# GTU Department of Computer Engineering CSE 344 – Spring 2024 Homework 2 Report

Barış Batuhan Bolat 210104004029

# Usage

```
baris@baris-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CSE344/HW2$ make
Cleaning old files
Compiling...
baris@baris-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CSE344/HW2$ ./a.out 10
```

- I prepared a makefile for easy compile and clean unnecessary files.
- make command has 2 steps:
  - o make clean: Deletes old fifo and out files
  - o make compile: Compiles main.c by using -lrt option for fifo

```
all: clean compile
compile: main.c
    @echo "Compiling...\n"
    @gcc -o a.out main.c -lrt
clean:
    @echo "Cleaning old files\n"
    @rm -f *.out
    @rm -f fifo1
    @rm -f fifo2
```

# Algorithm and Code

- The program expects a single integer argument.
- It validates the argument to ensure it contains only digits and is within the range 0 to 100.

### 1. Parent Process

- The parent process opens **FIFO2** for writing.
- It writes the list of random numbers to **FIFO1** for Child 1.
- It writes the command string ("multiply") to FIFO2 for Child 2.
- The parent enters a loop that continues until child\_count reaches 2 (indicating both children have terminated).
- Inside the loop:
  - o It prints "**Proceeding...**" messages while waiting child processes finish to standard output, simulating work.
  - o It uses sleep to introduce a delay between checks.
- Once both children are finished:
  - o The parent closes the file descriptors for FIFO1 and FIFO2.
  - o It removes the named pipes using unlink.
  - o The parent exits with success (EXIT SUCCESS).

### 2. Child Process 1

- The parent process forks, creating child 1.
- Inside child 1 (**pid** == **0**):
  - O It prints "**Proceeding...**" messages ro **STDOUT** five times for simulating work.

- Child 1 opens **FIFO1** for reading using **open(FIFO1, O\_RDONLY)**.
- It reads the entire list of numbers from the parent process using **read(fd, nums2, sizeof(nums2))**.
- fd is the file descriptor for **FIFO1**.
- It calculates the sum of the numbers in the list.
- Child 1 opens FIFO2 for writing using open(FIFO2, O WRONLY).
- It writes the calculated sum to FIFO2 using write(fd2, &sum, sizeof(sum)).
- fd2 is the file descriptor for FIFO2.
- Both file descriptors are closed.
- Child 1 exits with success (**EXIT SUCCESS**).

### 3. Child Process 2

- The parent process forks again, creating Child 2.
- Inside Child 2 (**pid2** == **0**):
  - o It prints "Proceeding..." messages to STDOUT five times, simulating work.
- Child 2 opens **FIFO2** for reading using **open(FIFO2, O\_RDONLY)**.
- It reads the list of numbers from the parent process using read(fd, numbers2, sizeof(numbers2)).
- It reads the command string ("multiply") from the parent process using read(fd, command, sizeof(command)).
- It validates the received command to be "multiply".
- If the command is valid, Child 2 calculates the multiplication of the numbers in the list.
- It prints the calculated sum and multiplication results to standard output using formatted strings and write.
- It calculates the total result (sum + multiplication).
- It prints the total result to standard output using formatted strings and write.
- Child 2 closes the file descriptor.
- It exits with success (EXIT SUCCESS).

### 4. Signal Handler

- This function takes three arguments:
  - o sig: The signal number (in this case, SIGCHLD).
  - o **info:** A pointer to a **siginfo\_t** structure containing information about the child process termination.
  - o **ucontext:** A pointer to a **ucontext\_t** structure holding context information (not used here).
- The function uses a loop with waitpid and the **WNOHANG** flag to check for any terminated child processes.
- Inside the loop:
  - o waitpid returns the process ID (PID) of the terminated child.
  - o It checks if the child exited normally using WIFEXITED(status).
  - o If yes, it extracts the exit status using WEXITSTATUS(status).
  - o A buffer is created to format a message including the child PID and exit status.
  - o The counter **child count** is incremented to track terminated child processes.

## **Test Cases**

1. Test Case: Invalid Input (Non-numeric characters)

Input: abc Results:

baris@baris-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CSE344/HW2\$ ./a.out abc
Not a number

2. Test Case: Invalid Input (Negative number)

**Input:** -5 **Results:** 

baris@baris-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CSE344/HW2\$ ./a.out -5
Not a number

3. **Test Case**: Valid Input with non zero random number

**Input:** 10 **Results:** 

```
baris@baris-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CSE344/HW2$ ./a.out 10
Proceeding...
Proceeding...
Proceeding...
Proceeding...
Proceeding...
Multiplication : 54432 , Sum : 40
Total result: 54472
Child 14193 terminated with exit status 0
Proceeding...
Child 14191 terminated with exit status 0
```

4. Test Case: Valid Input with at least one zero random number

Input: 12

# **Results:**

```
baris@baris-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/CSE344/HW2$ ./a.out 12
Proceeding...
Proceeding...
Proceeding...
Proceeding...
Proceeding...
Child 14234 terminated with exit status 0
Proceeding...
Multiplication : 0 , Sum : 61
Total result: 61
Child 14235 terminated with exit status 0
```