OntologyOne

Smarter Human Resource Data Management

GlobalTech: The Use Case

Company Profile

- Global technology consultancy
- Offices in China, Germany, Singapore, and the United States

Business Need

- Rapid corporate growth and regional expansion
- Unified HR system to efficiently manage global talent
- Support multilingual operations and regional autonomy

GlobalTech: The Use Case

Challenge

- Integrate diverse employee datasets
- Minimize disruption to local workflows
- Preserve local language and terminology

Solution Goal

- Seamless, ontology-driven HR data integration across borders
- Maintain local usability, enable global visibility

GlobalTech: Traditional Data Integration Option

- Requires manual data mapping and harmonization across departments
- Involves building centralized database with standardized terminology and documented semantics
- Cultural and political friction when reconciling and interpreting terms
- Often demands new app development and training for local staff
- Multilingual support adds significant cost and complexity

X Complex & Costly

GlobalTech: Ontology-Drive Integration Option

- No disruption to local office workflows or tools
- Teams continue using familiar terms and native languages
- Semantic alignment happens behind the scenes via ontology mappings
- Scalable, cross-border integration with minimal overhead
- Low learning curve: HR teams do not need to learn new systems
- Future-proof: easily extendable to support new departments, countries, or policies
- **⊘** Seamless & Scalable

OntologyOne: The GlobalTech Solution

A proof-of-concept application leveraging semantic technologies and LLMs to enable natural language interaction with HR data across global offices. It integrates:

- Ontology-based data modeling and representation
- Large Language Models (LLMs) for query translation
- React + FastAPI application architecture

Ultimate vision: Transform HR data interaction—from passive reporting to intelligent, language-driven data management with full CRUD capabilities across global offices.

OntologyOne: The GlobalTech Solution

Semantic layer

- 4 local ontologies (one per regional office)
- 1 unified ontology for cross-office alignment and standardization
- Aligns departments and job titles across all offices

Al interfacing

- LLM-powered interface for natural language interaction
- Accessible by HR staff at both local offices and headquarters
- Enables intuitive querying and management of employee data

OntologyOne: The GlobalTech Solution

Current Capabilities

- Query existing employee records
- View organizational alignment across locations

Future Enhancements

- Add, update, and remove employee records
- Align qualifications and work experience
- Expand multilingual capabilities
- Integration with analytics tools for workforce insights

OntologyOne: System Architecture

Building OntologyOne

- Protégé: Ontology modeling and authoring
 - Data federation across countries with local and unified ontologies
 - → Supports unified querying over international HR datasets and querying of local office data
- GraphDB: Semantic graph database (aka RDF triplestores)
- Google Gemini: Query translation
 - SPARQL queries executed on GraphDB
- FastAPI backend and React frontend on the cloud

Ontology: Regional Office Ontologies

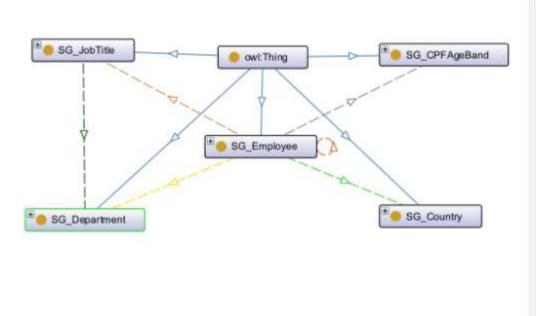
- Modelled using local HR data → reflects specific practices, terminology and language used by that office.
- Tailored to local context → intuitive and immediately usable by local HR teams.

Key characteristics

- Local Terminology: Define job titles, departments and other HR attributes using familiar terms that reflect local organizational structure and culture.
- Native Language Support: Labels and descriptions are provided in local language → improve usability, reduce need for additional training.

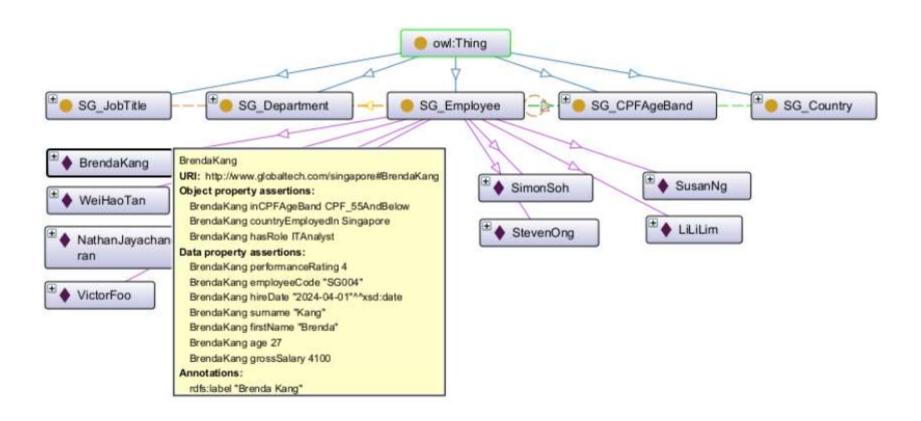
Regional ontologies connect to unified ontology through carefully defined mappings — enable seamless integration without compromising local flexibility.

Ontology: Classes (Singapore)

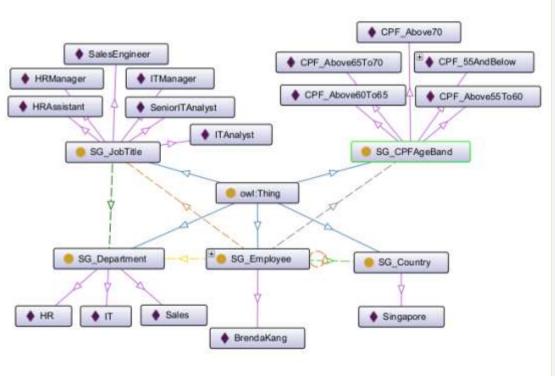




Ontology: Employee Instances (Singapore)

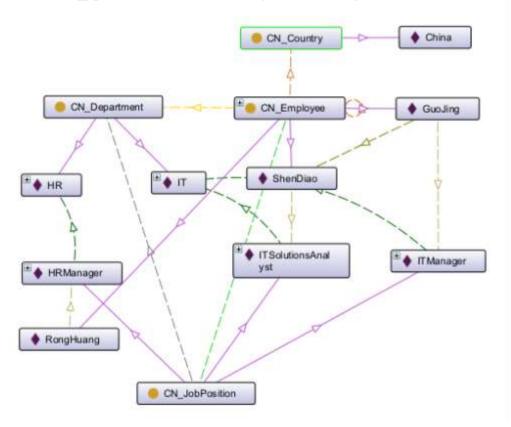


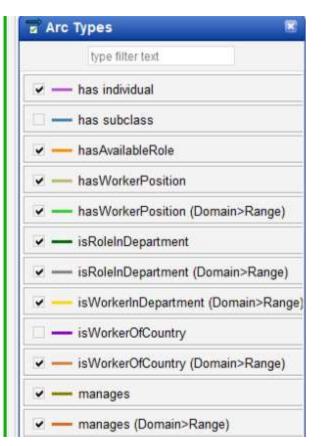
Ontology: Instances (Singapore)



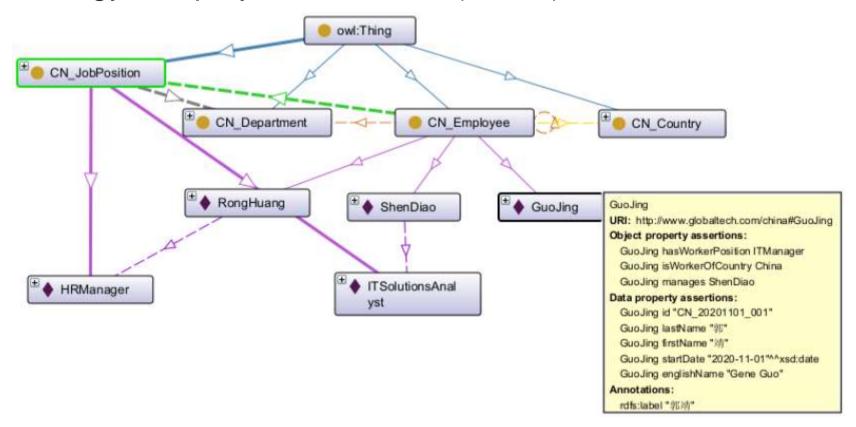


Ontology: Classes (China)

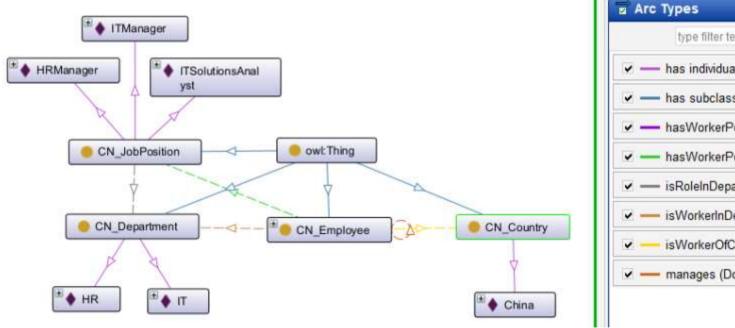




Ontology: Employee Instances (China)



Ontology: Instances (China)





Ontology: Unified Ontology

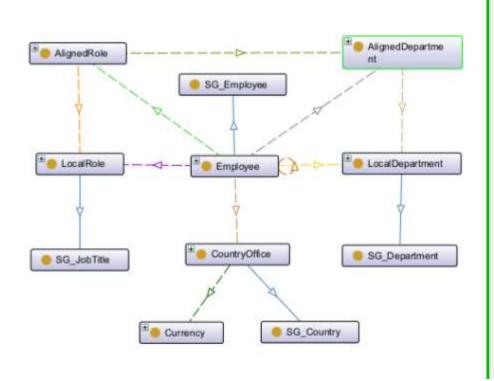
Central semantic model

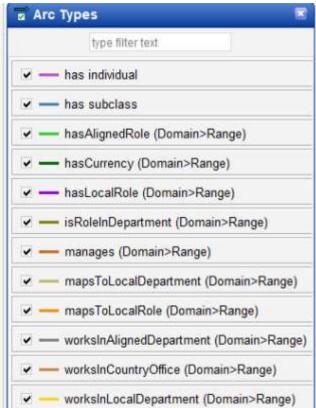
- Defines organization-wide standards.
- Bridge region-specific variations in terminology and structure.

Key components

- Aligned Department: Maps local department names to standardized departments
- Aligned Role: Translates localized job titles into unified role definitions used across the enterprise → enable consistent reporting and analysis.
- Currency Conversion: Specifies exchange rates to normalize salaries from local currencies into USD → regional comparison and budgeting.

Ontology: Classes (Unified)

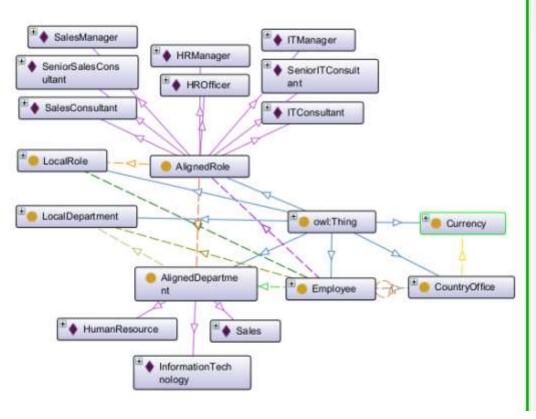


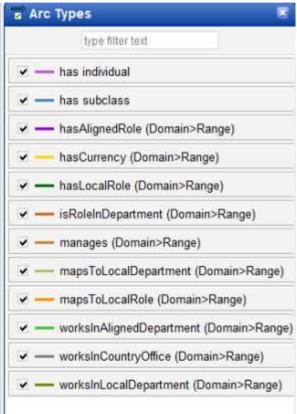


Ontology: Employee Instances (Unified)

country	localDepartment	alignedDepartment	name	localRole	alignedRole
China	人力资源部	Human Resource	黄,蓉	人力资源经理	Human Resource Manager
China	信息技术部	Information Technology	沈,雕	信息技术解决方案分析师	Information Technology Consultant
China	信息技术部	Information Technology	剪5. 纳	信息技术经理	Information Technology Manager
Germany	HR-Abteilung	Human Resource	Mustermann, Max	HR-Manager	Human Resource Manager
Germany	IT-Abteilung	Information Technology	Schmidt, Anna	IT-Spezialist	Information Technology Consultant
Singapore	Human Resource	Human Resource	Lim, LiLi	Human Resource Assistant	Human Resource Officer
Singapore	Human Resource	Human Resource	Ng, Susan	Human Resource Manager	Human Resource Manager
Singapore	Information Technology	Information Technology	Foo, Victor	IT Manager	Information Technology Manager
Singapore	Information Technology	Information Technology	Jayachandran, Nathan	Senior IT Analyst	Senior Information Technology Consultant
Singapore	Information Technology	Information Technology	Kang, Brenda	IT Analyst	Information Technology Consultant
Singapore	Information Technology	Information Technology	Tan, Wei Hao	IT Analyst	Information Technology Consultant
Singapore	Sales	Sales	Ong, Steven	Sales Engineer	Sales Consultant
Singapore	Sales	Sales	Soh, Simon	Sales Engineer	Sales Consultant
United States of America	Human Resource	Human Resource	Rooney, Robert	Human Resource Manager	Human Resource Manager
United States of America	Information Technology	Information Technology	Tanner, Irene	IT Consultant	Information Technology Consultant
United States of America	Sales	Sales	Doe, John	Sales Representative	Sales Consultant
United States of America	Sales	Sales	Miller, Stanley	Sales Manager	Sales Manager
United States of America	Sales	Sales	Sontag, Sarah	Sales Representative - State Level	Senior Sales Consultant

Ontology: Instances (Unified)





Al-Powered Natural Language Querying

Challenge

HR staff typically lack know-how to write SPARQL queries/operate knowledge graph database.

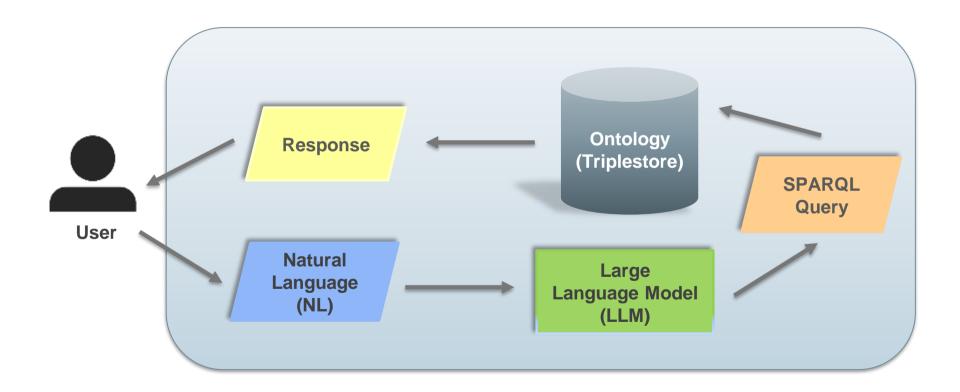
Solution: Ontology + LLMs

- Use LLMs to translate natural language queries into SPARQL
- No need for:
 - SPARQL training
 - Specialized technical staff

Real-world usability

- As with any Al assistant, users may need to refine how they ask questions for optimal results
- Minimal training, no major workflow disruptions

OntologyOne: System Architecture



Role of GraphDB and SPARQL Queries

Explain the use of **GraphDB** for managing **HR data** as a semantic graph (ontology-based).

Discuss how the system queries GraphDB using **SPARQL** to retrieve data in response to user queries.

Provide a **real-world example** of a SPARQL query (e.g., retrieving an employee's role, department, and qualifications).

Optionally, show an example of how a user query is transformed into a SPARQL query

About OntologyOne: Harper the Chatbot

Explain how users can interact with the chatbot to ask HR-related questions.

Mention key features, such as **example questions** and the ease of getting answers without technical knowledge.

Optionally, show a **screenshot** or **short video** of the chatbot in action.

Ontology and AI in HR Data Management

Ontologies for Seamless Integration

- **Unify** data from disparate HR systems through a shared semantic model
- Ensure **semantic consistency** in job roles, departments, qualifications
- Enable cross-office reasoning while preserving local autonomy

Al for Truly Accessibility

- Use LLMs to let HR staff ask questions in natural language
- Empower non-technical users to generate insights on-demand

Real-World Use Cases

- Ask: "Who are our developers and how much are they paid?"
- Automate: Generate region-specific compliance reports
- Track: Identify skills gaps or overlaps across offices
- Integrate: Harmonize job titles like "IT Analyst" and "IT Solutions Specialist" across geographies

Live Demo (or Walkthrough)

Briefly walk the audience through interacting with the chatbot.

Show how it processes a real HR-related query and provides an answer based on the ontology.

Optionally, highlight how the chatbot can answer queries based on the underlying semantic graph.

Conclusion

Invite users to ask any further questions or schedule a follow-up meeting.

Mention that the project is designed to demonstrate **ontology** and **Al expertise**, and is a stepping stone to more advanced HR solutions.

Optionally, provide links to your **GitHub**, **LinkedIn**, or any **portfolio** showcasing similar projects.

Skills Demonstrated

- Ontology design and alignment across knowledge domains
- GraphDB & SPARQL for semantic querying
- Full-stack app development with FastAPI & React
- LLM integration for intelligent query processing
- Practical use of vector embeddings and semantic search

System Architecture (High-Level View)

- React (Frontend): User interface for interacting with the chatbot.
- FastAPI (Backend): Handles user input, processes queries, communicates with GraphDB.
- GraphDB: Stores HR data using the ontology and responds to SPARQL queries.
- Gemini API: Translates natural language into SPARQL queries (via AI).
- Deployment on cloud: Render (OntologyOne, Harper), GCP (GraphDB),
 Pinecone (Vector database for embeddings)