

PROBLEM: Sketch the root locus and its asymptotes for a unity feedback system that has the forward transfer function

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{(s+2)(s+4)(s+6)}$$

Çözüm:

First, find the asymptotes.

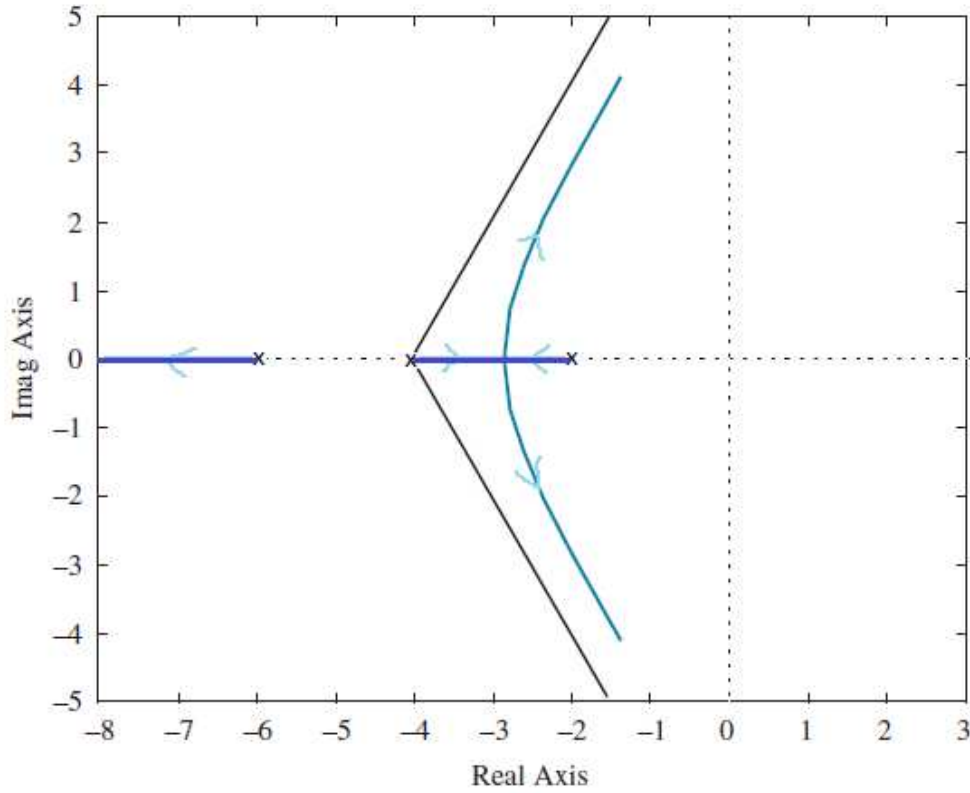
$$\sigma_a = \frac{\sum \text{poles} - \sum \text{zeros}}{\# \text{poles} - \# \text{zeros}} = \frac{(-2 - 4 - 6) - (0)}{3 - 0} = -4$$

$$\theta_a = \frac{(2k+1)\pi}{3} = \frac{\pi}{3}, \pi, \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

Çizim alttaki gibidir. Burada hesaplanmayan bazı değerler vardır:

- ayrılma noktası hesaplanmalı,

-sanal eksen kesme noktaları çizim üzerinden gösterilebileceği gibi Routh tablosu yardımıyla tam değerleri hesaplanabilir.



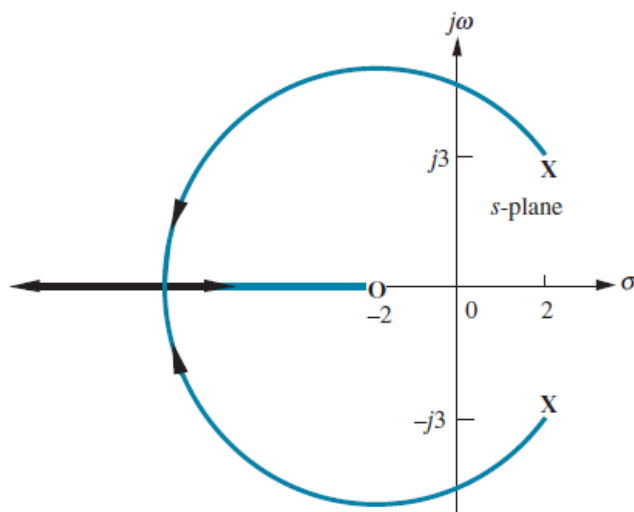
PROBLEM: Given a unity feedback system that has the forward transfer function

$$G(s) = \frac{K(s+2)}{(s^2 - 4s + 13)}$$

do the following:

- Sketch the root locus.
- Find the imaginary-axis crossing.
- Find the gain, K , at the $j\omega$ -axis crossing.
- Find the break-in point.
- Find the angle of departure from the complex poles.

a)



b)

Using the Routh-Hurwitz criteria, we first find the closed-loop transfer function.

$$T(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)} = \frac{K(s+2)}{s^2 + (K-4)s + (2K+13)}$$

Using the denominator of $T(s)$, make a Routh table.

s^2	1	$2K + 13$
s^1	$K - 4$	0
s^0	$2K + 13$	0

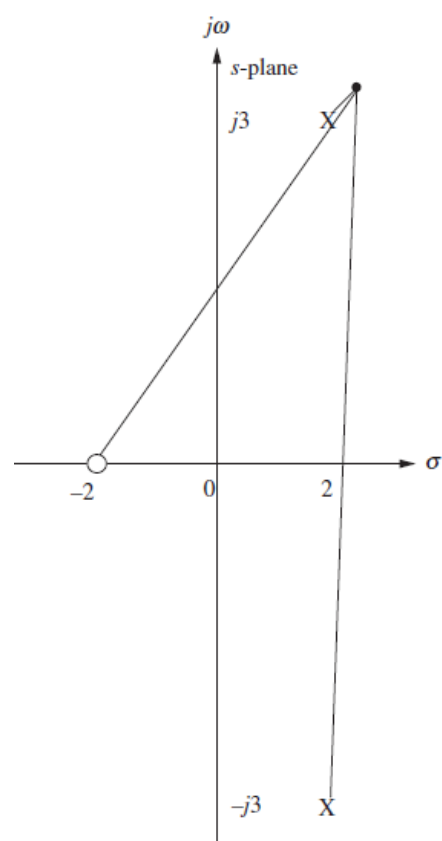
We get a row of zeros for $K = 4$. From the s^2 row with $K = 4$, $s^2 + 21 = 0$. From which we evaluate the imaginary axis crossing at $\sqrt{21}$.

c) From part (b), $K = 4$.

d) Birleşme noktası -7 olarak hesaplanmalıdır.

e) First, draw vectors to a point ε close to the complex pole.

At the point ε close to the complex pole, the angles must add up to zero. Hence,



$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) - 90^\circ - \theta = 180^\circ. \quad \Rightarrow \quad \theta = -233.1.$$