# **Mechanical Control Systems (ME 4473)**

Recitation - 1

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## 1. Agenda:

- Office Hours Poll
- Revision
- Problems(Differential Equation, Block Diagrams, Transfer Function)

### 2. Match the Following

Transient Response Convolution Operation

Steady State Response Desired signal - Measured Signal

Error Particular Solution

Duhamel Integral Unit Impulse \* Transfer Function

Impulse Response Homogeneous solution

#### 3. Fill in the Blanks

- Convolution in the Time Domain is \_\_\_\_\_ in the Frequency domain.
- Step Response:
- Frequency Response:
- Impulse Response:
- Transfer Function:

#### 4. Introduction to Simulink

@ Matlab & Simulink

- 5. Problems:
  - Write following differential equation in the block diagram

$$2y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 4y(t) = x(t)$$

Procedure:

a. Identify the Input & Output

Input:

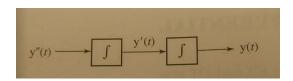
Output:

- b. Identify the required operators Operators:
- c. Evaluate the Constants Constants:
- d. Figure out the appropriate connections
- a. Draw a block diagram for the following differential equation using differentiators

#### (Step Response in Simulink)

b. For the differential equation above, draw the block diagram using integrators As we saw in the Simulink example, the differentiators are problematic for practical implementation. Hence, we would like to use integrators.

$$2y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 4y(t) = x(t)$$



i. Identify the Input & Output Input:

**Output:** 

- ii. Identify the required operators Operators:
- iii. Evaluate the Constants Constants:
- iv. Figure out the appropriate connections

#### (Step Response in Simulink)

c. Now draw the block diagram using the transfer function

$$2y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 4y(t) = x(t), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0$$

i. What is the transfer function of the differential equation?

ii. What is the block diagram of the system?

## **Conclusion:**

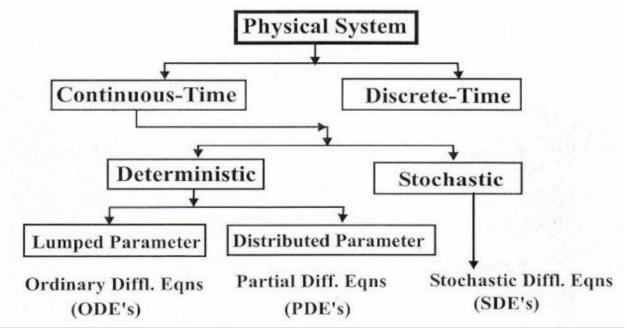
- 1. About Simulink:
- 2. About differentiators & Integrators:
- 3. About frequency domain:

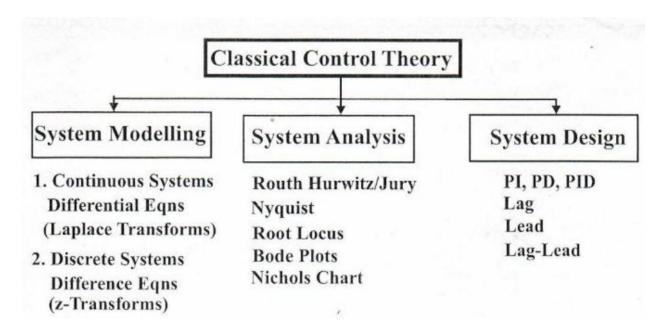
# Appendix:

Table of Laplace Transforms

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	$f\left(t\right)=\mathfrak{L}^{-1}\left\{ F\left(\varepsilon\right)\right\}$	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$		$f\left(t\right)=\mathfrak{L}^{-1}\big\{F\left(s\right)\big\}$	$F(s) = \mathfrak{L}\{f(t)\}$
1.	1	$\frac{1}{s}$	2.	$\mathbf{e}^{at}$	$\frac{1}{s-a}$
3.	$t^n$ , $n = 1, 2, 3,$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$	4.	$t^{\mathfrak{p}}$ , $p > -1$	$\frac{\Gamma(p+1)}{s^{p+1}}$
5.	$\sqrt{t}$	$rac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2s^{rac{k}{2}}}$	6.	$t^{n-\frac{1}{2}},  n=1,2,3,\dots$	$\frac{1\cdot 3\cdot 5\cdots (2n-1)\sqrt{\pi}}{2^n s^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}$
7.	$\sin{(at)}$	$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}$	8.	$\cos(at)$	$\frac{s}{s^2+a^2}$
9.	$t \sin(at)$	$\frac{2as}{\left(s^2+a^2\right)^2}$	10.	$t\cos(at)$	$\frac{s^2 - a^2}{\left(s^2 + a^2\right)^2}$
11.	$\sin(at) - at\cos(at)$	$\frac{2a^3}{\left(s^2+a^2\right)^2}$	12.	$\sin(at) + at\cos(at)$	$\frac{2as^2}{\left(s^2+a^2\right)^2}$
13.	$\cos(at) - at\sin(at)$	$\frac{s(s^2-a^2)}{\left(s^2+a^2\right)^2}$	14.	$\cos(at) + at\sin(at)$	$\frac{s(s^2+3a^2)}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$
15.	$\sin(at+b)$	$\frac{s\sin(b) + a\cos(b)}{s^2 + a^2}$	16.	$\cos(at+b)$	$\frac{s\cos(b) - a\sin(b)}{s^2 + a^2}$
17.	$\sinh\left(at ight)$	$\frac{a}{s^2-a^2}$	18.	$\cosh{(at)}$	$\frac{s}{s^2-a^2}$
19.	$e^{at}\sin(bt)$	$\frac{b}{\left(s-a\right)^2+b^2}$	20.	$\mathbf{e}^{at}\cos\big(bt\big)$	$\frac{s-a}{\left(s-a\right)^2+b^2}$
21.	$e^{at}\sinh\left(bt\right)$	$\frac{b}{\left(s-a\right)^2-b^2}$	22.	$\mathbf{e}^{at}\cosh\left(bt\right)$	$\frac{s-a}{\left(s-a\right)^2-b^2}$
23.	$t^n \mathbf{e}^{at},  n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$	$\frac{n!}{(s-a)^{n+1}}$	24.	f(ct)	$\frac{1}{c}F\left(\frac{s}{c}\right)$
25.	$u_c(t) = u(t-c)$ Heaviside Function	<u>e</u> -es	26.	$\delta(t-c)$ Dirac Delta Function	e <sup>-cz</sup>
27.	$u_c(t) f(t-c)$	$e^{-cz}F(s)$	28.	$u_c(t)g(t)$	$e^{-ct} \mathcal{L} \{g(t+c)\}$
29.	$\mathbf{e}^{ct}f\left(t ight)$	F(s-c)	30.	$t^n f(t)$ , $n = 1, 2, 3,$	$(-1)^n F^{(n)}(s)$
31.	$\frac{1}{t}f\left( t\right)$	$\int_{z}^{\infty}F\left( u\right) du$	32.	$\int_{0}^{t} f(v) dv$	$\frac{F\left( s\right) }{s}$
33.	$\int_{0}^{t}f\left( t-\tau\right) \mathbf{g}\left( \tau\right) d\tau$	F(s)G(s)	34.	$f\left(t+T\right)=f\left(t\right)$	$\frac{\int_{0}^{T} \mathbf{e}^{-st} f(t) dt}{1 - \mathbf{e}^{-sT}}$
35.	f'(t)	$sF\left( s\right) -f\left( 0\right)$		- 4,7	$s^2F(s)-sf(0)-f'(0)$
37.	$f^{(n)}\left(t\right)$	$s^{n}F\left( s\right) -s$	f	$0)-s^{n-2}f'(0)\cdots-sf^{(n-2)}$	$(0) - f^{(n-1)}(0)$

## **Big Picture of 4473:**





# Bibliography:

- Signals & Systems, Roberts, Pg 189, Block Diagram Simulation of Differential or Difference Equations
- Table of Laplace Transform: <a href="https://www.pinterest.com/pin/417216352964290194/">https://www.pinterest.com/pin/417216352964290194/</a>