Chemistry: Ch. 5 Worksheet:

Name: Answer Key

1. Fill in the following chart.

Isotope	Symbol	Mass Number	# of Protons	# of Neutrons	#of Electrons
Copper-65	65 Cu	65	29	36	29
sdicon 30	³⁰ Si	30	14	16	14
tungsten -184	184 W	184	74	110	14

2. What is the relationship between frequency and wavelength of any electromagnetic wave?

inverse

3. What is the relationship between a photon and a wave?

a photon is a small part of a wave - The photon has want the properties

4. Rank the following waves from shortest to longest wavelengths? Show your work.

a)
$$8.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ km}$$

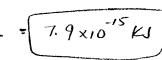
Y = 2

b)
$$4.7 \times 10^{-1}$$
 cm c) 4250 nm 4.7×10^{-3} 4. 25×10^{-6} m

5. A source produces green light of wavelength 5.11 x 10³ Å. What is this wavelength meters?

6. KFOR broadcasts at a frequency of 1240 kHz (kilohertz).

b. What is the energy per photon of this wave
$$E = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{c}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34} \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34}}{5 \cdot 10^{-34}} = \frac{1.60 \times 10^{-34$$



8. For the electronic transition (movement of electrons) of $n_i = 5$ to $n_f = 1$, calculate the energy, the frequency, the wavelength, the general type of radiation and whether the radiation is absorbed or

$$E = k_{\#} \left(\frac{1}{n_{i}^{2}} - \frac{1}{n_{i}^{2}} \right) = 2.179 \times 10^{-18} J \left(\frac{1}{5^{2}} - \frac{1}{1^{2}} \right) = \frac{2.09 \times 10^{-18} J}{5^{2} - 1^{2}} = \frac{2.09 \times 10^{-18} J}{6.626 \times 10^{-34} J} = \frac{2.09 \times$$

$$U = \frac{E}{h} = \frac{2.09 \times 10^{-3}}{6.626 \times 10^{-3}} + J.s$$

$$= \frac{3.16 \times 10^{15} \text{ s}^{-1}}{50 \times 10^{8}}$$

9. For n = 4 in an atom, what are the possible values of ℓ ? For $\ell = 2$, what are the pos

10. Which of the following are sets of quantum numbers are permissible for an electron in a hydrogen

om
a.
$$n = 2$$
, $\ell = 1$, $m = 1$, $s = +\frac{1}{2}$
b. $n = 1$, $\ell = 0$, $m = -1$, $s = -\frac{1}{2}$
c. $n = 4$, $\ell = 2$, $m = -2$, $s = +\frac{1}{2}$

For those that are permissible, write the appropriate electron configuration designation (e.g. 1s)

For those that are not permissible, explain why they are not correct.

13. Write the correct electron configurations for the following elements

a. Rb
$$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^{10} 4p^6 5s^1$$

b. Se $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^{10} 4p^4$

14. Draw an orbital diagram for the following elements

a. Ca
$$\frac{1\nu}{1}$$
: $\frac{1\nu}{1}$, $\frac{1}{1}$: $\frac{1}$: $\frac{1}{1}$: $\frac{1}{1}$: $\frac{1}{1}$: $\frac{1}{1}$: $\frac{1}{1}$: $\frac{1}$

15. Calculate the number of aluminum atoms in a piece of aluminum wire weighing 1.000 g

$$\frac{|1.0009|}{|1.66054|} \frac{|\text{Janu}|}{|1.66054|} \frac{|\text{JA}|}{|\text{Jatan}|} = |2.232 \times 10^{22} \text{ Alatoms}$$

16. Some human proteins are useful in medical treatments. For example, the protein tPA (tissue plasminogen activator) is sometimes useful in treating heart attack victims; it reduces clotting. One way to make this protein for commercial use is to clone the gene into goats in such a way that the goats excrete it in their milk. The demand for tPA is about 75 kilograms per year. A goat produces about 400 L milk per year. The milk contains about 1 g tPA per liter of milk. Approximately how many goats would be needed to produce enough tPA?

17. The Kentucky derby is a 10.0 furlong race. The record time for winning this race is 1 minute and 59 2/5 seconds set by Secretariat in 1973. Convert this to miles per hour.