

Q-1. When computing the cash flows for a capital project, which of the following is most likely to be excluded?

- A. Externality
- B. Sunk costs
- C. Tax

Q-2. A project has a cost of €16,253 with a net present value (NPV) of €423.11. The corresponding profitability index (PI) is most likely:

- A. 0.03.
- B. 1.42.
- C. 1.03.

Q-3. Printing company will invest \$10 million in new printing machine. The present value of the future after-tax cash flows resulting from the new machine is \$30 million. Fullen currently has 180 million shares of common stock outstanding, with a current market price of \$12 per share. Assuming that this project is new and independent about the company, what is the effect of the new equipment on Fullen's stock price? The stock price will:

- A. increase to \$12.16.
- B. increase to \$12.11.
- C. decrease to \$11.89.

Q-4. Which of the following is the least appropriate method for an external analyst to estimate a company's target capital structure for determining WACC? Using the:

- A. averages of comparable companies' capital structure.
- B. company's current capital structure, at book value weights.
- C. statements made by the company's management regarding capital structure policy.

Q-5. A company issues new 20-year \$1,000 bonds with a coupon rate of 6.2% payable semiannually at an issue price of \$1,030.34. Assuming a tax rate of 28%, the firm's annual after-tax cost of debt (%) is closest to:

- A. 5.94.
- B. 4.28.
- C. 4.46.