$$abla \cdot \mathbf{E} = \rho/\varepsilon_0 \qquad \text{(Gauß)}$$

$$abla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0 \qquad \text{(no magnetic monopoles)}$$

$$abla \times \mathbf{E} = -\partial_t \mathbf{B} \qquad \text{(Faraday)}$$

$$abla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{J} \qquad \text{(Ampère)}$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{V}) \equiv 0$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{E}) = -\partial_t (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}) = 0 \quad \text{(all good)}$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{B}) = \mu_0 \nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} \neq 0 \qquad \text{(problem!)}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} = -\partial_t \rho$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} = 0$$

 $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} = -\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}$

 $= -\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\varepsilon_0 \nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} \right) = -\nabla \cdot \left(\varepsilon_0 \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}}{\partial t} \right)$

ÐΕ. $\mu_0 \varepsilon_0$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{J} + \mu_0 \varepsilon_0 \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}}{\partial t}$$
 (Ampère's law with Maxwell's correction)

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{D} = \rho_f$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t}$$

 $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$

 $abla extbf{H} = rac{\partial extbf{D}}{\partial t} + extbf{J}_f$

$$\mathbf{F} = q\left(\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}\right)$$

 $\sigma, \varepsilon, \mu, \dots$

$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{r},t) = \varepsilon_0 \left(\overline{\overline{\chi}}_e^{(1)} \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r},t) + \overline{\overline{\chi}}_e^{(2)} \mathbf{E}^2(\mathbf{r},t) + \overline{\overline{\chi}}_e^{(3)} \mathbf{E}^3(\mathbf{r},t) + \ldots \right)$$
$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{r},t) = \varepsilon_0 \overline{\overline{\chi}}_e \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r},t)$$

$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{r},t) = \varepsilon_0 \int d\mathbf{r}' \chi \left(\mathbf{r}' - \mathbf{r}, t\right) \mathbf{E} \left(\mathbf{r}', t\right)$$

 $\underline{\mathbf{P}}(\mathbf{k},t) = \varepsilon_0 \chi_e(\mathbf{k},t) \underline{\mathbf{E}}(\mathbf{k},t)$

$$\rightarrow \varepsilon(\mathbf{k},\omega)$$