

Program ν -SV Regression Version 2

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{minimize} \quad \frac{1}{2}w^\top w + \frac{1}{2}b^2 + C \left(\nu\epsilon + \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\xi_i + \xi'_i) \right) \\
& \text{subject to} \\
& \quad w^\top x_i + b - y_i \leq \epsilon + \xi_i, \quad \xi_i \geq 0 \quad i = 1, \dots, m \\
& \quad -w^\top x_i - b + y_i \leq \epsilon + \xi'_i, \quad \xi'_i \geq 0 \quad i = 1, \dots, m,
\end{aligned}$$

minimizing over the variables w, b, ϵ, ξ , and ξ' . The constraint $\epsilon \geq 0$ is omitted since the problem has no solution if $\epsilon < 0$.

We leave it as an exercise to show that the new Lagrangian is

$$\begin{aligned}
L(w, b, \lambda, \mu, \xi, \xi', \epsilon, \alpha, \beta) = & \frac{1}{2}w^\top w + w^\top \left(\sum_{i=1}^m (\lambda_i - \mu_i)x_i \right) \\
& + \epsilon \left(C\nu - \sum_{i=1}^m (\lambda_i + \mu_i) \right) + \sum_{i=1}^m \xi_i \left(\frac{C}{m} - \lambda_i - \alpha_i \right) \\
& + \sum_{i=1}^m \xi'_i \left(\frac{C}{m} - \mu_i - \beta_i \right) + \frac{1}{2}b^2 + b \left(\sum_{i=1}^m (\lambda_i - \mu_i) \right) - \sum_{i=1}^m (\lambda_i - \mu_i)y_i.
\end{aligned}$$

If we set the Laplacian $\nabla L_{w, \epsilon, b, \xi, \xi'}$ to zero we obtain the equations

$$\begin{aligned}
w &= \sum_{i=1}^m (\mu_i - \lambda_i)x_i = X^\top(\mu - \lambda) & (*_w) \\
C\nu - \sum_{i=1}^m (\lambda_i + \mu_i) &= 0 \\
b + \sum_{i=1}^m (\lambda_i - \mu_i) &= 0 \\
\frac{C}{m} - \lambda - \alpha &= 0, \quad \frac{C}{m} - \mu - \beta = 0.
\end{aligned}$$

We obtain the new equation

$$b = - \sum_{i=1}^m (\lambda_i - \mu_i) = -(\mathbf{1}_m^\top \lambda - \mathbf{1}_m^\top \mu) \quad (*_b)$$

determining b , which replaces the equation

$$\sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i - \sum_{i=1}^m \mu_i = 0.$$