String in C++

string is a dynamic sequence of characters provided by the C++ Standard Library. It can resize automatically when characters are added or removed, supports fast random access to individual characters, and provides many useful functions for manipulating text.

1. Include Header

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

2. Creating a String

3. Common Functions with Examples

3.1. Add Characters / Append

```
string s = "Hello";
s.push_back('!'); // Adds '!' at the end → "Hello!"
s += " World"; // Append C-style string → "Hello! World"
s.append("!!!"); // Append using member function → "Hello!
World!!!"
```

Amortized Time Complexity: O(1) for push_back, O(n) for append

3.1.2. Access Characters

3.1.3. Size and Capacity

3.1.4. Shrink to Fit

```
s.shrink_to_fit(); // Removes unused capacity
(non-binding request)
```

3.1.5. Iterate Over String

```
for (char c : s)
    cout << c << " "; // range-based loop

for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++)
    cout << s[i] << " "; // index-based loop</pre>
```

3.1.6. Insert, Erase and Replace

```
string s = "hello";
s.insert(1, "!!!");  // Insert "!!!" at index 5
s.erase(5, 3);  // Remove 3 characters from index 5
s.replace(0, 5, "Hi"); // Replace first 5 chars with "Hi"
s.replace(s.begin(), s.begin() + 5, "Hi"); // also supports
iterators
```

3.1.7. Remove Last Character

```
s.pop_back(); // Remove last character
```

3.1.8. Clear Entire String

```
s.clear(); // string becomes empty
```

3.1.9. Check If Empty

```
if (s.empty())
  cout << "Empty";</pre>
```

4. String Iterator

```
string s = "hello";
string::iterator it;
for (it = s.begin(); it != s.end(); it++)
```

```
cout << *it << endl;</pre>
```

5. Sorting a String

```
string s = "hello";
sort(s.begin(), s.end());
sort(s.begin(), s.end(), greater<char>());
```

6. Reverse a String

```
string s = "hello";
reverse(s.begin(), s.end());
```

7. Find Character

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string s = "hello world";
    int idx = s.find('l'); // returns index
    cout << idx << endl;
    int idx2 = s.find_first_of('o');
    cout << idx2 << endl;
    int idx3 = s.find_last_of('o');
    cout << idx3 << endl;
    int idx4 = s.find_first_not_of('h');
    cout << idx4 << endl;
    int idx5 = s.find_last_not_of('d');
    cout << idx5 << endl;
    int idx5 = s.find_last_not_of('d');
    cout << idx5 << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

8. Get Unique Characters

```
string s = "eeeedbcccdbbbbdccaaabbbbaaa";
```

```
sort(s.begin(), s.end());
auto last = unique(s.begin(), s.end());
s.erase(last, s.end());
cout << s << endl; // Output: abcde</pre>
```

9. Get Min and Max Character

```
string s = "bdacfehg";
auto it_min = min_element(s.begin(), s.end()); // smallest
character
auto it_max = max_element(s.begin(), s.end()); // largest
character

cout << *it_min << " " << *it_max << endl;</pre>
```

10. Get Count of a Character

```
string s = "abracadabra";
int count_a = count(s.begin(), s.end(), 'a');
cout << count_a << endl; // Output: 5</pre>
```

11. Fill all Characters

```
string s = "abracadabra";
fill(s.begin(), s.end(), '*'); // Replace all characters with '*'
cout << s << endl;</pre>
```

12. Rotate elements

```
string s = "abcde";
rotate(s.begin(), s.begin() + 3, s.end()); // Left rotation by 3 →
"deabc"
cout << s << endl;</pre>
```

```
rotate(s.begin(), s.end() - 3, s.end()); // Right rotation by 3 → back to "abcde" cout << s << endl;
```

13. Get Sum

```
string s = "abcde";
int sum = accumulate(s.begin(), s.end(), 0);
cout << sum << endl; // Output: 97 + 98 + 99 + 100 + 101 = 495</pre>
```

14. Substring

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string s = "hello_world";
    cout << s.substr(4, 5) << endl; // output: o_wor
    cout << s.substr(6) << endl; // output: world
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

15. Get Words using stringstream and getline

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string s;
    getline(cin, s);

    stringstream ss(s);
    string word;
    while (ss >> word)
    {
        cout << word << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

16. Practice Problems

1. **Extract Filename from Path** – Get the file name from a full path

Input: /user/code/hello.cpp

Output: hello.cpp

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string path = "/user/code/hello.cpp";
    int pos = path.find_last_of('/');
    cout << path.substr(pos + 1) << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. Check Palindrome – Check if a string reads the same forward and backward

Input: madam
Output: Yes

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string s = "madam";
    string rev = s;
    reverse(rev.begin(), rev.end());
    cout << (s == rev ? "Yes" : "No") << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

3. **Check Anagram** – Check if two strings have the same characters in any order

Input: listen, silent

Output: Yes

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string a = "listen", b = "silent";
    sort(a.begin(), a.end());
    sort(b.begin(), b.end());
    cout << (a == b ? "Yes" : "No") << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

4. **Count Frequency of Each Character** – Count how many times each character appears

Input: aabbc

Output: a:2 b:2 c:1

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string s = "aabfegsahhxbczz";
    vector<int> freq(26, 0);
    for (char c : s)
        freq[c - 'a']++;
    for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++)
        cout << char(i + 'a') << ": " << freq[i] << endl;
    return 0;</pre>
```

5. **Convert Case** – Swap uppercase letters to lowercase and vice versa

Input: HeLLo Output: hEll0

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string s = "HeLLo";
    for (char &c : s) {
        if (islower(c)) c = toupper(c);
        else if (isupper(c)) c = tolower(c);
    }
    cout << s << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

6. Remove All Vowels – Remove vowels (a, e, i, o, u) from a string

Input: education
Output: dctn

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string s = "education", result = "";
    for (char c : s) {
        if (string("aeiouAEIOU").find(c) == -1)
```

```
result += c;
}
cout << result << endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

7. Replace All Spaces with Hyphens – Replace spaces in a string with –

Input: this is a test
Output: this-is-a-test

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string s = "this is a test";
    for (char &c : s) {
        if (c == ' ') c = '-';
    }
    cout << s << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

8. Capitalize First Letter of Each Word — Make the first letter of each word uppercase Input: hello world from c++
Output: Hello World From C++

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
```

```
string s;
getline(cin, s);
stringstream ss(s);
string word;
string ans;
while (ss >> word)
{
    word[0] = toupper(word[0]);
    ans += word;
    ans += " ";
}
ans.pop_back();
cout << ans << endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```