

 Marwadi University <small>Marwadi Chandarana Group</small>	 NAAC A+	Marwadi University Faculty of Engineering & Technology Department of Information and Communication Technology
Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309)	Aim: Practical based on Signal Processing using Scipy	
Experiment No: 12	Date: 20/11/2025	Enrollment No: 92510133049

Aim: Practical based on Signal Processing using Scipy

IDE:

What is SciPy?

SciPy is a free and open-source Python library used for scientific computing and technical computing. It is a collection of mathematical algorithms and convenience functions built on the NumPy extension of Python. It adds significant power to the interactive Python session by providing the user with high-level commands and classes for manipulating and visualizing data. As mentioned earlier, SciPy builds on NumPy and therefore if you import SciPy, there is no need to import NumPy.

Generates a sine wave and a square wave with a frequency of 5 Hz and a sampling frequency of 500 Hz.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
from scipy import signal
```

```
# Parameters
```

```
fs = 500 # Sampling frequency
```

```
f = 5 # Frequency of the signal
```

```
t = np.linspace(0, 1, fs, endpoint=False) # Time array
```

```
# Create a sine wave signal
```

```
sine_wave = np.sin(2 * np.pi * f * t)
```

```
# Create a square wave signal using scipy
```

```
square_wave = signal.square(2 * np.pi * f * t)
```

```
# Plot the signals
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
```

```
plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
```



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```
plt.plot(t, sine_wave)
```

```
plt.title('Sine Wave')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
```

```
plt.plot(t, square_wave)
```

```
plt.title('Square Wave')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output:



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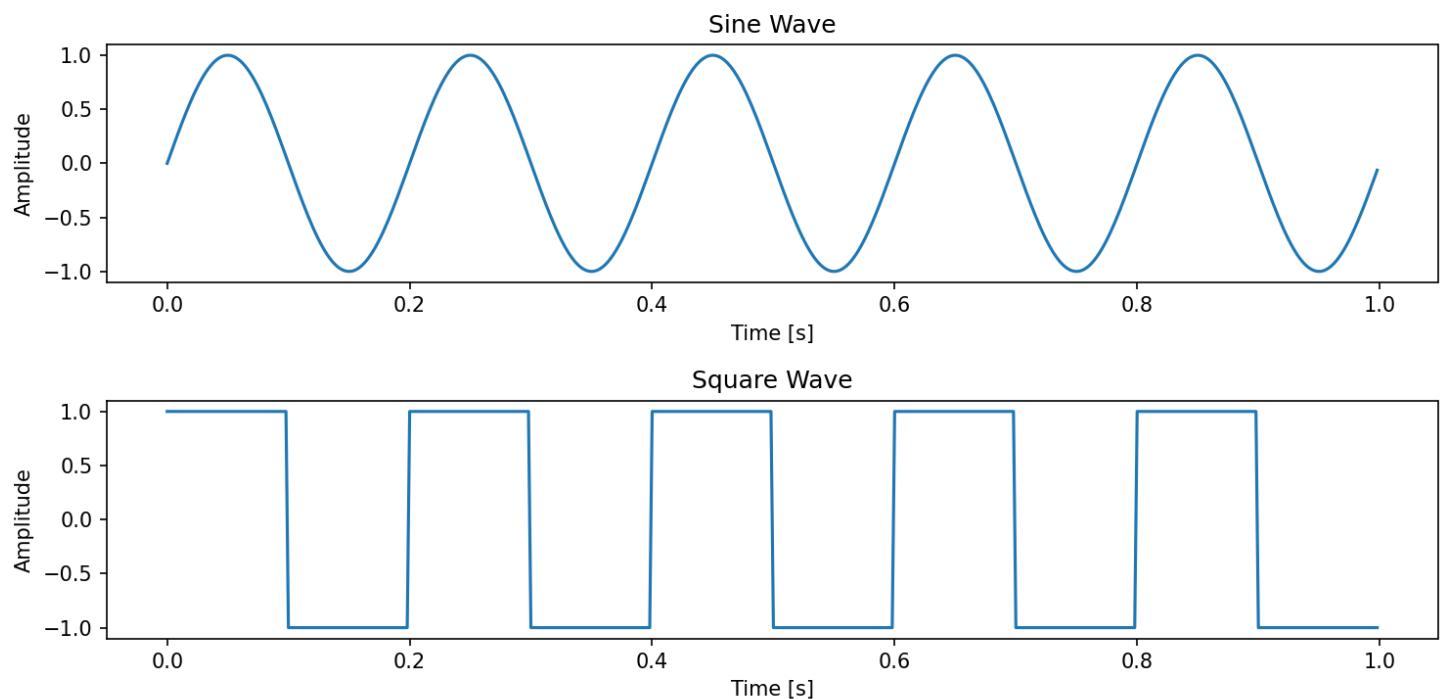
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```
D:\PWP LAB EXPS> & "C:/Users/PRAVEEN KUMAR/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.13.exe" "c:/Users/PRAVEEN KUMAR/exp - 12.py"
```

Figure 1



Triangular and Ramp signal

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy import signal
# Parameters
fs = 600 # Sampling frequency
f = 6 # Frequency of the signal
t = np.linspace(0, 1, fs, endpoint=False) # Time array
```



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```
# Create a triangular wave signal using scipy
```

```
triangular_wave = signal.sawtooth(2 * np.pi * f * t, 0.5)
```

```
# Create a ramp (sawtooth) signal using scipy
```

```
ramp_signal = signal.sawtooth(2 * np.pi * f * t)
```

```
# Plot the signals
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
```

```
plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
```

```
plt.plot(t, triangular_wave)
```

```
plt.title('Triangular Wave')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
```

```
plt.plot(t, ramp_signal)
```

```
plt.title('Ramp Signal')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output:



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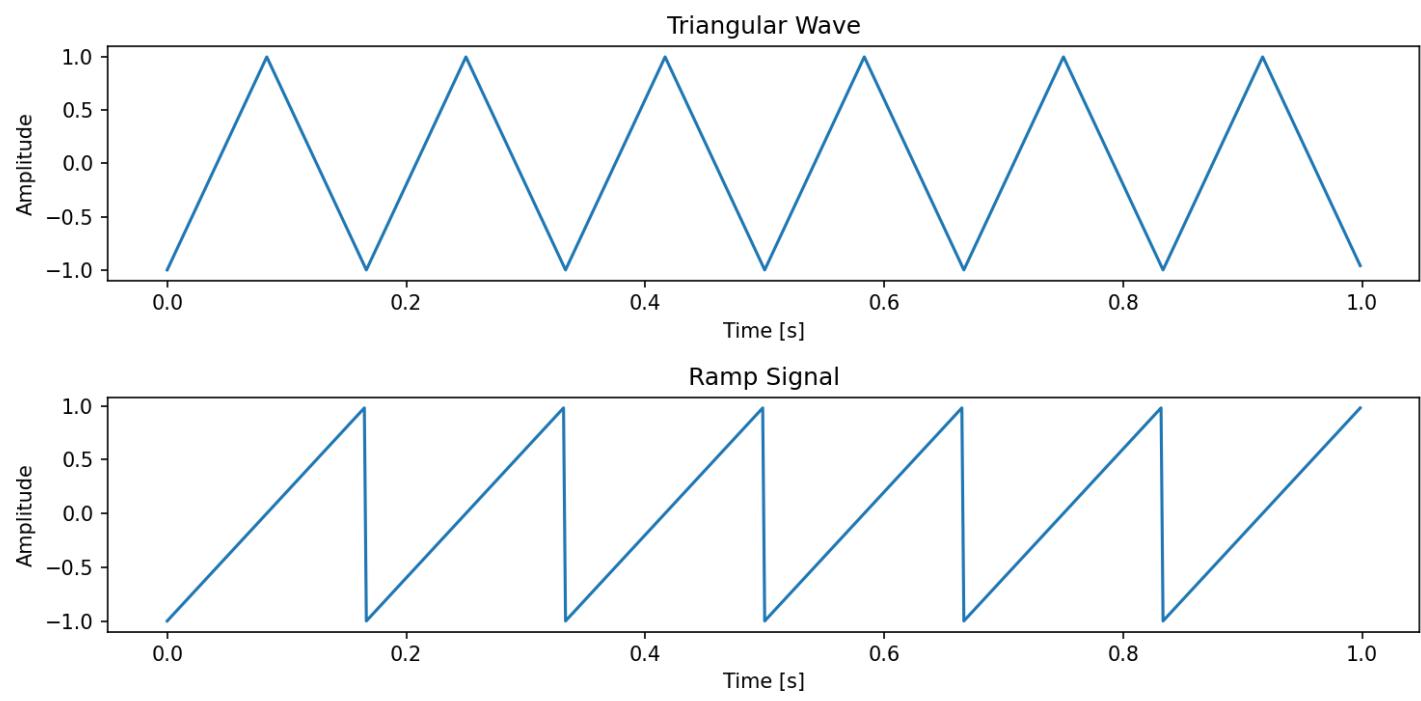
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Figure 1



#Elementary signals

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy import signal

# Parameters
fs = 500 # Sampling frequency
t = np.linspace(-1, 1, fs, endpoint=False) # Time array

# 1. Unit Step Signal
unit_step = np.heaviside(t, 1)

# 2. Unit Impulse Signal (Dirac Delta)
delta = np.zeros_like(t)
delta[0] = 1
```



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```
unit_impulse = np.zeros_like(t)
```

```
unit_impulse[fs//2] = 1 # Impulse at t=0
```

3. Ramp Signal

```
ramp_signal = signal.sawtooth(2 * np.pi * t, 1)
```

4. Sine Wave

```
f_sine = 5 # Frequency of the sine wave
```

```
sine_wave = np.sin(2 * np.pi * f_sine * t)
```

5. Cosine Wave

```
f_cosine = 5 # Frequency of the cosine wave
```

```
cosine_wave = np.cos(2 * np.pi * f_cosine * t)
```

6. Exponential Signal

```
exponential_signal = np.exp(t)
```

7. Triangular Wave

```
triangular_wave = signal.sawtooth(2 * np.pi * 5 * t, 0.5)
```

8. Square Wave

```
square_wave = signal.square(2 * np.pi * 5 * t)
```

Plot the signals

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 12))
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 2, 1)
```

```
plt.plot(t, unit_step)
```

```
plt.title('Unit Step Signal')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```



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```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 2, 2)
```

```
plt.plot(t, unit_impulse)
```

```
plt.title('Unit Impulse Signal')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 2, 3)
```

```
plt.plot(t, ramp_signal)
```

```
plt.title('Ramp Signal')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 2, 4)
```

```
plt.plot(t, sine_wave)
```

```
plt.title('Sine Wave')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 2, 5)
```

```
plt.plot(t, cosine_wave)
```

```
plt.title('Cosine Wave')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 2, 6)
```



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```
plt.plot(t, exponential_signal)
```

```
plt.title('Exponential Signal')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 2, 7)
```

```
plt.plot(t, triangular_wave)
```

```
plt.title('Triangular Wave')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 2, 8)
```

```
plt.plot(t, square_wave)
```

```
plt.title('Square Wave')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output:



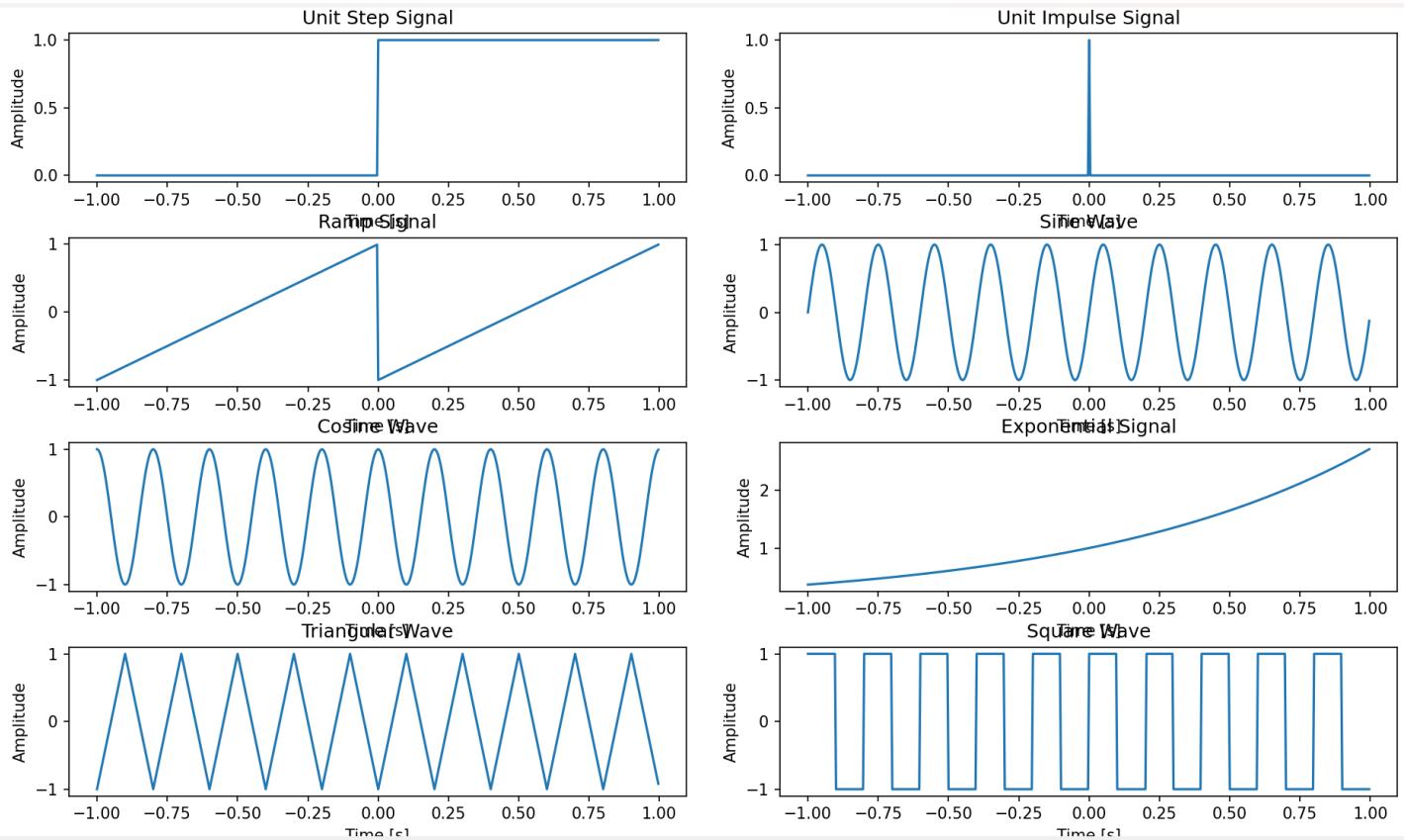
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Signal Classification

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
# Parameters
```

```
fs = 20 # Sampling frequency for discrete-time signal
```

```
t_continuous = np.linspace(0, 1, 1000) # Time array for continuous signals
```

```
t_discrete = np.arange(0, 1, 1/fs) # Discrete time array
```

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```
# Generate a continuous-time sine wave
```

```
f = 5 # Frequency of the signal
```

```
continuous_signal = np.sin(2 * np.pi * f * t_continuous)
```

```
# Generate a discrete-time sine wave (sampled)
```

```
discrete_time_signal = np.sin(2 * np.pi * f * t_discrete)
```

```
# Discretize the amplitude (quantization) for the continuous-time signal
```

```
num_levels = 4 # Number of quantization levels
```

```
discrete_amplitude_signal = np.round(continuous_signal * (num_levels / 2)) / (num_levels / 2)
```

```
# Discretize both time and amplitude
```

```
discrete_time_amplitude_signal = np.round(discrete_time_signal * (num_levels / 2)) / (num_levels / 2)
```

```
# Plot the signals
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
```

```
# Continuous-Time Signal
```

```
plt.subplot(4, 1, 1)
```

```
plt.plot(t_continuous, continuous_signal)
```

```
plt.title('Continuous-Time Signal (Sine Wave)')
```

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```

plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')

# Discrete-Time Signal
plt.subplot(4, 1, 2)
plt.stem(t_discrete, discrete_time_signal, use_line_collection=True)
plt.title('Discrete-Time Signal (Sampled Sine Wave)')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')

```

```

# Discrete-Amplitude Signal
plt.subplot(4, 1, 3)
plt.plot(t_continuous, discrete_amplitude_signal, drawstyle='steps-pre')
plt.title('Discrete-Amplitude Signal (Quantized Sine Wave)')
plt.xlabel('Time [s]')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')

```

Discrete signal operation

```

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Parameters
n = np.arange(0, 20) # Discrete time array (0 to 19)

```



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```
signal = np.sin(0.2 * np.pi * n) # Example discrete-time signal (sine wave)
```

```
# Delay the signal by 3 samples
```

```
delay = 3
```

```
delayed_signal = np.zeros_like(signal)
```

```
delayed_signal[delay:] = signal[:-delay]
```

```
# Advance the signal by 3 samples
```

```
advance = 3
```

```
advanced_signal = np.zeros_like(signal)
```

```
advanced_signal[:-advance] = signal[advance:]
```

```
# Plot the original and shifted signals
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
```

```
# Original Signal
```

```
plt.subplot(3, 1, 1)
```

```
plt.stem(n, signal, use_line_collection=True)
```

```
plt.title('Original Signal')
```

```
plt.xlabel('n (Discrete Time)')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
```

```
# Delayed Signal
```

```
plt.subplot(3, 1, 2)
```

```
plt.stem(n, delayed_signal, use_line_collection=True)
```

```
plt.title(f'Delayed Signal (by {delay} samples)')
```

```
plt.xlabel('n (Discrete Time)')
```



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```
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')

# Advanced Signal

plt.subplot(3, 1, 3)

plt.stem(n, advanced_signal, use_line_collection=True)

plt.title(f'Advanced Signal (by {advance} samples)')

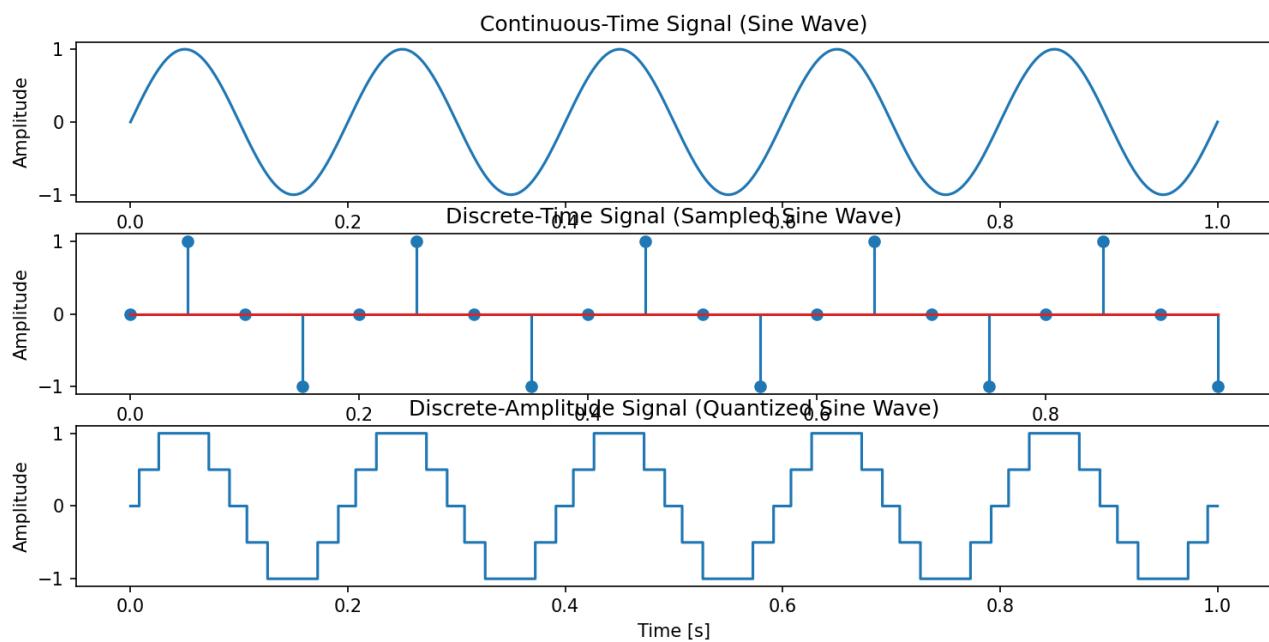
plt.xlabel('n (Discrete Time)')

plt.ylabel('Amplitude')

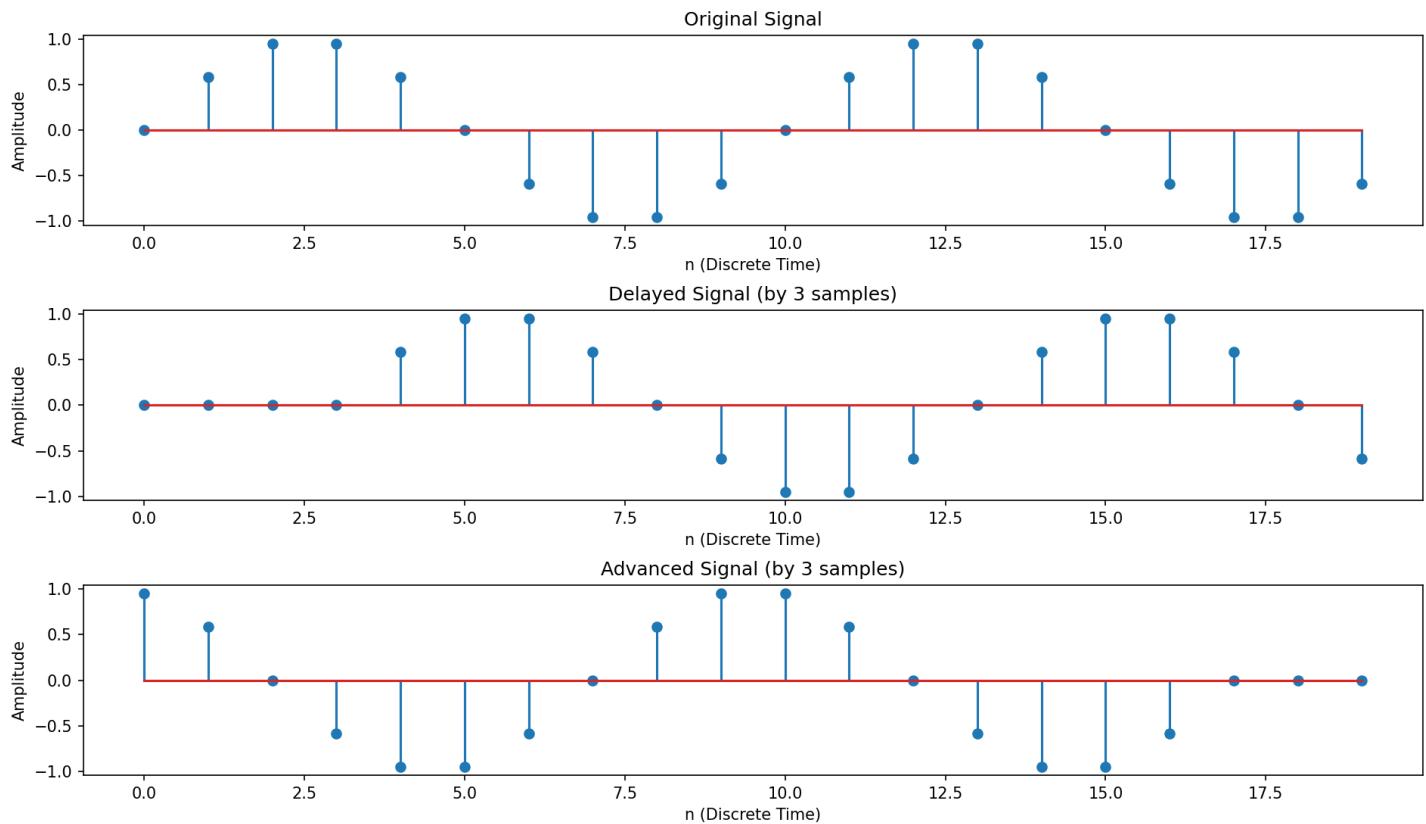
plt.tight_layout()

plt.show()
```

Output:



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Post Lab Exercise:

- Generate two sine wave signals with frequencies of 5 Hz and 10 Hz, both sampled at 1000 Hz for 1 second. Add the two signals together and plot the result.
- Generate a 5 Hz sine wave and a 10 Hz cosine wave, both sampled at 500 Hz for 2 seconds. Multiply the two signals element-wise and plot the resulting signal.
- Generate a 5 Hz sine wave signal and shift it in time by 0.1 seconds. Plot the original and shifted signals on the same graph for comparison.
- Generate a 10 Hz sine wave and scale its amplitude by a factor of 3. Plot the original and scaled signals together.
- Generate a 5 Hz sine wave and reverse it in time. Plot the original and reversed signals on the same graph.



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ANSWERS

- a. Generate two sine wave signals with frequencies of 5 Hz and 10 Hz, both sampled at 1000 Hz for 1 second. Add the two signals together and plot the result.

```
C: > Users > PRAVEEN KUMAR > exp - 12.py > ...
1  import numpy as np
2  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4  # Sampling parameters
5  fs = 1000
6  t = np.linspace(0, 1, fs, endpoint=False)
7
8  # Generate sine waves
9  f1 = 5
10 f2 = 10
11 signal1 = np.sin(2 * np.pi * f1 * t)
12 signal2 = np.sin(2 * np.pi * f2 * t)
13
14 # Combine the signals
15 combined_signal = signal1 + signal2
16
17 # Plot the result
18 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
19 plt.plot(t, combined_signal, label='Combined Signal (5 Hz + 10 Hz)', color='purple')
20 plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
21 plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
22 plt.title('Combined Sine Wave Signal')
23 plt.grid(True)
24 plt.legend()
25 plt.tight_layout()
26 plt.show()
```



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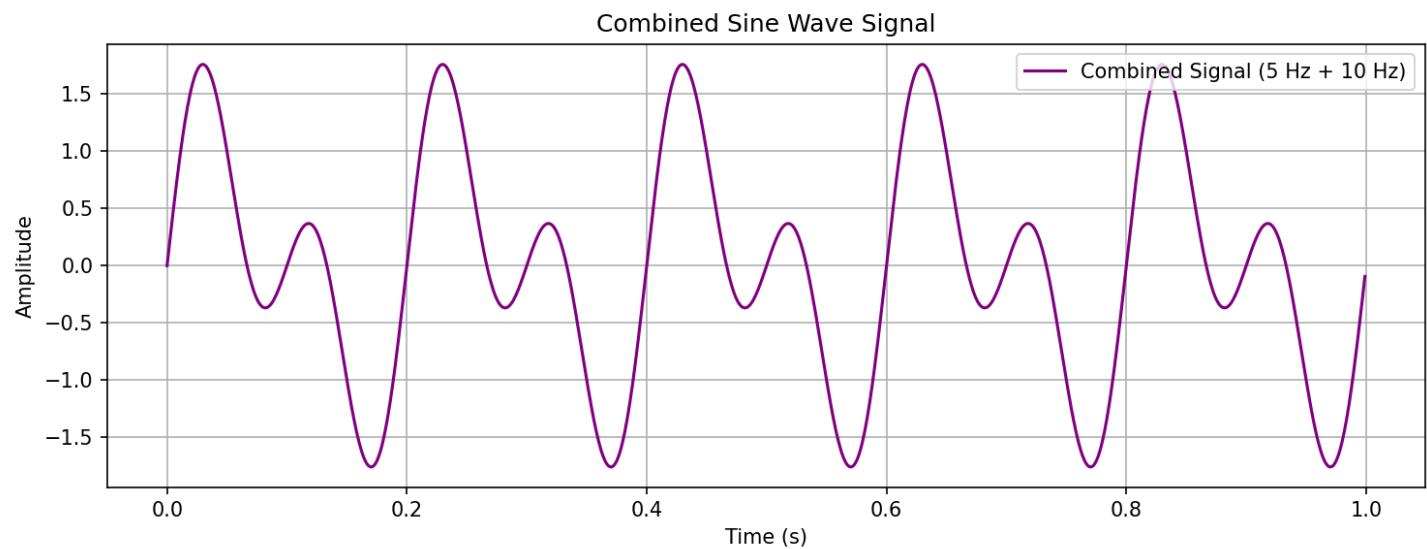
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```
D:\PWP LAB EXPS> & "C:/Users/PRAVEEN KUMAR/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.13.exe" "c:/Users/PRAVEEN KUMAR/exp - 12.py"
```

Figure 1





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- b. Generate a 5 Hz sine wave and a 10 Hz cosine wave, both sampled at 500 Hz for 2 seconds. Multiply the two signals element-wise and plot the resulting signal.

```
C: > Users > PRAVEEN KUMAR > exp - 12.py > ...
1  import numpy as np
2  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4  # Sampling parameters
5  fs = 500
6  duration = 2
7  t = np.linspace(0, duration, int(fs * duration), endpoint=False)
8
9  # Generate signals
10 sine_wave = np.sin(2 * np.pi * 5 * t)
11 cosine_wave = np.cos(2 * np.pi * 10 * t)
12
13 # Element-wise multiplication
14 product_signal = sine_wave * cosine_wave
15
16 # Plot the result
17 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
18 plt.plot(t, product_signal, label='Sine(5 Hz) x Cosine(10 Hz)', color='teal')
19 plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
20 plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
21 plt.title('Element-wise Multiplication of Sine and Cosine Waves')
22 plt.grid(True)
23 plt.legend()
24 plt.tight_layout()
25 plt.show()
```

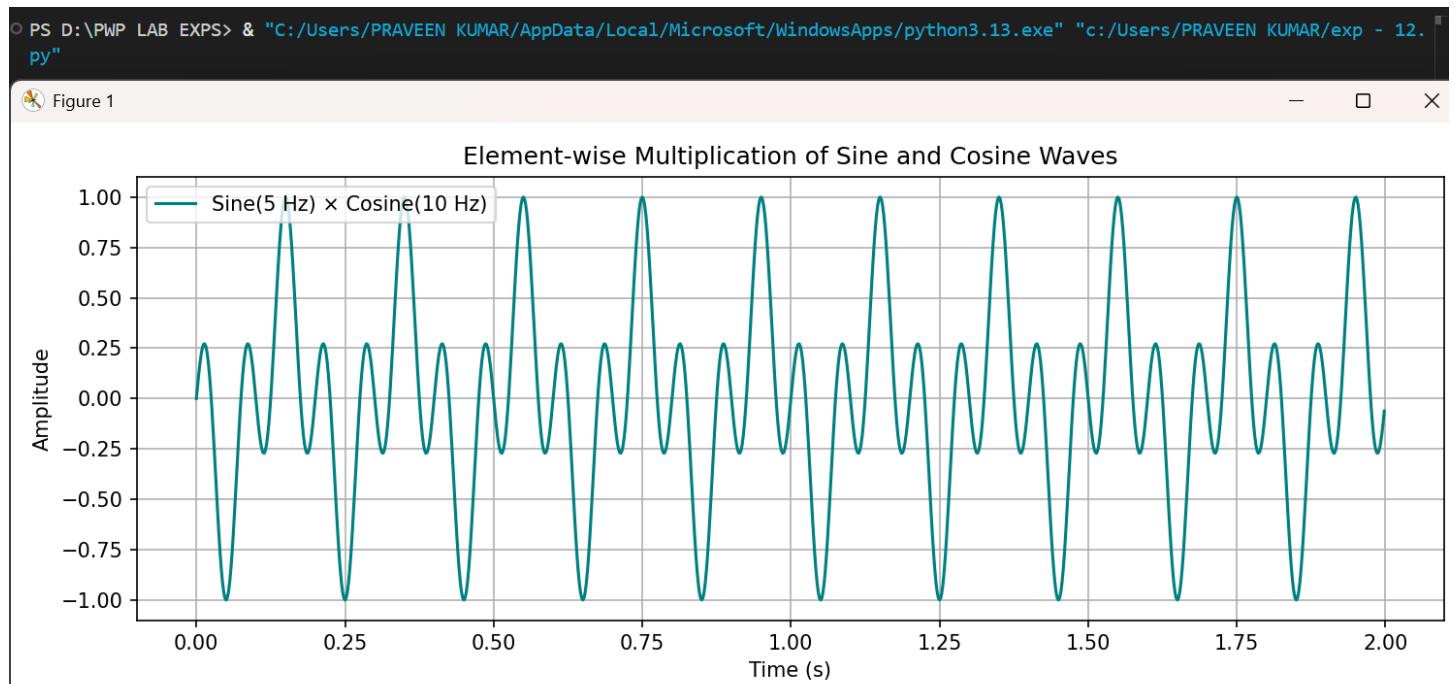
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- c. Generate a 5 Hz sine wave signal and shift it in time by 0.1 seconds. Plot the original and shifted signals on the same graph for comparison.

C: > Users > PRAVEEN KUMAR > exp - 12.py > ...

```
1  import numpy as np
2  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4  # Sampling parameters
5  fs = 1000
6  duration = 1
7  t = np.linspace(0, duration, int(fs * duration), endpoint=False)
8
9  # Original 5 Hz sine wave
10 original_signal = np.sin(2 * np.pi * 5 * t)
11
12 # Time-shifted signal by 0.1 seconds
13 shifted_signal = np.sin(2 * np.pi * 5 * (t - 0.1))
14
15 # Plot both signals
16 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
17 plt.plot(t, original_signal, label='Original Signal', color='blue')
18 plt.plot(t, shifted_signal, label='Shifted Signal (0.1s)', color='orange', linestyle='--')
19 plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
20 plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
21 plt.title('Original vs. Time-Shifted 5 Hz Sine Wave')
22 plt.grid(True)
23 plt.legend()
24 plt.tight_layout()
25 plt.show()
```



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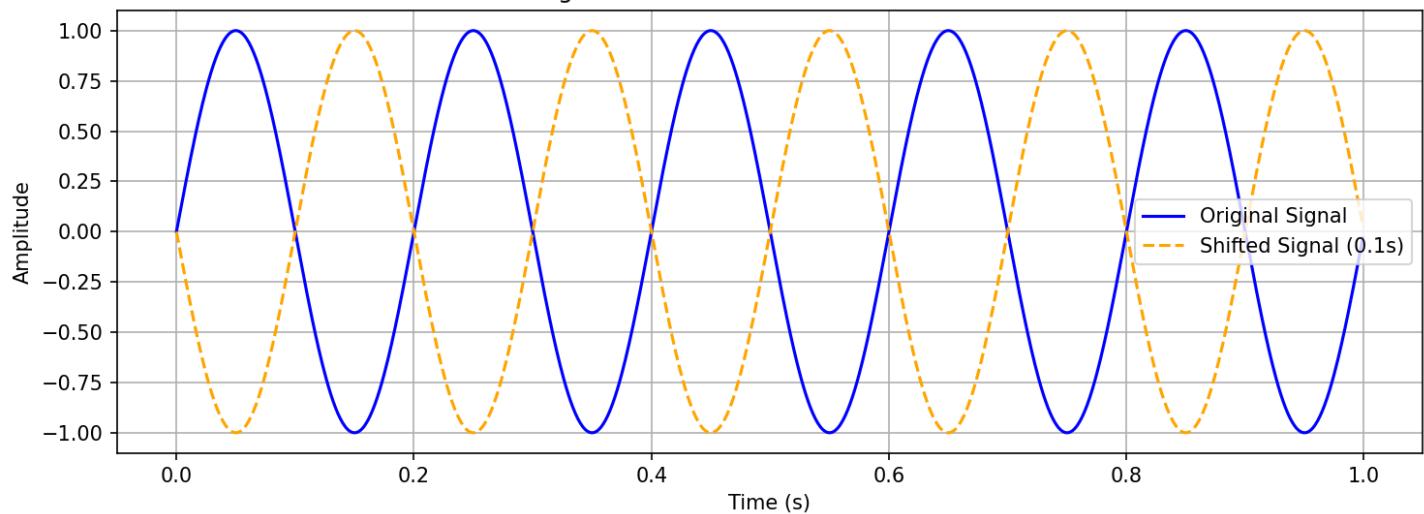
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```
PS D:\PWP LAB EXPS> & "C:/Users/PRAVEEN KUMAR/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.13.exe" "c:/Users/PRAVEEN KUMAR/exp - 12.py"
```

Figure 1

Original vs. Time-Shifted 5 Hz Sine Wave





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- d. Generate a 10 Hz sine wave and scale its amplitude by a factor of 3. Plot the original and scaled signals together.

```
C: > Users > PRAVEEN KUMAR > exp - 12.py > ...
1 import numpy as np
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4 # Sampling parameters
5 fs = 1000
6 duration = 1
7 t = np.linspace(0, duration, int(fs * duration), endpoint=False)
8
9 # Original 10 Hz sine wave
10 original_signal = np.sin(2 * np.pi * 10 * t)
11
12 # Scaled signal (amplitude × 3)
13 scaled_signal = 3 * original_signal
14
15 # Plot both signals
16 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
17 plt.plot(t, original_signal, label='Original Signal (10 Hz)', color='blue')
18 plt.plot(t, scaled_signal, label='Scaled Signal (×3)', color='red', linestyle='--')
19 plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
20 plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
21 plt.title('Original vs. Scaled 10 Hz Sine Wave')
22 plt.grid(True)
23 plt.legend()
24 plt.tight_layout()
25 plt.show()
```

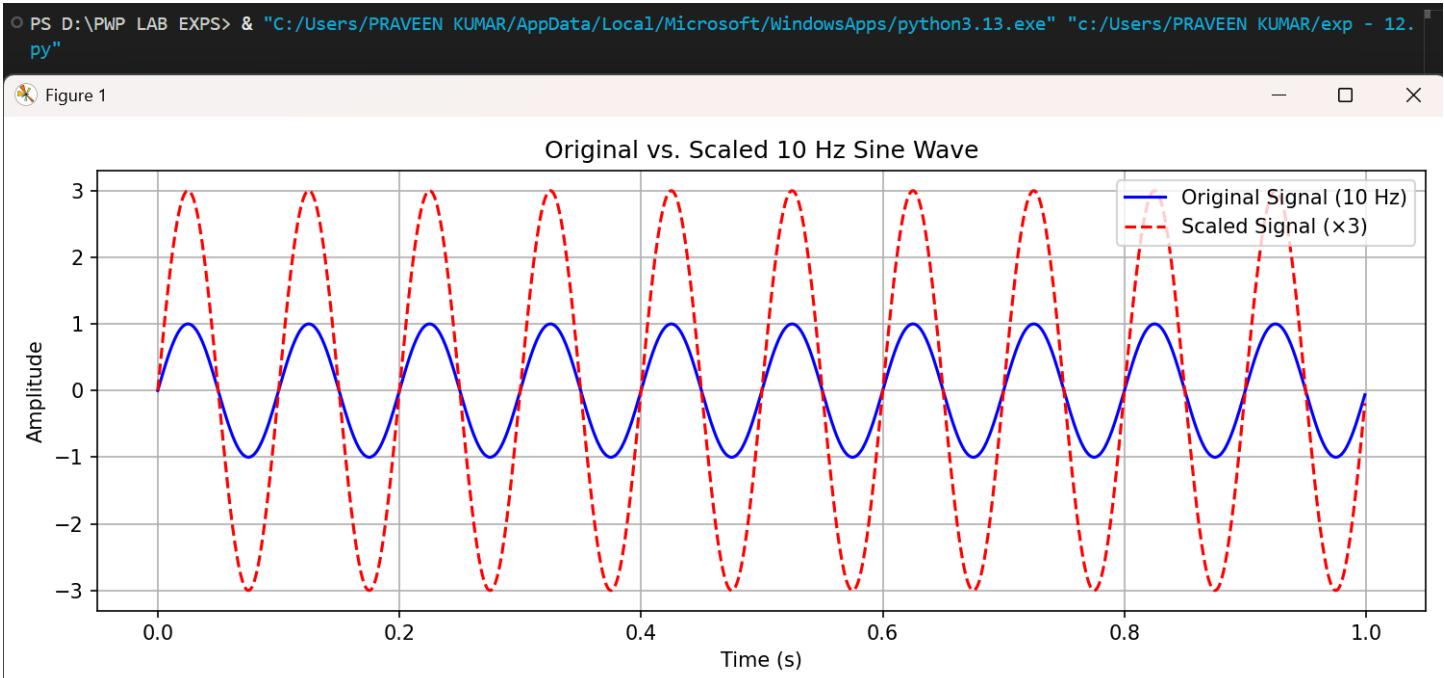
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- e. Generate a 5 Hz sine wave and reverse it in time. Plot the original and reversed signals on the same graph.

```
C: > Users > PRAVEEN KUMAR > exp - 12.py > ...
1  import numpy as np
2  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4  # Sampling parameters
5  fs = 1000
6  duration = 1
7  t = np.linspace(0, duration, int(fs * duration), endpoint=False)
8
9  # Original 5 Hz sine wave
10 original_signal = np.sin(2 * np.pi * 5 * t)
11
12 # Time-reversed signal
13 reversed_signal = original_signal[::-1]
14 t_reversed = t
15
16 # Plot both signals
17 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
18 plt.plot(t, original_signal, label='Original Signal', color='blue')
19 plt.plot(t_reversed, reversed_signal, label='Reversed Signal', color='green', linestyle='--')
20 plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
21 plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
22 plt.title('Original vs. Time-Reversed 5 Hz Sine Wave')
23 plt.grid(True)
24 plt.legend()
25 plt.tight_layout()
26 plt.show()
```



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```
D:\PWP LAB EXP> & "C:/Users/PRAVEEN KUMAR/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.13.exe" "c:/Users/PRAVEEN KUMAR/exp - 12.py"
```

Figure 1

