Subsetting Lists

```
> x <- list(foo = 1:4, bar = 0.6)
> x[1]
$foo
[1] 1 2 3 4

> x[[1]]
[1] 1 2 3 4

> x$bar
[1] 0.6
> x[["bar"]]
[1] 0.6
> x["bar"]
$bar
[1] 0.6
```

Subsetting Lists

```
> x <- list(foo = 1:4, bar = 0.6, baz = "hello")
> x[c(1, 3)]
$foo
[1] 1 2 3 4

$baz
[1] "hello"
```

Subsetting Lists

The [operator can be used with computed indices; \$ can only be used with literal names.

Subsetting Nested Elements of a List

The [can take an integer sequence.

```
> x <- list(a = list(10, 12, 14), b = c(3.14, 2.81))
> x[[c(1, 3)]]
[1] 14
> x[[1]][[3]]
[1] 14
> x[[c(2, 1)]]
> x[[c(2, 1)]]
```