6.5. PROBLEMS 205

for all $u_1 \ldots, u_m \in E$ and all $\lambda_i \in K$ such that $\sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i = 1$.

Let (u_0, \ldots, u_n) be any affine frame in \mathbb{R}^n and let (v_0, \ldots, v_n) be any vectors in \mathbb{R}^m . Prove that there is a *unique* affine map $f: \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^m$ such that

$$f(u_i) = v_i, \quad i = 0, \dots, n.$$

(5) Let (a_0, \ldots, a_n) be any affine frame in \mathbb{R}^n and let (b_0, \ldots, b_n) be any n+1 points in \mathbb{R}^n . Prove that there is a unique $(n+1) \times (n+1)$ matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} B & w \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

corresponding to the unique affine map f such that

$$f(a_i) = b_i, \quad i = 0, \dots, n,$$

in the sense that

$$A\widehat{a}_i = \widehat{b}_i, \quad i = 0, \dots, n,$$

and that A is given by

$$A = \left(\widehat{b}_0 \quad \widehat{b}_1 \quad \cdots \quad \widehat{b}_n\right) \left(\widehat{a}_0 \quad \widehat{a}_1 \quad \cdots \quad \widehat{a}_n\right)^{-1}.$$

Make sure to prove that the bottom row of A is $(0, \ldots, 0, 1)$.

In the special case where (a_0, \ldots, a_n) is the canonical affine frame with $a_i = e_{i+1}$ for $i = 0, \ldots, n-1$ and $a_n = (0, \ldots, 0)$ (where e_i is the *i*th canonical basis vector), show that

$$(\widehat{a}_0 \quad \widehat{a}_1 \quad \cdots \quad \widehat{a}_n) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$(\widehat{a}_0 \quad \widehat{a}_1 \quad \cdots \quad \widehat{a}_n)^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & \cdots & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

For example, when n = 2, if we write $b_i = (x_i, y_i)$, then we have

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \\ y_1 & y_2 & y_3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 - x_3 & x_2 - x_3 & x_3 \\ y_1 - y_3 & y_2 - y_3 & y_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$