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Q1: I have used SVN several times. I am also using Trac for a project currently.

Q2: I have used Windows cmd and bash a little.

Q3: “git add” adds a file to to the list of files to be committed on the next commit.

Q4: “git commit” commits the newest version of the files that are added to the local repository.

Q5: “git puh” commits what has been committed to the local repository to the GitHub repository.

Q6: There are two people on this team. Three copies of the repository exist in total.

Q7: There are three commits in the repository’s history.

Q8: Calvin created the second commit.

Q9: the second commit changed README.

Q10: There are 2 members on the team. There are three branches in the repository.

Q11: Two files with a student’s username exist on the master branch. One file with a student’s username exists on each other branch.

Q12: “git branch” creates a branch off of the master repository that can be modified separately from the master copy.

Q13: “git checkout” changes the current branch of the repository that the user is working in.

Q14: There are two members on the team. There are three versions of the README file.

Q15: There are two members on the team. Two merges were performed. One was fast-forward, and one was manual.

Q16: One branch exists in the GitHub copy of the repository.

Q17: One of the individual student branches is not at the same point as the master branch and one is. The user who merged the branches is on the same point and the other user is not because the one has merged with the master branch and the other is still locally not connected to the master branch.