

8:05am

Day 1 of x days

Dec 2nd, 2022

INTRO TO STAT 101 - SEBASTIAN THRON & ADAM SHERSIN

TEASER

Two types of people

Type A \sim 80 friends $\frac{1}{2}$

Type B - 20 friends $\frac{1}{2}$

Quiz

What are the chances you picked a

type A friend = $\frac{80}{100} = 0.8$

type B friend = $\frac{20}{100} = 0.2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.8 \\ + 0.2 \\ \hline 1.0 \end{array}$$

In expectation how many friends do you have

$$E(y|A) + E(y|B)$$

$$0.8 \times 80 + 0.2 \times 20$$

$$\frac{64}{100} \times 100 = 64$$

$$\frac{20}{100} \times 20$$

$$+ 4 = 68 \text{ friends}$$

Teaser video \leftrightarrow proof that you are unpopular

(i) - Average no of friends

(ii) E_x

CONCEPTS

STATS DATA TO DECISIONS

① Allows one to make decisions based on data obtained

① Decisions are made based by data

Problem: You want to buy a house costing \$92,000. Is this amount too much or too little. Let's look @ the data.

Size (ft ²)	Cost (\$)
1400	112,000
2400	192,000
1800	144,000
1900	152,000
1300	104,000
1100	86,000

→ The higher the house, the ↑ the cost

Quiz 1

(i) The house you want is 1300ft². How much are you expected to pay?

$$\boxed{104,000} \quad \checkmark$$

(ii) The area is 1500ft². How much are you expected to pay?

$$1900 = 152,000$$

$$1500 = \times$$

$$1300 = 104,000$$

$$\frac{1900 - 1300}{1500 - 1300} = \frac{152,000 - 104,000}{x - 104,000}$$

$$\frac{3600}{200} = \frac{48}{x - 104,000}$$

$$3(x - 104,000) = 48$$

$$3x - 312 = 48$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \nearrow = \frac{48 + 312}{3} \end{array}$$

$$x = 120,000$$

For 1500 ft^2 , I am expected to pay
 $120,000 \$$

For 1800 ft^2 , expected to pay $144,000 \$$

For 2100 ft^2

$$2400 \text{ ft}^2 = 192,000$$

$$2100 \text{ ft}^2 = x$$

$$1800 = 144,000$$

$$\frac{2400 - 1800}{2100 - 1800} = \frac{192,000 - 144,000}{x - 144,000}$$

$$\frac{2666}{300} = \frac{48,000}{x - 144,000}$$

$$2x - 288,000 = 48,000$$

$$2x = 336,000$$

$$x = 168,000$$

For 2100ft^2 , you are expected to pay $165,000\$$

Another way to answer,
 2100ft^2 is halfway of
 $2,400\text{ft}^2$ and 1800ft^2 ,
meaning it's price will
be the average of both
prices

$$\frac{192 + 144}{2} = 168$$

$168,000\$$

What is the cost of
home per sq ft.

$$\text{If } 1400 \text{ ft}^2 : 112,000$$

$$\text{Then } 1 = x$$

$$\frac{112,000}{1400} =$$

$$x = 80 \$$$

Unit 2

Size	Price	Price \$ ^{sq ft}
1400	98 000	70
2400	168 000	70
1800	126 000	70
1900	133 000	70
1400	91 000	65
1100	77,000	70

Quiz ... Is there a fixed dollar amount per square foot?

☐ Yes ☒ No

o A guide look @ the data
shows 2 houses of the same
size with diff. prices.

→ I Didn't need to work
it out if I had just
looked @ the data

Now for

→ 1300 ft² → 91,000

Quiz

→ Is there a

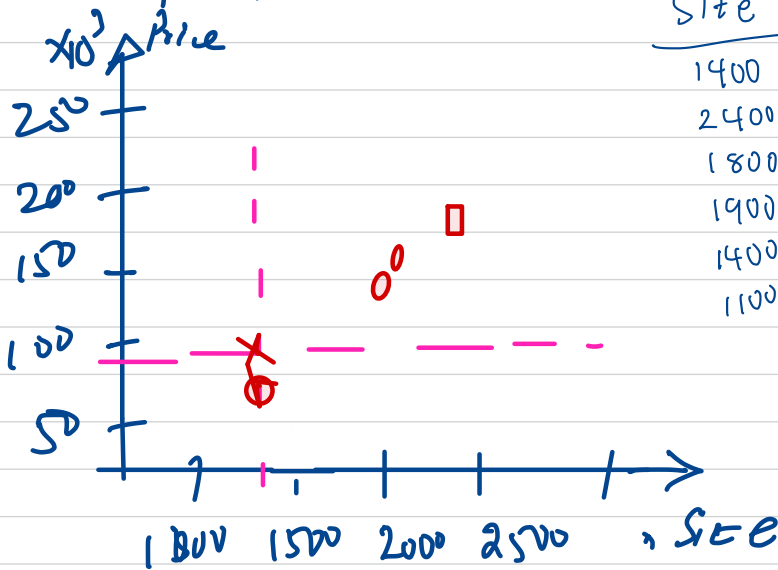
fixed dollar amount per square
foot?

☒ Yes ☐ No

2:36 pm

Ways to visualize data

→ Scatter plots - Each data point is a point



Draw your own scatter plot

Size	Price
1700	51000
2100	63000
1900	57000
1300	39000
1600	48000
2200	66000



✓ The relationship linear? Yes

Do we believe there's a fixed price per square foot?

Yes 30\$/ft²

Exercise 2

Make your own scatter plot

Size	Price	price per ft ²
1700	53000	31.1765
2100	65000	30.9524
1900	59000	31.0526
1300	41000	31.5385
1600	50000	31.25
2200	68000	30.9091

Are the
prices per ft²
the same!

NO



Is the relationship
linear?
Yes.

Even though there isn't a fixed
price per ft², the relationship
is linear

$$\text{Price} = \boxed{30} \text{ \$} \cdot \text{size} + \boxed{} \text{ \$}$$

$y = mx + p$

m is the gradient or slope
 p is the intercept

$$\text{Gradient} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{(65 - 53) \cdot 100p}{(21 - 17) \cdot 100a}$$

$$= \frac{12^3 \cdot 10}{4} = 360$$

To find intercept, let's use

1,700 size \rightarrow \$3,000

2,100 size \rightarrow \$5,000

$$3,000 = 30 \times 1,700 + x$$

$$3,000 - 51,000 = x$$

$$\boxed{2,000 = x}$$

$$\text{PRICE} = \boxed{30} \frac{\$}{\text{ft}^2} \cdot \text{size} + \boxed{2,000} \$$$

Is there a line that exactly matches the

trend of the data

No

Size	Price
1700	53000
2100	44000
1900	59000
1300	82000
1600	50000
2200	68000



