HDFS Commands

commonly used commands

mkdir

hadoop fs -mkdir <paths> Ex- Hadoop fs -mkdir /mpr

List the file

hadoop fs -ls <args>

View the contents

hadoop fs -cat <path[filename]>

Put

hadoop fs -put <source:localFile> <destination>

Get

hadoop fs -get <source> <dest:localFileSystem>

copy from local

hadoop fs -copyFromLocal <src:localFileSystem> <dest:Hdfs>

copy to local

hadoop fs -copyToLocal <src:Hdfs> <dest:localFileSystem>

move

hadoop fs -mv <src> <dest>

remove

hadoop fs -rm <arg>

Other commands # 1. Print the Hadoop version hadoop version # 2. List the contents of the root directory in HDFS # hadoop fs -ls / # 3. Report the amount of space used and # available on currently mounted filesystem hadoop dfsadmin -report # 4. Count the number of directories, files and bytes under # the paths that match the specified file pattern # hadoop dfsadmin -report # 5. Run a DFS filesystem checking utility # hadoop fsck / # 6. Run a cluster balancing utility hadoop balancer # 7. Create a new directory named "hadoop" below the # /user/training directory in HDFS. Since you're # currently logged in with the "training" user ID, # /user/training is your home directory in HDFS. hadoop fs -mkdir /user/training/hadoop

8. Add a sample text file from the local directory

named "data" to the new directory you created in HDFS

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# during the previous step.
hadoop fs -put data/sample.txt /user/training/hadoop
# 9. List the contents of this new directory in HDFS.
hadoop fs -ls /user/training/hadoop
# 10. Add the entire local directory called "retail" to the
# /user/training directory in HDFS.
#
hadoop fs -put data/retail /user/training/hadoop
# 11. Since /user/training is your home directory in HDFS,
# any command that does not have an absolute path is
# interpreted as relative to that directory. The next
# command will therefore list your home directory, and
# should show the items you've just added there.
hadoop fs -ls /
# 12. See how much space this directory occupies in HDFS.
#
hadoop fs -du /hadoop/retail
Displays the number of bytes occupied
# 13. Delete a file 'customers' from the "retail" directory.
#
hadoop fs -rm /hadoop/retail/customers
hadoop fs -rmr /hadoop/retail - for directory removal
# 14. Ensure this file is no longer in HDFS.
#
hadoop fs -ls hadoop/retail/customers
# 15. Delete all files from the "retail" directory using a wildcard.
hadoop fs -rm hadoop/retail/*
# 16. To empty the trash
hadoop fs -expunge
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# 18. List the hadoop directory again
hadoop fs -ls /hadoop
# 19. Add the purchases.txt file from the local directory
# named "/home/training/" to the hadoop directory you created in HDFS
hadoop fs -copyFromLocal /home/training/purchases.txt hadoop/
# 20. To view the contents of your text file purchases.txt
# which is present in your hadoop directory.
hadoop fs -cat hadoop/purchases.txt
# 21. Add the purchases.txt file from "hadoop" directory which is present in
HDFS directory
# to the directory "data" which is present in your local directory
hadoop fs -copyToLocal hadoop/purchases.txt /home/training/data
# 22. cp is used to copy files between directories present in HDFS or local
hadoop fs -cp /user/training/*.txt /user/training/hadoop
ср
Hadoop fs -cp source destination
hadoop fs -cp hdfs:///wc1 /mpr
Transfer files within hdfs
hadoop fs -cp hdfs:///wco2/part-r-00000 file:///home/mahi/mpr
Transfer files from hdfs to local
# 23. '-get' command can be used alternaively to '-copyToLocal' command
hadoop fs -get hadoop/sample.txt /home/training/
# 24. Display last kilobyte of the file "purchases.txt" to stdout.
hadoop fs -tail hadoop/purchases.txt
# 25. Move a directory from one location to other
hadoop fs -mv hadoop apache hadoop
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# 26 Command to make the name node leave safe mode
# sudo -u hdfs dfsadmin -safemode leave

# 27. List all the hadoop file system shell commands
# hadoop fs

# 28. Last but not least, always ask for help!
# hadoop fs -help
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29. hadoop fs touchz

The hadoop touchz command creates a zero byte file. This is similar to the touch command in unix. The syntax is shown below:

hadoop fs -touchz /user/hadoop/filename