1.

```
Consider the following code:
        String[] dataList = {"x", "y", "z"};
        for (String dataElement : dataList) {
            int innerCounter = 0;
            while (innerCounter < dataList.length) {</pre>
                System.out.println(dataElement + ", " + innerCounter);
                 innerCounter++;
             }
How many times will the output contain 2?
Please select 1 option
\bigcirc 0
01
 O 2
○ 3
04
O It will fail to compile.
2.
 Consider the following code for the main() method:
 public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
   int i = 1, j = 10;
   do {
     if (i++ > --j) continue;
   } while (i < 5);
   System.out.println("i=" + i + " j=" + j);
What will be the output when the above code is executed?
Please select 1 option
 ○ i=6 j=6
 ○ i=5 j=6
 ○ i=5 j=5
 ○ i=6 j=5
 O None of these.
3.
Using a break in a while loop causes the loop to break the current iteration and start the next iteration of the loop.
Please select 1 option
 ○ True
```

4.

O False

```
What can be inserted in the following code so that it will print exactly 2345 when compiled and run?
 public class FlowTest {
     static int[] data = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
     public static void main(String[] args) {
         for (int i : data) {
              if (i < 2) {
                  //insert code1 here
              System.out.print(i);
              if (i == 3) {
                  //insert code2 here
     }
Please select 2 options
   break;
 \ \square and
   //nothing is required
   continue;
 and
   //nothing is required
   continue;
 and
   continue;
   break;
and
   continue;
   break;
\square and
   break;
5.
You have an array of objects and you want to search for a particular object in that array. Which of the following Java statements will you
 need to use?
Please select 2 options
 ☐ Conditional
 ☐ Iterative/loop
 ☐ Instantiation
 ☐ Assignment
6.
Which of the following are true about the enhanced for loop?
Please select 2 options
 \hfill \square 
 It can iterate over an array or a Collection but not an ArrayList.
 \hfill \square Using an enhanced for loop prevents the code from going into an infinite loop.
 \hfill\square Using an enhanced for loop on an array may cause infinite loop.
 \hfill \square You cannot find out the number of the current iteration while iterating.
```

```
What will the following code print?

void crazyLoop()
{
  int c = 0;
  JACK: while (c < 8)
  {
    JILL: System.out.println(c);
    if (c > 3) break JILL; else c++;
  }
}
```

Please select 1 option

- \bigcirc It will not compile.
- O It'll throw an exception at runtime.
- O It will print numbers from 0 to 8
- \bigcirc It will print numbers from 0 to 3
- \bigcirc It will print numbers from 0 to 4

8.

```
What will be the result of attempting to compile and run the following program?

class TestClass
{
   public static void main(String args[])
   {
      int i = 0;
      for (i=1; i<5; i++) continue; //1
      for (i=0; ; i++) break; //2
      for ( ; i<5?false:true; ); //3
   }
}</pre>
```

Please select 1 option

- O The code will compile without error and will terminate without problems when run.
- O The code will fail to compile, since the 'continue' can't be used this way.
- O The code will fail to compile, since the 'break' can't be used this way
- O The code will fail to compile, Since the for statement in the line 2 is invalid.
- $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$ The code will compile without error but will never terminate.

9.

10.

```
What will the following code print?

void crazyLoop()
{
   int c = 0;
   JACK: while (c < 8)
   {
      JILL: System.out.println(c);
      if (c > 3) break JACK; else c++;
   }
}
```

Please select 1 option

It will not compile.

It will throw an exception at runtime.

It will print numbers from 0 to 8

It will print numbers from 0 to 3

It will print numbers from 0 to 4