$$(\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2_+$$

$$\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) = \mathbf{E}_0 e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} k_{ix} \\ k_{iy} \\ k_{iz} \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{k}_r = \begin{pmatrix} k_{rx} \\ k_{ry} \\ k_{rz} \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{k}_t = \begin{pmatrix} k_{tx} \\ k_{ty} \\ k_{tz} \end{pmatrix}$$

k.

$$\mathbf{E}_i(\mathbf{r}) = \mathbf{E}_0 e^{i\mathbf{k}_i \cdot \mathbf{r}}, \mathbf{E}_r(\mathbf{r}) = r \mathbf{E}_0 e^{i\mathbf{k}_r \cdot \mathbf{r}}, \mathbf{E}_t(\mathbf{r}) = t \mathbf{E}_0 e^{i\mathbf{k}_t \cdot \mathbf{r}}$$

$\mathbf{k}_i, \mathbf{k}_t, \mathbf{k}_r$

$$e^{i\mathbf{k_i}\cdot\mathbf{r}} + re^{i\mathbf{k_r}\cdot\mathbf{r}} = te^{i\mathbf{k_t}\cdot\mathbf{r}}\big|_{z=0}$$

$$e^{ik_{ix}x} + re^{ik_{rx}x + k_{ry}y} = te^{ik_{tx}x + k_{ty}y}, \forall (x, y)$$

$$1 + re^{ik_{ry}y} = te^{ik_{ty}y}, \forall y$$

$$1 + r\cos(k_{ry}y) = t\cos(k_{ty}y)$$

$$k_{ry} = k_{ty} = 0$$

$$e^{ik_{ix}x} + re^{ik_{rx}x} = te^{ik_{tx}x}, \forall x$$

$$1 + re^{i(k_{rx} - k_{ix})x} = te^{i(k_{tx} - k_{ix})x}, \forall x$$

 $k_{rx} = k_{tx} = k_{ix}$

$$\theta_i = \theta_r, \quad n_1 \sin \theta_i = n_2 \sin \theta_t$$

$$\mathbf{k}_i \cdot \mathbf{k}_i = k_0^2 \varepsilon_i \quad \Rightarrow k_i = k_0 \sqrt{\varepsilon_i} = k_0 n_i$$

$$\begin{cases} k_{ix} = n_1 k_0 \sin \theta_i \\ k_{rx} = n_1 k_0 \sin \theta_r \\ k_{tx} = n_2 k_0 \sin \theta_t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \theta_i = \theta_r \\ n_1 \sin \theta_i = n_2 \sin \theta_t \end{cases}$$

$$(x0z) \Rightarrow \mathbf{k}_1 = k_{1x}\mathbf{e}_x + k_{1z}\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$k_{ix} = k_{rx} = k_{tx} \equiv k_x$$

$$\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{k} = \varepsilon k_0^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} k_x^2 + k_{iz}^2 = \varepsilon_1 k_0^2 & \Rightarrow k_{iz} = \pm \sqrt{\varepsilon_1 k_0^2 - k_x^2} = -k_{rz} \\ k_x^2 + k_{rz}^2 = \varepsilon_1 k_0^2 \\ k_x^2 + k_{tz}^2 = \varepsilon_2 k_0^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} = \omega \mathbf{B} = \omega \mu \mathbf{H}$$

$$\omega \mu H_x = k_z E_y$$

$$\frac{k_{iz}}{\mu_1} E_{iy} + \frac{k_{rz}}{\mu_1} E_{ry} = \frac{k_{tz}}{\mu_2} E_{ty}$$

$$k_{rz} = -k_{iz}$$

$$\frac{k_{iz}}{\mu_1} - \frac{k_{iz}}{\mu_1}r = \frac{k_{tz}}{\mu_2}t$$

$$1 - r = \frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2} \frac{k_{tz}}{k_{iz}} t$$

$$\begin{cases} 1+r=t\\ 1-r=\frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2}\frac{k_{tz}}{k_{iz}}t \end{cases}$$

$$t_{12}^s = \frac{2\mu_2 k_{z1}}{\mu_2 k_{z1} + \mu_1 k_{z2}}, \qquad r_{12}^s = \frac{\mu_2 k_{z1} - \mu_1 k_{z2}}{\mu_2 k_{z1} + \mu_1 k_{z2}}.$$

$$t_{12}^s = \frac{2}{1 + K_s}, \qquad r_{12}^s = \frac{1 - K_s}{1 + K_s}, \qquad K_s := \frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2} \frac{k_{z2}}{k_{z1}}$$

$$\begin{split} \rho_{12}^p &= \frac{\varepsilon_2 k_{z1} - \varepsilon_1 k_{z2}}{\varepsilon_2 k_{z1} + \varepsilon_1 k_{z2}} = \frac{1 - K^p}{1 + K^p}, \quad r_{12}^s = \frac{\mu_2 k_{z1} - \mu_1 k_{z2}}{\mu_2 k_{z1} + \mu_1 k_{z2}} = \frac{1 - K^s}{1 + K^s} \\ \tau_{12}^p &= \frac{2\varepsilon_2 k_{z1}}{\varepsilon_2 k_{z1} + \varepsilon_1 k_{z2}} = \frac{2}{1 + K^p}, \quad t_{12}^s = \frac{2\mu_2 k_{z1}}{\mu_2 k_{z1} + \mu_1 k_{z2}} = \frac{2}{1 + K^s} \end{split}$$

$$K^p := \frac{\varepsilon_1 k_{z2}}{\varepsilon_2 k_{z1}}$$

$$K^s := rac{k_z}{k_z}$$

$$r_{ij} = -r_{ji}.$$

 $n_2\cos\theta - n_1\sqrt{1 - \frac{n_1^2}{n_2^2}\sin^2\theta}$

 $n_2\cos\theta + n_1\sqrt{1 - \frac{n_1^2}{n_2^2}\sin^2\theta}$

 r^p