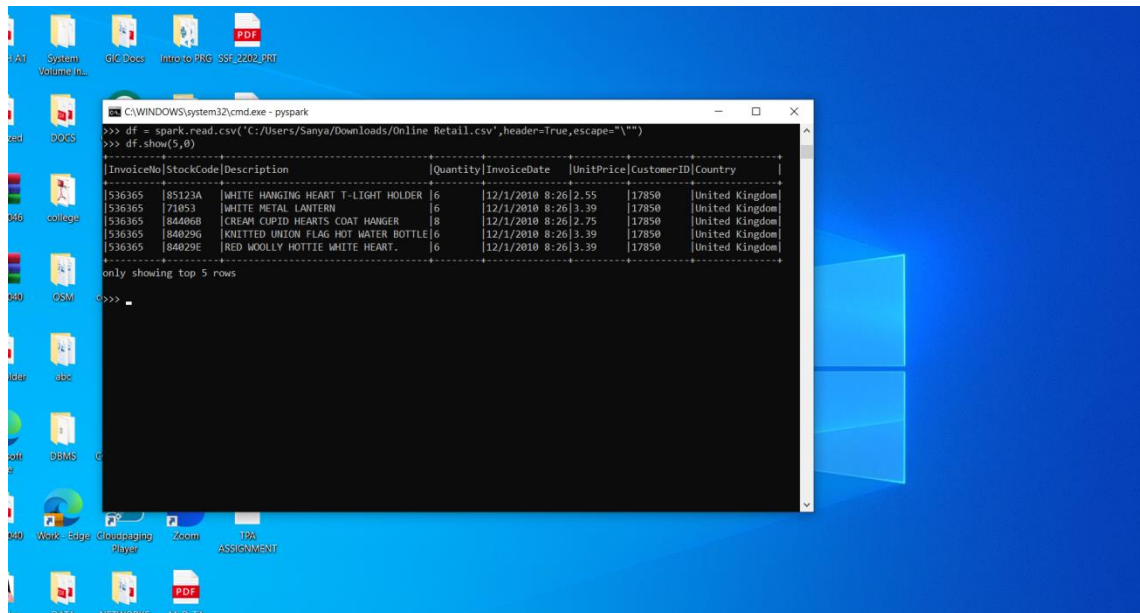


# Machine Learning with PySpark: Customer Segmentation

## SCREENSHOTS:

### TASK 1: Creating a SparkSession

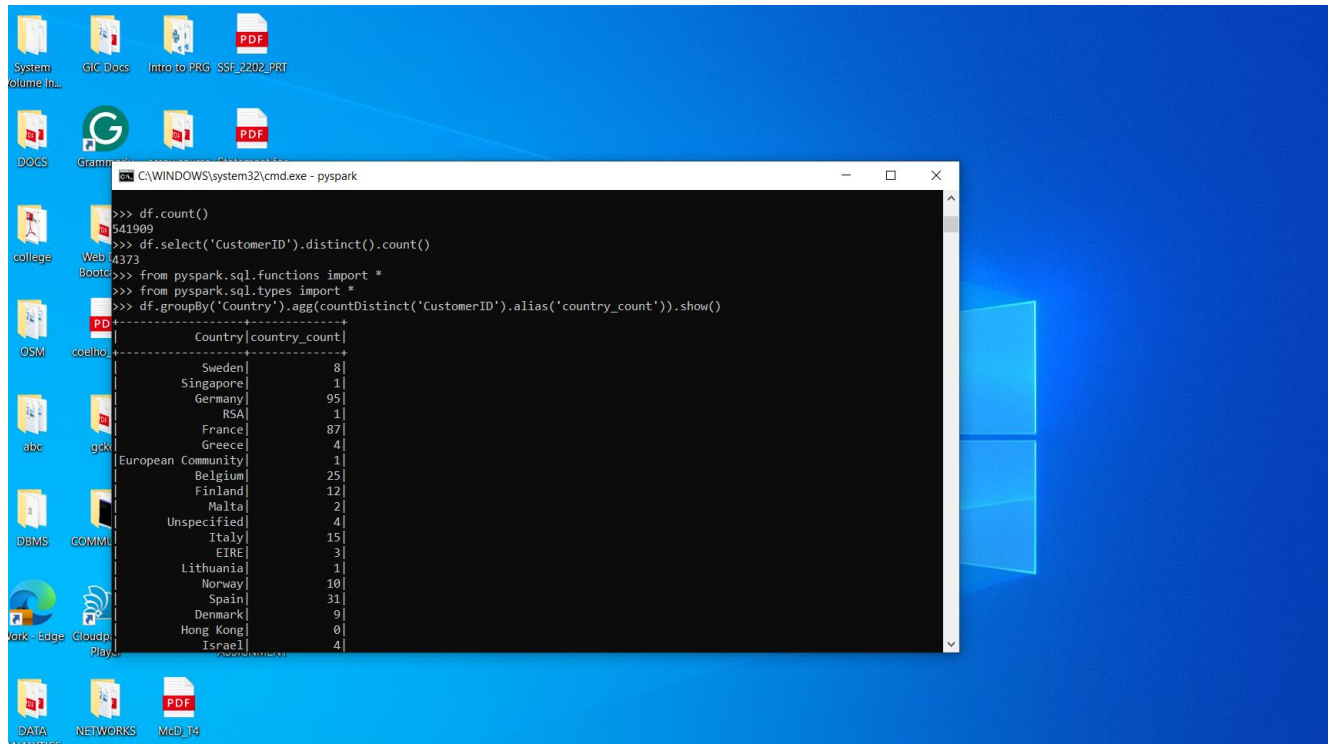
### TASK 2: CREATING A DATA FRAME



### Task 3: Exploratory Data Analysis

1. Counting the number of rows
2. Counting unique customers

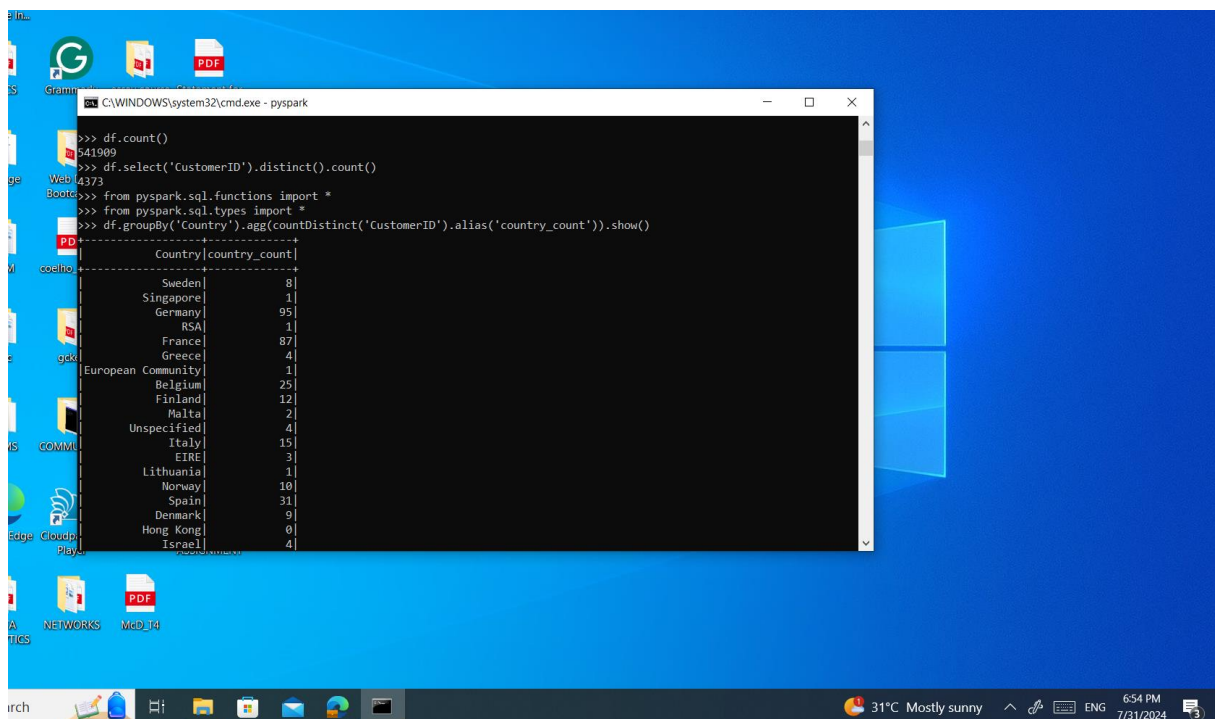
### 3. Country which purchases the maximum quantity



The screenshot shows a Windows desktop with a blue background. A terminal window titled "C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark" is open, displaying the following code and output:

```
>>> df.count()
541909
>>> df.select('CustomerID').distinct().count()
4373
>>> from pyspark.sql.functions import *
>>> from pyspark.sql.types import *
>>> df.groupBy('Country').agg(countDistinct('CustomerID').alias('country_count')).show()
```

Country	country_count
Sweden	8
Singapore	1
Germany	95
RSA	1
France	87
Greece	4
European Community	1
Belgium	25
Finland	12
Malta	2
Unspecified	4
Italy	15
EIRE	3
Lithuania	1
Norway	10
Spain	31
Denmark	9
Hong Kong	0
Israel	4



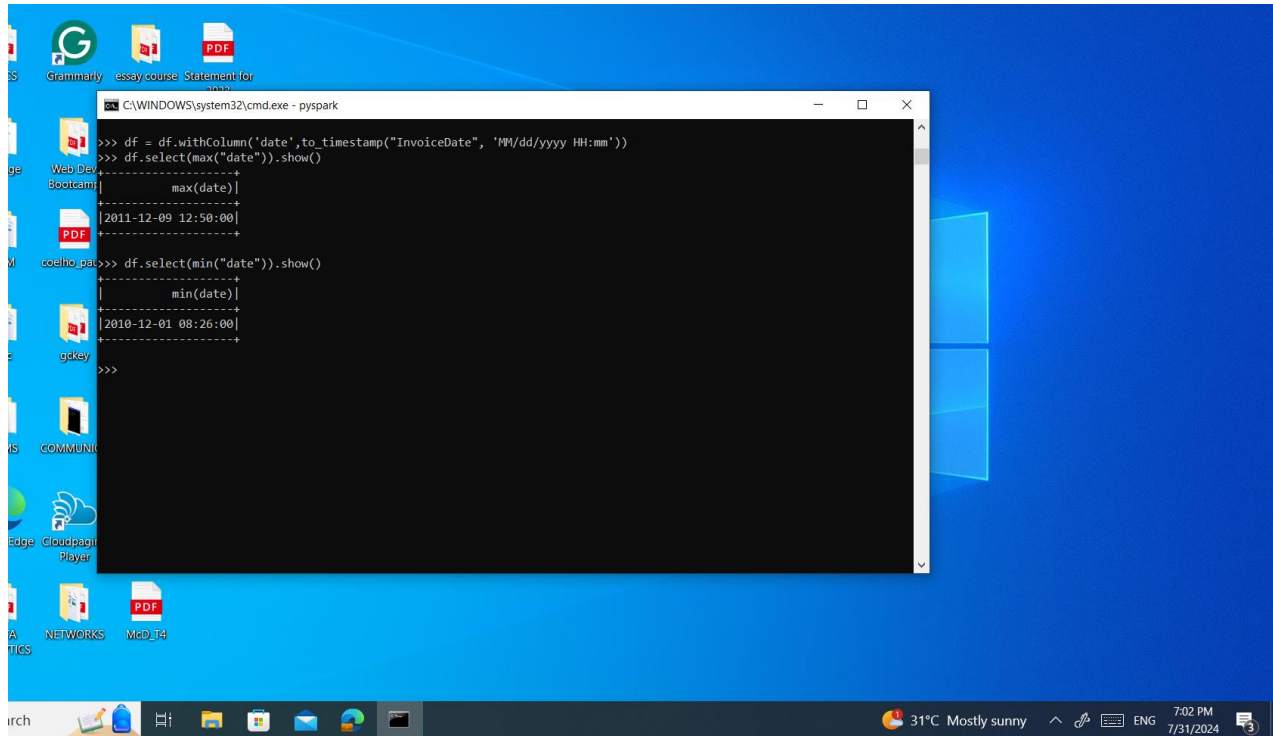
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Malta	2
Unspecified	4
Italy	15
EIRE	3
Lithuania	1
Norway	10
Spain	31
Denmark	9
Hong Kong	0
Israel	4

The taskbar at the bottom shows the system clock as 6:54 PM on 7/31/2024, with a temperature of 31°C and weather status "Mostly sunny".

## MOST RECENT PURCHASE AND MINIMUM DATE



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark

>>> df = df.withColumn("date",to_timestamp("InvoiceDate", 'MM/dd/yyyy HH:mm'))
>>> df.select(max("date")).show()
+-----+
|max(date)|
+-----+
|2011-12-09 12:50:00|
+-----+

coelho_pat>>> df.select(min("date")).show()
+-----+
|min(date)|
+-----+
|2010-12-01 08:26:00|
+-----+

>>>
```

The screenshot shows a Windows 10 desktop with a blue background. A terminal window titled "C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark" is open, displaying PySpark code and output. The code finds the maximum and minimum dates from a DataFrame. The output for the maximum date is "2011-12-09 12:50:00" and for the minimum date is "2010-12-01 08:26:00". The taskbar at the bottom shows the time as 7:02 PM on 7/31/2024, with a temperature of 31°C and weather "Mostly sunny".

## TASK 4: DATA PRE-PROCESSING – RFM

### RECENCY

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark

>>> df = df.withColumn("from_date", lit("2010-12-01 08:26:00"))
>>> df = df.withColumn("from_date", to_timestamp("from_date", 'MM/dd/yyyy HH:mm'))
>>> df2=df.withColumn("from_date",to_timestamp(col('from_date'))).withColumn('recency',col('date').cast("long") - col('from_date').cast("long"))
>>> df2 = df2.join(df2.groupBy('CustomerID').agg(max('recency').alias('recency')),on='recency',how='leftsemi')
>>> df2.show(5,0)

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|recency|InvoiceNo|StockCode|Description|Quantity|InvoiceDate|UnitPrice|CustomerID|Country|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|2010-12-01 09:53:00|536384|82484|WOOD BLACK BOARD ANT WHITE FINISH|3|2010-12-01 09:53:00|6.45|18074|United Kingdom|
|2010-12-01 09:53:00|536384|84755|COLOUR GLASS T-LIGHT HOLDER HANGING|48|2010-12-01 09:53:00|0.65|18074|United Kingdom|
|2010-12-01 09:53:00|536384|22464|HANGING METAL HEART LANTERN|12|2010-12-01 09:53:00|1.65|18074|United Kingdom|
|2010-12-01 09:53:00|536384|21324|HANGING MEDJIMA LANTERN SMALL|6|2010-12-01 09:53:00|2.95|18074|United Kingdom|
|2010-12-01 09:53:00|536384|22457|NATURAL SLATE HEART CHALKBOARD|12|2010-12-01 09:53:00|2.95|18074|United Kingdom|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows

>>>
```

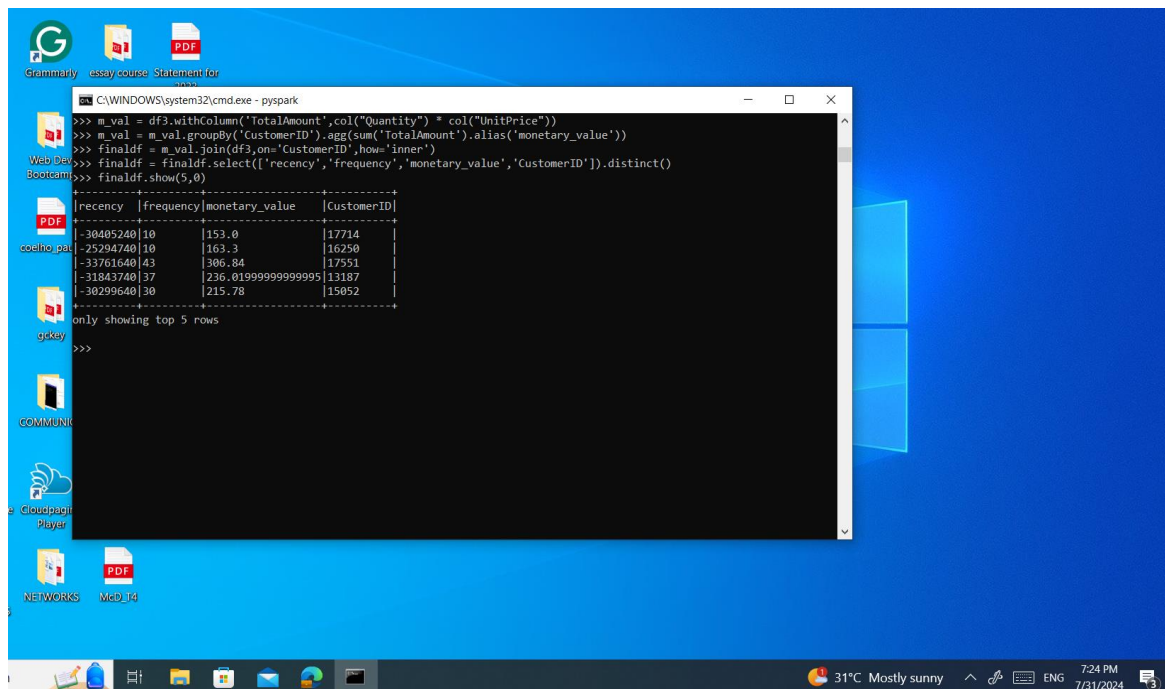
## PRINTING SCHEMA

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark

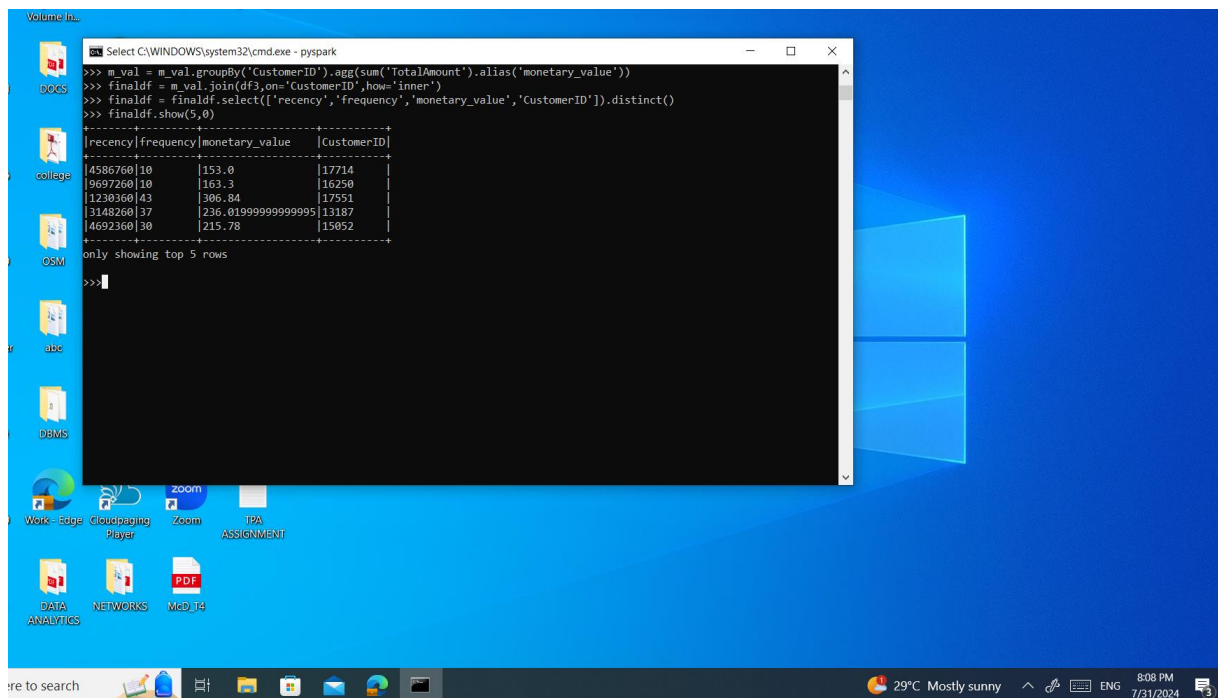
>>> df3 = df2.join(df_freq,on='CustomerID',how='inner')
>>> df3.printSchema()

-- CustomerID: string (nullable = true)
-- recency: long (nullable = true)
-- InvoiceNo: string (nullable = true)
-- StockCode: string (nullable = true)
-- Description: string (nullable = true)
-- Quantity: string (nullable = true)
-- InvoiceDate: string (nullable = true)
-- UnitPrice: string (nullable = true)
-- Country: string (nullable = true)
-- date: timestamp (nullable = true)
-- from_date: timestamp (nullable = true)
-- frequency: long (nullable = false)
>>>
```

## FREQUENCY

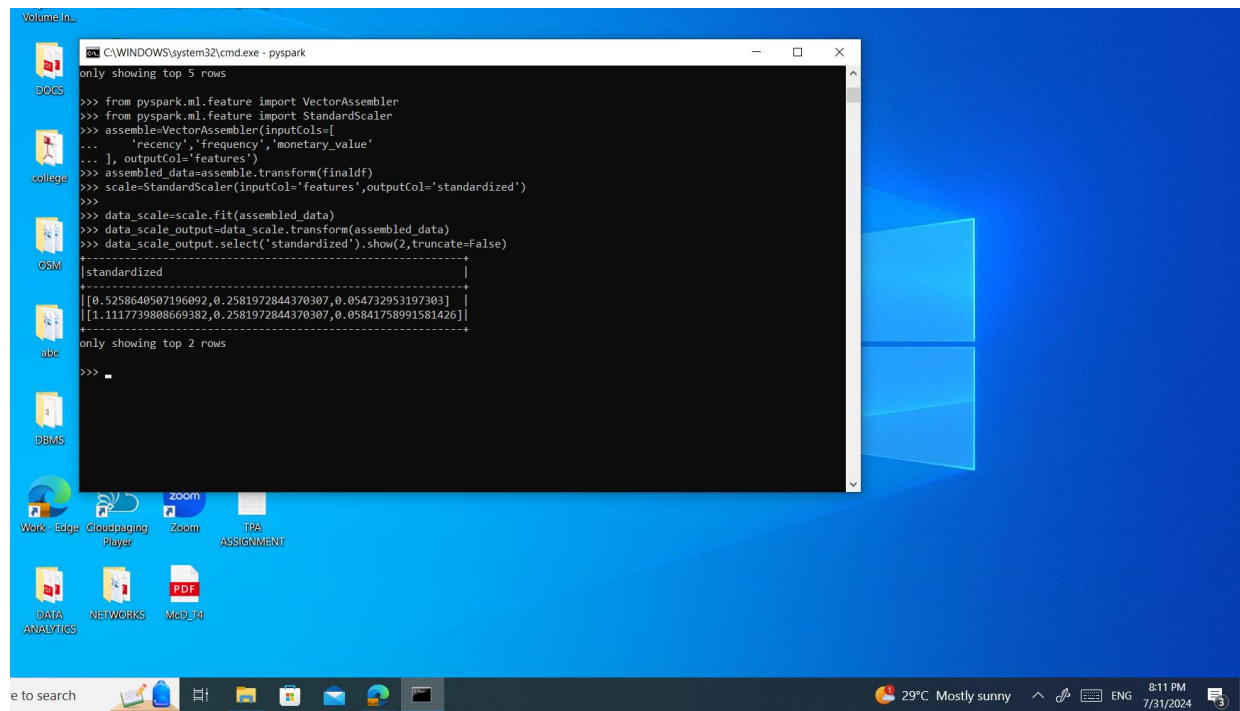


## MONETARY VALUE





# STANDARDIZATION: TO ENSURE VARIABLES ARE AROUND SAME SCALE



The screenshot shows a Windows 10 desktop with a blue background. A terminal window titled "C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark" is open, displaying PySpark code and its output. The code performs standardization on a dataset. The output shows a table with a column named "standardized" containing two rows of numerical data. The desktop has several icons on the left (DOGS, college, OSM, abc, DBMS) and bottom (Work-Edge, Cloudpaging Player, Zoom, TPA ASSIGNMENT, DATA ANALYTICS, NETWORKS, Med\_101). The taskbar at the bottom shows the search bar, task view button, and several open applications. The system tray on the right indicates a temperature of 29°C, mostly sunny weather, and the date/time as 8:11 PM on 7/31/2024.

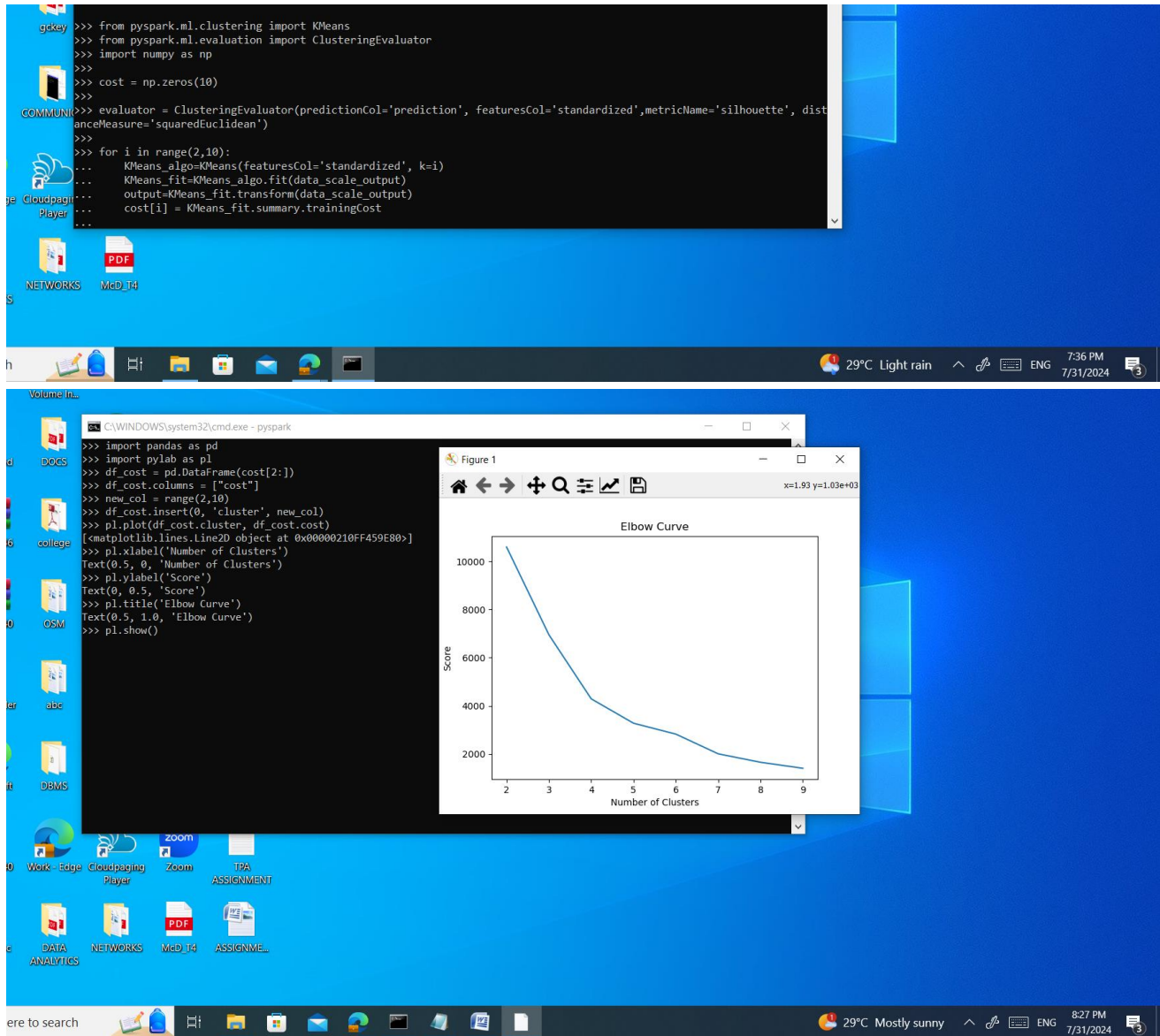
```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark
only showing top 5 rows

>>> from pyspark.ml.feature import VectorAssembler
>>> from pyspark.ml.feature import StandardScaler
>>> assemble=VectorAssembler(inputCols=[
...     'recency', 'frequency', 'monetary_value'
... ], outputCol='features')
>>> assembled_data=assemble.transform(finaldf)
>>> scale=StandardScaler(inputCol='features', outputCol='standardized')
>>>
>>> data_scale=scale.fit(assembled_data)
>>> data_scale_output=data_scale.transform(assembled_data)
>>> data_scale_output.select('standardized').show(2,truncate=False)
-----+-----+
|standardized|
-----+-----+
|[0.5258648507196092, 0.2581972844370307, 0.054732953197303]|
|[1.1117739808669382, 0.2581972844370307, 0.05841758991581426]|
-----+-----+
only showing top 2 rows

>>>
```

# TASK 5: BUILDING THE MACHINE LEARNING MODEL USING K-MEANS CLUSTERING

## 1. FINDING THE NUMBER OF CLUSTERS TO USE



FROM THE ABOVE GRAPH, WE INFER THE NUMBER OF CLUSTERS TO BE 4.

# BUILDING THE K-MEANS CLUSTERING MODEL AND MAKING PREDICTIONS

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Elbow Curve')
>>> pl.show()
>>> KMeans_algo=KMeans(featuresCol='standardized', k=4)
>>> KMeans_fit=KMeans_algo.fit(data_scale_output)
[Stage 970:>> (0 + 4) / 4][Stage 972:>> (0 + 0) / 1]
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - pyspark
>>> KMeans_fit=KMeans_algo.fit(data_scale_output)
>>> preds=KMeans_fit.transform(data_scale_output)
>>> PREDs.SHOW(5,0)
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
NameError: name 'PREDs' is not defined
>>> preds.show(5,0)
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|recency|frequency|monetary_value|CustomerID|features|standardized|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|4586760|10|153.0|17714|[4586760.0,10.0,153.0]|[0.5258640507196092,0.2581972844370|
|307.0,0.054732953197303|1|16250|[9697260.0,10.0,163.3]|[1.1117739808669382,0.2581972844370|
|9697260|10|163.3|16250|[9697260.0,10.0,163.3]|[1.1117739808669382,0.2581972844370|
|307.0,0.05841758991581426|1|17551|[1230360.0,43.0,306.84]|[0.14105863255181836,1.110248323079|
|1230360|43|306.84|17551|[1230360.0,43.0,306.84]|[0.14105863255181836,1.110248323079|
|2322.0,1.097664010396108|1|13187|[3148260.0,37.0,236.01999999999995]|[0.3609425294365777,0.9553299524170|
|3148260|37|236.01999999999995|13187|[3148260.0,37.0,236.01999999999995]|[0.3609425294365777,0.9553299524170|
|136.0,0.08443184061194413|1|15052|[4692360.0,30.0,215.78]|[0.5379709069222426,0.7745918533110|
|4692360|30|215.78|15052|[4692360.0,30.0,215.78]|[0.5379709069222426,0.7745918533110|
|921.0,0.07719135059420942|1|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows
>>>
```



