

is called the *golden ratio*. Show that the eigenvalues of  $A$  are  $\varphi$  and  $-\varphi^{-1}$ .

(3) Prove that  $A$  is diagonalized as

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} \varphi & -\varphi^{-1} \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \varphi & 0 \\ 0 & -\varphi^{-1} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \varphi^{-1} \\ -1 & \varphi \end{pmatrix}.$$

Prove that

$$\begin{pmatrix} F_{n+1} \\ F_n \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} \varphi & -\varphi^{-1} \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \varphi^n \\ -(-\varphi^{-1})^n \end{pmatrix},$$

and thus

$$F_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(\varphi^n - (-\varphi^{-1})^n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left[ \left( \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n - \left( \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \right], \quad n \geq 0.$$

**Problem 15.8.** Let  $A$  be an  $n \times n$  matrix. For any subset  $I$  of  $\{1, \dots, n\}$ , let  $A_{I,I}$  be the matrix obtained from  $A$  by first selecting the columns whose indices belong to  $I$ , and then the rows whose indices also belong to  $I$ . Prove that

$$\tau_k(A) = \sum_{\substack{I \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\} \\ |I|=k}} \det(A_{I,I}).$$

**Problem 15.9.** (1) Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -a_3 \\ 1 & 0 & -a_2 \\ 0 & 1 & -a_1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Prove that the characteristic polynomial  $\chi_A(z) = \det(zI - A)$  of  $A$  is given by

$$\chi_A(z) = z^3 + a_1 z^2 + a_2 z + a_3.$$

(2) Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & -a_4 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -a_3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -a_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -a_1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Prove that the characteristic polynomial  $\chi_A(z) = \det(zI - A)$  of  $A$  is given by

$$\chi_A(z) = z^4 + a_1 z^3 + a_2 z^2 + a_3 z + a_4.$$