## Project #0

## **Simple OpenMP Experiment**

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The program was tested on a Linux server. SIZE was set as 512\*512, and NUMTRIES was set as 1000. As Figure 1.1 shows, I get 175.35 MegaMults/Sec for 1 thread, and 649.49 MegaMults/Sec for 4 threads. Therefore,

- 1. S(speedup) = 649.49 / 175.35 = 3.7039635
- 2. Fp(Parallel Fraction) = (4. / 3.)\*(1. (1. / S)) = 0.973358582

The 4-thread-to-one-thread speedup(S = 3.7039635) is less than 4.0. In my opinion, the perfect result for splitting 1 work into N parallel processors should be done in 1/N time. It means that the speedup is N. However, in the real world, there are many unpredictable factors that affect performance. Therefore, the speedup will never be an exact N.

```
[choupa@flip2 ~/CS261/labs/CS575/project0$] g++ -o proj project0.cpp -lm -fopenmp
[choupa@flip2 ~/CS261/labs/CS575/project0$] ./proj
Using 4 threads
Peak Performance = 649.49 MegaMults/Sec
[choupa@flip2 ~/CS261/labs/CS575/project0$] g++ -o proj project0.cpp -lm -fopenmp
[choupa@flip2 ~/CS261/labs/CS575/project0$] ./proj
Using 1 threads
Peak Performance = 175.35 MegaMults/Sec
[choupa@flip2 ~/CS261/labs/CS575/project0$] []
```

(Figure 1.1)