 1$, b/c
after $(1 - w_{ee})$ will be '+' and hence unstable.

$\omega_{ci} > \omega_{ce}$ for the imaginary part to be a stable spiral.

$$b) \quad V_1' = -V_1 + \frac{V_2^2}{K + V_2^2} \quad V_2' = -V_2 + \frac{V_1^2}{K + V_1^2}$$

$$0 = -V_1 + \frac{V_2^2}{K + V_2^2}$$

$$0 = -V_2 + \frac{V_1^2}{K + V_1^2}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{V_2^2}{K + V_2^2}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{V_1^2}{K + V_1^2}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{\left(\frac{V_2^2}{K + V_2^2}\right)^2}{K + \left(\frac{V_2^2}{K + V_2^2}\right)^2} = \frac{V_2^4}{(K + V_2^2)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{K + \frac{V_2^4}{(K + V_2^2)^2}}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{V_2^4}{(K + V_2^2)^2 + \frac{V_2^4}{(K + V_2^2)^2}} = (K + V_2^2)^2 V_2 = \frac{V_2^4}{1 + V_2^4}$$

$$(K + V_2^2)^2 = \frac{V_2^3}{1 + V_2^4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{k} = v_1 - v_2^2, \quad \underline{k} = \frac{1}{2}(-v_2 - v_2^2 - v_2 \sqrt{-3 + 2v_2 + v_2^2})$$

$$\underline{k} = \frac{1}{2}(-v_2 - v_2^2 + v_2 \sqrt{-3 + 2v_2 + v_2^2})$$

So,

$$\underline{k} < v_1 - v_2^2 = k_c, \quad \underline{k} < \frac{1}{2}(-v_2 - v_2^2 - v_2 \sqrt{-3 + 2v_2 + v_2^2})$$

$$\text{and } \underline{k} < \frac{1}{2}(-v_2 - v_2^2 + v_2 \sqrt{-3 + 2v_2 + v_2^2})$$

$$J(v_1, v_2) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & \frac{2Kv_2}{(k+v_2^2)^2} \\ \frac{2Kv_1}{(k+v_1^2)^2} & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(\lambda I - J) = \begin{vmatrix} \lambda + 1 & -\frac{2Kv}{(k+v^2)^2} \\ -\frac{2Kv}{(k+v^2)^2} & \lambda + 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$0 = \lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 1 - \frac{4k^2v^2}{(k+v^2)^4}$$

$$\lambda = -1 + \frac{\sqrt{4 - 4\left(1 - \frac{4k^2 r^2}{(k+r^2)^4}\right)}}{2}$$

So for our first case $k = r - r^2$:

$$v^2 - v - \frac{3}{16} = 0 \Rightarrow v = \frac{1}{4}(2 \pm \sqrt{7})$$

we are not stable since our real part is positive.

For our second case $k = \frac{1}{2}(-v_2 - v_2^2 - v_2\sqrt{-3 + 2v_2 + v_2^2})$

$$v = \frac{3}{76}(-2 \pm i\sqrt{15})$$

we are stable since our real part is '-'. Stable spiral for imaginary part is '-'.

Last case, $k = \frac{1}{2}(-v_2 - v_2^2 + v_2\sqrt{-3 + 2v_2 + v_2^2})$

v is not possible therefore not stable.

Yes, I think this network can contain memory of initial conditions b/c we have unstable spirals that will repeat the excitatory/inhibitory