

# The Project Office

# Project Management Office (PMO)

- PMO is usually a centralized organizational unit that oversees the management of projects and programs throughout the organization
- Its objective is to establish and maintain procedures and standards to the projects in the PMO
  - They are often tasked with establishing an organizational project management (OPM) framework
  - OPM is used in conjunction with other organizational practices, such as HR, tech and culture to improve performance and maintain competitive edge

# PMO

- According to PMBOK, PMO provide support for project managers in;
  - Providing an established PM methodology including templates, forms, and standards
  - Mentoring, coaching and training project managers
  - Facilitating communication within and across projects
- PMO might exist in all organizational structures- functional, project oriented, or matrix
  - Might have authority to manage, cancel or advise upon the projects
  - They are also called Project Officer, PM Offices or Centers of Excellence
- They compare the project goals with project progress and gives feedback to the project teams and management
- PMO also has the responsibility for maintaining and archiving project documentation for future reference

# PMO

- PMO ensure projects are aligned with the strategic objectives of the organization
- They measure the performance of active projects and suggests corrective actions
- PMO evaluates completed projects for their adherence to the PM plan

# Difference between PM and PMO

- PM is responsible for meeting the objectives of the project they are managing, controlling the resources within the project, and managing the individual project constraints
- PMO is responsible for managing the objectives of a collective set of projects, managing resources across the projects and managing the interdependencies of all the projects within the PMOs authority

# PMO Organizational Types

- There are generally 3 types of PMO organizational types;

| PMO Type    | Role  | Level of Control |
|-------------|---|------------------|
| Supportive  | Consulting: Templates, project repository, training   | Low              |
| Controlling | Compliance: PM Framework, Conformance to methodologies, Conformance to governance frameworks. Use of specific templates and tools | Moderate         |
| Directive   | Controlling: PMO manages projects   | High             |



FIGURE 24-1. THREE LEVELS OF A PROJECT OFFICE

# Challenges of Implementing a PO

- Inside the matrix structure- There are conflict in objectives between project team and functional departments
- Low Project Maturity Levels- A level-2 PO can have challenge to integrate multiple projects of varying size from small to multi-month/year initiatives
- Leve-3 Project Office Implementation- most companies remain tangled at Level 2 Project Office



# Levels of Project Office

| Service Offering |  | Level 1: Project Control Office | Level 2: Business Unit PMO | Level 3: Strategic/Enterprise PMO | Description of Services   |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| People           | Project Planning and Controls Specialists                    | X                               |                            | X                                 | Plans all activities for the project; manages the critical path, issues, risk, and budget. Responsible for resource management and schedule/budget status reporting.            |
|                  | Project and Program Managers                                 | X                               |                            | X                                 | Coordinates with business sponsors to manage scope of work, business issues, risks, etc. Drives business issues and communicates to project stakeholders and team members.      |
|                  | Mentoring and Coaching                                       |                                 | X                          | X                                 | Individual coaching for less experienced project managers, to reinforce training and established client methodologies.  |
|                  | PM Training and Professional Development                     |                                 | X                          | X                                 | A variety of on-site training courses including certification programs that can be customized for any organization.   |
|                  | Organizational Change Management                             |                                 | X                          | X                                 | Assessing current organization's readiness to change, including barriers to change, and developing/executing a plan to successfully implement new project management processes. |
| Process          | PM Organizational Maturity Assessment & Improvement Planning |                                 | X                          | X                                 | Uses PM Solutions' acclaimed Project Management Maturity Model (PMMN) to show how to systematically mature an organizations' project management practices.                      |
|                  | Project Portfolio Management                                 |                                 | X                          | X                                 | Process and software tools to select and manage the optimum set of projects that maximize business value. Provides management visibility through dashboard reporting.           |
|                  | PM Methodology   | X                               | X                          | X                                 | Customized methodology—processes, procedures, templates, examples, and guides—delivered through an easy-to-use web-based tool, the PM Community of Practice (PMCoP).            |
|                  | Functional Methodology                                       |                                 | X                          | X                                 | Customized methodology (SDLC, NPD, Marketing) that integrates into the overall project management methodology.  |
|                  | PM Value Measurement   |                                 | X                          | X                                 | Tangible metrics program established to measure the benefits derived from the PMO.  |
| Technology       | PM Software  | X                               | X                          | X                                 | Proven software tools for planning, managing, and status reporting the full portfolio of project(s).  |

# Value Addition from a Project Office

- Management of standard methodology
- Center for the collection of data
- A Systems Thinking Perspective
- Knowledge Management

# Pitfalls

- PMO faces cost cutting because the organizations take good project management for granted
- Good project management becomes invisible and it seems that projects are running themselves
  - PMO looks to be more expensive- a delusion