Spring

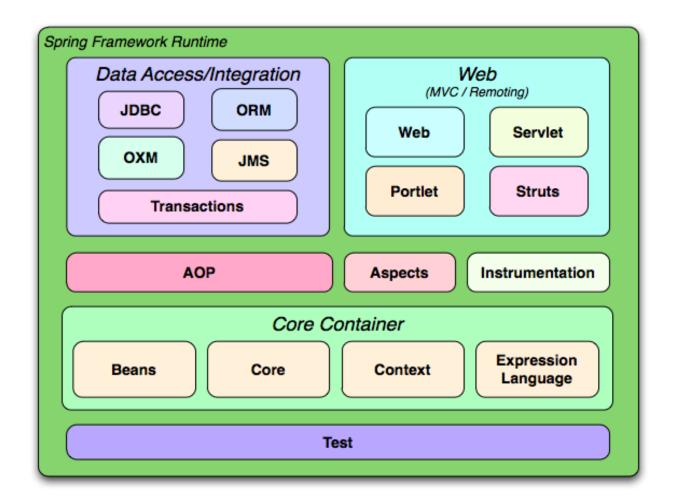
and

the IoC Container

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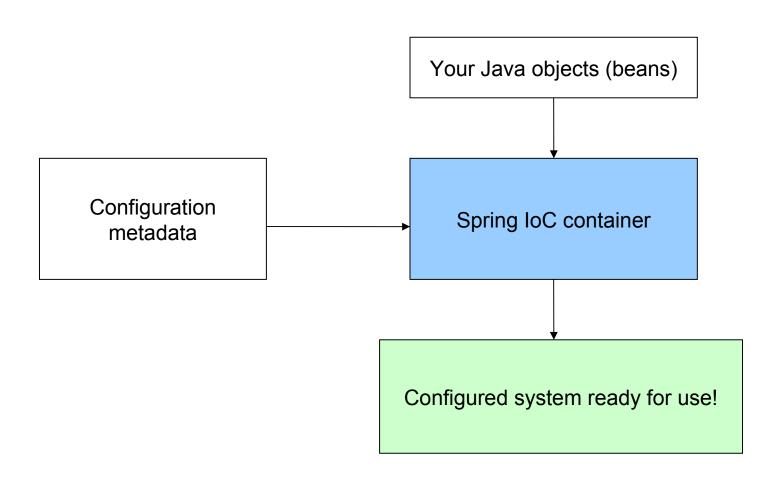
Spring overview



The IoC container

- IoC means Inversion of Control (Dependency Injection)
- The *IoC container* is the core component of the Spring framework
- A bean is an object that is managed by the IoC container
- The IoC container is responsible for instantiating, assembling and managing beans
- Spring comes with two types of containers
 - BeanFactory
 - ApplicationContext

The IoC container



The BeanFactory

- Provides basic support for dependency injection
- Responsible for
 - Creating and dispensing beans
 - Managing dependencies between beans
- Lightweight useful when resources are scarce
 - Mobile applications, applets
- XMLBeanFactory most commonly used implementation

```
Resource xmlFile = new ClassPathResource( "META-INF/beans.xml" );

BeanFactory beanFactory = new XmlBeanFactory( xmlFile );
```

```
MyBean myBean = (MyBean) beanFactory.getBean( "myBean" );
```

The ApplicationContext

- Built on top of the BeanFactory
- Provides more enterprise-centric functionality
 - Internationalization, AOP, transaction management
- Preferred over the BeanFactory in most situations
- Most commonly used implementation is the ClassPathXmlApplicationContext

```
String xmlFilePath = "META-INF/beans.xml";

ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext( xmlFilePath );
```

```
MyBean myBean = (MyBean) context.getBean( "myBean" );
```

Convenient container instantiation

 ApplicationContext instances can be created declaratively in web.xml using a ContextLoader

Points to the Spring configuration file <context-param> <param-name>contextConfigLocation/param-name> <param-value>classpath*:/META-INF/beans.xml </context-param> <listener> context.ContextLoaderListener/listener-class> </listener> ContextLoaderListener definition. The listener will inspect the contextConfigLocation parameter.

Dependencies

- An application consists of many beans working together
- Dependency: a bean being used by another bean
- Setter-based dependency injection most convenient

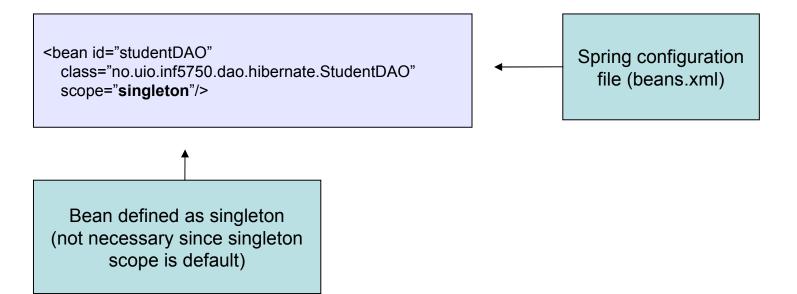
Bean scopes

- A bean definition is a recipe for creating instances
 - Many object instances can be created from a single definition
- Spring can manage the scope of the beans
 - No need for doing it programmatically

Scope	Description
singleton	Scopes a single bean definition to a single object instance.
prototype	Scopes a single bean definition to any number of object instances.

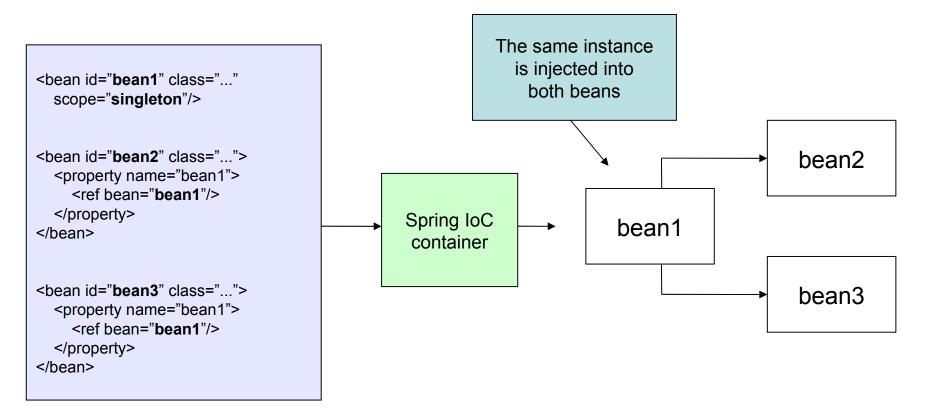
The singleton scope

- Only one shared instance will ever be created by the container
- The single bean instance will be stored in a cache and returned for all requests
- Singleton beans are created at container startup-time



The singleton scope

- Singleton per container not by classloader
- Singleton is default scope in Spring

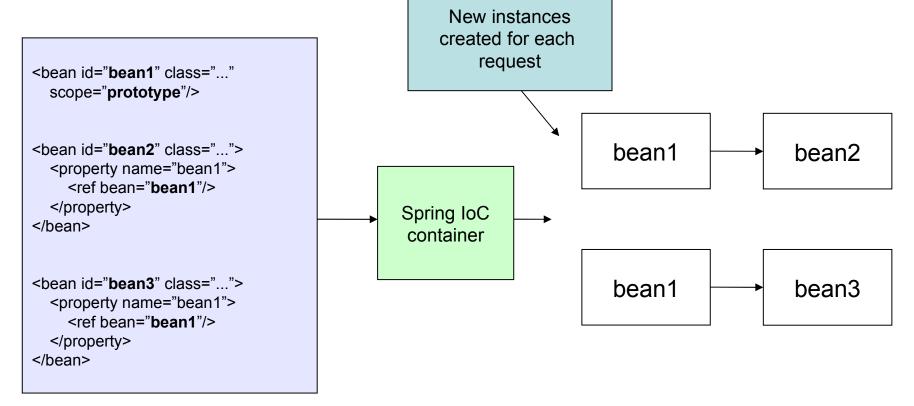


The prototype scope

A new bean instance will be created for each request

Use prototype scope for stateful beans – singleton scope

for stateless beans



Customizing the lifecycle of a bean

- Spring lets you define callback methods which are invoked at bean initialization and destruction
- The init method will be invoked after all properties are set on the bean

```
class=" no.uio.inf5750.example.spring.lifecycle.LifecycleBean"
    init-method="init"/>

public class LifecycleBean
{
    public void init()
    {
        // do something useful initialization work
    }

Spring
configuration file
```

Customizing the lifecycle of a bean

- The destroy method will be invoked when the container containing the bean is destroyed (not prototypes)
 - Most relevant in desktop applications
- Default lifecycle methods can be defined in the config

Internationalization

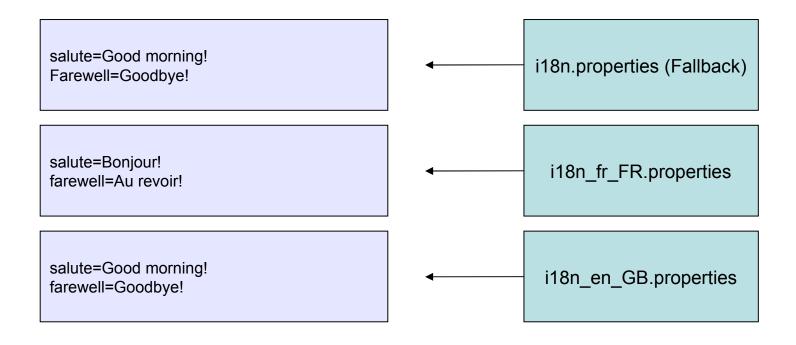
- Internationalization (i18n) is the process of decoupling the application from any specific locale
- Makes it possible to display messages in the user's native language
- The ApplicationContext extends the MessageSource interface which provides i18n functionality
- Most commonly used implementation is the provided ResourceBundleMessageSource

The SaluteService

```
Spring looks for a bean
                                                                         called messageSource
<bean id="messageSource"</pre>
  class="org.springframework.context.support.ResourceBundleMessageSource">
  </bean>
                                                                            Basename for the
                                                                         resourcebundles to use
<bean id="saluteService"</pre>
  class="no.uio.inf5750.example.spring.i18n.DefaultSaluteService">
  MessageSource
</bean>
                                                                              injected into
                                                                          DefaultSaluteService
public class DefaultSaluteService implements SaluteService
  private MessageSource messages;
                                                                         getMessage is invoked
 // set-method for messages
                                                                          param1: property key
                                                                           param2: arguments
  public String salute()
                                                                            param3: Locale
   return messages.getMessage( "salute", null, locale );
```

The SaluteService

 MessageResource follows the the locale resolution and fallback rules of the standard JDK ResourceBundle



Application Events / Listeners

- Events can be published to the ApplicationContext
- ApplicationListeners are notified when ApplicationEvents are published
 - Observer pattern
- Spring standard events
 - ContextRefreshedEvent, ContextStoppedEvent etc.
- Custom events
 - Call executeEvent on ApplicationContext

Resources

- Powerful access to low-level resources
- Avoids direct use of classloaders
- Simplifies exception handling
- Several built-in implementations:
 - ClassPathResource
 - FileSystemResource
 - URLResource

```
public interface Resource
  extends InputStreamSource
  boolean exists();
  boolean isOpen();
  URL getURL();
  File getFile();
  Resource createRelative(String p);
  String getFileName();
  String getDescription();
public interface InputStreamSource()
  InputStream getInputStream();
```

Factory beans

- Bean that produces objects
 - Defined as normal bean but returns the produced object
 - Must implement the FactoryBean interface

```
public class DatabaseConfigFactoryBean implements FactoryBean<DatabaseConfig>
    public DatabaseConfig getObject() throws Exception
    {
        // Create and return DatabaseConfig object
     }

    // Must also implement getObjectType() and isSingleton()
}
```

```
public class StudentDao
{
    private DatabaseConfig databaseConfig;

    // set-method
}
```

Resources

- Spring reference documentation
 - www.springsource.org -> Documentation -> Reference

Summary

- IoC Container
- Bean scopes
- Bean lifecycle customization
- Internationalization
- Appliction Events / Listeners
- Resources
- FactoryBeans