

Letterkenny Institute of Technology

Course code: OOPR CP603

YEAR 2 COMPUTING

(Common paper for all streams)

Subject: Object Oriented Programming

Stage: 2

Date: January 2020

Examiners: Mr. T. Devine
Dr. L. Raeside

Time allowed: 3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer any FOUR questions.

NOTE: It may be useful to remove the appendices from this paper for easy reference.

Question 1

Appendix A has partial code that implements a basic grid-based Pacman game that was introduced in the module.

- (a) In the `Player` class you are given the code to allow a player move north. Provide the code to allow the player move northwest. (7 marks)
- (b) Identify any shared class variable(s) and method(s) that both `Player` and `Enemy` classes use. (2 marks)
- (c) Write the code for a superclass called `GameCharacter` to implement the shared variable(s) and method(s) identified in (b). (6 marks)
- (d) Rewrite the signatures for the `Player` and `Enemy` classes to become subclasses of the `GameCharacter` class. (2 marks)
- (e) Write a new method for the `World` class called `printEnemies()` that will print the coordinates of each enemy character. The output should look like this if all enemies are at location (5,1). Use an enhanced for loop in your solution.

```
--Enemies--
[X:5 Y:1]
[X:5 Y:1]
[X:5 Y:1]
[X:5 Y:1]
```

(8 marks)

Question 2

Appendix B has a partial implementation of the `Player` class.

- (a) Provide the code for a `toString()` method to print a string representation of the player object as shown in this example:

```
[Player: name=Joe Bloggs; age=21]
```

 (6 marks)
- (b) Provide the missing code for the `equals()` method. (11 marks)
- (c) Describe the purpose of the `@Override` annotation and give an appropriate example. (4 marks)
- (d) Describe the process of object casting in Java and give an appropriate example. (4 marks)

Question 3

Appendix C (a) shows a class diagram for the `Player`, `Score`, `Goal` and `Point` classes. Provide all the Java code to implement only the `Player` class. Examine the tester code in *Appendix C (b)* to help implement the correct solution.

(25 marks)

Question 4

Examine the class diagram in *Appendix C (a)* and the `Score`, `Goal` and `Point` class code in *Appendix D (a)*.

- (a) Identify the compilation error in the `Score` abstract class? (2 marks)
- (b) Rewrite the `Score` class to fix the error identified in (a). (3 marks)
- (c) Provide the code needed in `Goal` and `Point` to implement the `scoreValue()` abstract method. Note: a goal has a value of 3 and a point has a value of 1. (8 marks)

Examine how the `Collections.sort()` method is used in *Appendix D (b)*.

- (d) Provide the missing code for the class `ScoreComparator` that is used to sort players in ascending order by the *number of scores* they get. (12 marks)

Question 5

```
int[] list = {5, 26, 2, 17};
```

- (a) Given the array `list` above, how many *passes* are required for a selection sort algorithm to sort the values in ascending order. (3 marks)
- (b) Using `list` clearly show the state of the array after each *pass* of the selection sort algorithm. Sort values in ascending order. (9 marks)
- (c) *Appendix E* contains code for a selection sort. Complete the missing code in the method `selectionSort()`. (4 marks)
- (d) Use the binary search algorithm to find the value 30 in the list below. Clearly identify the values in `mid`, `start` and `end` during each pass.

```
[2, 5, 7, 13, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 30, 34, 39]
```

(9 marks)

Question 6

Describe with code examples each of the following concepts:

- (a) Accessor method
- (b) Mutator method
- (c) `try catch` statement
- (d) `super` keyword
- (e) `private` access modifier

(25 marks)

Appendix A

```
//
// World.java
//
public class World
{
    public static final int MAX_CELL=5;
    public static final int MIN_CELL=0;
    public static final int KEY_NORTH=38;
    public static final int KEY_SOUTH=40;
    public static final int KEY_WEST=37;
    public static final int KEY_EAST=39;
    public static final int KEY_NW=36;
    public static final int KEY_NE=33;
    public static final int KEY_SW=35;
    public static final int KEY_SE=34;
    private ArrayList<Enemy> enemies = new ArrayList<Enemy>();
    private Player player;

    public World(Player player, int noOfEnemies)
    {
        this.player = player;
        for (int i = 0; i < noOfEnemies; i++)
            createEnemy(i+1);
    }

    private void createEnemy(int enemyNumber)
    {
        enemies.add(new Enemy(enemyNumber, new
            Location(World.MAX_CELL, World.MAX_CELL)));
    }

    public void update(int keycode)
    {
        player.move(keycode);
        for (Enemy e : enemies)
            e.move();
        player.updateScore(1);
        println("Score="+player.getScore());
    }

    public void drawWorld()
    {
        // draws grid
    }

    public Player getPlayer()
    {
        return player;
    }
    // Q1 - (e) - printEnemies()
    ...
    ...
}
```

Appendix A continued

```

//
// Player.java
//
public class Player // Q1 - (d)
{
    private Location location;
    private int score;

    public Player(Location location)
    {
        this.location = location;
        this.score=0;
    }

    public Location getLocation()
    {
        return location;
    }

    public int getScore()
    {
        return score;
    }

    public void updateScore(int value)
    {
        this.score+=value;
    }

    public void move(int keycode)
    {
        switch(keycode)
        {
            case World.KEY_NORTH:
                location.changeY(-1);
                if (location.getY()<World.MIN_CELL)
                    location.setY(World.MAX_CELL);
                break;

            // Q1 - (a)
            ...
            ...
            ...
        }
    }
}

```

Appendix A continued

```
//
// Enemy.java
//
public class Enemy // Q1 - (d)
{
    private int enemyNumber;
    private Location location;

    public Enemy(int enemyNumber, Location location)
    {
        this.enemyNumber = enemyNumber;
        this.location = location;
    }

    public int getEnemyNumber()
    {
        return enemyNumber;
    }

    public Location getLocation()
    {
        return this.location;
    }

    public void move()
    {
        int direction =
            (int)random(World.KEY_WEST,World.KEY_SOUTH);
        switch(direction)
        {
            case World.KEY_NORTH:
                location.changeY(-1);
                if (location.getY()<World.MIN_CELL)
                    location.setY(World.MAX_CELL);
                break;
            ...
            ...
            ...
        }
    }
}
```

Appendix A continued

```
//  
// Location.java  
//  
public class Location  
{  
    private int x;  
    private int y;  
  
    public Location(int x, int y)  
    {  
        this.x = x;  
        this.y = y;  
    }  
    public int getX()  
    {  
        return x;  
    }  
    public int getY()  
    {  
        return y;  
    }  
    public void setX(int x)  
    {  
        this.x = x;  
    }  
    public void setY(int y)  
    {  
        this.y = y;  
    }  
    public void changeX(int amountToChange)  
    {  
        this.x += amountToChange;  
    }  
    public void changeY(int amountToChange)  
    {  
        this.y += amountToChange;  
    }  
    public String toString()  
    {  
        return "[X: " + x + " Y: " + y + "];"  
    }  
}
```


Appendix B

```
public class Player
{
    private String name;
    private int age;

    public Player(String name, int age)
    {
        this.name=name;
        this.age=age;
    }

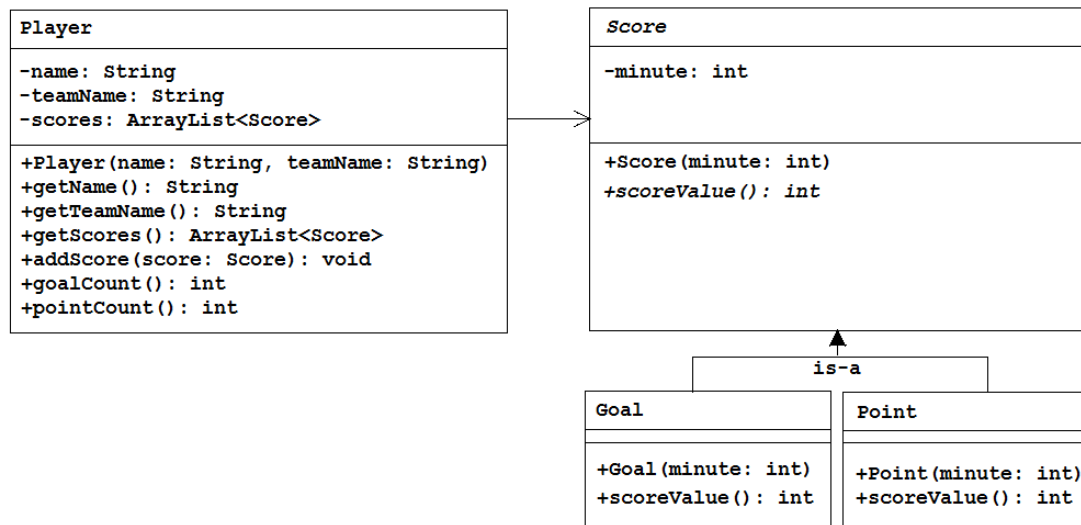
    // Q2(a) - toString()

    // Q2(b) - equals()
    ...
    public ... (Object obj)
    {
        ... otherPlayer;
        if(obj instanceof ...)
            otherPlayer = (Player)obj;
        else
            return false;

        ...
        ...
        ...
    }
}
```

Appendix C

(a)



(b)

```

public class PlayerTester {
    public static void main(String[] args){

        Player p1 = new Player("M. Murphy","Donegal");

        p1.addScore(new Point(10)); // point scored @ 10th minute
        p1.addScore(new Point(22)); // point scored @ 22th minute
        p1.addScore(new Goal(29)); // goal scored @ 29th minute

        System.out.println(p1.getName()); // prints M. Murphy
        System.out.println(p1.getScores().size()); // prints 3
        System.out.println(p1.goalCount()); // prints 1
        System.out.println(p1.pointCount()); // prints 2

    }
}
  
```

Appendix D

(a)

```
public abstract class Score
{
    private int minute;

    public Score(int minute)
    {
        this.minute=minute;
    }

    public abstract int scoreValue()
    {
        return 0;
    }
}

public class Goal extends Score
{
    public Goal(int minute)
    {
        super(minute);
    }
}

public class Point extends Score
{
    public Point(int minute)
    {
        super(minute);
    }
}
```

Appendix D continued

(b)

```
import java.util.*;

public class Tester
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Player p1 = new Player("M Murphy", "Donegal");
        p1.addScore(new Point(10)); // point scored @ 10th minute
        p1.addScore(new Point(22)); // point scored @ 22th minute
        p1.addScore(new Point(29)); // point scored @ 29th minute

        Player p2 = new Player("P McBearty", "Donegal");
        p2.addScore(new Point(12)); // point scored @ 12th minute
        p2.addScore(new Point(20)); // point scored @ 20th minute

        ArrayList<Player> players = new ArrayList<Player>();
        players.add(p1);
        players.add(p2);

        Collections.sort(players, new ScoreComparator());

    }
}

public class ScoreComparator ...
{
    @Override
    ...
    {
        ...
        ...
        ...
    }
}
```

Appendix E

```
public void selectionSort(int[] array)
{
    int temp; // temporary location for swap
    int max;  // index of maximum value in subarray
    for (int i=0;i<....length;i++)
    {
        // find index of largest value in subarray
        max=indexOfLargestElement(array, array.length-i);
        // swap
        temp=...;
        ...=array[array.length-i-1];
        array[array.length-i-1]=...;
    }
}

// Finds index of largest element
public int indexOfLargestElement(int[] array, int size)
{
    int index=0;
    for (int i=1; i<size; i++)
    {
        if (array[i]>array[index])
            index=i;
    }
    return index;
}
```