DS311 - R Lab Assignment

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R Assignment 1

- In this assignment, we are going to apply some of the build in data set in R for descriptive statistics analysis.
- To earn full grade in this assignment, students need to complete the coding tasks for each question to get the result.
- After finished all the questions, knit the document into HTML format for submission.

Question 1

Using the **mtcars** data set in R, please answer the following questions.

```
# Loading the data
data(mtcars)
# Head of the data set
head(mtcars)
##
                    mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                            wt qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4
                   21.0
                          6 160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46 0 1
                                                                 4
## Mazda RX4 Wag
                          6 160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02 0 1
                                                                 4
                   21.0
## Datsun 710
                   22.8 4 108 93 3.85 2.320 18.61 1 1
                                                                 1
## Hornet 4 Drive
                   21.4 6 258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44 1 0
                                                                 1
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7 8 360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02 0 0
                                                             3
                                                                 2
## Valiant
                   18.1 6 225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22 1 0
                                                                 1
```

a. Report the number of variables and observations in the data set.

```
# Enter your code here!
ncol(mtcars)
## [1] 11
nrow(mtcars)
## [1] 32
# Answer:
print("There are total of __32___ variables and __352___ observations in this data set.")
## [1] "There are total of __32___ variables and __352___ observations in this data set."
```

b. Print the summary statistics of the data set and report how many discrete and continuous variables are in the data set.

```
# Enter your code here!
summary(mtcars)
##
                                         disp
                                                           hp
         mpg
                         cyl
##
   Min.
           :10.40
                    Min.
                           :4.000
                                    Min.
                                           : 71.1
                                                            : 52.0
                                                    Min.
##
   1st Qu.:15.43
                    1st Qu.:4.000
                                    1st Qu.:120.8
                                                    1st Qu.: 96.5
   Median :19.20
                    Median :6.000
                                    Median :196.3
                                                    Median :123.0
##
   Mean
           :20.09
                           :6.188
                                           :230.7
                                                            :146.7
                    Mean
                                    Mean
                                                    Mean
##
   3rd Qu.:22.80
                    3rd Qu.:8.000
                                    3rd Qu.:326.0
                                                    3rd Qu.:180.0
##
   Max.
           :33.90
                    Max.
                           :8.000
                                    Max.
                                            :472.0
                                                    Max.
                                                            :335.0
##
                                         qsec
         drat
                          wt
                                                           ٧S
## Min.
           :2.760
                    Min.
                           :1.513
                                            :14.50
                                                    Min.
                                                            :0.0000
                                    Min.
##
  1st Qu.:3.080
                    1st Qu.:2.581
                                    1st Qu.:16.89
                                                    1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :3.695
                    Median :3.325
                                    Median :17.71
                                                    Median :0.0000
##
   Mean
           :3.597
                           :3.217
                                            :17.85
                                                            :0.4375
                    Mean
                                    Mean
                                                    Mean
##
   3rd Qu.:3.920
                    3rd Qu.:3.610
                                    3rd Qu.:18.90
                                                    3rd Qu.:1.0000
           :4.930
                                           :22.90
## Max.
                    Max.
                           :5.424
                                    Max.
                                                    Max.
                                                            :1.0000
                          gear
##
          am
                                          carb
## Min.
                     Min.
                                     Min.
                                            :1.000
           :0.0000
                            :3.000
  1st Qu.:0.0000
                     1st Qu.:3.000
                                     1st Qu.:2.000
## Median :0.0000
                     Median :4.000
                                     Median :2.000
           :0.4062
## Mean
                     Mean
                            :3.688
                                     Mean
                                            :2.812
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000
                     3rd Qu.:4.000
                                     3rd Qu.:4.000
## Max.
           :1.0000
                     Max.
                            :5.000
                                     Max.
                                            :8.000
# Answer:
print("There are __6__ discrete variables and __5__ continuous variables in
this data set.")
## [1] "There are __6__ discrete variables and __5__ continuous variables
in this data set."
```

c. Calculate the mean, variance, and standard deviation for the variable **mpg** and assign them into variable names m, v, and s. Report the results in the print statement.

```
# Enter your code here!

m <- mean(mtcars$mpg)
v <- var(mtcars$mpg)
s <- sqrt(v)

print(paste("The average of Mile Per Gallon from this data set is ", m , "
with variance ", v , " and standard deviation", s , "."))

## [1] "The average of Mile Per Gallon from this data set is 20.090625 with
variance 36.3241028225806 and standard deviation 6.0269480520891 ."</pre>
```

d. Create two tables to summarize 1) average mpg for each cylinder class and 2) the standard deviation of mpg for each gear class.

```
# Enter your code here!
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(tidyr)
mtcars %>%
  group_by(cyl, gear) %>%
 tally() %>%
  spread(cyl, n)
## # A tibble: 3 × 4
                   `6`
      gear `4`
##
##
     <dbl> <int> <int> <int>
## 1
         3
                     2
                           12
               1
## 2
         4
               8
                     4
                           NA
## 3
         5
               2
                     1
                            2
avgclass = mtcars %>% group_by(mtcars$cyl) %>% summarise(mean_mpg =
mean(mtcars$mpg))
print(avgclass)
## # A tibble: 3 × 2
##
     `mtcars$cyl` mean mpg
##
            <dbl>
                     <dbl>
## 1
                4
                      20.1
## 2
                6
                      20.1
## 3
                      20.1
```

e. Create a crosstab that shows the number of observations belong to each cylinder and gear class combinations. The table should show how many observations given the car has 4 cylinders with 3 gears, 4 cylinders with 4 gears, etc. Report which combination is recorded in this data set and how many observations for this type of car.

```
# Enter your code here!
```

```
print("The most common car type in this data set is car with ____ cylinders
and ____ gears. There are total of ____ cars belong to this specification in
the data set.")

## [1] "The most common car type in this data set is car with ____ cylinders
and ___ gears. There are total of ____ cars belong to this specification in
the data set."
```

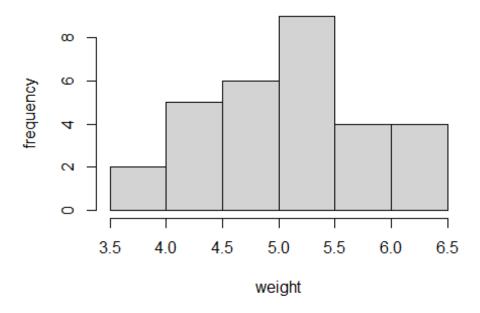
Question 2

Use different visualization tools to summarize the data sets in this question.

a. Using the **PlantGrowth** data set, visualize and compare the weight of the plant in the three separated group. Give labels to the title, x-axis, and y-axis on the graph. Write a paragraph to summarize your findings.

```
# Load the data set
data("PlantGrowth")
# Head of the data set
head(PlantGrowth)
##
    weight group
## 1
      4.17 ctrl
## 2
      5.58 ctrl
## 3
      5.18 ctrl
      6.11 ctrl
## 4
## 5
      4.50 ctrl
      4.61 ctrl
## 6
# Enter your code here!
hist <- PlantGrowth$weight
hist(hist,
    main = 'Plant Growth',
    xlab = 'weight',
ylab = 'frequency' )
```

Plant Growth



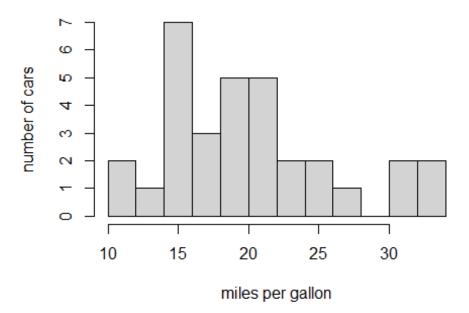
Result:

=> Report a paragraph to summarize your findings from the plot!

There is 8 plants with the weight between 5 to 5.5 and 2 plants with weight between 3.5 to $4.0\,$

b. Using the **mtcars** data set, plot the histogram for the column **mpg** with 10 breaks. Give labels to the title, x-axis, and y-axis on the graph. Report the most observed mpg class from the data set.





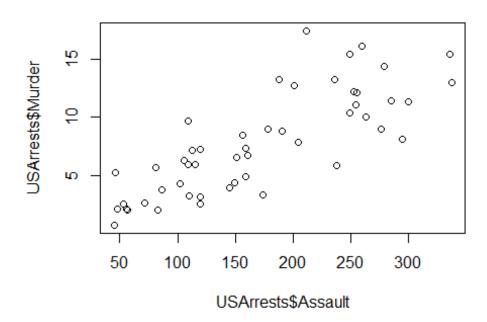
```
print("Most of the cars in this data set are in the class of __7___ mile per
gallon.")
## [1] "Most of the cars in this data set are in the class of __7___ mile
per gallon."
```

Using the **USArrests** data set, create a pairs plot to display the correlations between the variables in the data set. Plot the scatter plot with **Murder** and **Assault**. Give labels to the title, x-axis, and y-axis on the graph. Write a paragraph to summarize your results from both plots.

```
# Load the data set
data("USArrests")
# Head of the data set
head(USArrests)
##
              Murder Assault UrbanPop Rape
## Alabama
                13.2
                                    58 21.2
                          236
## Alaska
                10.0
                          263
                                    48 44.5
## Arizona
                 8.1
                          294
                                    80 31.0
## Arkansas
                 8.8
                          190
                                    50 19.5
## California
                 9.0
                          276
                                    91 40.6
## Colorado
                 7.9
                          204
                                    78 38.7
# Enter your code here!
library(ggplot2)
```

plot(y= USArrests\$Murder, x= USArrests\$Assault, main = "Murder and Assaults
Rate")

Murder and Assaults Rate



Result:

=> Report a paragraph to summarize your findings from the plot!

The ratio between murders is lower than assaults, meaning that assaults has a high rate

Question 3

Download the housing data set from www.jaredlander.com and find out what explains the housing prices in New York City.

Note: Check your working directory to make sure that you can download the data into the data folder.

a. Create your own descriptive statistics and aggregation tables to summarize the data set and find any meaningful results between different variables in the data set.

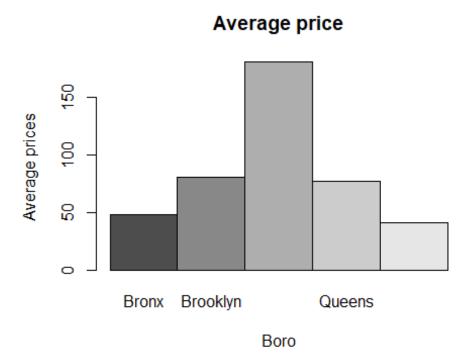
```
# Head of the cleaned data set
head(housingData)
##
     Neighborhood Market.Value.per.SqFt
                                              Boro Year.Built
## 1
        FINANCIAL
                                  200.00 Manhattan
                                                          1920
## 2
        FINANCIAL
                                  242.76 Manhattan
                                                          1985
## 4
        FINANCIAL
                                  271.23 Manhattan
                                                          1930
```

```
## 5
                                 247.48 Manhattan
                                                        1985
         TRIBECA
## 6
                                 191.37 Manhattan
                                                        1986
         TRIBECA
## 7
         TRIBECA
                                 211.53 Manhattan
                                                        1985
# Enter your code here!
str(housingData)
## 'data.frame':
                    2530 obs. of 4 variables:
                          : chr "FINANCIAL" "FINANCIAL" "FINANCIAL"
## $ Neighborhood
"TRIBECA" ...
## $ Market.Value.per.SqFt: num
                                 200 243 271 247 191 ...
## $ Boro
                         : chr "Manhattan" "Manhattan" "Manhattan"
"Manhattan" ...
## $ Year.Built
                         : int 1920 1985 1930 1985 1986 1985 1986 1987
1985 1986 ...
## - attr(*, "na.action")= 'omit' Named int [1:96] 3 1395 1400 1412 1417
1425 1428 1429 1440 1445 ...
    ... attr(*, "names")= chr [1:96] "3" "1395" "1400" "1412" ...
min(housingData$Market.Value.per.SqFt)
## [1] 10.66
max(housingData$Market.Value.per.SqFt)
## [1] 399.38
mean(housingData$Market.Value.per.SqFt)
## [1] 133.1731
min(housingData$Year.Built)
## [1] 1825
max(housingData$Year.Built)
## [1] 2010
mean(housingData$Year.Built)
## [1] 1967.46
```

b. Create multiple plots to demonstrates the correlations between different variables. Remember to label all axes and give title to each graph.

```
# Enter your code here!
avg <- aggregate(housingData$Market.Value.per.SqFt, list(housingData$Boro),
FUN=mean)
avg
## Group.1 x
## 1 Bronx 47.93232</pre>
```

```
## 2 Brooklyn 80.13439
## 3 Manhattan 180.59265
## 4 Queens 77.38137
## 5 Staten Island 41.26958
barplot(matrix(avg$x), beside=T, main='Average price', names.arg = avg$Group.1, ylab="Average prices", xlab="Boro")
```



c. Write a summary about your findings from this exercise. The houses from Manhattan is the most expensive (180k) from this data set, and the cheapest house (\$41k) is found on State Island neighborhood.

The oldest house is from 1825.

=> Enter your answer here!