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[Back To Course Home](#)

Grokking Modern System Design Interview for Engineers & Managers

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System Design Interviews

Introduction

Abstractions

Non-functional System Characteristics

Back-of-the-envelope Calculations

Building Blocks

Domain Name System

Load Balancers

Databases

Key-value Store

Content Delivery Network (CDN)

Sequencer

Distributed Monitoring

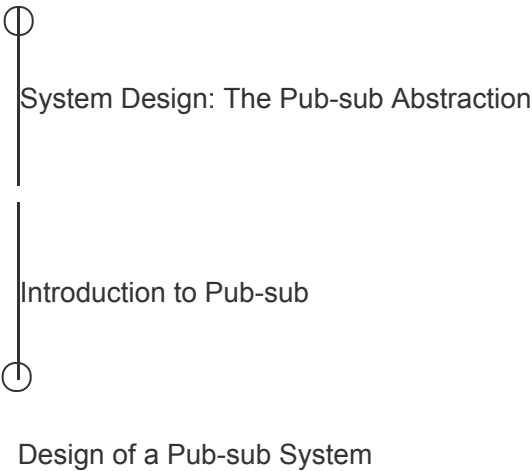
Monitor Server-side Errors

Monitor Client-side Errors

Distributed Cache

Distributed Messaging Queue

Pub-sub



Rate Limiter

Blob Store

Distributed Search

Distributed Logging

Distributed Task Scheduler

Sharded Counters

Concluding the Building Blocks Discussion

Design YouTube

Design Quora

Design Google Maps

Design a Proximity Service / Yelp

Design Uber

Design Twitter

Design Newsfeed System

Design Instagram

Design a URL Shortening Service / TinyURL

Design a Web Crawler

Design WhatsApp

Design Typeahead Suggestion

Design a Collaborative Document Editing Service / Google Docs

Spectacular Failures

Concluding Remarks

Course Certificate

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Introduction to Pub-sub

Learn about the use cases of the pub-sub system, how to define its requirements, and design the API for it.

We'll cover the following

- Use cases of pub-sub
- Requirements
 - Functional requirements
 - Non-functional requirements
- API Design
- Building blocks we will use

Pub-sub messaging offers asynchronous communication. Let's explore the use cases where it is beneficial to have a pub-sub system.

Use cases of pub-sub#

A few use cases of pub-sub are listed below:

- **Improved performance:** The pub-sub system enables push-based distribution, alleviating the need for message recipients to check for new information and changes regularly. It encourages faster response times and lowers the delivery latency.
- **Handling ingestion:** The pub-sub helps in handling log ingestion. The user-interaction data can help us figure out useful analyses about the behavior of users. We can ingest a large amount of data to the pub-sub system, so much so that it can deliver the data to any analytical system to understand the behavior patterns of users. Moreover, we can also log the details of the event that's happening while completing a request from the user. Large services like Meta use a pub-sub system called Scribe to know exactly who needs what data, and remove or archive processed or unwanted data. Doing this is necessary to manage an enormous amount of data.
- **Real-time monitoring:** Raw or processed messages of an application or system can be provided to multiple applications to monitor a system in real time.

- **Replicating data:** The pub-sub system can be used to distribute changes. For example, in a leader-follower protocol, the leader sends the changes to its followers via a pub-sub system. It allows followers to update their data asynchronously. The distributed caches can also refresh themselves by receiving the modifications asynchronously. Along the same lines, applications like WhatsApp that allow multiple views of the same conversation—for example, on a mobile phone and a computer’s browser—can elegantly work using a pub-sub, where multiple views can act either as a publisher or a subscriber.

Motivation and use cases of the pub-sub system

Points to Ponder
<div>Question 1</div> <div>What are the similarities and differences between a pub-sub system and queues?</div> <div>Show Answer</div>
1 of 2

Requirements#

We aim to design a pub-sub system that has the following requirements.

Functional requirements#

Let's specify the functional requirements of a pub-sub system:

- **Create a topic:** The producer should be able to create a topic.
- **Write messages:** Producers should be able to write messages to the topic.
- **Subscription:** Consumers should be able to subscribe to the topic to receive messages.
- **Read messages:** The consumer should be able to read messages from the topic.
- **Specify retention time:** The consumers should be able to specify the retention time after which the message should be deleted from the system.
- **Delete messages:** A message should be deleted from the topic or system after a certain retention period as defined by the user of the system.

Non-functional requirements#

We consider the following non-functional requirements when designing a pub-sub system:

- **Scalable:** The system should scale with an increasing number of topics and increasing writing (by producers) and reading (by consumers) load.
- **Available:** The system should be highly available, so that producers can add their data and consumers can read data from it anytime.
- **Durability:** The system should be durable. Messages accepted from producers must not be lost and should be delivered to the intended subscribers.

- **Fault tolerance:** Our system should be able to operate in the event of failures.
- **Concurrent:** The system should handle concurrency issues where reading and writing are performed simultaneously.

API Design#

We'll exclude some parameters from the functions below, such as the producer or consumer's identifier. Let's assume that this information is available from the underlying connection context. The API design for this problem is as follows:

Create a topic

The API call to create a topic should look like this:

```
create(topic_ID, topic_name)
```

This function returns an acknowledgment if it successfully creates a topic, or an error if it fails to do so.

Parameter	Description
topic_ID	It uniquely identifies the topic.
topic_name	It contains the name of the topic.

Write a message

The API call to write into the pub-sub system should look like this:

```
write(topic_ID, message)
```

The API call will write a message into a topic with an ID of topic_ID. Each message can

have a maximum size of 1 MB. This function will return an acknowledgment if it successfully places the data in the systems, or an appropriate error if it fails.

Parameter	Description
message	The message to be written in the system.

Read a message

The API call to read data from the system should look like this:

```
read(topic_ID)
```

The topic is found using `topic_ID`, and the call will return an object containing the message to the caller.

Parameter	Description
topic_ID	It is the ID of the topic against which the message will be read.

Subscribe to a topic

The API call to subscribe to a topic from the system should look like this:

```
subscribe(topic_ID)
```

The function adds the consumer as a subscriber to the topic that has the `topic_ID`.

Parameter	Description
topic_ID	The ID of the topic to which the consumer will be subscribed.

Unsubscribe from a topic

The API call to unsubscribe from a topic from the system should look like this:

```
unsubscribe(topic_ID)
```

The function removes the consumer as a subscriber from the topic that has the `topic_ID`.

Parameter	Description
<code>topic_ID</code>	The ID of the topic against which the consumers will be unsubscribed.

Delete a topic

The API call to delete a topic from the system should look like this:

```
delete_topic(topic_ID)
```

The function deletes the topic on the basis of the `topic_ID`.

Parameter	Description
<code>topic_ID</code>	The ID of the topic which is to be deleted.

Building blocks we will use#

The design of pub-sub utilizes many building blocks that have been discussed in the initial chapters. We'll consider the following lessons on building blocks.

The building blocks we'll use

- **Database:** We'll use databases to store information like subscription details.
- **Distributed messaging queue:** We'll use use a messaging queue to store messages sent by the producer.
- **Key-value:** We'll use a key-value store to hold information about consumers.

In the next lesson, we'll focus on designing a pub-sub system.

Back

System Design: The Pub-sub Abstrac...

Next

Design of a Pub-sub System

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