# Lab-2 - Assignment

- 1. Implement a simple Guess the Number game in Python. In the game, the user has to guess a randomly generated number. Use branching, looping, and flow control statements to manage the game's flow. Some salient features of the game implementation is as follows:
  - a) Use the random module to generate a random number between a specified range. This will be the number the user needs to guess.
  - b) Use a while loop to repeatedly prompt the user for their guess until they correctly guess the number.
  - c) Use if..else statements to check if the user's guess is correct, too high, or too low. Provide appropriate feedback.
  - d) Introduce flow control statements like continue to skip certain parts of the loop or break to exit the loop when the correct guess is made.

## Code:

```
import random
```

```
a = (int)(input("Enter the first number: "))
b = (int)(input("Enter the second number: "))
r = random.randint(a, b)
while(True):
    n = (int)(input ("Guess a number in the range "))
    if (n > r):
        print("Guess is too high")
elif(n < r):
    print("Guess is too low")
else:
    print("Correct guess")
break</pre>
```

- 2. Implement a user-defined module yoursearch using Python for the following two search algorithms
  - a) Linear Search
  - b) Binary Search

Further, implement another user-defined module yoursort using Python for the following three sort algorithms

- c) Bubble Sort
- d) Insertion Sort

### e) Selection Sort

Finally, implement a driver program where you import both the user-defined modules. Take input from user for key elements and use inbuilt functions from random module for creating the list of elements.

### <u>Code</u>

### yoursearch.py

```
def linear search(arr, key):
  for i in range(len(arr)):
    if arr[i] == key:
       return i
  return -1
def binary search(arr, key):
  low, high = 0, len(arr) - 1
  while low <= high:
    mid = (low + high) / 2
    if arr[mid] == key:
       return mid
    elif arr[mid] < key:
       low = mid + 1
    else:
       high = mid - 1
  return -1
yoursort.py
def bubble_sort(arr):
  n = len(arr)
  for i in range(n):
    for j in range(0, n-i-1):
       if arr[j] > arr[j+1]:
         arr[j], arr[j+1] = arr[j+1], arr[j]
definsertion sort(arr):
  for i in range(1, len(arr)):
    key = arr[i]
    j = i - 1
    while j \ge 0 and key < arr[j]:
       arr[j + 1] = arr[j]
       i -= 1
    arr[j + 1] = key
def selection sort(arr):
```

```
n = len(arr)
  for i in range(n):
    min idx = i
    for j in range(i+1, n):
      if arr[j] < arr[min idx]:</pre>
         min idx = j
    arr[i], arr[min_idx] = arr[min_idx], arr[i]
main.py
import yoursearch
import yoursort
import random
r = (int)(input("Enter the range of the array:"))
arr=[]
for i in range(r):
  arr.append(random.randint(1, 100))
print("The Original Array is ", arr)
print("1. Bubble Sort")
print("2. Insertion Sort")
print("3. Selection Sort")
print("4. Linear Search")
print("5. Binary Search")
ch = (int)(input("Enter your choice : "))
if (ch == 1):
  yoursort.bubble_sort(arr)
  print("The Sorted Array is ", arr)
elif (ch == 2):
  yoursort.insertion sort(arr)
  print("The Sorted Array is ", arr)
elif (ch == 3):
  yoursort.selection sort(arr)
  print("The Sorted Array is ", arr)
elif(ch == 4):
  key = (int)(input("Enter the number to be searched: "))
  res = yoursearch.linear_search(arr, key)
  if (res == -1):
    print("The number is not found")
    print("The number is found at index ", res)
elif (ch == 5):
  key = (int)(input("Enter the number to be searched : "))
```

```
res = yoursearch.binary_search(arr, key)
if (res == -1):
    print("The number is not found")
else:
    print("The number is found at index ", res)
else:
    print("Invalid Choice")
```