The second and third equations are equivalent to the box constraints

$$0 \le \lambda_i, \mu_j \le K_s, \quad i = 1, \dots, p, \ j = 1, \dots, q.$$

Since we assumed that the primal problem has an optimal solution with  $w \neq 0$ , we have

$$X \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ \mu \end{pmatrix} \neq 0.$$

Plugging back w from  $(*_w)$  and b from  $(*_b)$  into the Lagrangian, we get

$$\begin{split} G(\lambda,\mu,\alpha,\beta) &= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^\top & \mu^\top \end{pmatrix} X^\top X \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ \mu \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^\top & \mu^\top \end{pmatrix} X^\top X \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ \mu \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} b^2 - b^2 \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^\top & \mu^\top \end{pmatrix} X^\top X \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ \mu \end{pmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} b^2 \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^\top & \mu^\top \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X^\top X + \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{1}_p \mathbf{1}_p^\top & -\mathbf{1}_p \mathbf{1}_q^\top \\ -\mathbf{1}_q \mathbf{1}_p^\top & \mathbf{1}_q \mathbf{1}_q^\top \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ \mu \end{pmatrix}, \end{split}$$

so the dual function is independent of  $\alpha, \beta$  and is given by

$$G(\lambda, \mu) = -\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^\top & \mu^\top \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X^\top X + \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{1}_p \mathbf{1}_p^\top & -\mathbf{1}_p \mathbf{1}_q^\top \\ -\mathbf{1}_q \mathbf{1}_p^\top & \mathbf{1}_q \mathbf{1}_q^\top \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ \mu \end{pmatrix}.$$

The dual program is given by

maximize 
$$-\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^{\top} & \mu^{\top} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X^{\top} X + \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{1}_{p} \mathbf{1}_{p}^{\top} & -\mathbf{1}_{p} \mathbf{1}_{q}^{\top} \\ -\mathbf{1}_{q} \mathbf{1}_{p}^{\top} & \mathbf{1}_{q} \mathbf{1}_{q}^{\top} \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ \mu \end{pmatrix}$$
subject to 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{p} \lambda_{i} + \sum_{j=1}^{q} \mu_{j} = \nu$$
$$0 \leq \lambda_{i} \leq K_{s}, \quad i = 1, \dots, p$$
$$0 \leq \mu_{j} \leq K_{s}, \quad j = 1, \dots, q.$$

Finally, the dual program is equivalent to the following minimization program:

Dual of the Soft margin SVM (SVM $_{s3}$ ):

minimize 
$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^{\top} & \mu^{\top} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X^{\top} X + \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{1}_{p} \mathbf{1}_{p}^{\top} & -\mathbf{1}_{p} \mathbf{1}_{q}^{\top} \\ -\mathbf{1}_{q} \mathbf{1}_{p}^{\top} & \mathbf{1}_{q} \mathbf{1}_{q}^{\top} \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ \mu \end{pmatrix}$$
subject to 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{p} \lambda_{i} + \sum_{j=1}^{q} \mu_{j} = \nu$$
$$0 \leq \lambda_{i} \leq K_{s}, \quad i = 1, \dots, p$$
$$0 \leq \mu_{j} \leq K_{s}, \quad j = 1, \dots, q.$$