

- Q-1.** The per unit contribution margin for a product is \$12. Assuming fixed costs of \$12,000, interest costs of \$3,000, and taxes of \$2,000, the operating breakeven point (in units) is closest to:
- A. 1,417.
 - B. 1,000.
 - C. 1,250.
- Q-2.** Myundia Motors now sells 1 million units at \$3,529 per unit. Fixed operating costs are \$1,290 million and variable operating costs are \$1,500 per unit. If the company pays \$410 million in interest, the levels of sales at the operating breakeven and breakeven points are, respectively:
- A. \$1,500,000,000 and \$2,257,612,900.
 - B. \$2,243,671,760 and \$2,956,776,737.
 - C. \$2,975,148,800 and \$3,529,000,000.
- Q-3.** A company's EBIT remains the same. The degree of financial leverage of changes from 1.2 to 1.3, the operating break point would be :
- A. Higher
 - B. Lower
 - C. The same
- Q-4.** Which is most likely considered a "pull" on liquidity?
- A. Obsolete inventory.
 - B. Reduction in a line of credit.
 - C. Increased difficulty in collecting receivables.
- Q-5.** A company is offered trade credit terms of 2/10, net 45. The annual cost of this trade credit is closest to:
- A. 21.28%.
 - B. 23.10%.
 - C. 23.45%.