

is

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{minimize} & yb \\ \text{subject to} & yA \geq c \text{ and } y \leq 0.\end{array}$$

Problem 47.6. Use the complementary slackness conditions to confirm that

$$x_1 = 2, x_2 = 4, x_3 = 0, x_4 = 0, x_5 = 7, x_6 = 0$$

is an optimal solution of the following linear program (from Chavatal [40], Chapter 5):

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{maximize} & 18x_1 - 7x_2 + 12x_3 + 5x_4 + 8x_6 \\ \text{subject to} & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}2x_1 - 6x_2 + 2x_3 + 7x_4 + 3x_5 + 8x_6 \leq 1 \\ -3x_1 - x_2 + 4x_3 - 3x_4 + x_5 + 2x_6 \leq -2 \\ 8x_1 - 3x_2 + 5x_3 - 2x_4 + 2x_6 \leq 4 \\ 4x_1 + 8x_3 + 7x_4 - x_5 + 3x_6 \leq 1 \\ 5x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 + 6x_4 - 2x_5 - x_6 \leq 5 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6 \geq 0.\end{array}$$

Problem 47.7. Check carefully that the dual simplex method is equivalent to the simplex method applied to the dual program in maximization form.